Supporting Information

A Facile Synthesis of Fluorescent Conjugated Polyelectrolytes using Polydentate Sulfonate as Highly Selective and Sensitive Copper (II) Sensors

Wei Wu, Anting Chen, Linyue Tong, Ziqi Qing, Kevin P. Langone, William E. Bernier, Wayne E. Jones Jr.*

Department of Chemistry, State University of New York at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY 13902-6016, USA

*Corresponding Author: wjones@binghamton.edu

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Scheme S1. The synthetic routes for the three Monomers.

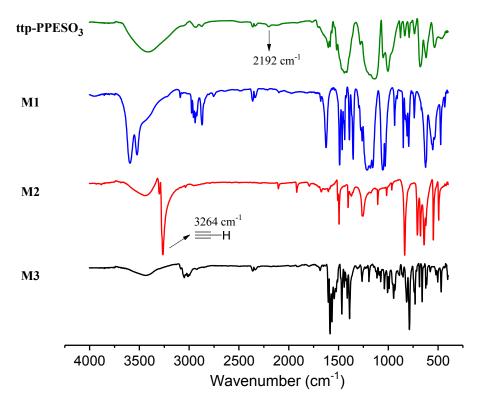


Figure S1. FTIR of the monomers and the ttp-PPESO₃.

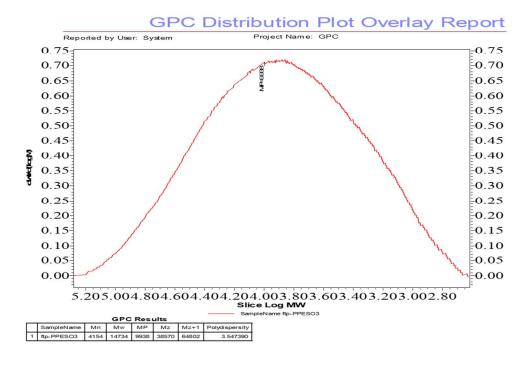


Figure S2. GPC results of the polyelectrolyte ttp-PPESO₃.

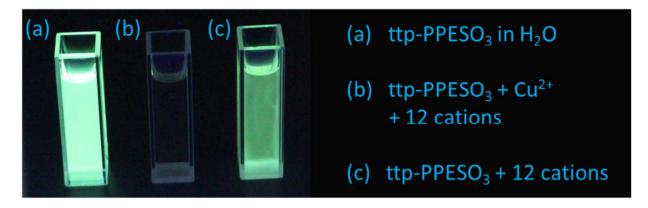


Figure S3. Interference studies on the ttp-PPESO₃ sensor: (a) polyelectrolyte aqueous solution (5 μ M). (b) Cu²⁺ (5 μ M), together with other 12 cations, including Ca²⁺, Cd²⁺, Fe²⁺, H⁺, Hg²⁺, K⁺, Li⁺, Mg²⁺, Mn²⁺, Na⁺, Ni²⁺, Zn²⁺ (each cation: 20 μ M) were added. (c) Same without Cu ions. The fluorescence images were taken under a commercial UV lamp with an excitation of 365 nm.

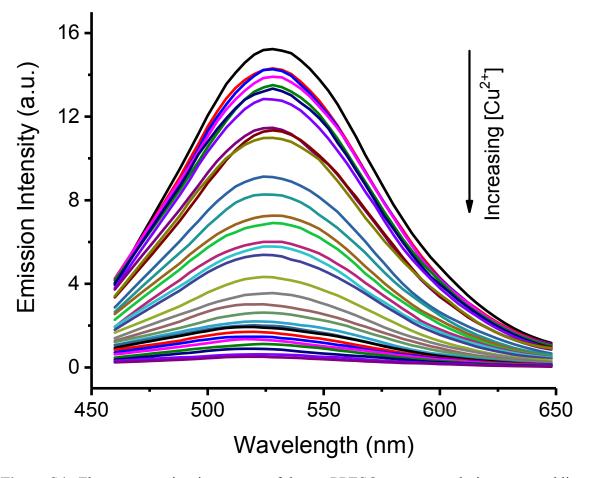


Figure S4. Fluorescence titration curves of the ttp-PPESO₃ aqueous solutions upon adding different concentrations of Cu ions.

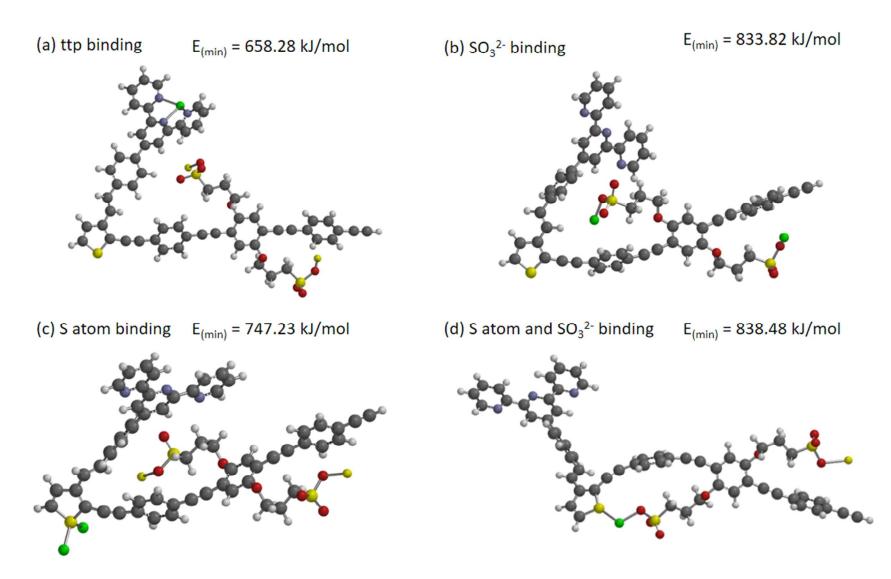


Figure S5. Calculated energy-minimized structures of other possible complexes between the ttp-PPESO₃ and Cu ions.