### Reactions of osmium carbyne complexes OsCl<sub>3</sub>(=CR)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (R =

## CH=CPh<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Ar) with bromine and hydrogen peroxide

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#### **Supporting Information**

#### **Table of Contents**

1. X-ray crystallographic study of 10, 11 and 13	S2
2. NMR spectra	<b>S3-S</b> 9

The supplemental file "Os carbyne-SI computation.xyz" contains the computed Cartesian coordinates of all of the molecules reported in this study. The file may be opened as a text file to read the coordinates, or opened directly by a molecular modeling program such as Mercury for visualization and analysis.

Table S1. Crystal data of 10, 11 and 13.			
	Complex 10	Complex 11	Complex13
Empirical formula	$C_{33}H_{28}Br_3OOsP$	$C_{56.25}H_{51.25}Cl_4O_{0.75}OsP_2$	$C_{48}H_{45}Cl_3O_2OsP_2$
Formula weight	901.45	1133.16	1012.33
Temperature/K	100.01(10)	100.00(10)	173
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/c$	$P2_1/n$	$P2_1/c$
a/Å	9.8517(2)	12.91509(14)	10.36250(10)
b/Å	10.3571(2)	17.98521(19)	18.2899(2)
c/Å	29.9335(7)	20.77311(19)	22.6189(3)
α/°	90	90	90
β/°	98.040(2)	91.5799(8)	94.7520(10)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90	90	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	3024.25(12)	4823.36(9)	4272.20(8)
Ζ	4	4	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.980	1.560	1.574
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	13.302	2.972	8.373
F(000)	1720.0	2275.0	2024.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.1\times0.07\times0.05$	$0.32 \times 0.25 \times 0.15$	$0.2\times0.15\times0.12$
Radiation	CuK $\alpha$ ( $\lambda$ = 1.54184)	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	CuKa ( $\lambda$ = 1.54178)
$2\Theta$ range for data collection/°	9.044 to 133.934	6.756 to 51.994	20.222 to 133.994
	$-8 \le h \le 11$ ,	$-15 \le h \le 14$ ,	$-12 \le h \le 12$ ,
Index ranges	$-12 \le k \le 12$ ,	$-21 \le k \le 22$ ,	$-21 \le k \le 16$ ,
	$-35 \le l \le 33$	$-22 \le l \le 25$	$-26 \le l \le 27$
Reflections collected	16246	28793	36057
Independent reflections	5363 [ $R_{int} = 0.0406$ ]	9417 [R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0197]	7513 [ $R_{int} = 0.0431$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	5363/0/353	9417/14/583	7513/10/500
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.002	1.000	1.003

1. X-ray crystallographic studies of 10, 11 and 13.



*Figure S1*. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of  $OsBr_3 (\equiv CCH = CPh_2)(H_2O)(PPh_3)$  (10) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 400.1 MHz.



*Figure S2*. The <sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum of  $OsBr_3(\equiv CCH=CPh_2)(H_2O)(PPh_3)$  (10) in  $CDCl_3$  at 162.0 MHz.

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*Figure S3*. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of OsCl<sub>3</sub>(=CCCl=CPh<sub>2</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (11) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 400.1 MHz.



*Figure S4.* The  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum of OsCl<sub>3</sub>(=CCCl=CPh<sub>2</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (11) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 162.0 MHz.



*Figure S5*. The <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum of  $OsCl_3(\equiv CCCl = CPh_2)(PPh_3)_2$  (11) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 100.6 MHz.



*Figure S6.* The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>{ $\equiv$ CC(O)Ph}(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (13) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 300.1 MHz.



*Figure S7.* The  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>{ $\equiv$ CC(O)Ph}(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (13) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 121.5 MHz.



*Figure S8.* The <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>{ $\equiv$ CC(O)Ph}(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (13) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 75.5 MHz.



*Figure S9.* The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>( $\equiv$ CCH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*p*-CMe<sub>3</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (14) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 400.1 MHz.



*Figure S10.* The  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum of mer-OsCl<sub>3</sub>( $\equiv$ CCH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*p*-CMe<sub>3</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (14) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 162.0 MHz.



*Figure S11.* The <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>( $\equiv$ CCH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*p*-CMe<sub>3</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (14) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 100.6 MHz.



*Figure S12.* The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>{ $\equiv$ CC(O)-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*p*-CMe<sub>3</sub>}(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (15) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> at 400.1 MHz.



-14.904

 $mer-OsCl_3 = CC(O)-C_6H_4-p-CMe_3 (PPh_3)_2$  (15) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> at 162.0 MHz.



*Figure S14.* The <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum of *mer*-OsCl<sub>3</sub>{ $\equiv$ CC(O)-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*p*-CMe<sub>3</sub>}(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (15) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> at 100.6 MHz.