Supporting Information

Electrochemical Characterization and Catalytic Application of Gold-Supported Ferrocene-

Containing Diblock Copolymer Thin Films in Ethanol Solution

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This Supporting Information provides a schematic illustration of an electrochemical cell employed in this study (**Figure S1**), AFM phase images (1 x 1 μ m²) of a thin film of PS₁₅₄-b- $PAEFc_{12}$ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.17$; 38 nm thick) before and after electrochemical measurements in the MeCN and EtOH solutions (**Figure S2**), AFM phase images (1 x 1 μ m²) of a thin film of PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 38 nm thick) before and after immersion in the MeCN and EtOH solutions (**Figure S3**), plots of $\log i_p$ vs $\log v$ obtained at the films that gave the voltammograms shown in Figure 3 (Figure S4), ¹H-NMR spectra of the reaction mixtures of MVK and E2OC upon no potential application to electrodes coated with activated thin films of (a) PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 64 nm thick) and (b) PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₁₂ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.17$; 65 nm thick) at Day 0 and Day 3 (Figure S5), ¹H-NMR spectra shown in Figure 5 with the integrations of the peak areas for **5d** and **5** protons (**Figure S6**), reaction yields for PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₂₆ and PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₁₂ estimated from the 5d and 5 proton signals in ¹H-NMR spectra (Figure S7), and ¹H-NMR spectra of the reaction mixtures of MVK and E2OC upon potential application of +0.31 V (Day 1), -0.20 V (Day 2) and +0.31 V (Day 3) to an electrode coated with a thin film of PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 38 nm thick) and the reaction yields as a function of reaction time (Figure S8).

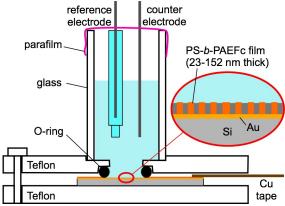


Figure S1. Schematic illustration of an electrochemical cell employed in this study. For the catalysis experiments, the upper opening of the glass tube was sealed by parafilm.

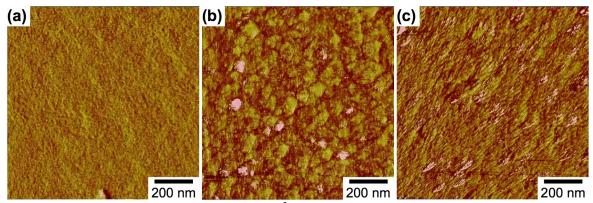


Figure S2. AFM phase images (1 x 1 μ m²) of a thin film of PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₁₂ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.17$; 38 nm in ellipsometric thickness). (a) Pristine, (b) after electrochemical experiments in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/MeCN, and (c) after electrochemical experiments in 0.1 M NaPF₆/EtOH.

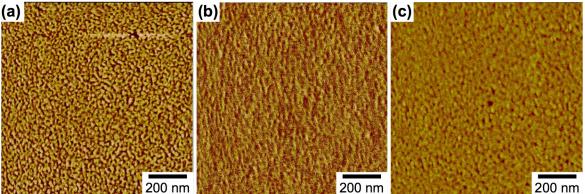


Figure S3. AFM phase images (1 x 1 μ m²) of a thin film of PS₁₅₄-b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 38 nm in ellipsometric thickness). (a) Pristine, (b) after immersion in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/MeCN, and (c) after subsequent immersion in 0.1 M NaPF₆/EtOH with no potential application.

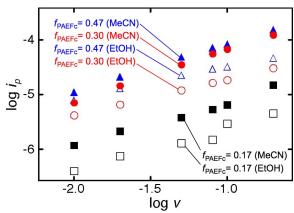


Figure S4. Plots of $\log i_p$ vs $\log v$ (i_p : anodic peak current; $v = 0.01 \sim 0.2$ V/s, where voltammograms of surface-confined species were observed in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/MeCN) obtained at the samples that gave the voltammograms shown in **Figure 3**. The slopes are 0.88 (in MeCN; filled blue triangles) and 0.58 (in EtOH; open blue triangles) for PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₅₁ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.47$), 0.96 (in MeCN; filled red circles) and 0.66 (in EtOH; open red circles) for PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$), and 0.79 (in MeCN; filled black squares) and 0.78 (in EtOH; open black squares) for PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₁₂ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.17$).

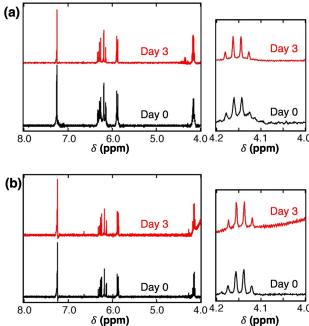


Figure S5. ¹H-NMR spectra (4.0–8.0 ppm) of the reaction mixtures of MVK and E2OC upon no potential application to electrodes coated with activated thin films of (a) PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₂₆ (f_{PAEFc} = 0.30; 64 nm thick) and (b) PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₁₂ (f_{PAEFc} = 0.17; 65 nm thick) at Day 0 and Day 3. The solutions consisted of (a) 1.1 M MVK and 0.36 M E2OC in 0.1 M NaPF₆/EtOH and (b) 1.0 M MVK and 0.35 M E2OC in 0.1 M NaPF₆/EtOH. The magnified spectra at 4.0–4.2 ppm are also shown (right).

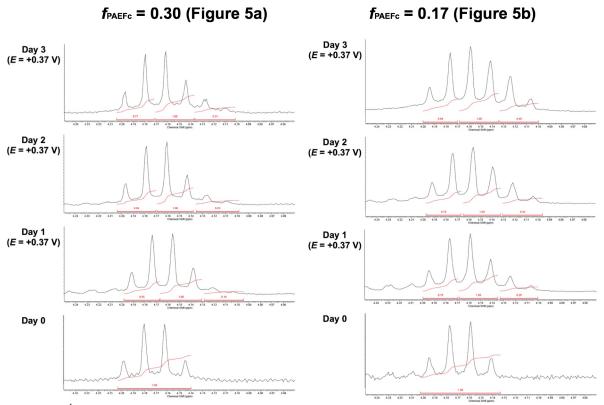


Figure S6. ¹H-NMR spectra (4.05–4.25 ppm) shown in **Figure 5** with the integrations of the peak areas for **5d** and **5** protons.

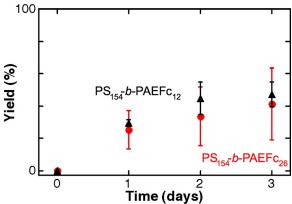


Figure S7. Reaction yields (average \pm standard deviation; measured from three different samples for each PS-*b*-PAEFc) for MVK and E2OC measured at PS₁₅₄-*b*-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 54-64 nm thick; red circles) and PS₁₅₄-*b*-PAEFc₁₂ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.17$; 65-80 nm thick; black triangles) as a function of reaction time. The reaction mixtures consisted of 1.0~1.1 M MVK and 0.35~0.36 M E2OC in 0.1 M NaPF₆/EtOH. A potential of +0.37 V vs Ag/Ag⁺ was applied during the reaction. ¹H-NMR spectra including the integrations of the peak areas for **5d** and **5** protons, corresponding to those in **Figure 5ab**, are given in **Figure S6**.

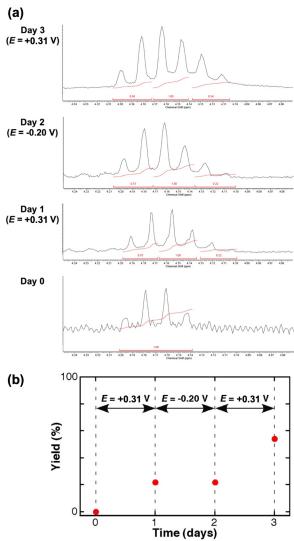


Figure S8. (a) ¹H-NMR spectra of the reaction mixtures of MVK and E2OC before and after potential application of +0.31 V (Day 1), -0.20 V (Day 2) and +0.31 V (Day 3) to a gold electrode coated with an activated thin film of PS_{154} -b-PAEFc₂₆ ($f_{PAEFc} = 0.30$; 38 nm thick). (b) The reaction yield as a function of reaction time obtained from the ¹H-NMR spectra shown in (a).