# Sudemycin K: a synthetic anti-tumor splicing inhibitor variant with improved activity and versatile chemistry

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# Activity assays

### Cell culture

HeLa cells were cultured in Glutamax Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 10% (v/v) fetal bovine serum and penicillin/streptomycin antibiotics (500 u ml<sup>-1</sup> penicillin; 0.5 mg ml<sup>-1</sup> streptomycin). Cells were kept at 37 °C under 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

# Cytotoxicity assays

1000 HeLa cells/well seeded the day before drug treatments. DMSO or drugs diluted in DMSO were added to the medium (1  $\mu$ l in 100  $\mu$ l total medium, from 4 or 6 10-fold serial dilutions of 10 mM stock solutions). 68 h after treatment, cell medium was replaced with medium containing 10  $\mu$ M Alamar Blue/Resazurin<sup>1</sup> (Sigma, R7017), diluted from a 5 mg ml<sup>-1</sup> stock in PBS. Cells were incubated at 37 °C for 4 h and fluorescence was measured with an Infinite 200 PRO series multiplate reader (TECAN) using 530 nm and 590 nm as fluorescence excitation and emission wavelengths, respectively. IC50 values were calculated by interpolating 50% viability values with GraphPad Prism 6 Software. Average and standard deviation values were calculated from experimental triplicates.

### Drug treatment and alternative splicing analyses

HeLa cells seeded in 96 wells plate (10000 cells/well) were treated with serial dilutions of drugs dissolved in DMSO (1  $\mu$ l of treatment in 100  $\mu$ l total medium) and incubated for the indicated times. mRNAs were isolated using oligo dT-coated 96 well plates (mRNA catcher PLUS, Life Technologies) and one third of the recovered RNA was reverse-transcribed using Superscript III reverse transcriptase (Invitrogen, Life Technologies). PCR reactions were carried out in 25  $\mu$ l reactions with 5  $\mu$ l of cDNA and 38 cycles of amplification. Primers used to detect *MCL1* alternative splicing correspond to sequences AGACCTTACGACGGGTTGG and ACCAGCTCCTACTCCAGCAA in exons 1 and 3, generating amplicons of 401 and 153 bp, for exon 2 inclusion and skipping isoforms, respectively. High throughput capillary electrophoresis measurements for the different splicing isoforms were performed in 96-well format in a Labchip GX Caliper workstation (Caliper, Perkin Elmer) using a HT DNA 5K LabChip chip (Perkin Elmer). Percentages of exon 2 inclusion were normalized to DMSO treatment values and IC50 were calculated by interpolating titration curves with GraphPad Prism 6 Software.

### In vitro spliceosome A3' complex formation inhibition assays

This assay was carried out as previously described<sup>2</sup>. Specifically, templates for *in vitro* transcription were PCR-amplified from a plasmid containing AdML sequences in order to generate transcripts containing the last 40 nt of intron 1 and the complete exon 2 (PCR primers: GCTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGtgatgatgtcatacttatc, cccactggaaagaccgcgaaga, with the forward primer including the T7 promoter sequence, indicated with capital letters).

Purified PCR products were *in vitro* transcribed in the presence of 32P-Uridine with T7 RNA Polymerase (Promega) and purified by a Sephadex G-50 column (GE Healthcare).

intron. The corresponding transcript sequence is the following: ugaugaugucauacuuauccugucccuuuuuuuuccacagCUCGCGGUUGAGGACAAACUCUUCGCG GUCUUUCCAGUGGG (with exonic sequences in capital letters).

Each splicing reaction contained 1  $\mu$ l of RNA mix (1 fmol of RNA, Creatine Phosphate 200  $\mu$ M, ATP 10 mM, MgCl<sub>2</sub> 27 mM), 3  $\mu$ l of HeLa nuclear extracts (Cilbiotech), 1 $\mu$ l of drug or DMSO, 2  $\mu$ l of Polyvynil alcohol 15% prewarmed at 30 °C and Buffer D complemented with fresh 0.1 M KCl and 1 mM DTT up to 9  $\mu$ l. ATP and Creatine Phosphate were replaced with Buffer D 0.1 M KCl for the –ATP control. The reactions were set up in a 48 wells microplate and incubated at 30 °C for 15'. Subsequently, 5 mg ml<sup>-1</sup> heparin and 2.2  $\mu$ l of 6X DNA loading dye were added and the reactions were incubated for 10' at room temperature. The products were subsequently loaded on a 1.5% (w/v) low-melting agarose (Invitrogen) gel in 50 mM Tris base and 50 mM glycine buffer for 90' at 4 °C and run at 75 V. Gels were fixed in 10% (v/v) methanol and 10% (v/v) acetic acid for 10' at room temperature, dried for at least 3 hours at 50 °C and exposed overnight to a PhosphorImager screen. The intensity of the complex A3' band over the signal of the whole well were measured by ImageJ, substracted from the blank (i.e. the signal of an equivalent empty area of the gel) and normalized to the DMSO treatment condition. IC<sub>50</sub>S were calculated by interpolating titration curves with GraphPad Prism 6 Software.

#### In vitro full spliceosome assembly assay

This assay was carried out as the previous one, but with RNAs containing both AdML exons 1 and 2 and the full intron. the corresponding transcript sequence is: (AAUACACGGAAUUCGAGCUCGCCCACUCUUGGAUCGGAAA-

Reactions were set up as before, but the final concentration of DMSO was kept lower than 2% to avoid DMSO-related inhibitory effects<sup>3</sup>. Splicing mixes were incubated at 30 °C for 30'. 5 mg ml<sup>-1</sup> were added to the reaction and after a 10' incubation at room temperature, 3  $\mu$ l of 50% (v/v) glycerol were added. 2% (w/v) low-melting agarose gels were run in 20 mM Tris base and 20 mM glycine buffer for 3 h 50' at 75 V, at 4 °C, as previously reported<sup>3</sup>. Gels were dried for 2 h at 50 °C and exposed overnight to a PhosphorImager screen.

### Pulsed treatments and stability experiments in culture medium

For pulsed drug treatments, cytotoxicity and *MCL1* alternative splicing assays were carried out as previously described, but culture medium was changed 30' post treatment.

For drug stability experiments, complete culture medium containing 10% (v/v) fetal

bovine serum (Gibco, Life Technologies) containing 1  $\mu$ M drug or the equivalent volume of DMSO was incubated at 37 °C for the indicated times and subsequently added to plated cells. *MCL1* alternative splicing assays were carried out as described above.

#### Comparative analysis of Sudemycins solubility

The solubilities of Sudemycin K, D1 and D6 were compared by performing serial dilutions of the drugs (initially dissolved in DMSO at a concentration of 10 mM) in a solution of PBS and isopropanol (1:1 v/v). The dilutions were incubated at room temperature for 24 h, centrifuged in a table-top centrifuge (Eppendorf) at maximum speed for 15 minutes and optical density of the supernatants was measured at the peak of spectral absorbance (236 nM). Tests were performed in triplicate. The results showed that Sudemycins K and D6 displayed equivalent solubilities (estimated at > 10  $\mu$ M by previous work<sup>4</sup>). Consistent with previous results<sup>4</sup>, the solubility of Sudemycin D1 was found to be at least 2-fold lower.

#### Chemical Synthesis of Sudemycin derivatives.

#### **General procedures**

Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) were dried using a PureSolv solvent purification system. All other solvents and reagents were used as purchased, without further purification, unless otherwise indicated. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (60A 35-70 µm) as stationary phase. Analytical and/or preparative HPLC were performed on a Waters instrument. The purification of chiral compounds was carried out using a Phenomenex Lux 5u Cellulose-2 column. Analytical TLC was performed on pre-coated silica gel 60 F254 plates (0.2 mm thick, 20x20 cm) and visualized under UV light (254 and 360 nm), with anisaldehyde in conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, with phosphomolybdic acid in ethanol or in ninhydrin in ethanol. Polarimetry studies were performed on a Perkin-Elmer 241 or JascoP-2000 polarimeter equipped with a Na-lamp. IR spectra were recorded on a Thermo Nicolet FT-IR Nexus spectrometer. NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury 400MHz. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm referenced to the appropriate residual solvent peaks (CDCl<sub>3</sub> or CD<sub>3</sub>OD) and coupling constants are reported in Hz. Multiplicity of the carbons was assigned with gHSQC experiments. Standard abbreviations for off-resonance decoupling were employed: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quadruplet. The same abbreviations were also used for the multiplicity of signals in <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and also, bs = broad singlet, bd =broad doublet, m = multiplet. High Resolution Mass Spectroscopy (HRMS) was performed an Agilent LC/MSD-TOF 2006 system using the ESI-MS technique.

### General procedure 1. Staudinger reduction of azide to amine and coupling with acid. Synthesis of compounds S3, S5, 17, Sudemycin K and 3:

The dry azide (1 eq) was dissolved in dry benzene and treated with  $Ph_3P$  (2 eq) at rt. The reaction solution was degassed with nitrogen and heated at 55 °C for 2 h, the transformation of starting material was controlled by TLC. Water (10 eq) was added and the reaction mixture heated again at 55 °C for another 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and diluted with a mixture of  $CH_2Cl_2$  and diethyl ether (8:2). This mixture was shaken vigorously, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting amine intermediate was used in the next step without further purification.

A stirred solution of crude amine (1 eq) in dry MeCN (2 ml) was treated with *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>EtN (5 eq) and a solution of acid (1.7 eq) in MeCN (0.5 ml). This mixture was cooled in an icebath and HBTU (1.45 eq) was added portion wise to the reaction solution. The reaction suspension warmed to rt and stirred 2 h and diluted with EtOAc. After successive washing with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solutions and brine, the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc to give corresponding amide.

# General procedure 2. Julia-Kocienski Olefination. Synthesis of compounds 12, 14 and 21:

A mixture of sulfone  $\mathbf{11}^4$  (1.3 eq) and aldehyde (1 eq) was dried under reduced pressure overnight then dissolved in dry THF, and cooled to -78 °C. This cold solution was stirred and a solution of NaHMDS (1.25 eq, 1M in THF) was added drop-wise. The resulting yellow suspension was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, allowed to warm in an ice bath for 40 min, and then allowed to warm to rt and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with pH 7 buffer solution and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc to give corresponding olefin.

# General procedure 3. Removal of TBS protecting group. Synthesis of compounds S4, 15a, 15b, S6 and 22:

A solution of TBS protected alcohol (1 eq) in THF was cooled in an ice-bath and TBAF (1.3 eq, 1.0 M in THF) was slowly added using a syringe during a period of 5 minutes. The light yellow solution was allowed to stir for 1 h at 0 °C and after for an additional 2 h at rt. The reaction time was monitored by TLC until the starting material was consumed. The solution was diluted with EtOAc and saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine (50 ml) then dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The crude residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc to give corresponding alcohol.

# General procedure 4. Ester formation with isobutyric anhydride. Synthesis of compounds 1-4, 5a and 5b:

A stirred solution of alcohol (1 eq) and DMAP (0.5 eq) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 ml) was cooled at 0 °C and  $Et_3N$  (5 eq) was added. After 5-10 min isobutyric anhydride (3.3 eq) was added and the stirring was maintained for 90 min at 0 °C. The reaction time was monitored by TLC until the starting material was consumed. Water was added to the reaction mixture and diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. Purification of the residue on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc gave corresponding ester.

#### Ethyl (2E,4E)-6-((1S,4S)-4-azidocyclohexyl)-2,4-dimethylhexa-2,4-dienoate (S1)



A solution of *t*-BuOK (1 ml, 1mmol) 1M in THF was slowly added to a cooled (-78 °C) suspension of (1ethoxy-1-oxopropan-2-yl)triphenylphosphonium

 $bromide^{5}$  (0.72 g, 1.06 mmol) in  $CH_{2}Cl_{2}$  (3 ml). After,

the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C and stirred 30 min. After this time, a solution of  $\mathbf{9}^4$  (0.11 g, 0.53 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 ml) was added via cannula and the solution was stirred over 1 h at 0 °C and 5 h at rt. Then, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (95:5) to give the title compound (75 mg, 50%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.62 – 1.48 (m, 9H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 2.11 – 2.06 (m, 2H), 3.82 – 3.78 (m, 1H), 4.19 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.2 (q), 14.4 (q), 16.6 (q), 27.5 (t), 29.4 (t), 35.2 (t), 37.0 (d), 57.9 (d), 60.7 (q), 125.3 (s), 133.2 (s), 134.8 (d), 143.0 (d), 169.3 (s). IR (NaCl film) 2099, 1708, 1383, 1250, 1119 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: 292.20195 [M+H]; found: 292.20235

### (2E,4E)-6-((1S,4S)-4-Azidocyclohexyl)-2,4-dimethylhexa-2,4-dien-1-ol (S2)



A solution of DIBALH (0.6 ml, 0.6 mmol) 1 M in heptane was slowly added to a solution of **S1** (70 mg, 0.24 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 ml) cooled at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred over 2.5h. The reaction was quenched with MeOH (0.3

ml) and saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (2.5 ml) at -78 °C. After the mixture was warmed to rt and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 8 ml). The organic layers were washed with brine and dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (9:1) to give **S2** (55 mg, 93%). <sup>1</sup>H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.36 – 1.23 (m, 4H), 1.58 – 1.50 (m, 5H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H), 2.09 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 3.80 – 3.76 (m, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  15.5 (q), 17.1 (q), 27.5 (t), 29.4 (t), 34.9 (t), 37.1 (d), 58.0 (d), 69.6 (t), 128.9 (d), 129.7 (d), 133.2 (s), 134.2 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3564-3083, 2099, 1383, 1254 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O: 250.1919 [M+H]; found: 250.1914

#### (2E,4E)-6-((1S,4S)-4-Azidocyclohexyl)-2,4-dimethylhexa-2,4-dienal (10)



Dess–Martin periodinate (112 mg, 0.26 mmol) was added portionwise over a mixture of **S2** (55 mg, 0.22 mmol) and solid NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (22 mg, 0.26 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 ml) cooled at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at

rt. After this time the reaction mixture was diluted with  $CH_2CI_2$ , saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2 ml) and saturated aqueous sodium thiosulfate (2 ml). The mixture was allowed to stir for 1 h at rt. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with  $CH_2CI_2$  (2 × 5 ml). The combined organic fractions were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography with hexane-AcOEt (95:5 to 90:10) to give **10** (38 mg, 70%) as an oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.22 – 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.34 – 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.46 (m, 4H), 1.79 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 2.12 – 2.05 (m, 2H), 3.84 – 3.69 (m, 1H), 5.82 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H),  $\delta$  9.32 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCI<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.8 (q), 16.2 (q), 27.5 (t), 29.4 (t), 35.5 (t), 36.9 (d), 57.8 (d), 134.1 (s), 135.5 (s), 139.5 (d), 155.1 (d), 196.3 (d). IR (NaCl film) 2099, 1678, 1619, 1384, 1261, 1023 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O: 248.17574 [M+H]; found: 248.17708

#### (3*R*,7*S*)-7-((1*E*,3*E*,5*E*)-7-((1*S*,4*R*)-4-Azidocyclohexyl)-3,5-dimethylhepta-1,3,5-trien-1-yl)-5,5-dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octane (12)



Following the general procedure 2, sulfone **11**<sup>4</sup> (65 mg, 0.18 mmol) and aldehyde **10** (35 mg, 0.14 mmol) led to compound **12** (E/Z ratio 96:4). Compound **12** was obtained by purification with silica gel column chromatography with hexane-

EtOAc (85:15) to give triene as an oil (30 mg, 80%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.25 – 1.12 (m, 2H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.38 – 1.31 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.63 – 1.50 (m, 5H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.83 – 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.99 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 2.04 (dd, J = 7.5, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 2H), 3.82 – 3.76 (m, 1H), 4.52-4.45 (m, 1H), 5.33 (t, J = 7.5, 1H), 5.62 (dd, J = 15.6, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 15.6, Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.1 (q), 17.2 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.5 (t), 29.4 (t), 31.7 (q), 35.1 (t), 37.1 (d), 38.8 (t), 42.6 (t), 51.2 (t), 55.8 (s), 58.1 (d), 69.7 (d), 73.1 (s), 128.3 (d), 130.1 (d), 132.2 (s), 133.6 (s), 136.5 (d), 137.1 (d). ). IR (NaCl film) 2099, 1383, 1327, 1259, 1063 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: 386.28075 [M+H]; found: 386.28075

4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-*N*-((1*R*,4*S*)-4-((2*E*,4*E*,6*E*)-7-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3,5-dimethylhepta-2,4,6-trien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)pent-2-enamide (S3)



Following the general procedure 1, azide **12** (33 mg, 0.085 mmol) and (*S*,*Z*)-4-(TBS-oxy)pent-2-enoic acid<sup>6</sup> led to amide **S3**. Purification of the compound on silica gel column chromatography

with hexane-EtOAc (90:10 to 85:15) gave **S3** (Z/E: 7:3, 33 mg, 68%, 2 steps) as a colorless oil. This mixture was used without further purification. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.04 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 1.20 – 1.13 (m, 4H), 1.27 – 1.25 (m, 3H), 1.29 – 1.27 (m, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.69 – 1.55 (m, 8H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H), 2.02 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 2.09 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 2H), 4.07 – 4.01 (m, 1H), 4.51 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.57 – 5.49 (m, 2H), 5.66 – 5.60 (m, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 5.99 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.1 (q), 17.3 (q), 23.9 (q), 26.0 (q), 28.1 (t), 29.5 (t), 29.8 (t), 31.7 (q), 34.3 (t), 36.4 (d), 38.8 (t), 42.6 (t), 45.5 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.8 (s), 65.6 (d), 69.8 (d), 73.2 (s), 120.0 (d), 128.4 (d), 130.1 (d), 132.3 (s), 133.6 (s), 136.4 (d), 137.1 (d), 150.2 (d), 165.0 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1623, 1533, 1384, 2352, 2075 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>58</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si: 572.41296 [M+H]; found: 572.41382

#### N-((1R,4S)-4-((2E,4E,6E)-7-((3R,5S)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3,5-



dimethylhepta-2,4,6-trien-1yl)cyclohexyl)-4-hydroxypent-2enamide (S4)

Following the general procedure 3, TBS protected alcohol **S3** (30 mg, 0.052 mmol) led to alcohol **S4.** Purification on

silica gel with hexane-EtOAc (7:3) gave **S4** (Z/E 7:3, 21 mg, 87%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.24 – 1.17 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 2H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.72 – 1.64 (m, 8H), 1.78 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 2.05 – 1.96 (m, 2H), 2.13 – 2.09 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 2H), 4.13 – 4.07 (m, 1H), 4.57 – 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.86 – 4.76 (m, 1H), 5.38 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 12.0, 1H), 5.9 (bs, 1H), 5.94 (s, 1H), 6.19 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.1 (q), 17.3 (q), 22.9 (q), 23.9 (q), 28.0 (t), 28.1 (t), 29.4 (t), 31.7 (q), 34.3 (t), 36.5 (d), 38.8 (t), 42.6 (t), 46.0 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.8 (s), 64.7 (d), 69.7 (d), 73.2 (d), 123.2 (d), 128.5 (d), 129.9 (d), 132.3 (s), 133.7 (s), 136.3 (d), 137.0 (d), 150.2 (d), 165.9 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3540-3200, 1657, 1623, 1536, 1382, 1062 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>43</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>: 458.32649 [M+H]; found: 458.32669.

# (*S,Z*)-5-(((1*R*,4*R*)-4-((2*E*,4*E*,6*E*)-7-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3,5-dimethylhepta-2,4,6-trien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)amino)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (1)



Following the general procedure 4, alcohol **S4** (18 mg, 0.039 mmol) led to ester **1**. The purification on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (8:2) gave a diasteromeric mixture. This mixture was purificated

again by semi-preparative RP-HPLC to give **1** (5 mg, 25%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.15 – 1.13 (m, 2H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.36 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 9H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 2.03 – 1.91 (m, 2H), 2.09 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.56 – 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.57 (s, 2H), 4.17 – 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.52 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 5.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.67 – 5.59 (m, 2H), 5.82 – 5.75 (m, 2H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.25(m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.1 (q), 17.2 (q), 19.0 (q), 19.1 (q), 20.4 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.8 (t), 29.7 (t), 29.7 (t), 31.7 (q), 34.1 (d), 36.8 (t), 38.8 (t), 42.6 (t), 45.4 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.8 (s), 69.1 (d), 69.8 (d), 73.2 (s), 125.8 (d), 128.4 (d), 130.4 (d), 132.2 (s), 133.4 (s), 136.5 (d), 137.1 (d), 137.7 (d), 165.0 (s), 177.5 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1735, 1689, 1628, 1533, 1450, 1368, 1241, 1050 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>50</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>: 528.36835 [M+H]; found: 528.36835.

#### (3*R*,7*S*)-7-(3-((2*S*,5*R*)-5-Azido-1,3-dioxan-2-yl)prop-1-en-1-yl)-5,5-dimethyl-1,6dioxaspiro[2.5]octane (14)



Following the general procedure 2, sulfone **11** (309 mg, 0.877 mmol) and  $13^7$  (165 mg, 0.964 mmol) led to compound **14**. Purification was carried out on a silica gel column chromatography with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-EtOAc (95:5) to give

127 mg (42%) of the product as a diasteromeric mixture (E/Z ratio 1:1). This mixture was used without further purification.

# (*S*,2*Z*)-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-*N*-((2*R*,5*R*)-2-(3-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)allyl)-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)pent-2-enamide (S5)



Following the general procedure 1, azide **14** (114 mg, 0.369 mmol) and (*S*,*Z*)-4-(TBS-oxy)pent-2-enoic acid led to compound **S5** The purification was carried out on silica gel column

chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (9:1 to 7:3) to give 147 mg (81%, 2 steps) of desired amide as a colorless oil with ratio Z/E: 1:1. This mixture was used without further purification.

### (*S*,*Z*)-*N*-((2*R*,5*R*)-2-((*E*)-3-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)allyl)-1,3dioxan-5-yl)-4-hydroxypent-2-enamide (15a) and (*S*,*Z*)-*N*-((2*R*,5*R*)-2-((*Z*)-3-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)allyl)-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)-4-hydroxypent-2enamide (15b)

Following the general procedure 3, TBS protected alcohol **S5** (140 mg, 0.282 mmol) led to alcohols **15a** and **15b**. The purification was carried out on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (1:1 to 0:1) to give 83 mg (77%) of mixture 1:1 E/Z. This mixture was separated by RT-HPLC semi-preparative and both alcohols were collected.



**15a** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.23 – 1.09 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.36 – 1.32 (m, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.92 – 1.82 (m, 1H), 2.01 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 2.43 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 2H), 3.99 – 3.90 (m, 5H),

4.38 (dd, J = 11.4, 5.7, 1H), 4.61 (t, J = 5.1, 1H), 4.79 (m, 1H), 5.74 – 5.50 (m, 2H), 5.82 (d, J = 12.0, 1H), 6.19 (dd, J = 12.0, 5.6, 1H), 6.89 – 6.70 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  22.9 (q), 23.9 (q), 31.6 (q), 38.1 (t), 38.3 (t), 42.5 (t), 44.1 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.7 (s), 64.7 (d), 69.1 (d), 70.2 (t), 73.2 (s), 102.2 (d), 122.7 (d), 125.5 (d), 134.5 (d), 150.7 (d), 166.1 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3628-3096, 1635, 1440, 1385, 1233, 1158 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NaNO<sub>6</sub>: 404.2044 [M+Na]; found: 404.2044.



**15b** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.14 (d, *J* = 13.6, 2H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.35 (d, *J* = 6.6, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 2.47 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 2H), 4.03 – 3.88 (m, 5H), 4.62 (t, *J* = 5.2, 1H), 4.72 (ddd, *J* = 11.5, 6.0, 2.5, 1H), 4.83 – 4.76 (m, 1H), 5.59 – 5.50 (m, 2H), 5.86 (d, *J* = 12.0, 1H), 6.18 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.6, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.5, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  23.0 (q),

23.8 (q), 31.6 (q), 33.7 (t), 38.1 (t), 42.5 (t), 44.1 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.9 (s), 64.6 (d), 65.0 (d), 70.0 (t), 70.1 (t), 73.2 (s), 101.9 (d), 123.2 (d), 125.6 (d), 133.5 (d), 150.0 (d), 166.1 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3630-3120, 1631, 1440, 1385, 1233, 1158 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{20}H_{31}NaNO_6$ : 404.2044 [M+Na]; found: 404.2044.

#### (S,Z)-5-(((2R,5R)-2-((E)-3-((3R,5S)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)allyl)-1,3dioxan-5-yl)amino)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (2)



Following the general procedure 4, alcohol **15a** (10 mg, 0.026 mmol) led to ester **2**. The purification was carried out on silica gel column

chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (1:9) to give 9.5 mg (79%) of pure ester. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.14 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.21 – 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.39 – 1.35 (m, 6H), 1.96 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 2.44 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.54 – 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.56 (s, *J* = 4.8, 2H), 3.99 – 3.89 (m, 5H), 4.38 (ddd, *J* = 11.6, 6.1, 2.3, 1H), 4.59 (t, *J* = 5.3, 1H), 5.62 – 5.53 (m, 1H), 5.71 – 5.63 (m, 1H), 5.88 – 5.77 (m, 2H), 6.13 (dq, *J* = 13.2, 6.5, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.9, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  19.0 (q), 19.1 (q), 20.1 (q), 23.9 (q), 29.8 (t), 31.6 (d), 34.1 (d), 38.2 (t), 38.3 (t), 42.6 (t), 43.8 (s), 51.2 (t), 55.7 (s), 68.7 (d), 69.1 (d), 70.3 (t), 73.2 (s), 102.2 (d), 123.2 (d), 125.8 (d), 134.3 (d), 142.8 (d), 164.9 (s), 176.8 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1725, 1386, 1194, 1145, 1117, 1040 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>: 452.2643 [M+H]; found: 452.2641.

#### (*S*,*Z*)-5-(((2*R*,5*R*)-2-((*E*)-3-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)allyl)-1,3dioxan-5-yl)amino)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (3)



Following the general procedure 4, alcohol **15b** (10 mg, 0.026 mmol) led to ester **3**. The purification was carried out on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (1:9) to give 9 mg (76%) of pure ester. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.14 – 1.09 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.5, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 2.01 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 2.49 – 2.44 (m, 2H),

2.54 – 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.56 (s, 2H), 4.00 – 3.88 (m, 5H), 4.60 (t, J = 5.2, 1H), 4.70 (ddd, J = 11.5, 7.2, 2.4, 1H), 5.64 – 5.47 (m, 2H), 5.92 – 5.75 (m, 2H), 6.14 (dq, J = 13.1, 6.5, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.0, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  19.0 (q), 19.1 (q), 20.1 (q), 23.8 (q), 31.7 (q), 33.7 (t), 34.1 (d), 38.2 (t), 42.5 (t), 43.8 (s), 51.1 (t), 55.7 (s), 64.9 (d), 68.7 (d), 70.3 (t), 70.3 (t), 73.2 (s), 102.0 (d), 123.2 (d), 126.0 (d), 133.3 (d), 142.8 (d), 165.0 (s), 176.8 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1738, 1614, 1521, 1456, 1373, 1123, 1066 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>: 452.2643 [M+H]; found: 452.2646.

# (*S,Z*)-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-*N*-((1*R*,4*R*)-4-((2*E*,4*Z*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3-methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)pent-2-enamide (17)



Following the general procedure 1, azide **16** (118 mg, 0.344 mmol, mixture E/Z, 9:1) led to compound **17** (145 mg, 75%, 2 steps) as a diastereomeric mixture with ratio E/Z = 9:1. This mixture was purified on silica gel column chromatography (40 cm long column) with

hexane-Et<sub>2</sub>O (9:1) and 11 mg of pure Z diastereomer was collected. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.00 (s, 3H), 0.01 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H), 1.18 – 1.07 (m, 3H), 1.23 (m, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.49 – 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.52 (d, J = 2.1, 3H), 1.67 – 1.56 (m, 7H), 1.71 (s, 3H), 2.08 –

1.79 (m, 4H), 2.52 (s, 2H), 4.09 – 3.96 (m, 1H), 4.86 (ddd, J = 11.3, 8.7, 2.0, 1H), 5.25 (dd, J = 11.7, 8.7, 1H), 5.37 (t, J = 7.5, 1H), 5.59 – 5.43 (m, 2H), 5.72 (d, J = 7.8, 1H), 5.96 – 5.89 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -4.6 (q), -4.5 (q), 16.8 (q), 18.3 (q), 23.9 (q), 24.0 (q), 26.0 (q), 28.0 (t), 28.2 (t), 29.7 (t), 29.8 (t), 31.8 (t), 34.4 (t), 36.6 (d), 38.9 (t), 42.5 (d), 45.3 (d), 51.2 (t), 55.9 (s), 65.3 (d), 65.6 (d), 73.2 (s), 120.1 (d), 129.2 (d), 130.0 (d), 133.0 (s), 136.0 (d), 150.1 (d), 165.0 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1737, 1668, 1632, 1529, 1448, 1244, 1049 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>54</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si: 532.3822 [M+H]; found: 532.3827.

#### (*S*,*Z*)-*N*-((1*R*,4*R*)-4-((2*E*,4*Z*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)-4-hydroxypent-2-enamide (S6)



Following the general procedure 3, TBS protected alcohol **17** (9 mg, 0.015 mmol) led to alcohol **S6**. The purification on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (3:7) gave 5.5 mg (80%) of desired alcohol. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.14 – 1.02 (m, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H),

1.28 (d, J = 6.7, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.48 – 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.66 – 1.52 (m, 7H), 2.14 – 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 2H), 4.06 – 3.98 (m, 1H), 4.74 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.88 – 4.79 (m, 1H), 5.26 – 5.20 (m, 1H), 5.37 – 5.31 (m, 1H), 5.70 (d, J = 12.0 1H), 5.88 (d, J = 11.6, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 7.1, 1H), 6.07 (dd, J = 12.0, 5.4, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.9 (q), 22.9 (q), 24.0 (q), 27.8 (t), 28.0 (t), 29.7 (t), 31.8 (d), 34.4 (t), 36.7 (d), 38.9 (t), 42.5 (t), 45.7 (d), 51.2 (t), 56.0 (s), 64.7 (d), 65.3 (d), 73.2 (s), 123.4 (d), 129.2 (d), 129.7 (d), 133.1 (s), 135.9 (d), 150. 0(d), 166.0 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3580-3096, 1660, 1540, 1440, 1380, 1183, 1108 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>: 418.2957 [M+H]; found: 418.2955.

(*S*,*Z*)-5-(((1*R*,4*R*)-4-((2*E*,4*Z*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3-



#### 7.7-Dimetriyi-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yi)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)amino)-5oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (4)

Following the general procedure 4, alcohol **S6** (5.5 mg, 0.013 mmol) led to ester **4**. The purification on silica gel with hexane-EtOAc (7:3) gave 5 mg (80%) of pure ester. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.15 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.24 –

1.18 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.39 – 1.34 (m, 6H), 1.50 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.69 – 1.54 (m, 8H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 2.12 – 1.86 (m, 4H), 2.57 – 2.48 (m, 3H), 4.18 – 4.09 (m, 1H), 4.95 – 4.84 (m, 1H), 5.28 – 5.22 (m, 1H), 5.43 (t, J = 7.5, 1H), 5.63 (dd, J = 11.6, 9.0, 1H), 5.84 – 5.73 (m, 2H), 5.96 (d, J = 11.6, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.8, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.7 (q), 19.0 (q), 19.1 (q), 20.4 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.7 (t), 28.1 (t), 29.7 (t), 29.8 (t), 31.8 (q), 34.1 (d), 34.7 (t), 36.7 (d), 39.0 (t), 42.6 (t), 45.4 (d), 51.1 (t), 55.8 (s), 65.3 (d), 69.1 (d), 73.2 (d),

125.7 (d), 129.1 (d), 130.6 (d), 132.8 (s), 136.1 (d), 137.9 (d), 165.0 (s), 177.5 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1730, 1685, 1625, 1536, 1192, 1050 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{29}H_{46}NO_5$ : 488.3376 [M+H]; found: 488.3368.

#### tert-Butyl (E)-4-(4-Ethoxy-3-methyl-4-oxobut-2-en-1-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (S7)



Dry DMSO (6.15 ml, 86.7 mmol) was added to a solution of oxalyl chloride (3.73 ml, 43.5 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml) cooled at -78 °C and the mixture was stirred 10 min. After, a solution of commercial **18** (5 g, 21.7 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10

ml) was added via cannula and the solution was stirred over 80 min at -78 °C. Et<sub>3</sub>N (18 ml, 130 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at -78 °C and 1 h at rt. After this time, the suspension was filtered off and the organic layer was washed with  $H_2O$  (15 ml), dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The resulting aldehyde intermediate was used in the next step without further purification.

A solution of *t*-BuOK (22 ml, 22 mmol) 1M in THF was slowly added to as suspension of (1-ethoxy-1-oxopropan-2-yl)triphenylphosphonium bromide <sup>5</sup> (10.2 g, 23 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (40 ml) at -78 °C. After the addition the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C and stirred 30 min. After this time a solution of aldehyde *tert*-butyl 4-(2-oxoethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (3.5 g, 15.3 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) was added via cannula and the solution was stirred over 1 h at 0 °C and 1 h at rt. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, washed with brine and the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated the residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (4:6 to 3:7) to give 2.44 g (65%) of desired olefin. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 2.44 – 2.38 (m, 4H), 3.14 (d, *J* = 6.5, Hz, 2H), 3.48 – 3.43 (m, 4H), 4.19 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (tq, *J* = 6.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.6 (q), 14.1 (q), 28.2 (q), 53.0 (t), 56.1 (t), 60.4 (t), 79.4 (s), 130.0 (s), 137.4 (d), 154.5 (s), 167.3 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1699, 1419, 1365, 1245, 1172, 1135, 1004 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: 313.21218 [M+H]; found: 313.21231.

#### tert-Butyl (E)-4-(4-Hydroxy-3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (19)



A solution of DIBALH (15.5 ml, 15.5 mmol) 1 M in heptane was slowly added to a solution of **S7** (2.2 g, 7.05 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (15 ml) cooled at -78 °C. The solution was stirred over 5 min at -78 °C and 1 h at rt. The reaction was

quenched with MeOH (8 ml) and saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (10 ml). The mixture was allowed to stir over 30 min and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 10 ml). The organic layers were washed with brine and dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc - MeOH (9:1) to give **19** (1.5 g, 78%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.44 (s, 9H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 2.47 – 2.34 (m, 4H), 3.01 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.45 – 3.35 (m, 4H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 5.66 – 5.41 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C

NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.1 (q), 28.5 (q), 53.1 (t), 55.7 (t), 68.2 (t), 79.8 (t), 120.9 (d), 139.0 (s), 154.8 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3550-3064, 1693, 1421, 1245, 1171, 1128, 999 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 271.20162 [M+H]; found: 271.20142.

# (*S,Z*)-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-1-(4-((*E*)-4-hydroxy-3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pent-2-en-1-one (S8)



TFA (15 ml) was added to a solution of **19** (0.55 g, 2.03 ml) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (15 ml) cooled at 0 °C. The solution was stirred over 10 min at 0 °C. and 1 h at rt. Then the volatiles were evaporated and the residue was dissolved in 10 ml of  $CH_2Cl_2$  and

carefully statured aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> was added to pH = 10 and shacked over 10 min. Then water was evaporated, the residue was taken up in MeCN, the solids separated by centrifugation, and the solution concentrated. The resulting amine intermediate was used in the next step without further purification.

*i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>EtN (2,12 ml, 12.18 mmol) and a solution of (*S*,*Z*)-4-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)pent-2-enoic acid (0.51 g, 2.23 mmol) in MeCN (3 ml) were added over a stirred solution of crude amine in dry MeCN (3 ml) and the mixture was cooled in an ice-bath. HBTU (0.723 g, 2.23 mmol) was added portion wise to the reaction solution and after the addition the reaction suspension warmed to rt and stirred 2 h. Then the solution was diluted with EtOAc (12 ml) and successively washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2ml), saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (5 ml), saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (3 x 5 ml) and brine (5ml). The organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc-MeOH (9:1) to give **S8** (738 mg, 90%, 2 steps). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 0.03 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 2.54 - 2.41 (m, 4H), 3.07 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.72 - 3.50 (m, 4H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 5.03 -4.95 (m, 1H), 5.58 – 5.52 (m, 1H), 5.98 – 5.87 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -4.5 (q), -4.3 (q), 14.02 (q), 19.0 (s), 24.3 (q), 26.4 (q), 42.1 (t), 47.0(t), 56.1(t), 67.4(d), 68.1(t), 120.0(d), 120.3(d), 141.3(s), 148.0(d), 167.5(s). IR (NaCl film) 3550-3200, 1618, 1462, 1249, 1075 996 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>39</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si: 383.27245 [M+H]; found: 383.27245.

# (*E*)-4-(4-((*S*,*Z*)-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-2-enoyl)piperazin-1-yl)-2-methylbut-2-enal (20)



Dess–Martin periodinate (728 mg, 1.71) was portionwise added to a mixture of **S8** (597 mg, 1.56 mmol) and solid NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (145 mg, 1.71 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 ml) cooled at 0 °C. The resulting solution was

stirred for 1 h at 0  $^{\circ}$ C and 1 h at rt, then was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and added over a 1:1

mixture (20 ml) of a saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and saturated aqueous sodium thiosulfate. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt. The aqueous layer was separated and washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 × 20 ml). The combined organic fractions were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residue was purified on a silica gel column chromatography with AcOEt-MeOH (97:3) to give **20** (460 mg, 78%) as an oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ), - 0.10 - 0.06 (m, 6H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 2.50 – 2.38 (m, 4H), 3.28 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.72 – 3.47 (m, 4H), 5.01 – 4.92 (m, 1H), 5.96 – 5.80 (m, 2H), 6.54 – 6.49 (m, 1H), 9.41 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -4.6 (q), -4.5 (q), 9.6 (q), 18.2 (s), 24.0 (q), 25.9 (q), 41.2 (t), 46.0 (t), 53.2 (t) 56.1 (t), 66.2 (d), 118.4 (d), 141.0 (s), 147.8 (d), 149.3 (d), 165.5 (s), 194.5 (s). IR (NaCl film) 2808, 1692, 1649, 1437, 1075, 837 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>37</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si: 381.25680 [M+H]; found: 381.25668

# (*S*,2*Z*)-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-1-(4-(5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-dimethyl-1,6dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3-methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pent-2-en-1-one (21)



Following the general procedure 2, sulfone **11** (60 mg, 0.17 mmol) and aldehyde **20** (50 mg, 0.13 mmol) led to compound **21**. The purification of the compound was carried out on a silica gel column chromatography

with EtOAc-MeOH (98:2) to give 46 mg (70%) of a desired diene (E/Z ratio 8:2) as an oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ) -0.00 (s, 3H), 0.01 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H), 1.18 – 1.10 (m, 2H), 1.26 – 1.23 (m, 6H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 2.00 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 2.44 – 2.35 (m, 4H), 2.54 (s, 2H), 3.07 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.69 – 3.43 (m, 4H), 4.44 (ddd, *J* = 11.6, 6.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.99 – 4.92 (m, 1H), 5.53 – 5.47 (m, 1H), 5.61 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.93 – 5.86 (m, 2H), 6.25 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H). NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ), -4.5 (q), -4.4 (q), 12.8 (q), 18.3 (s), 23.9 (q), 24.1 (q), 26.0 (q), 31.6 (q), 38.7 (t), 41.4 (t), 42.5 (t), 46.3 (t), 51.1 (t), 53.0 (s), 53.4 (t), 55.7 (t), 66.4 (d), 69.5 (d), 73.2 (s), 118.7 (d), 128.2 (d), 129.0 (d), 135.4 (d), 136.5 (s), 147.6 (d), 165.5 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1632, 1461, 1382, 1249, 1074, 836 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>51</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si: 519.36126 [M+H]; found: 519.36144

#### (*S*,2*Z*)-1-(4-(5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3-methylpenta-2,4dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-hydroxypent-2-en-1-one (22)



Following the general procedure 3, TBS protected alcohol **21** (230 mg, 0.444 mmol) led to compound **22**. Purification of the product on a silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc-MeOH (1:0 to

9:1) gave 129 mg (67%) of desired alcohol. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.25 – 1.13 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 2.01 – 1.86 (m, 2H),

2.49 – 2.38 (m, 4H), 2.59 – 2.53 (m, 2H), 3.10 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.55 – 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.73 – 3.58 (m, 2H), 4.47 (ddd, J = 11.5, 6.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.65 – 4.56 (m, 1H), 5.52 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (dd, J = 15.7, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.11 – 6.04 (m, 2H), 6.28 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.8 (q), 22.5 (q), 23.9 (q), 31.6 (q), 38.7 (t), 41.8 (t), 42.5 (t), 46.6 (t), 51.2 (t), 52.8 (t), 53.3 (t), 55.7 (t), 64.9 (d), 69.5 (d), 73.2 (s), 121.4 (d), 128.2 (d), 129.0 (d), 135.4 (d), 136.6 (s), 147.7 (d), 166.5 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3628-3096, 1616, 1439, 1383, 1236, 1062, 833 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>37</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: 405.27428 [M+H]; found: 405.27525

# (*S,Z*)-5-(4-((2*E*,4*E*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (5a) and (*S,Z*)-5-(4-((2*E*,4*Z*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl isobutyrate (5b)

Following the general procedure 4, alcohol **22** (42 mg, 0.10 mmol) led to mixture of **5a** and **5b**. Purification on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (8:2) gave 45 mg (98%) of diasteromeric mixture. This mixture was separated by semi-preparative RP-HPLC to give 24 mg of *E* and 4 mg of *Z* (60%) of pure diasteromers:



**5a** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.13 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 1.25 – 1.16 (m, 2H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.38 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 2.02 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 2.52 – 2.39 (m, 5H), 2.59 – 2.55

(m, 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.87 – 3.39 (m, 4H), 4.47 (ddd, J = 11.9, 6.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (dd, J = 15.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.83 – 5.69 (m, 2H), 6.04 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.7 (q), 18.9 (q), 18.9 (q), 20.0 (q), 23.7 (q), 31.5 (q), 34.9 (d), 38.5 (t), 41.2 (t), 42.4 (t), 46.1 (t), 51.0 (t), 52.9 (t), 55.6 (t), 55.8 (t), 68.7 (d), 69.4 (d), 73.1 (s), 122.5 (d), 128.1 (d) 128.9 (d), 135.3 (d), 140.1 (d), 165.2 (s), 176.1 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1730, 1631, 1462, 1383, 1233, 1158 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: 475.31665 [M+H]; found: 475.31680.



**5b** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.21 – 1.06 (m, 8H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.45 – 1.35 (m, 6H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 2.07 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 2.63 – 2.39 (m, 7H), 3.24 – 3.01 (m, 2H), 3.83 – 3.41 (m, 4H), 4.84 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (dd, J = 11.5, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 5.50 – 5.44 (m, 1H), 5.83 – 5.69 (m, 2H), 5.96 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, J = 11.0 Hz,

1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR via HSQC (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 140.2 (d), 136.6 (d), 135.2 (d), 130.1 (d), 122.6

(d), 68.2 (d), 64.9 (d), 56.0 (t), 52.8 (d), 50.5 (t), 45.7 (t), 42.1 (t), 38.4 (t), 33.9 (d), 31.5 (q), 23.7 (q), 20.0 (q), 18.7 (q), 16.7 (q). ). IR (NaCl film): = 1731, 1630, 1449, 1368, 1191 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{27}H_{43}N_2O_5$ : 475.31665 [M+H]; found: 475.31675.

### (*S,Z*)-5-(4-((2*E*,4*E*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl 4-nitrophenyl carbonate (S10)



A solution of alcohol of pure **22** (32 mg, 0.079 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2.5 ml) was stirred at 0 °C. Over the cold solution NEt<sub>3</sub> (0.033 ml) and a solution of 4-nitrophenylchloroformate (32 mg, 0.158 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 ml) were added via cannula. After 40 min of stirring at 0 °C, additional 1 eq. of 4-nitrophenyl

chloroformate was added and the solution was warmed to rt and stirred for additional 1 h after which TLC showed that most of the starting material had been consumed. Cold water (3 ml) and  $CH_2Cl_2$  was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2x5ml). The combined organic solvents were washed brine (3 ml) and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified on silica gel column chromatography with AcOEt-MeOH (98:2 to 94:6) to give **S10** (20 mg, 45%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.23 – 1.11 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.53 (d, *J* = 6.3, 3H), 1.71 (s, 3H), 2.01 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 2.46 – 2.37 (m, 4H), 2.57 (s,2H), 3.07 (d, *J* = 7.0, 2H), 3.72 – 3.47 (m, 4H), 4.53 – 4.37 (m, 1H), 5.51 (t, *J* = 7.0, 1H), 5.63 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 6.6, 1H), 5.98 – 5.86 (m, 1H), 6.19 (d, *J* = 10.7, 1H), 6.26 (d, *J* = 15.7, 1H), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 8.27 – 8.23 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.8 (q), 20.1 (q), 23.9 (q), 31.6 (q), 38.6 (t), 41.6 (t), 42.5 (t), 46.4 (t), 51.2 (t), 52.8 (t), 53.1 (t), 55.7 (t), 55.9 (t), 69.5 (d), 73.3 (d), 74.6 (s), 121.9 (d), 123.7 (d), 125.3 (d), 125.4 (d), 128.2 (d), 129.1 (d), 135.4 (d), 136.6 (s), 139.1 (d) 145.4 (s), 151.7 (s), 155.7 (s), 164.9 (s). IR (NaCl film) 2943, 2814, 1765, 1719, 1627, 1525, 1215, 1021 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: 570.28154 [M+H]; found: 570.28166.

### (*S*,*Z*)-5-(4-((2*E*,4*E*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl methylcarbamate (6)



A stirred solution of activated carbonate **S10** (20 mg, 0.035 mmol) in  $CICH_2CH_2CI$  (0.5 ml) was cooled in an ice-bath and the methylamine (0.11 ml, 1M in THF, 0.11 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting yellow solution was allowed to stir at 0 °C for

20 min. Then yellow solid was filtered off volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was concentrated and purified on silica gel column

chromatography with AcOEt-Hexane-MeOH(8:2:0.8) to give 12 mg (75%) of the desired carbamate. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.22 – 1.13 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 4.2, 3H), 1.41 – 1.35 (m, 6H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 2.03 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 4H), 2.60 – 2.54 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, *J* = 4.9, 3H), 3.10 (d, *J* = 6.9, 2H), 3.81 – 3.37 (m, 4H), 4.47 (ddd, *J* = 11.0, 6.6, 1.8, 1H), 4.66 (bs, 1H), 5.54 (t, *J* = 6.9, 1H), 5.67 – 5.58 (m, 2H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 7.7, 1H), 6.01 (d, *J* = 11.7, 1H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 15.7, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 12.9 (q), 20.6 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.6 (q), 31.6 (q), 38.7 (t), 41.5 (t), 42.6 (t), 46.4 (t), 51.2 (s), 52.9 (t), 55.8 (t), 56.0 (t), 69.6 (d), 73.3 (s), 122.2 (d), 128.6 (d), 128.9 (d), 135.5 (d), 136.5 (s), 140.5 (d), 156.5 (s), 165.6 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1730, 1631, 1440, 1383, 1233, 1158, 1040 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: 475.31665 [M+H]; found: 475.31680.

### Methyl isobutyryl-L-alaninate (24)



NEt<sub>3</sub> (3.97 ml, 28.6 mmol), isobutyric anhydride (3.57 ml, 21.5 mmol) and 4-DMAP (87 mg, 0.72 mmol) were added to a cooled (0 °C) suspension commercial **23** (1.0 g, 7.16 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 ml) and the mixture was stirred over 15 min. After this time, the ice bath was removed and the solution was allowed to rt and stirred over 3 h. The solution was diluted

with  $CH_2Cl_2$  and washed with sat.  $NH_4Cl$  and sat.  $NaHCO_3$ . The organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 8:2) gave the desired compound (1.22 g, 99%) as a colorless oil. All analytical data for this compound were identical with the reported in literature <sup>2</sup>.

### (S)-N-(1-Oxopropan-2-yl)isobutyramide (25)



A solution of DIBALH (9 ml, 1.0 M in heptane, 9 mmol) was added carefully to a solution of **24** (1.2 g, 6.9 mmol) in toluene (12 ml) cooled at -78 °C, over N<sub>2</sub>. This mixture was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C and then MeOH (5 ml) and Rochelle's salt saturate solution (5 ml) were added. The mixture was diluted with AcOEt, allowed to room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. After this time the organic layers were dried

with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1:1) gave the desired compound as colorless oil, 0.7 g (71%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.18 (d, *J* = 6.9, Hz, 6H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 7.4, 3H), 2.43 (hept, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.60 – 4.40 (m, 1H), 6.09 (bs, 1H), 9.56 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.6 (q), 19.6 (q), 19.6 (q), 35.4 (d), 54.4 (d), 177.2 (s), 199.5(s). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub>=+18.3 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (NaCl film) 1725, 1646, 1537, 1200, 1178 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>: 144.1019 [M+H]; found: 144.1021

### Methyl (S,Z)-4-isobutyramidopent-2-enoate (26)



Bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl) (methoxycarbonylmethyl)phosphonate (0.75 ml, 3.52 mmol) was added to a solution of 18-crown-6 (1.5 g, 5.88 mmol) in THF (12 ml) at room temperature. Then the solution was cooled to -78  $^{\circ}$ C and a 1 M solution of KHMDS in

THF (3.52 ml, 3.52 mmol) was added carefully and the resulting mixture was stirred over 5 min. After this time a solution of **25** (0.42 g, 2.94 mmol) in THF (3 ml) was added via cannula and the solution was stirred over 3 h at -78 °C. After this time, the reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$  (10 ml) and the mixture was allowed to room temperature, diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (12 ml) and the aqueous layer was extracted 2 x  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 ml). The organic layers were washed with sat.  $NH_4Cl$  dried with  $MgSO_4$ , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (7:3 to 1:1) gave **26** as a colorless oil (0.41 g, 82%) (dr = 92:8). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.11 (d, *J* = 6.9, 6H), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 2.35 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 5.34 – 5.20 (m, 1H), 5.77 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 8.2 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  19.6 (q), 19.6 (q), 20.0 (q), 35.6 (d), 44.3 (d), 51.6 (q), 119.3 (d), 151.2 (d), 166.6 (s), 176.6 (s). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub>=+10.8 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>). IR (NaCl film): =1725, 1646, 1537, 1200, 1178 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: 200.1281 [M+H]; found: 200.1283.

#### (S,Z)-4-Isobutyramidopent-2-enoic acid (27)



A Me<sub>3</sub>SnOH (0.9 g, 5.0 mmol) was added to a solution of methyl **26** (0.2 g, 1.0 mmol) in ClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl and the solution was stirred at 85 °C overnight. After this time additional Me<sub>3</sub>SnOH (0.54 g, 3.0 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. Then, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was dissolved

in EtOAc, washed with 5% HCl, brine, dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of residue by silica gel column chromatography with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-MeOH (97.5:2.5 to 95:5) gave the desired acid as a white solid (93 mg, 50%). MP 151 – 152 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.22 – 1.11 (m, 6H), 1.32 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 2.44 – 2.33 (m, 1H), 4.81 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 5.69 – 5.55 (m, 1H), 5.81 (bs, 1H), 5.94 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  19.5 (q), 19.5 (q), 19.9 (q), 35.4 (d), 45.2 (d), 123.7 (d), 140.6 (d), 167.9 (s), 179.0 (s). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub>=+13.2 (*c* 0.25 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>). IR (NaCl film) 3460-2517, 1700, 1635, 1536, 1384, 1249, 928 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: 186.1247 [M+H]; found: 186.1243

#### Compound Sudemycin K (7)



Following the general procedure 1, azide **16** <sup>4</sup> (30 mg, 0.085 mmol) and acid 1 led to **Sudemycin K**. The crude was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (1:1 to 1:0) and repurified by semi-preparative RP-HPLC to give the desired amide as a colorless oil (12 mg, 30%,

2 steps). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.09 (d, *J* = 6.9, Hz, 6H), 1.19 – 1.11 (m, 2H), 1.24 – 1.19 (m, 6H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.57 – 1.50 (m, 7H), 1.73-1.64 (s, 5H), 1.96 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 2.07 – 1.98 (m, 2H), 2.34 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 2H), 4.12 – 4.03 (m, 1H), 4.40 (ddd, *J* = 11.7, 6.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.71 – 4.60 (m, 1H), 5.52 – 5.40 (m, 3H), 5.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 8.43 – 8.31 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.7 (q), 19.5 (q), 19.9 (q), 20.6 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.5 (t), 27.9 (t), 29.8 (t), 31.7(q), 34.6(t), 35.5(d), 36.9(d), 38.8(t), 42.6(t), 45.0(d), 45.5(d), 51.2(t), 55.8(s), 69.7(d), 73.2 (s), 125.9 (d), 126.9 (d), 132.4 (s), 133.8 (d), 136.5 (d), 136.5 (d), 137.8 (d), 165.7 (s), 177.4 (s). IR (NaCl film) 3282, 2942, 1653, 1619, 1541, 1483, 1063 928 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>47</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: 487.35303 [M+H]; found: 487.35307.

#### Methyl (S,Z)-4-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)pent-2-enoate (29)

To a solution of 18-crown-6 (0.84 g, 3.18 mmol) in THF (8 ml) bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl) (methoxycarbonylmethyl)phosphonate (0.401 ml, 1.9 mmol) was added at room temperature. Then the solution was cooled to -78 °C and a 1 M solution of KHMDS in THF

(1.9 ml, 1.9 mmol) was added carefully and was stirred over 40 min. After this time a solution of commercial **28** (0.275 g, 1.59 mmol) in THF (3 ml) was added via cannula. The solution was stirred over 3 h at -78 °C then the reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 ml) and the mixture was allowed to room temperature. The mixture was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (12 ml) and the aqueous layer was extracted 2 x CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml). The organic layers were washed with sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (7:3) gave **29** (0.27 g, 72%) (dr = 97:3) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.27 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.75 (bs, 1H), 5.22 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 5.76 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.18 – 6.05 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  20.2 (q), 28.4 (q), 45.5 (d), 51.4 (q), 79.5 (s), 118.7 (d), 152.3 (d), 155.3 (s), 166.2 (s). IR (NaCl film) 1723, 1629, 1513, 1168, 1049 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNaO<sub>4</sub>: 252.1206 [M+Na]; found: 252.1216

#### (S,Z)-4-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)pent-2-enoic acid (30)



A Me<sub>3</sub>SnOH (0.79 g, 4.36 mmol) was added to a solution of **29** (0.125 g, 0.55 mmol) in ClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl (5 ml) and the solution was stirred at 85 °C overnight. Then, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc, washed with HCl 5%, brine, dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under

reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with with hexane-EtOAc (8:2 to 7:3) to give the desired acid (83 mg, 75%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  1.21 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 5.24 – 5.10 (m, 1H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.14 – 6.03 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  20.5(q), 28.7(q), 46.3(d) 80.14(s), 120.05 (d), 152.5 (d), 157.7 (s), 169.4 (s). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub>=+44.8 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl<sub>3</sub>). IR (NaCl film) 3474-2872, 1706, 1367, 1166, 1049 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NNaO<sub>4</sub>: 238.1050 [M+Na]; found: 238.1044

#### *tert*-Butyl ((*S,Z*)-5-(((1*R*,4*R*)-4-((2*E*,4*E*)-5-((3*R*,5*S*)-7,7-dimethyl-1,6dioxaspiro[2.5]octan-5-yl)-3-methylpenta-2,4-dien-1-yl)cyclohexyl)amino)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-yl)carbamate (8)



Following the general procedure 1, azide **16** (30 mg, 0.085 mmol) and acid **30** led to carbamate **8**. The product was purified on silica gel column chromatography with hexane-EtOAc (1:1) to give the title compound (25 mg, 50%, 2 steps) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.24 – 1.13 (m, 5H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.42 – 1.37 (m, 6H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.60 – 1.52 (m, 4H),

1.70 (s, 3H), 1.86 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 2.00 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 2.17 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 2H), 4.14 – 3.91 (m, 1H), 4.55 – 4.41 (m, 2H), 4.95 – 4.87 (m, 1H), 5.57 – 5.42 (m, 3H), 5.79 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 6.39 – 6.18 (m, 1H),  $\delta$  8.40 (bs, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  12.6 (q), 20.7 (q), 23.9 (q), 27.3 (t), 27.9 (t), 28.6 (q), 29.6 (t), 29.8 (t), 31.7 (q), 34.6 (t), 37.3 (d), 38.7 (t), 42.6 (t), 45.5 (d), 45.6 (d), 51.1 (t), 55.8 (s), 69.8 (d), 73.3 (s), 80.2 (s), 125.7 (d), 126.8 (d), 132.3 (s), 133.9 (d), 136.8 (d), 137.8 (d), 156.0 (s), 165.9 (s). IR (NaCl film) 2942, 1660, 1622, 1538, 1485, 1072 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (+ESI): m/z calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>49</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: 517.3641 [M+H]; found: 517.3644 **Supplementary Figure 1.** *In vitro* spliceosome (A3' complex) formation assays. (A) Representative Phosphoroimager pictures of electrophoretic separation of H and A3' complexes assembled upon incubation of a radioactively labeled adenovirus major late promoter RNA (spanning sequences corresponding to 3' half of intron 1 and part of the following exon) in HeLa nuclear extracts and fractionation on non-denaturing agarose gels. The electrophoretic mobility of A3' and H complexes is indicated, as well as concentrations of the indicated drugs or DMSO as control. Only complex H is formed in the absence of ATP. (B) Assays as in A for the indicated drugs. (C) Quantifications of the results reported in A and B.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Full** *in vitro* spliceosome assembly assay. Electrophoretic separation of H, A, B and C complexes assembled upon incubation of a full length adenovirus major late promoter RNA in HeLa nuclear extracts and fractionation on non-denaturing agarose gels. The electrophoretic mobility of the different complexes is indicated, as well as concentrations of the indicated drugs or DMSO as control. Only complex H is formed in the absence of ATP. As expected, Sudemycins K and D6 inhibit the formation of all A, B and C spliceosomal complexes, leading to an increase in complex H.



**Supplementary Figure 3. Effects on cytotoxicity and alternative splicing after pulses of drug treatments.** (A) Effects of Sud D6 and Sud K on cell viability were evaluated after 24, 48 and 72 h. Cells were either pulsed with drug for 30' or kept in continuous treatment until the first measurement, at 24h. A 30' pulse significantly decreases the effects on cell viability. (B) Effects of Sud D6 and Sud K on *MCL1* alternative splicing upon continuous drug treatment or after a 30' pulse. Exon 2 inclusion levels were measured at 6 or 24 h. Results show reversal of the effects at 24 h and decreased (but not suppressed) effects at 6h upon pulsed treatments compared to continuous treatments.





**Supplementary Figure 4. Uncropped images from** *in vitro* A3' complex formation assays. The figures correspond to results presented in Figure 2 and Supplementary Figure 1. The top of each panel shows the signal coming from the wells of the gel.



#### SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCES

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<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR and 2D correlation spectra of Synthetic Compoun**ds** 

M400APCB\_30102014\_km229f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km229f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 29/10/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_30102014\_km229f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km229f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 29/10/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_03112014\_km233-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25 C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km233 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 03/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_03112014\_km233-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25 C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km233 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 03/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_04112014\_km235f2-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25 C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km235f2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 04/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI

N<sub>3</sub>



M400APCB\_04112014\_km235f2-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km235f2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 04/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





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M400APCB\_06112014\_km236f2-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km236f2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 06/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI






M400APCB\_11112014\_km240f2-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km240f2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 11/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_11112014\_km240\_f2-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km240\_f2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 11/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI









M400APCB\_13112014\_km241f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km241f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 13/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_13112014\_km241f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km241f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 13/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_20112014\_KM244\_PUR\_P1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: KM244\_PUR\_P1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 20/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_20112014\_km244\_purP1-C13 Submitq / 400 Cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km244\_purP1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI

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M400APCB\_10042014\_KM127f3-H1 Submitq / 400



M400APCB\_14042014\_km127f3-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km127f3 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 14/04/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI







M400APCB\_22042014\_km129f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km129f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 22/04/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_22042014\_km129f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km129f1



I.



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M400APCB\_26052014\_km133\_semi\_2-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km133\_semi\_2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 26/05/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_27052014\_km133\_semi\_2-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km133\_semi\_2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 26/05/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI







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0 0 r



M400APCB\_29052014\_km145\_f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km145\_f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 28/05/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_29052014\_km146f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km146f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 29/05/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_30052014\_km146\_f1-C13 Submitq / 400 Usuari: ad / Mostra: km146\_f1 Nom: KAMIL\_MAKOWSKI





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E.

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M400APCB\_25042014\_km134f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km134f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI

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M400APCB\_29042014\_km136f1-C13 Submitq / 400 Usuari: ad / Mostra: km136f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI

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Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km253f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 02/12/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI



M400APCB\_04122014\_km255f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km255f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI



M400APCB\_04122014\_km255f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km255f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 04/12/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





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M400APCB\_05022015\_km291purP1-H1 M400PCB / Num.Inv. AF/002630 Usuari: ad / Mostra: km291purP1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI





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M400APCB\_05032015\_km174f1-C13 M400PCB / Num.Inv. AF/002630 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km174f1 Nom: JOSE-ANTONIO FERNANDEZ MATEOS Data: 05/03/15 / Ope.: J.FERNANDEZ



f1 (ppm)

M400APCB\_02092014\_km189f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd 3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km189f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 02/09/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI



M400APCB\_02092014\_km 189f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd 3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km 189f1 Nom: KAMIL\_MAKOW/SKI Data: 02/09/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI

O<sub>∕</sub>OMe (S) ⁻Ν Η





M400APCB\_21112014\_km246c2f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km246c2f1


M400APCB\_21112014\_km246c2f1-H1 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km246c2f1



M400APCB\_22112014\_km246c2f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km246c2f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 21/11/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





M400APCB\_01122014\_km249\_pur2\_p2-H1 Submitq / 400 Cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km249\_pur2\_p2 Nom: KAMIL\_MAKOWSKI Data: 01/12/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI

10.0



M400APCB\_03122014\_km249\_pur2p2-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km249\_pur2p2 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 02/12/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI









M400APCB\_02092014\_km 192f1-H1 Submitg / 400 cdd 3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km192f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 02/09/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI



M400APCB\_02092014\_km 188f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd 3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km 188f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 02/09/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





Submitq / 400 cd3od / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km226\_f2\_metoh



M400APCB\_05032015\_km226\_f2\_meoh-C13 M400PCB / Num.Inv. AF/002630 cd3od / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXXX



Usuari: ad / Mostra: km264f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI

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M400APCB\_17122014\_km264f1-C13 Submitq / 400 cdd3 / Temp: 25C / N.Reg: XXXXXXXX Usuari: ad / Mostra: km264f1 Nom: KAMIL MAKOWSKI Data: 17/12/14 / Ope.: K.MAKOWSKI





