### Synthesis of (-)-TAN-2483A. Revision of the Structures of and Syntheses of (±)-FD-211 (Waol A) and (±)-FD-212 (Waol B)

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#### **Supporting Material**

General Procedures. NMR spectra were recorded at 400 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub> unless otherwise indicated. Chemical shifts are reported in  $\delta$ , coupling constants in Hz, and IR spectra in cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## (35,45)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*R*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-furan-2-one (9a) and (35,45)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*S*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-furan-2-one (12a). Lithium diisopropylamide was prepared from diisopropylamine (590 $\mu$ L, 4.2 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (1.5 mL, 2.8 M in hexane, 4.2 mmol) in THF (8 mL) at 0 °C. This solution was cooled to –78 °C and treated with (4*S*)-dihydro-4-hydroxyfuran-2-one (10a) (204 mg, 2 mmol) in THF (1 mL). The solution was stirred for 15 min at -78 °C and treated with a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*)- and (2*E*,4*Z*)-2,4-hexadienal (11) (220 $\mu$ L, 2 mmol) in dry THF (1 mL). The mixture was warmed to -42 °C, stirred for 1 h, and quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (1 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with ether (120 mL), washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave 12a (150 mg, 38%) as a colorless oil, followed by 9a (131 mg, 33%) as a colorless oil. Both of these compounds are a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*) and (2*E*,4*Z*) isomers. Flash chromatography of the mixture of 9a isomers on 20% AgNO<sub>3</sub> on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (2*E*,4*E*)-9a (102 mg, 26%). Similar chromatography of the mixture of 12a isomers gave (2*E*,4*E*)-12a (115 mg, 29%).

Data for **9a**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.29 (dd, 1, *J* = 15.3, 10.4), 6.06 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 10.4, 1.2), 5.79 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.66 (dd, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.3), 4.52-4.59 (m, 2), 4.45 (dd, 1, *J* = 9.8, 6.7), 4.09 (dd, 1, *J* = 9.8, 5.5), 3.56 (d, 1, *J* = 4.3, OH), 3.39 (d, 1, *J* = 3.1, OH), 2.79 (dd, 1, *J* = 5.5, 5.5),

1.77 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 176.0, 133.7, 132.2, 130.1, 127.4, 73.3, 71.2, 69.4, 54.3, 18.2; IR (neat) 3359, 1762, 1662.

Data for **12a**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.33 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 6.07 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4, 1.2), 5.77 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.65 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 4.63-4.70 (m, 2), 4.46 (dd, 1, J = 9.2, 4.6), 4.09 (dd, 1, J = 9.2, 6.1), 3.18 (d, 1, J = 4.9, OH), 2.98 (d, 1, J = 4.9, OH), 2.68 (dd, 1, J = 4.3, 4.3), 1.77 (br d, 3, J = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 177.1, 132.4, 131.5, 130.2, 128.6, 74.2, 69.9, 68.2, 54.7, 18.1; IR (neat) 3440, 1764, 1689.

[2*S*-(2 $\alpha$ ,3 $\beta$ ,4 $\alpha$ ,4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha\beta$ )]-Hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4*b*]pyran-5-one (14). Dry bis(*sym*-collidine)silver(I) hexafluorophosphate (375 mg, 0.81 mmol) was slurried in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) with vigorous stirring and iodine (154 mg, 0.61 mmol) was added in one portion and the solution was stirred for 5 min. A yellow precipitate was produced instantly. Diene diol **9a** (100 mg, 0.51 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1.5 h and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give 160 mg (91%) of crude **14** as a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave 61 mg (37%) of **14** as a pale yellow solid, followed by 74 mg (45%) of [2*S*-(2 $\alpha$ ,3 $\beta$ ,4 $\alpha$ ,4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$  $\beta$ )]-hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one **(18)**.

Isomerization of **14** to **18** could be minimized by chromatography on silica gel deactivated by storage in an open container for several months, which gave 80% of **14** and <5% of **18**. For sensitive compounds, silica gel was deactivated by addition of 5-10% water and stirring for 1 h on a rotary evaporator without vacuum.

Data for 14: mp 124-125 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.93 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.46 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 7.9, 1.8), 4.49 (dd, 1, J = 7.9, 6.7, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.29, (dd, 1, J = 10.4, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 4.16 (ddd, 1, J = 10.4, 9.8, 3.1, H<sub>4</sub>), 4.11 (dd, 1, J = 10.0, 7.9, H<sub>7</sub>), 3.99 (ddd, 1, J = 11.6, 10.0, 6.7, H<sub>7a</sub>), 3.63 (dd, 1, J =10.4, 9.8, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.29 (dd, 1, J = 3.1, OH), 2.41 (dd, 1, J = 11.6, 10.4, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.81 (dd, 3, J = 6.7, 1.8); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 170.4, 134.2, 127.6, 84.9, 74.4, 73.0, 68.8, 50.4, 38.5, 17.7; IR (KBr) 3505, 1785. Data for **18**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.83 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 5.44 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 7.9, 1.8), 4.491 (dd, 1, J = 3.7, 3.7, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.485 (d, 1, J = 10.0, OH), 4.42 (d, 1, J = 10.4, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.32 (dd, 1, J = 10.4, 3.7, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.15 (ddd, 1, J = 10.4, 10.0, 6.7, H<sub>4</sub>), 3.95 (dd, 1, J = 11.0, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 3.70 (dd, 1, J = 11.0, 10.4, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.07 (dd, 1, J = 6.7, 3.7, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.79 (dd, 3, J = 6.1, 1.8).

[2*S*-(2α,3β,4β,4αα,7aβ)]-Hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4*b*]pyran-5-one (16). To a stirred solution of 12a (62 mg, 0.31 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added solid NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (85 mg, 1.01 mmol) at rt. The mixture was stirred for 10 min, cooled to 0 °C, and treated with I<sub>2</sub> (257 mg, 1.01 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred for 2.5 h from 0 °C to rt and quenched with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution. The mixture was saturated with NaCl and extracted several times with EtOAc. The combined extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (6:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (71 mg, 70%) of **16**: mp 71-73 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.89 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.39 (br dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.9), 4.65 (br, 1, H<sub>4</sub>), 4.60 (ddd, 1, *J* = 11.6, 10.0, 7.0, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.45 (dd, 1, *J* = 7.9, 7.0, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.39 (dd, 1, *J* = 10.4, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 4.04 (br d, 1, *J* = 10.4, H<sub>3</sub>), 4.03 (dd, 1, *J* = 10.0, 7.9, H<sub>7</sub>), 2.80 (d, 1, *J* = 2.4, OH), 2.72 (br d, 1, *J* = 11.6, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.79 (br d, 3, *J* = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 169.8, 134.0, 128.0, 79.1, 69.7, 69.0, 66.8, 48.9, 39.2, 17.7.

An identical reaction was concentrated (80 °C, 50 torr) to remove the CH<sub>3</sub>CN after quenching with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, which was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (6:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (74 mg, 73%) of **17** as colorless crystals: mp 89-92 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.81 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.35 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 7.9, 1.8), 4.68 (dd, 1,  $J = 3.9, 3.0, H_{7a}$ ), 4.57 (dd, 1,  $J = 2.8, 2.4, 2.4, H_4$ ), 4.35 (d, 1, J =10.4, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.30 (dd, 1,  $J = 10.4, 7.9, H_2$ ), 4.25 (dd, 1,  $J = 10.4, 3.0, H_7$ ), 4.10 (dd, 1, J = 10.4, 2.4,H<sub>3</sub>), 3.06 (dd, 1,  $J = 3.9, 2.8, H_{4a}$ ), 2.54 (d, 1, J = 2.4, OH), 1.76 (dd, 3, J = 6.7, 1.8); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 173.7, 132.9, 129.1, 75.0, 72.8, 71.7, 67.3, 46.6, 39.1, 17.7; IR (KBr) 3456, 1768, 1677.

#### [2S-(2α,3α,7aβ)]-2,3,7,7a-Tetrahydro-3-hydroxy-2-(1E-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4-

*b*]pyran-5-one (21). To a solution of 14 (83 mg, 0.26 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (2 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 3 days, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (125 mL), washed with 10% aqueous HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, and brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **21** (45 mg, 87%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ +174 (*c* 0.16, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.93 (dd, 1, *J* = 3.7, 2.4, H<sub>4</sub>), 5.94 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.71 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.1, 1.2), 4.77 (dddd, 1, *J* = 8.6, 8.6, 2.4, 2.4, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.65 (dd, 1, *J* = 8.6, 8.6, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.09-4.12 (m, 2, H<sub>2,3</sub>), 4.06 (dd, 1, *J* = 8.6, 8.6, H<sub>7</sub>), 2.10 (d, 1, *J* = 7.9, OH), 1.81 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 167.1, 134.5, 131.9, 131.5, 125.5, 79.8, 73.1, 69.8, 64.0, 18.1; IR (neat) 3440, 1764, 1689; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 214.1079, found 214.1084.

(3*R*,4*R*,55)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*S*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5-methylfuran-2one (9b) and (3*R*,4*R*,55)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*R*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5methylfuran-2-one (12b). Lithium diisopropylamide was prepared from diisopropylamine (292  $\mu$ L, 2.08 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (745  $\mu$ L, 2.79 M in hexane, 2.08 mmol) in THF (4 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was cooled to -23 °C and treated with 10b (116 mg, 1 mmol) in THF (1 mL). The mixture was stirred for 15 min, cooled to -43 °C and treated with a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*)- and (2*E*,4*Z*)-2,4-hexadienal (11) (110  $\mu$ L, 1 mmol). The mixture was stirred at -43 °C for 1 h and saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (1 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The resulting mixture was diluted with ether (80 mL), washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave 12b (42 mg, 20%) as a colorless oil, followed by 9b (103 mg, 49%) as a white solid. Both of these compounds are a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*) and (2*E*,4*Z*) isomers. Flash chromatography of the mixture of 9b isomers on 20% AgNO<sub>3</sub> on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (2*E*,4*E*)-9b (80 mg, 38%). Similar chromatography of the mixture of 12b isomers gave (2*E*,4*E*)-12b (30 mg, 14%). Data for **9b**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.32 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 6.07 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4, 1.2), 5.79 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.67(dd, 1, J = 15.3, 7.3), 4.53 (ddd, 1, J = 7.3, 6.7, 3.1), 4.26 (dq, 1, J = 7.9, 6.1), 3.98 (ddd, 1, J = 8.5, 7.9, 4.3), 3.18 (d, 1, J = 3.1, OH), 2.85 (dd, 1, J = 8.5, 6.7), 2.46 (d, 1, J = 4.3, OH), 1.77 (dd, 3, J = 6.7, 1.2), 1.46 (d, 3, J = 6.1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 174.6, 133.7, 132.0, 130.1, 127.7, 80.1, 75.2, 71.3, 54.3, 18.1, 18.0; IR (KBr) 3401, 1761, 1662; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 230.1392, found 230.1395.

Data for **12b**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.37 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 6.07 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 5.78 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 5.69 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 4.73 (ddd, 1, J = 6.1, 4.3, 3.7), 4.27 (dq, 1, J = 8.5, 6.1), 4.20 (ddd, 1, J = 8.5, 7.9, 4.3), 2.79 (dd, 1, J = 7.9, 3.7), 2.74 (d, 1, J = 4.3, OH), 2.64 (d, 1, J = 4.3, OH), 1.77 (d, 3, J = 6.1), 1.46 (d, 3, J = 6.1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 174.4, 132.1, 131.4, 130.3, 128.8, 80.1, 74.3, 69.1, 55.0, 18.1, 18.1; IR (KBr) 3430, 1759, 1661.

[2*R*-(2α,3β,4α,4aα,7β,7aβ)]-Hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-7-methyl-2-(1*E*propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one (8b). Dry bis(*sym*-collidine)silver(I) hexafluorophosphate (238 mg, 0.51 mmol) was slurried in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>(3 mL) with vigorous stirring and iodine (97 mg, 0.38 mmol) was added in one portion and the solution was stirred for 5 min. A yellow precipitate was produced instantly. Diene diol **9b** (68 mg, 0.32 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1.5 h and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (6:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **8b** (95mg, 88%) as a pale yellow solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.92 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.45 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.9, 1.2), 4.45 (dq, 1, *J* = 8.6, 6.1, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.25 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.0, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 4.13 (ddd, 1, *J* = 10.4, 9.8, 2.4, H<sub>4</sub>), 3.59 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.0, 9.8, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.48 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.6, 8.6, H<sub>7a</sub>), 3.07 (d, 1, *J* = 2.4, OH), 2.47 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.6, 10.4, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.80 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2), 1.51 (d, 3, *J* = 6.1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 169.9, 134.2, 127.6, 84.9, 80.6, 78.3, 73.2, 51.6, 38.6, 17.7, 17.7; IR (KBr) 3469, 1784.

[2*R*-(2α,3α,7β,7aβ)]-2,3,7,7a-Tetrahydro-3-hydroxy-7-methyl-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5Hfuro[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one {(-)-TAN 2483A, 5}. To a solution of 8b (95 mg, 0.28mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (2 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for three days and diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (80 mL), washed with 10% aqueous HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **5** (47 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]^{22}_{D}$  -236 (*c* 1.20, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) {lit.<sup>4</sup>  $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}$  -293 (*c* 0.59, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)}; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.88 (dd, 1, *J* = 3.7, 2.4, H<sub>4</sub>), 5.94 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.0), 5.70 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.1, 1.8), 4.34 (dq, 1, *J* = 7.3, 6.1, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.25 (ddd, 1, *J* = 7.3, 2.4, 2.4, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.04-4.11 (m, 2, H<sub>2,3</sub>), 1.78 (br d, 3, *J* = 7.0), 1.56 (d, 3, *J* = 6.1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 166.6, 133.4, 133.4, 131.3, 125.6, 79.9, 79.7, 79.0, 64.1, 18.8, 18.1; IR (neat) 3436, 1773, 1642; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 228.1236, found 228.1233. The spectral data are identical to those of the natural product.<sup>4</sup>

**2-(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-3-pentenenitrile (22).** To a stirred solution of *trans-2*butenal (2.8 g, 40 mmol) in ether (6 mL) at -10 °C was added a pre-cooled (-10 °C) solution of NaCN (1.96 g, 40 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) over 3 min. A solution of HCl [36% HCl (2 mL) + H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL)] was added dropwise over 2 h at -10 °C. The mixture was stirred at rt for 3 h and the ether layer was separated, washed with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Without further purification, the crude cyanohydrin was added to a solution of imidazole (3.78 g, 56 mmol) and *tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl chloride (7.2 mL, 28 mmol) in dry DMF (75 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred overnight from 0 °C to rt and poured into 80 mL of H<sub>2</sub>O, which was extracted with ether, which was washed with brine and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (40:1 hexanes/ether) gave **22**<sup>14</sup> (4.69 g, 34%) as a colorless oil.

Methyl 4-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-3-oxo-5-heptenoate (23). Powdered zinc was activated by washing sequentially with 3 M HCl, water, EtOH, and ether and drying under reduced pressure.<sup>15</sup> To a solution of activated zinc dust (1.06 g, 16.22 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL) was added TMSCl (189  $\mu$ L, 1.49 mmol). The solution was stirred for 20 min, treated with 22 (1.93 g, 5.76 mmol), and the mixture heated to reflux. Methyl bromoacetate (1.69 mL, 17.90 mmol) was added dropwise over 50 min and heating was continued for 70 min. The mixture was

cooled to 5 °C, 3 M HCl (9 mL) was added and the resulting solution was stirred at rt for 2 h. The mixture was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution (50 mL) forming an emulsion that was broken by the addition of water (50 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (5 × 80 mL), and the combined organic layers were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (20:1 hexanes/ether) gave **23** (2.03 g, 86%) as an 87:13 keto/enol mixture: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (keto) 7.59-7.62 (m, 4), 7.36-7.44 (m, 6), 5.62 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7, 1.2), 5.35 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.4, 1.8), 4.58 (br d, 1, J = 6.4), 3.67 (s, 3), 3.57 (s, 2), 1.59 (ddd, 3, J = 6.7, 1.8, 1.2), 1.10 (s, 9); (enol) 11.8 (s, 1, OH), 5.44 (s, 1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (keto) 202.6, 167.7, 135.8 (2 C), 135.7 (2 C), 132.9, 132.6, 130.9, 130.1, 129.9, 127.8 (2C), 127.6 (2C), 126.9, 80.5, 52.2, 43.9, 26.9 (3 C), 19.3, 17.8; IR (neat) 2955, 1755, 1725; HRMS (DCI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 428.2257, found 428.2265.

Methyl 4-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-3-hydroxy-5-heptenoate (24). To a stirred solution of 23 (1 g, 2.43 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) at -15 °C was added NaBH<sub>4</sub> (111 mg, 2.92 mmol) in portions. The solution was stirred for 5 min and 10% aqueous HCl was added to quench the reaction. After concentration to remove the MeOH, the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 80$  mL), which was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/ether) gave (970 mg, 97 %) of an inseparable 5:1 mixture of 24a and 24b.

Partial data for **24a** were determined from the mixture: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 3.656 (s, 3), 2.65 (d, 1, J = 3.7, OH); 2.48 (dd, 1, J = 15.9, 4.3), 2.45 (dd, 1, J = 15.9, 7.9).

Partial data for **24b** were determined from the mixture: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 3.663 (s, 3), 2.78 (d, 1, J = 4.3, OH); 2.52 (dd, 1, J = 15.2, 3.7), 2.36 (dd, 1, J = 15.2, 8.5).

*trans*-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-5-(1*E*-propenyl)-furan-2-one (10c) and *cis*-Dihydro-4hydroxy-5-(1*E*-propenyl)-furan-2-one (25). To a cooled solution (5 °C) of the 5:1 mixture of 24a and 24b (890 mg, 2.16 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added TBAF (6.8 mL, 0.7 M in CH<sub>3</sub>CN, 4.76 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred for 48 h at rt and treated with 10% aqueous HCl (2 mL). The solution was stirred for 1 h. Ethyl acetate and solid NaCl were added. The layers were separated and the organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (1:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **10c** (193mg, 63%) as a colorless oil, followed by **25** (40 mg, 13%) also as a colorless oil.

Data for **10c**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.88 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.46 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 4.77 (dd, 1, J = 6.7, 1.8), 4.33 (m, 1), 2.89 (br, 1, OH), 2.81 (dd, 1, J = 17.7, 6.7), 2.51 (dd, 1, J = 17.7, 4.3), 1.75 (d, 3, J = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 175.4, 131.2, 125.7, 87.7, 72.1, 37.0, 17.8; IR (neat) 3432, 1778, 1672; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 160.0974, found 160.0969.

Data for **25**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.01 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.63 (ddq,1, J = 15.3, 6.7, 1.8), 4.86 (dd, 1, J = 6.7, 3.7), 4.48 (m, 1), 2.78 (dd, 1, J = 17.7, 5.7), 2.62 (dd, 1, J = 17.7, 1.8), 2.12 (d, 1, J = 3.1, OH), 1.82 (br d, 3, J = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 175.7, 133.6, 122.8, 84.9, 69.7, 38.7, 18.0; IR (neat) 3432, 1765.

 $(3R^*,4R,5S)$ -Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*S*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5-(1*E*-propenyl)furan-2-one (9c) and  $(3R^*,4R,5S)$ -Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*R*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5-(1*E*-propenyl)-furan-2-one (12c). Lithium diisopropylamide was prepared from diisopropylamine (493 µL, 3.52 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (1.41 mL, 2.5 M in hexane, 3.52 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C. This solution was cooled to -42 °C and treated with 10c (200 mg, 1.41 mmol) in THF (1 mL). The solution was stirred for 15 min and a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*)- and (2*E*,4*Z*)-2,4-hexadienal (156 µL, 1.42 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at -42 °C for 1 h and saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (1 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The resulting mixture was diluted with ether (125 mL), washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (1:1 hexanes/ether) gave 12c (90 mg, 27%) followed by 9c (188 mg, 56%). Both of these compounds are a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*) and (2*E*,4*Z*) isomers. Flash chromatography of the mixture of 9c isomers on 20% AgNO<sub>3</sub> on silica gel (1:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (2*E*,4*E*)-9c (147 mg, 44%) as a white solid. Similar chromatography of the mixture of 12c isomers gave (2*E*,4*E*)-12c as a white solid (71 mg, 21%). Data for **9c**: mp 83-84 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.32 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 11.0), 6.07 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 11.0, 1.8), 5.97 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.79 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.67 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 7.3), 5.49 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.9, 1.8), 4.49-4.53 (m, 2), 4.08 (ddd, 1, J = 11.6, 9.2, 3.7), 3.11 (d, 1, J = 3.1, OH), 2.84 (dd, 1, J = 9.2, 6.7), 2.34 (d, 1, J = 3.7, OH), 1.77 (dd, 6, J = 6.7, 1.8); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 174.2, 133.8, 133.6, 132.2, 130.1, 127.7, 125.9, 84.1, 74.1, 71.6, 53.6, 18.2, 17.9; IR (KBr) 3397, 1733, 1672; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 256.1549, found 256.155269.

Data for **12c**: mp 95-98 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.36 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 6.08 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 5.96 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.77 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.71 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 5.52 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 7.9, 1.8), 4.74 (ddd, 1, J = 6.1, 4.3, 3.7), 4.49 (dd, 1, J = 7.9, 7.9), 4.31 (ddd, 1, J = 10.4, 7.9, 4.3), 2.82 (d, 1, J = 3.7, OH), 2.80 (d, 1, J = 4.3, OH), 2.46 (dd, 1, J = 10.4, 4.3), 1.77 (br d, 6, J = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 173.9, 133.4, 132.2, 131.4, 130.2, 128.6, 126.2, 84.3, 73.1, 69.2, 54.2, 18.1, 17.9; IR (KBr) 3337, 1767, 1676.

(2α,3β,4α,4aα,7β,7aβ)-Hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-2,7-bis-(1*E*-propenyl)-5Hfuro[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one (8c). Dry bis(*sym*-collidine)silver(I) hexafluorophosphate (255 mg, 0.55 mmol) was slurried in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) with vigorous stirring and iodine (104 mg, 0.41 mmol) was added in one portion forming a yellow precipitate instantly. The solution was stirred for 5 min and diene diol 9c (81 mg, 0.34 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h and filtered through celite. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/ether) gave 8c (118 mg, 95%) as a pale yellow solid: mp 125-127 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.01 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.90 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.49 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.9, 1.2), 5.43 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.9, 1.2), 4.71 (dd, 1, *J* = 8.6, 7.9, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.24 (dd, 1, *J* = 10.4, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 4.14 (dd, 1, *J* = 10.4, 9.8, H<sub>4</sub>), 3.61 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.6, 8.6, H<sub>7a</sub>), 3.60 (dd, 1, *J* = 10.4, 9.8, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.17 (br, 1, OH), 2.48 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.6, 10.4, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.79 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2), 1.78 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 169.7, 135.0, 134.2, 127.5, 124.9, 84.9, 82.3, 79.2, 73.1, 51.3, 38.6 18.0, 17.7; IR (KBr) 3449, 1768, 1677.

#### (2α,3α,7β,7aβ)-2,3,7,7a-Tetrahydro-3-hydroxy-2,7-bis-(1*E*-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4-

*b*]pyran-5-one {(±)-Waol A, 6}. To a solution of 8c (90 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (2 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at reflux overnight, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (125 mL), washed with 10% aqueous HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution and brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (1:1 hexanes/ether) gave 6 (57 mg, 98%) as a colorless oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.89 (dd, 1, J = 3.7, 2.4, H<sub>4</sub>); 6.01 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.92 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.71 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7, 1.2), 5.61 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 7.9, 1.2), 4.60 (dd, 1, J = 7.9, 7.9, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.38 (ddd, 1, J = 7.9, 2.4, 1.8, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.04-4.08 (m, 2, H<sub>2,3</sub>), 2.07 (br d, 1, J = 7.9, OH), 1.79 (dd, 6, J = 6.7, 1.2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 166.4, 134.0, 133.6, 132.9, 131.3, 125.9, 125.7, 82.9, 79.8, 78.5, 64.1, 18.1, 17.9; IR (neat) 3440, 1762, 1674; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 254.1392, found 254.1381. The spectral data are identical to those of natural waol A.<sup>1</sup>

Methyl (1'*R*\*,2*S*,5*S*,6*S*)-5,6-Dihydro-5-hydroxy-2-(1-hydroxy-2*E*-butenyl)-6-(1*E*propenyl)-2H-pyran-3-carboxylate {( $\pm$ )-Waol B, 26} and (2 $\alpha$ ,3 $\alpha$ ,4 $\beta$ ,4 $a\beta$ ,7 $\beta$ ,7 $a\beta$ )-Hexahydro-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2,7-bis-(1*E*-propenyl)-5H-furo[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one (27). A solution of 6 (20 mg, 0.08 mmol) in 5 mL of 1:1 MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O containing 142 mg of KOH was stirred for 1 h. The MeOH was removed by concentration and the resulting aqueous solution was acidified with 0.5 M HCl to pH 3 and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 15 mL). The combined extracts were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). A solution of diazomethane in ether was added dropwise to the Et<sub>2</sub>O solution at 0 °C. Concentration afforded an oil that was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/EtOAc) to give 27 (10.6 mg, 47%) as a colorless oil, followed by 26 (8.6 mg, 38%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **26**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 7.13 (dd, 1,  $J = 6.4, 2.0, H_4$ ), 5.84 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.62-5.71 (m, 2), 5.44 (ddq, 1, 15.3, 6.7, 1.8), 4.76 (br s, 1), 4.59-4.63 (m, 1), 3.91-3.97 (m, 2), 3.76 (s, 3), 2.55 (d, 1, J = 8.5, OH), 1.90 (d, 1, J = 10.4, OH), 1.77 (d, 3, J = 6.7), 1.68 (dd, 3, J = 6.7, 1.2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 165.7, 137.9, 132.7, 130.3, 128.9, 128.5, 126.7, 77.2, 76.8, 72.7, 64.3, 52.0, 18.1, 17.8;

IR (neat) 3415, 1717; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for  $C_{14}H_{24}NO_5$  (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 286.1654, found 286.1656. The spectral data are identical to those of natural waol B.<sup>2</sup>

Data for **27**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.81-5.94 (m, 2), 5.54 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7, 1.8), 5.42 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 5.5, 1.8), 4.98 (d, 1, J = 5.5, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.28 (d, 1, J = 4.9, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.16 (dd, 1, J = 6.7, 1.2, H<sub>2</sub>), 3.99 (dd, 1, J = 2.4, 1.8, H<sub>4</sub>), 3.65 (dd, 1, J = 4.8, 2.4, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.47 (s, 3), 2.74 (dd, 1, J = 4.9, 1.8, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.83 (d, 1, J = 4.8, OH), 1.72-1.76 (m, 6); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 174.4, 130.2, 130.0, 126.7, 124.4, 84.2, 76.0, 75.6, 72.8. 66.8, 57.9, 39.9, 18.0, 17.8; IR (neat) 3477, 1770; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>5</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 286.1654, found 286.1656.

# (3*R*\*,4*R*,5*R*)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*S*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5-methylfuran-2-one (29) and (3*R*\*,4*R*,5*R*)-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-(1*R*-hydroxyhexa-2*E*,4*E*-dienyl)-5methylfuran-2-one (30). Lithium diisopropylamide was prepared from diisopropylamine (679 $\mu$ L, 4.84 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (1.73 mL, 2.79 M in hexane, 4.84 mmol) in THF (8 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was cooled to -23 °C and treated with 28 (270 mg, 2.33 mmol) in THF (1 mL). The mixture was stirred for 15 min, cooled to -43 °C, and treated with a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*)- and (2*E*,4*Z*)-2,4-hexadienal (0.11 mL, 1 mmol). The mixture was stirred at -43 °C for 1.2 h and saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (1 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The resulting mixture was diluted with ether (150 mL), washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave 30 (193 mg, 39%) as a colorless oil, followed by 29 (188 mg, 38%) as a white solid. Both of these compounds are a 4:1 mixture of (2*E*,4*E*) and (2*E*,4*Z*) isomers. Flash chromatography of the mixture of 29 isomers on 20% AgNO<sub>3</sub> on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave (2*E*,4*E*)-30 (150 mg, 30%).

Data for **29**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.29 (dd, 1, *J* = 15.3, 10.4), 6.06 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 10.4, 1.3), 5.78 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.67(dd, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.3), 4.69 (dq, 1, *J* = 6.7, 6.7), 4.53 (dd, 1, *J* = 7.3, 6.5), 4.45 (dd, 1, *J* = 6.7, 6.7), 3.10 (br, 1, OH), 2.81 (dd, 1, *J* = 6.7, 6.5), 1.96 (br, 1, OH), 1.78

(dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.3), 1.38 (br d, 3, *J* = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 175.4, 133.6, 132.1, 130.1, 127.8, 78.8, 71.5, 70.7, 53.7, 18.1, 14.2.

Data for **30**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.31 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4), 6.06 (ddq, 1, J = 15.3, 10.4, 1.2), 5.76 (dq, 1, J = 15.3, 6.7), 5.64 (dd, 1, J = 15.3, 6.1), 4.65-4.73 (m, 2), 4.50 (dd, 1, J = 6.1, 4.3), 3.28 (br, 2, OH), 2.71 (dd, 1, J = 4.3, 3.7), 1.77 (br d, 3, J = 6.7), 1.36 (d, 3, J = 6.1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 177.0, 132.2, 131.2, 130.3, 128.9, 80.1, 70.2, 69.7, 55.2, 18.0, 14.0.

(2α,3β,4α,4aα,7α,7aβ)-Hexahydro-4-hydroxy-3-iodo-7-methyl-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5Hfuro[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one (31). Dry bis(*sym*-collidine)silver(I) hexafluorophosphate (232 mg, 0.50 mmol) was slurried in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) with vigorous stirring and iodine (94 mg, 0.37 mmol) was added in one portion and the solution was stirred for 5 min. A yellow precipitate was produced instantly. Diene diol **29** (66 mg, 0.32 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1.5 h and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (6:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **31** (97 mg, 92%) as a pale yellow solid: mp 85-89 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR 5.91 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.47 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 7.9, 1.2), 4.81 (dq, 1, *J* = 7.3, 6.7, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.27 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.0, 7.9, H<sub>2</sub>), 4.14 (ddd, 1, *J* = 9.8, 9.8, 1.8, H<sub>4</sub>), 4.00 (dd, 1, *J* = 12.2, 7.3, H<sub>7a</sub>), 3.58 (dd, 1, *J* = 11.0, 9.8, H<sub>3</sub>), 3.24 (d, 1, *J* = 1.8, OH), 2.53 (dd, 1, *J* = 12.2, 9.8, H<sub>4a</sub>), 1.80 (dd, 3, *J* = 6.7, 1.2), 1.41 (d, 3, *J* = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 170.3, 133.8, 127.7, 84.9, 76.2, 75.6, 73.6, 46.6, 38.7, 17.7, 13.5.

 $(2\alpha,3\alpha,7\alpha,7a\beta)$ -2,3,7,7a-Tetrahydro-3-hydroxy-7-methyl-2-(1*E*-propenyl)-5Hfuro[3,4-*b*]pyran-5-one (32). To a solution of 31 (83 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (2 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at reflux for 3 days, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (80 mL), washed with 10% aqueous HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, and brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave recovered **31** (51 mg, 61%), followed by **32** (16 mg, 32%) as a colorless oil. In an improved procedure, DBN (25  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol) was added to a solution of **31** (14 mg, 0.04 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL). The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and quenched with water. The layers were separated and the water layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The combined organic layers were washed with 5% aqueous HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, and brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give a yellow oil. Flash chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/EtOAc) gave **32** (7.7 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR 6.98 (dd, 1, *J* = 3.7, 2.4, H<sub>4</sub>), 5.94 (dq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.7), 5.71 (ddq, 1, *J* = 15.3, 6.1, 1.2), 4.91 (dq, 1, *J* = 7.9, 6.7, H<sub>7</sub>), 4.75 (ddd, 1, *J* = 7.9, 2.4, 2.4, H<sub>7a</sub>), 4.04-4.09 (m, 2, H<sub>2,3</sub>), 1.79 (br d, 3, *J* = 6.7), 1.75 (d, 1, *J* = 8.5, OH), 1.27 (d, 3, *J* = 6.7); <sup>13</sup>C NMR 166.7, 134.9, 131.4, 131.2, 125.7, 79.4, 76.9, 74.7, 63.9, 18.1, 15.2; IR (neat) 3428, 1759, 1646; HRMS (CI/NH<sub>3</sub>) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (MNH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) 228.1236, found 228.1240.