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Supporting Information on analgesic activity assay in vivo.

- (a) Effect of enkephalin and enkephalin analogs on the mechanically induced pain (heat; Hot Plate method) in mice:

Albino Swiss mice weighing between 20-22 g were subjected to the hot plate test. The test substances dissolved in physiological solution were administered in varying doses by intraperitoneal (i.p.) route with 26 gauge needle. The hot plate (Socrel, model DS-37, Italy) was adjusted to the temperature of 55.0 ± 0.1 °C. The individual reaction time (licking of paws) was recorded before administering the test substances. The cut off point of reaction time was about 12 secs to avoid the thermal injury to the paw. Analgesic response was calculated as the percent increase in reaction time before and after the administration of test substances measured at intervals of 30, 60, 90 and 120 min. An initial gap of 30 min was given after each administration before starting the measurements. The ED₅₀ values were calculated using the probit analysis and compared to that of Leu-enkephalin methyl ester. The results are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1. Analgesic activity assay by hot plate method.

Compound	ED ₅₀ (μmol/animal)	Peak analgesic activity (min)	Relative analgesic activity Leu-enk. Me ester = 1
5a	1.14	90	1.18
5b	1.48	30	0.91
6a	2.51	60	0.54
6b	2.22	90	0.61
Leu-enk. Me ester	1.35	60	1.00

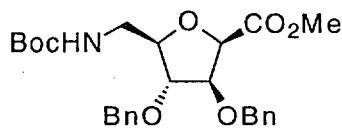
- (b) Effect of enkephalin and enkephalin analogs on the mechanically induced pain (Tail clip method) in mice:

Albino Swiss mice weighing between 20-22 g were used for the experiment. The pain was induced by applying an artery clip to the base of the mouse tail. The animals which

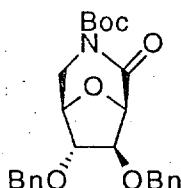
responded by biting the clip or attempting to remove the clip within 2-3 seconds were selected a day prior to experiment. The test substances dissolved in physiological solution were administered in varying doses by i.p. route with 26 gauge needle and measurements were made after 30 min. at intervals of 30, 60, 90, 120 min. The analgesic activity was expressed as a percent of mice not showing the biting response or attempt to remove the clip. The cut off time was about 6-8 seconds to avoid mechanical injury to the mice. The ED₅₀ values were calculated using the probit analysis and compared to that of Leu-enkephalin methyl ester. The results are summarised in Table 2.

Table 2. Analgesic activity assay by tail clip method.

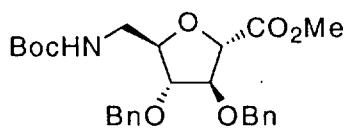
Compound	ED ₅₀ (μmol/animal)	Duration of analgesic activity (min)	Relative analgesic activity Leu-enk. Me ester = 1
5a	1.17	90	1.76
5b	1.33	90	1.55
6a	-	-	-
6b	2.45	120	0.84
Leu-enk. Me ester	2.06	90	1.00

**10**

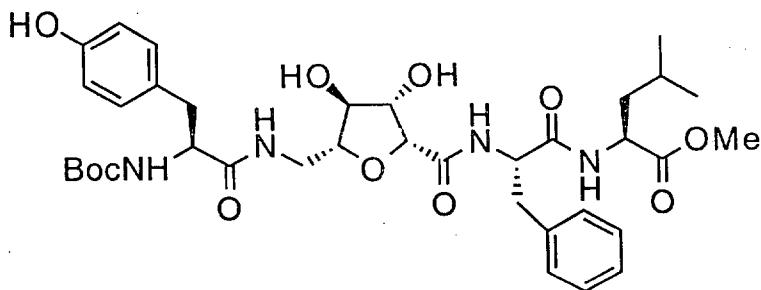
Selected physical data for compound **10**: $R_f = 0.35$ (silica gel, EtOAc:petroleum ether 1:3); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = 9.4$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.4-7.2 (m, 10 H, aromatic), 5.3 (m, 1 H, NH_{Boc}), 4.68 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 1 H, H₂), 4.48 (ABq, 4 H, PhCH₂O-), 4.22 (dd, $J = 5, 2$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 4.13 (m, 1 H, H₅), 3.88 (dd, $J = 3, 2$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 3.72 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 3.4 (m, 2 H, H₆), 1.42 (s, 9 H, Boc); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.6, 156.1, 137.3, 137.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128, 127.8, 127.7, 83.6, 83.2, 82.7, 80, 79.1, 72.4, 72.1, 52, 42.2, 28.4; MS (LSIMS): *m/z* (%): 494 (25) [M⁺+Na], 472 (20) [M⁺+H], 372 (100) [M⁺+H-Boc].

**11**

Selected physical data for compound **11**: $R_f = 0.5$ (silica gel, EtOAc:petroleum ether 1:3); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18.4$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.4-7.28 (m, 10 H, aromatic), 4.77 and 4.45 (ABq, 2 H, PhCH₂O-), 4.76 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 1 H, H₂), 4.5 (ABq, 2 H, PhCH₂O-), 4.44 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 4.3 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.2$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 4.04 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 3.83 (dd, $J = 12.8, 5.3$ Hz, 1 H, H₆), 3.55 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz, 1 H, H₆), 1.54 (s, 9 H, Boc); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.2, 152, 137.1, 136.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 128, 127.8, 86.8, 86.3, 83.6, 79.6, 77.8, 72.9, 71.7, 48.9, 28; MS (LSIMS): *m/z* (%): 439 (10) [M⁺], 384 (100) [M⁺+H-CH₂=C(CH₃)].

**13**

Selected physical data for compound **13**: $R_f = 0.4$ (silica gel, EtOAc:petroleum ether 1:3); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = 14.3$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.4-7.2 (m, 10 H, aromatic), 5.0 (m, 1 H, NH), 4.6 and 4.47 (two ABq, 4 H, PhCH₂O-), 4.65 (s, 1 H, H₂), 4.33 (s, 1 H, H₃), 4.3 (m, 1 H, H₅), 3.88 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 3.72 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 3.48 and 3.38 (two m, 2 H, H_{6,6'}), 1.42 (s, 9 H, Boc); MS (LSIMS): *m/z* (%): 494 (16) [M⁺+Na], 472 (10) [M⁺+H], 372 (100) [M⁺+H-Boc].



Boc-Tyr-Gaa-Phe-Leu-OMe (5a)

Selected physical data : $R_f = 0.35$ (silica gel, EtOAc).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):

Chemical shifts (δ) in ppm

Residue	NH	CH _α	CH _β (pro-S)	CH _β (pro-R)	Others
Tyr	6.89 (d)	4.04	2.82 (dd)	2.64 (dd)	Aro _ε = 7.01 (d) Aro _δ = 6.61 (d) OH = 9.15 (s) Boc = 1.29 (s)
Phe	8.41 (d)	4.60	3.36	3.06 (dd)	Aro = 7.14-7.22 (m)
Leu	7.93 (d)	4.24	1.43	1.51	CH _γ = 1.73 CH ₃ (pro-R) = 0.81 (d) CH ₃ (pro-S) = 0.77 (d) CO ₂ CH ₃ = 3.60 (s)

Gaa: NH = 8.21 (t), H6(pro-S) = 2.92, H6(pro-R), H5, H4 = 3.76-3.84, H3 = 4.05 (t), H2 = 4.26 (d), OH (4) = 5.34 (d), OH (3) = 5.97 (d).

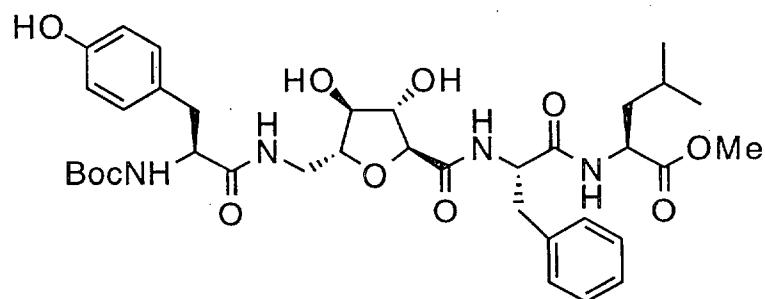
Coupling constants (J) in Hz

Residue	J _{NH-α}	J _{α-β(pro-S)}	J _{α-β(pro-R)}	Others
Tyr	8.7	4.4	10.0	J _{β1-β2} = 13.7 J _{δ-ε} = 8.4
Phe	9.3	3.1	11.4	J _{β1-β2} = 14.0
Leu	7.3	4.6	10.4	J _{β(pro-S)-β(pro-R)} = 13.6 J _{β(pro-S)-γ} = 9.6 J _{β(pro-R)-γ} = 4.6 J _{γ-δ(pro-S)} = 6.5 J _{γ-δ(pro-R)} = 6.5

Gaa: J_{NH-6,6'} = 3.5, J_{6-6'} = 11.4, J₂₋₃ = 3.8, J_{H3-OH} = 3.8, J_{H4-OH} = 3.5, others not available.

MS (LSIMS): *m/z* (%): 737 (34) [M⁺+Na], 715 (36) [M⁺+H], 615 (100) [M⁺+H-Boc];

HRMS (LSIMS) calcd. for C₃₆H₅₁N₄O₁₁ [M⁺+H]: 715.3554, found: 715.3557.



Boc-Tyr-Maa-Phe-Leu-OMe (6a)

Selected physical data : $R_f = 0.35$ (silica gel, EtOAc).

^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):

Chemical shifts (δ) in ppm

Residue	NH	CH _α	CH _β (pro-S)	CH _β (pro-R)	Others
Tyr	6.74 (d)	4.08	2.92	2.92	Aro _ε = 7.02 Aro _δ = 6.6 OH = 9.12 (s) Boc = 1.3 (s)
Phe	8.41 (d)	4.54	2.82	2.6	Aro = 7.24-7.15 (m)
Leu	7.58 (d)	4.30	1.44	1.5	CH _γ = 1.7 CH ₃ (pro-R) = 0.88 (d) CH ₃ (pro-S) = 0.82 (d) CO ₂ CH ₃ = 3.60 (s)

Maa: NH = 8.01 (t), H₆(pro-S), H₆(pro-R) = 3.3, H₅ = 3.84, H₄ = 3.72, H₃ = 3.96, H₂ = 4.08, OH (4) = 5.25 (d), OH (3) = 5.55 (d).

Coupling constants (J) in Hz

Tyr: J_{NH-α} = 8.5, J_{δ-ε} = 8.4; **Phe:** J_{NH-α} = 8.1; **Leu:** J_{NH-α} = 9.0, J_{γ-δ(pro-S)} = 6.5, J_{γ-δ(pro-R)} = 6.5; **Maa:** J_{NH-6,6'} = 5, J_{H4-OH}, J_{H3-OH} = 3.5; others not available.

MS (LSIMS): *m/z* (%): 715 (28) [M⁺+H], 615 (100) [M⁺+H-Boc].

HRMS (LSIMS) calcd. for C₃₆H₅₁N₄O₁₁ [M⁺+H]: 715.3554, found: 715.3523.

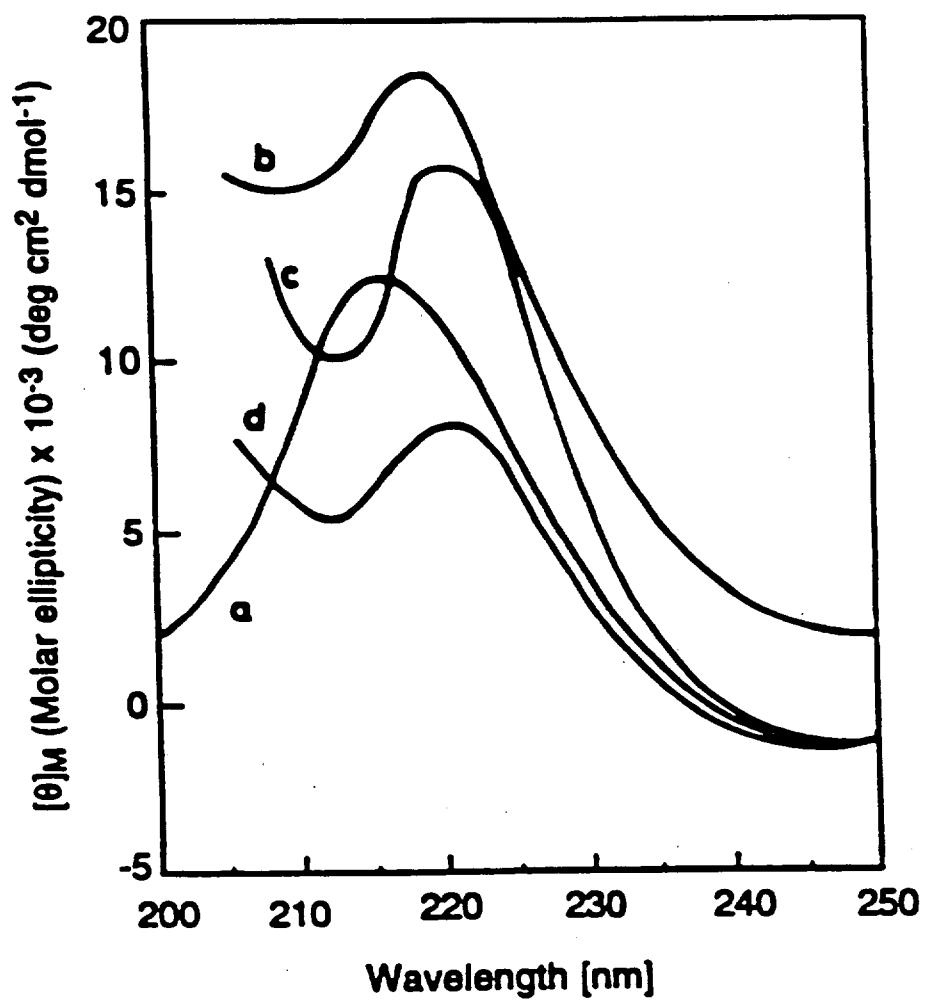
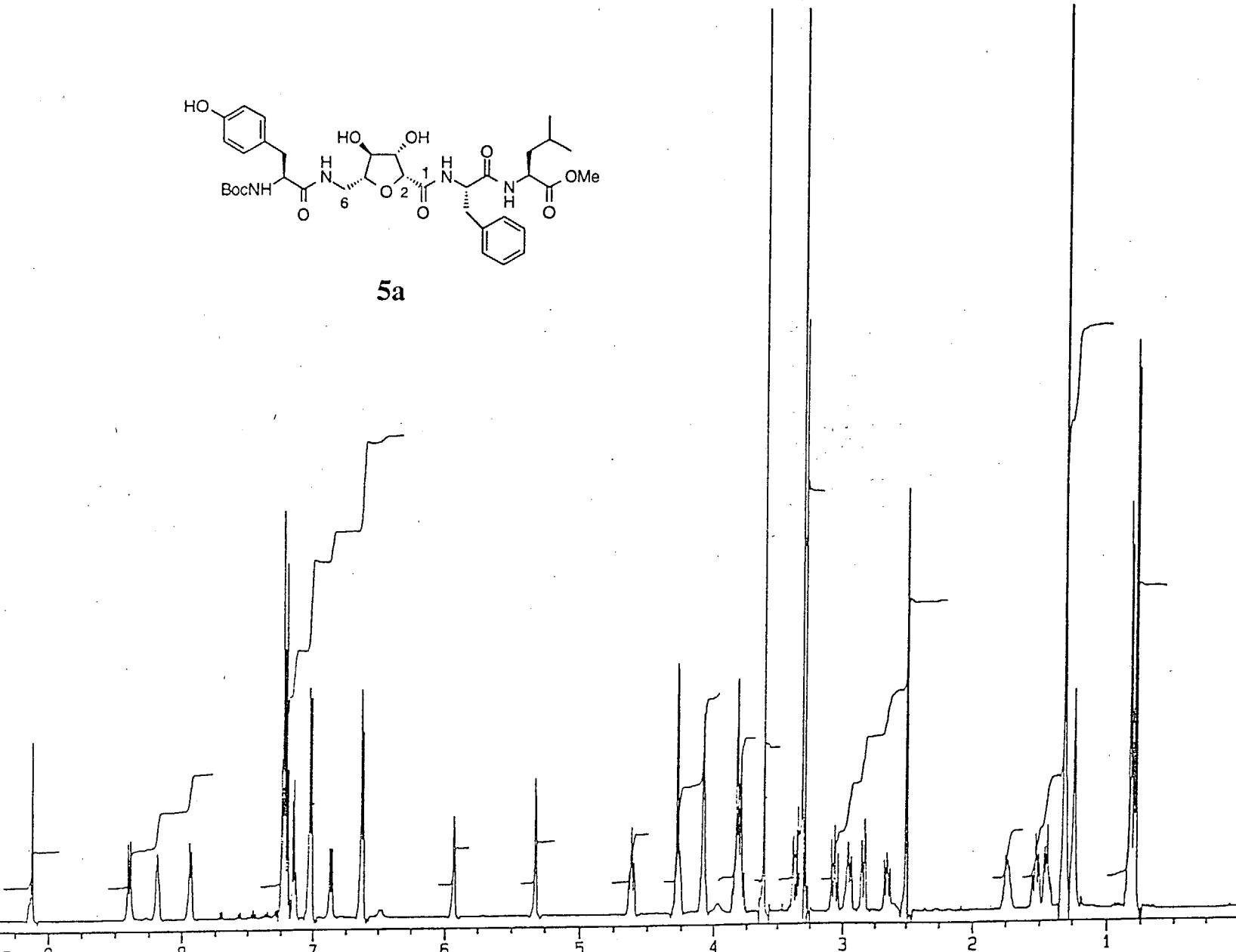
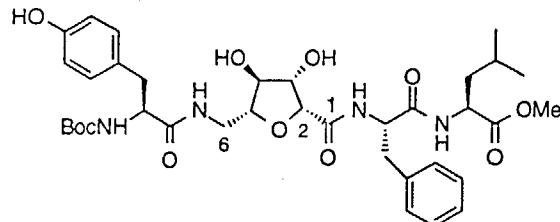


Figure 1. CD spectra (in TFE) of 5a (a), 5b (b), 6a (c), and 6b (d).



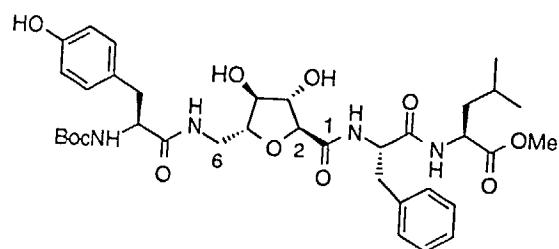
¹H NMR spectrum of **5a** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

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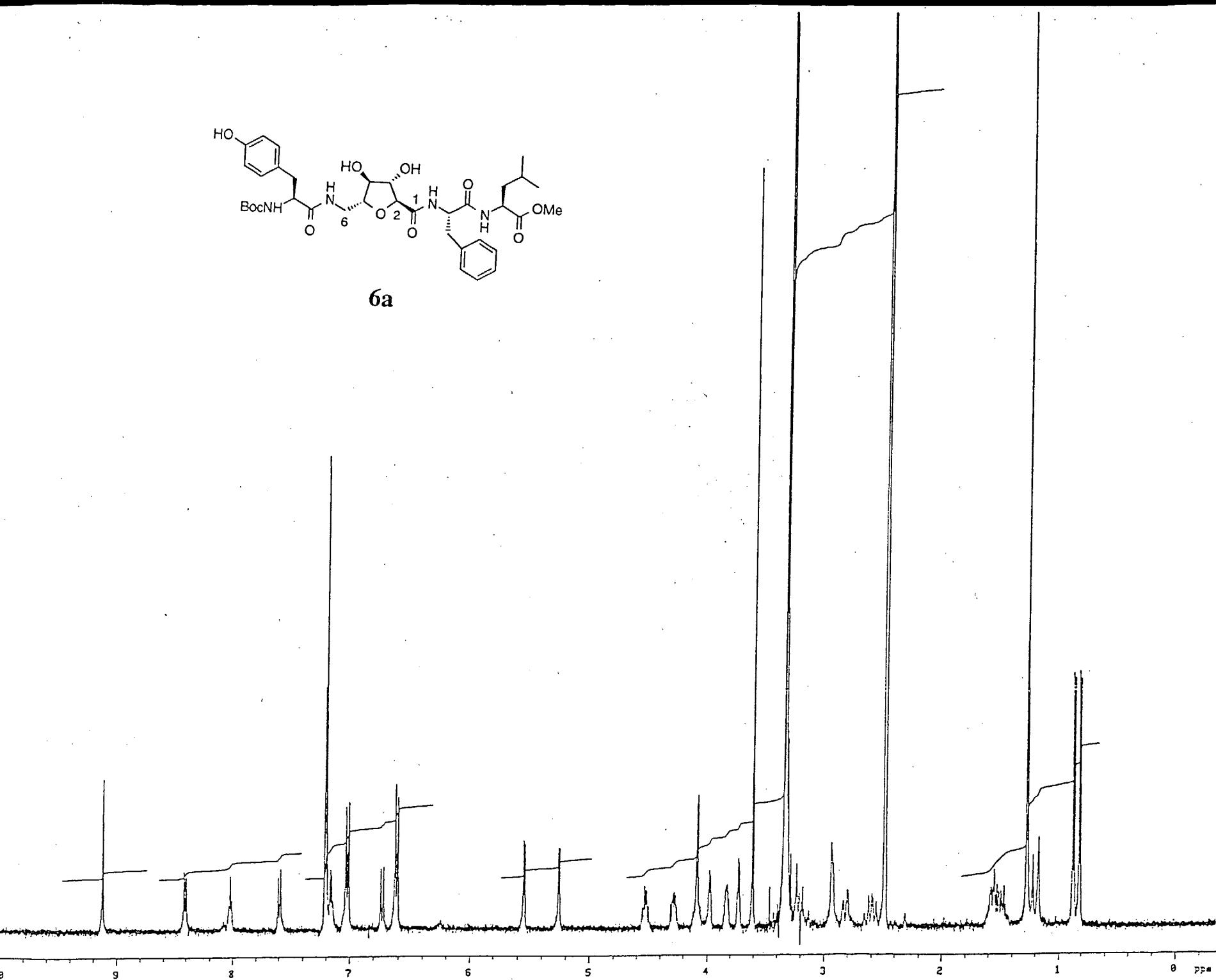
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 DW 96.800 usec
 DE 5.00 usec
 TE 295.0 K
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 PR 6.00 usec
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 PL1 -1.00 dB

F2 - Processing parameters
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 FC 1.00

1D NMR plot parameters
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 F1 4751.23 Hz
 F2P -0.100 ppm
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 HZCH 223.31387 Hz/cm



6a



¹H NMR spectrum of 6a (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

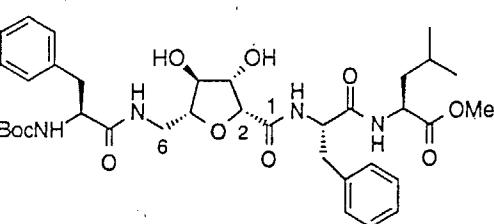
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

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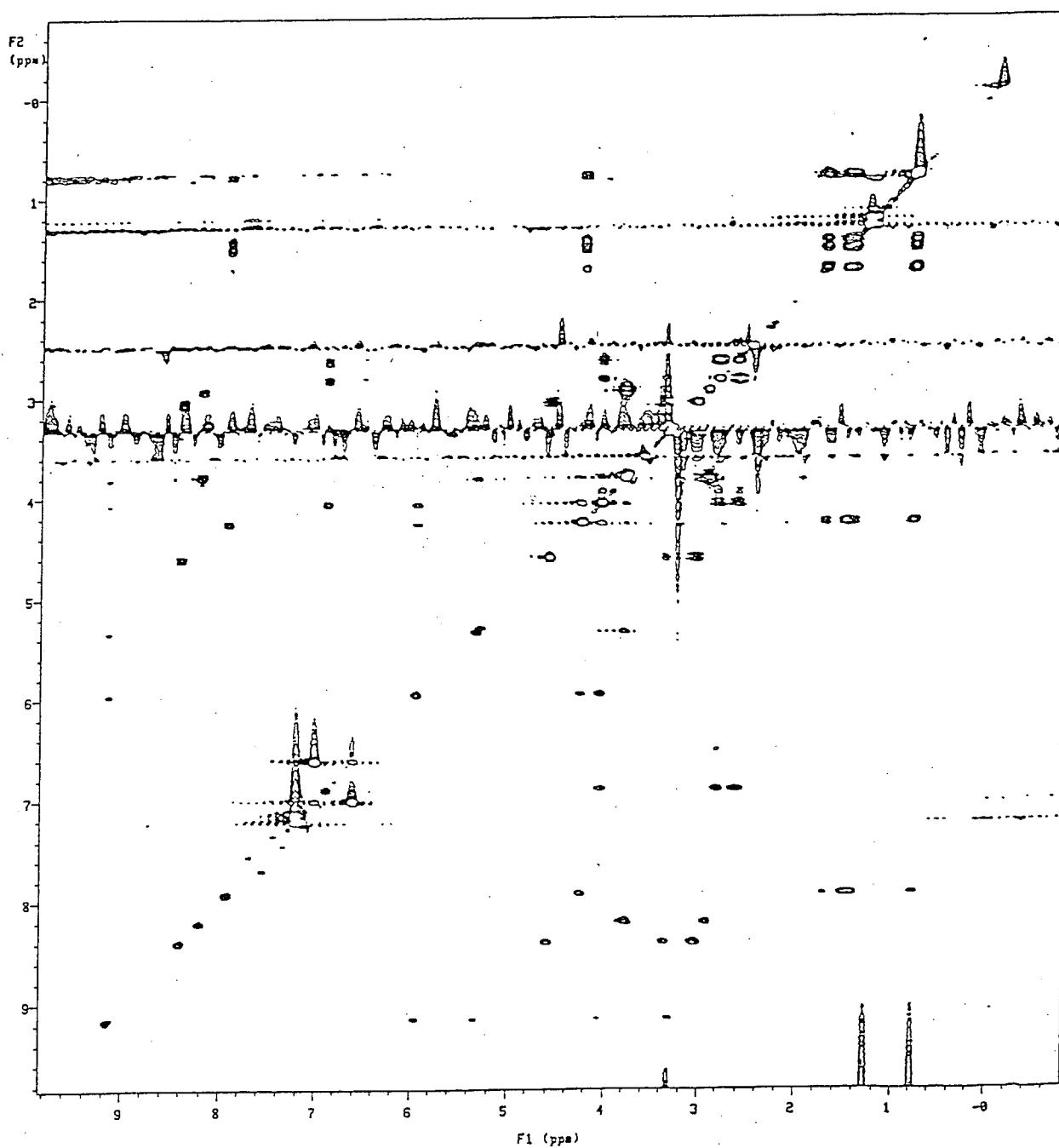
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n      H1 homo      n 2      2
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u      4253.5 gfs      not used
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s      8 proc      ft
s      8 fn      2048
pur      45 math      f
v      07.0
l1v1      57 werr
1      9.3 wexp
2      undefined wbs
1      1.500 wnt
reset      0 2D PROCESSING
ix      0.000 gfi      0.023
ris      0.0020 gfi      not used
of      -620.1 wfile1
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t      8 fn1      1024
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spul      n is      500.00
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128 th      3
phase      arrayed ins      1.000
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p1      995.9

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TOCSY spectrum (DMSO-*d*₆) of 5a

5a

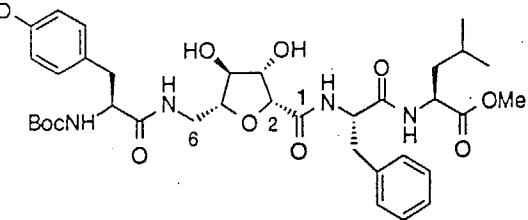


STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

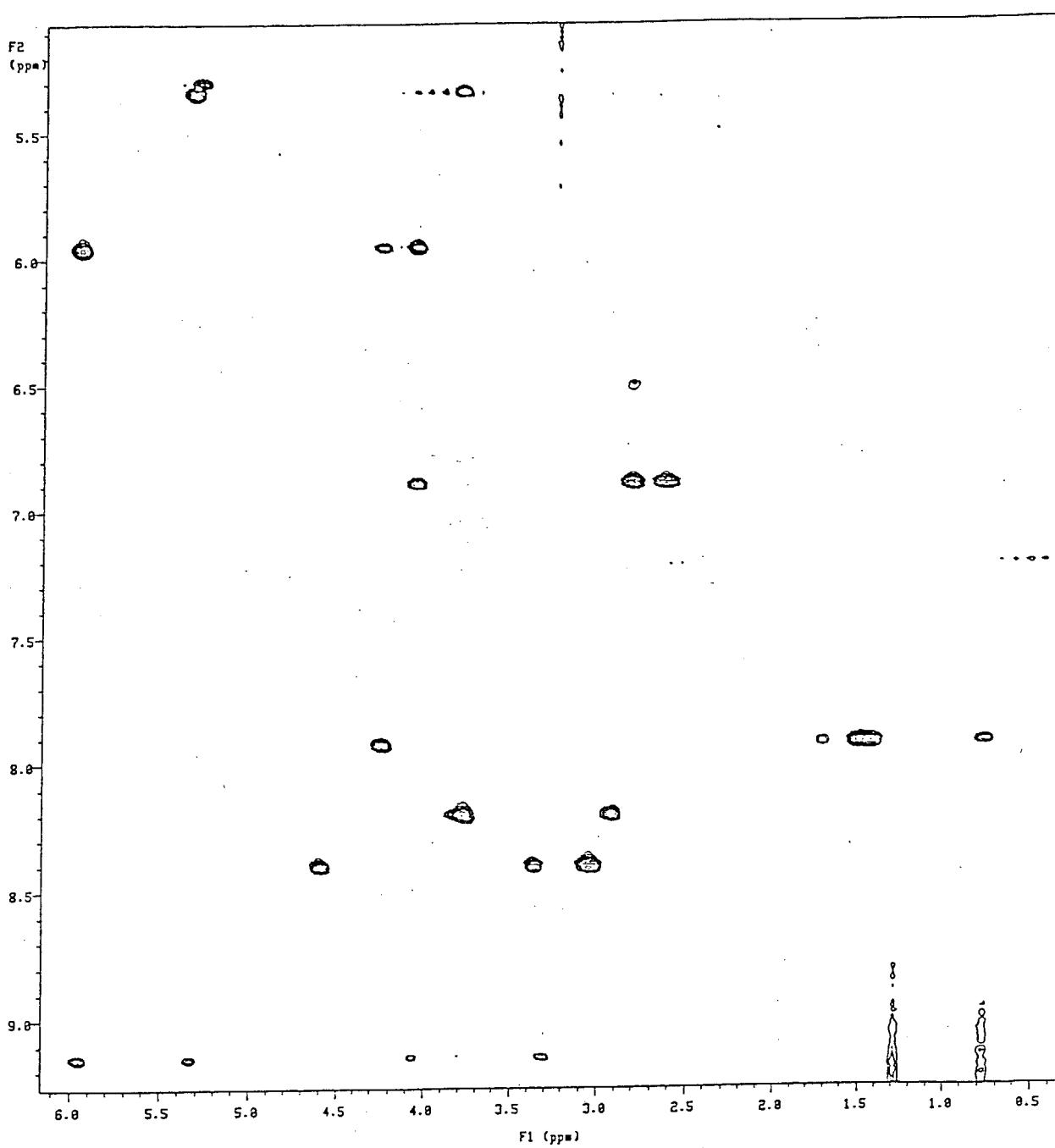
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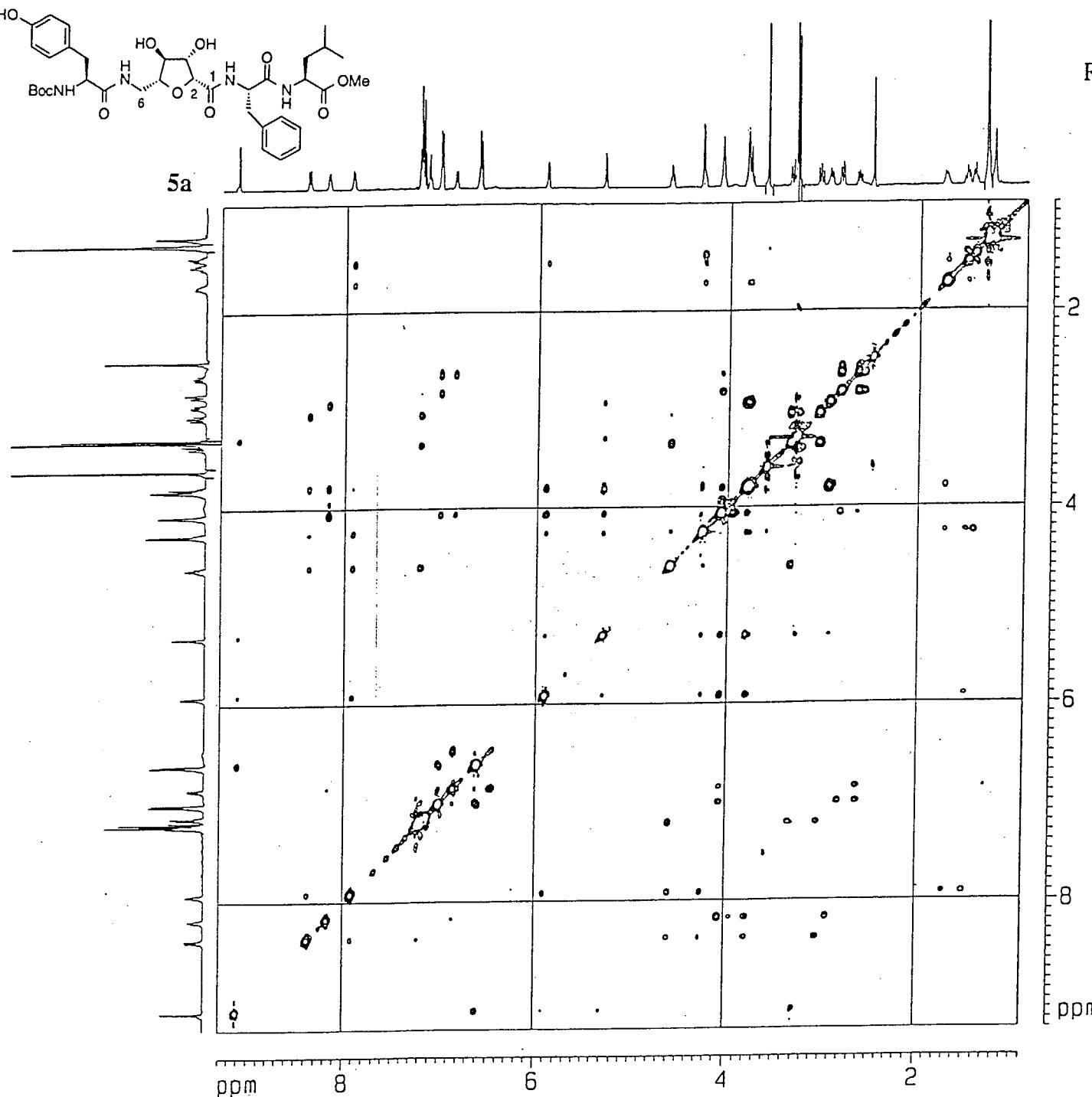
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      2 0
      2 155
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      p1 995.9
  
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5a

Expansion of the TOCSY spectrum (DMSO-*d*₆) of 5a



Current Data Parameters

NAME kunwar.in
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

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DS 16
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FIDRES 5.044229 Hz
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DE 6.00 usec
TE 300.0 K
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d12 0.0000000 sec
D1 -1.00 dB
PL1 8.50 usec
PL11 21.00 dB
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DE 6.00 usec
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INO 0.00009550 sec

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F2 - Processing parameters

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LB 2
GB 0.00 Hz
QC 1.00

F1 - Processing parameters

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SSB 0 SINE
LB 2
GB 0.00 Hz
QC 0

2D NMR plot parameters

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F2PH1 0.900 cm
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F1PL0 9.300 cm
F1LO 4651.21 Hz
F1PH1 0.900 cm
F1HI 450.12 Hz
F2PPDM 0.56000 ppm/cm
F2HZCM 280.07281 Hz/cm
F1PPW 0.55000 ppm/cm
F1HZCM 280.07289 Hz/cm