2D Hexagonally Oriented CdCl₂·H₂O Nanorod Assembly: Formation and Replication

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Scheme S1. Cartoon showing the replication process for the 2D oriented pattern.



Figure S1. AFM images showing the oriented $CdCl_2$ array (imaged on the back side of the gold film after evaporation, see scheme 1) and its final replica into PU (polyurethane). Scan area: $14 \times 14 \ \mu m^2$; height scale: 50 nm (left), 20 nm (right).



Figure S2. Surface plot of an AFM image showing a nanogap on the negative gold replica. Height scale: 5 nm/div



Figure S3. AFM images showing the random $CdCl_2$ array (imaged on the back side of the gold film after evaporation, see scheme 1) and its final replica into PU (polyurethane). Scan area: $14 \times 14 \ \mu m^2$; height scale: 50 nm (left), 30 nm (right).



Figure S4. AFM images showing the typical sample morphology while 0.1 M CdCl₂ aqueous solution was used for crystallization by blowing away the CdCl₂ solution drop from a mica surface pre-rinsed by hexane. Scan area: $2.5 \times 2.5 \ \mu\text{m}^2$ (left), $0.5 \times 0.5 \ \mu\text{m}^2$ (right); height scale: 5 nm.



Figure S5. AFM images showing typical morphologies of the samples prepared by naturally evaporating a 5 μ L drop of 0.01 M (left) or 2 M (right) CdCl₂ aqueous solution on a fresh mica surface. Scan area: 14×14 μ m²; height scale: 50 nm (left), 500 nm (right). These two samples (left and right images) were subject to XRD checks and gave corresponding diffraction profiles as in figure 1b and 1c. Note that the right image exhibits needle-like textures.



Figure S6. AFM images showing the typical sample morphologies while 2 M CdCl₂ aqueous solution was used for crystallization on mica surface by quickly blowing away the CdCl₂ solution. The mica surface was rinsed by ddH₂O first. Scan areas: $10 \times 10 \ \mu\text{m}^2$ (left), $2.5 \times 2.5 \ \mu\text{m}^2$ (right); height scales: 80nm. Note that the samples showed rod-like morphology, and no any orientation was observed.



Figure S7. AFM images showing the typical sample morphology while 0.01 M CdCl₂ aqueous solution was used for crystallization on mica surface by quickly blowing away the CdCl₂ solution. The mica surface was rinsed by ddH₂O first. Note that the sample was composed of very small interconnected particles without any orientation. Scan area: $1 \times 1 \ \mu m^2$; height scale: 3 nm.