

Supporting Information for:

**A Square Pyramidal-Triangular Framework Oxide:
Synthesis and Structure of PKU-6**

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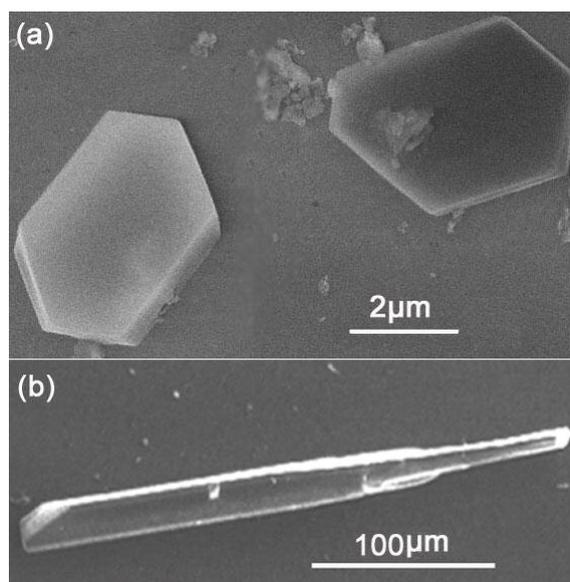


Figure S1. The morphologies of powder sample and single crystal of PKU-6.

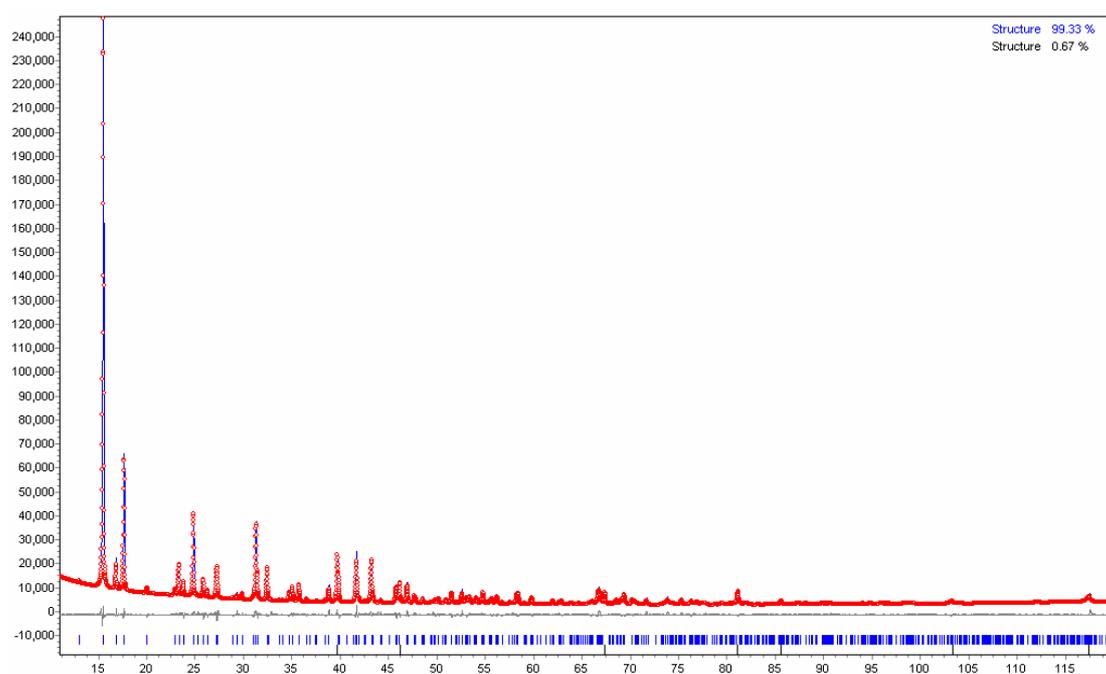


Figure S2. Rietveld plot of the powder X-ray diffraction pattern of PKU-6 ($\text{Al}_2(\text{OH})\text{B}_3\text{O}_7$). The symbol \circ represents observed pattern and the solid line is the calculated pattern; the marks below the diffraction patterns are the reflection positions and, the difference curve is also shown below the diffraction curves. $R_p = 0.033$, $R_{wp} = 0.048$.

Table S1. Refined atomic coordinates of PKU-6* from the single crystal diffraction.

site	x	y	z
Al	0.05957(9)	0.38547(7)	0.06842(8)
O1	-0.0755(3)	1/4	0.1180(3)
O2	0.1790(3)	1/4	-0.0275(3)
O3	0.3212(2)	0.36117(17)	-0.2285(2)
O4	0.1197(2)	0.49305(16)	-0.08668(17)
O5	0.2022(2)	0.41853(18)	0.21930(19)
B1	0.2719(5)	1/4	-0.1593(4)
B2	0.2478(4)	0.4808(2)	-0.2012(3)
H1	-0.1707	1/4	0.1742

**Pnma* (No. 62), $a = 7.4832(15)$, $b = 10.528(2)$, $c = 8.8525(18)$ Å, $V = 697.4(2)$ Å³

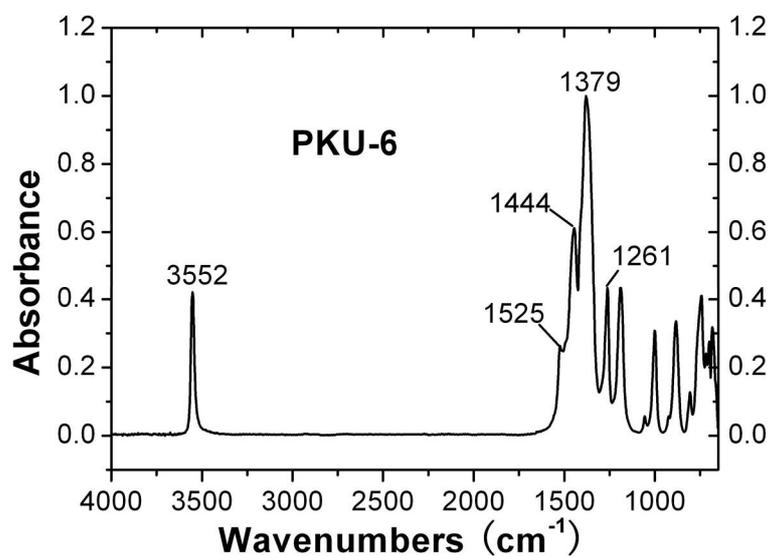


Figure S3. IR spectra of PKU-6 measured with a Nicolet Magna-IR-750 series II. The bands at 1261, 1379, 1444, and 1525 cm⁻¹ belong to the B-O antisymmetric stretch in [BO₃]; the band at 3550 cm⁻¹ belongs to the -OH bonded to [AlO₅].

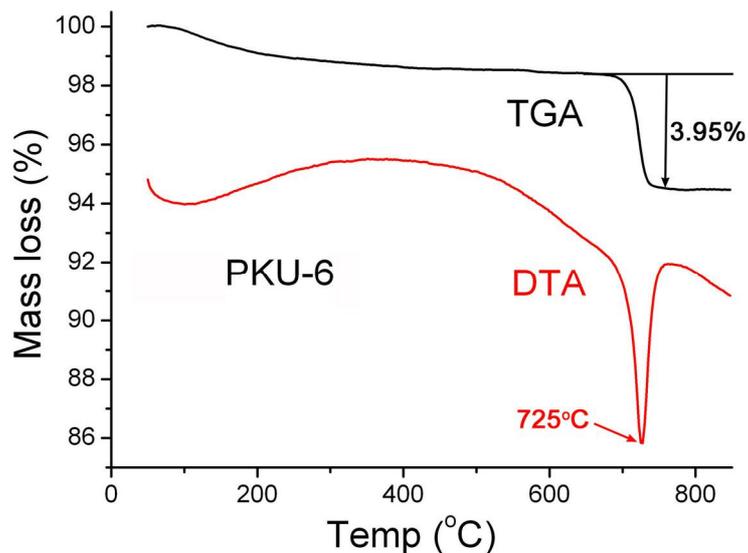


Figure S4. The TGA/DTA curve carried out on a NETZSCH STA449C instrument in a heating rate of 10 °C /min from 30 to 850°C.

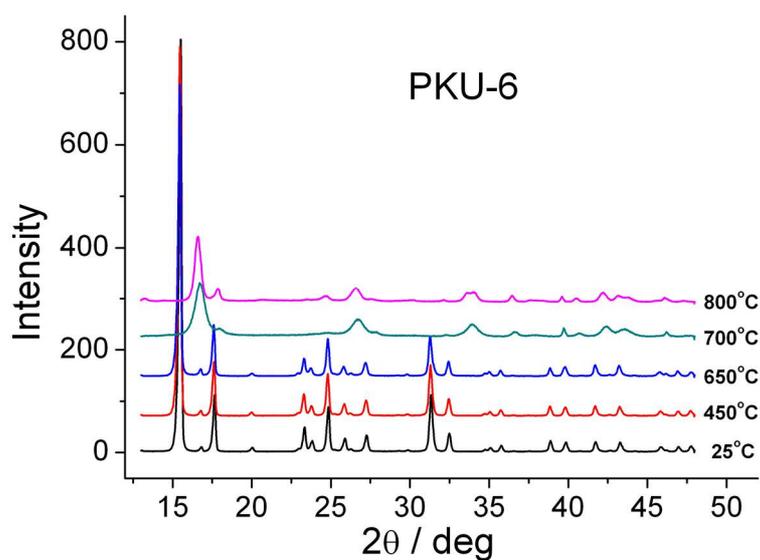


Figure S5. The as-synthesized PKU-6 powder was heated and cooled down to room temperature every step. The X-ray diffraction pattern shows that the open-framework collapses beyond 650°C and then converts to a known phase $\text{Al}_4\text{B}_2\text{O}_9$, which is agree with the TGA/DTA curve.

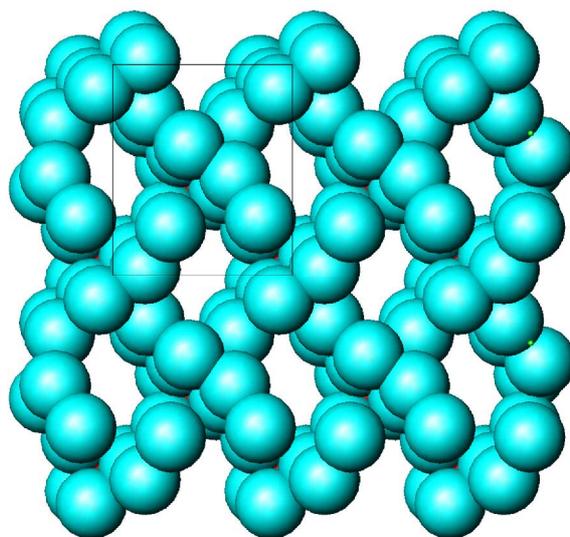


Figure S6. The channels in the structure of PKU-6, in which the oxygen atoms are expressed with Van de Waals radius (1.5 Å).