

Supporting information

Photoelectron angular distribution of heteroaromatic molecules studied by a continuum multiple scattering X α method: comparison with benzene

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Table 1: Constant potential(V_{II}) and Muffin-tin radius in atomic unit.

	V_{II}	R	C	H					
benzene	-0.38	5.42	1.32	0.73					
pyrazine	V_{II}	R	N	C	H				
	-0.42	5.33	1.20	1.32	0.75				
pyridine	V_{II}	R	N	<i>o</i> -C	<i>m</i> -C	<i>p</i> -C	<i>o</i> -H	<i>m</i> -H	<i>p</i> -H
	-0.39	5.50	1.26	1.26	1.37	1.26	0.79	0.68	0.78
pyrimidine	V_{II}	R	N	C_{NN}^a	C_{NC}^a	C_{CC}^a	H_{NN}^a	H_{NC}^a	H_{CC}^a
	-0.41	5.37	1.25	1.25	1.30	1.34	0.79	0.74	0.72
pyrrole	V_{II}	R	N	C_α	C_β	H_N	H_α	H_β	
	-0.42	5.06	1.28	1.31	1.31	0.60	0.73	0.73	
furan	V_{II}	R	O	C_α	C_β	H_α	H_β		
	-0.40	5.09	1.29	1.29	1.29	0.75	0.75		

^aSubscript indicates neighboring atoms.

Table 2: Experimental ionization potentials, truncated to one decimal places.

benzene	9.2(1 <i>e</i> _{1g})	11.5(3 <i>e</i> _{2g})	13.9(3 <i>e</i> _{1u})			
pyrazine	9.3(6 <i>a</i> _g)	10.2(1 <i>b</i> _{1g})	11.4(5 <i>b</i> _{1u})	11.8(1 <i>b</i> _{2g})	13.3(3 <i>b</i> _{3g})	15.0(4 <i>b</i> _{2u})
pyridine	9.7(1 <i>a</i> ₂)	9.7(11 <i>a</i> ₁)	10.5(2 <i>b</i> ₁)	12.5(7 <i>b</i> ₂)	14.5(6 <i>b</i> ₂)	
pyrimidine	9.7(7 <i>b</i> ₂)	10.4(2 <i>b</i> ₁)	11.3(11 <i>a</i> ₁)	11.4(1 <i>a</i> ₂)		
pyrrole	8.2(1 <i>a</i> ₂)	9.2(2 <i>b</i> ₁)				
furan	8.9(1 <i>a</i> ₂)	10.4(2 <i>b</i> ₁)				

Figure 1: Molecular orbitals. HF/4-31G.

