## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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## Innovative cavitand-based sol-gel coatings for the environmental monitoring of benzene and chlorobenzenes *via* solid-phase microextraction

Analytical and spectral characterizations of the developed coating like <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, ESI, <sup>29</sup>Si and <sup>13</sup>C solid state NMR spectra and scanning electron micrographies are provided in this section in order to better support the characterization of the developed materials. A detailed description of the GC-MS experimental conditions used in this work are provided in Table S-1.

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Table S-1. GC-MS analysis			
BTEX			
GC oven temperature program	40°C for 5 min, 10°C min <sup>-1</sup> to 170°C, 170°C for 2 min.		
Time scheduled selected-ion monitoring <sup>a</sup>	Delay time: 1 min		
	hexane: $m/z$ 43, 57 and 86 from 1.0 to 4.3 min; heptane and cyclohexane: $m/z$ 41, 56, 71, 84 and 100 from 4.3 to 5.1 min; octane: $m/z$ 43, 85 and 114 from 5.1 to 6.0 min; nonane: $m/z$ 43, 57 and 99 from 6.0 to 7.1 min; benzene: $m/z$ 77 and 78 from 7.1 to 9.0 min; toluene: $m/z$ 91 and 92 for from 9.0 to 11.50 min; ethylbenzene, $m$ -, $p$ - xylene and $p$ -xylene- $d_{10}$ : $m/z$ 91, 98, 105, 106 and 116 from 11.50 to 15.0 min $o$ -xylene: $m/z$ 91, 105 and 106 from 15.0 to 20.0 min. Dwell time: 100 ms		
Chlorobenzenes			
GC oven temperature program	65°C, 10°C min <sup>-1</sup> to 200°C		
Time scheduled selected-ion monitoring <sup>a</sup>	Delay time: 1min		
	benzene and toluene: $m/z$ 77, 78, 91 and 92 from 1 to 2.5 min; chlorobenzene: $m/z$ 77, 112 and 114 from 2.5 to 3.1 min; 2-chlorotoluene: $m/z$ 91 and 126 from 3.1 to 4.3 min; 1,2- dichlorobenzene: $m/z$ 111, 146 and 148 from 4.3 to 5.4 min; for 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene: $m/z$ 145, 180 and 182 from 5.4 to 13.5 min. Dwell time: 100 ms		

<sup>a</sup>For all the analyses, the corresponding ion ratios were used to confirm the identification of the analytes.

Table S-2. <sup>1</sup> H-NMR and ESI-MS characterization of Cavitands 1-3		
	<sup>1</sup> <b>H-NMR</b> (300 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> ):	ESI-MS
Cavitand 1	$\delta$ = 8.16 (s, 4H, Ar <i>H</i> ), 7.78 (m, 8H, AA' part of an AA'BB' system), 7.47 (m, 8H, BB' part of an AA'BB' system), 7.21 (s, 4H, Ar <i>H</i> ), 5.83 (m, 4H, C <i>H</i> =CH <sub>2</sub> ) 5.57 (t, 4H, C <i>H</i> Ar <sub>2</sub> , J=7.7 Hz), 4.98 (m, 8H, CH=CH <sub>2</sub> ), 2.27 (m, 8H, Ar <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> ), 1.34 (m, 48H, CH <sub>2</sub> )	<i>m/z</i> (%): 1547 [M+H <sup>+</sup> , 100].
Cavitand 2 and Cavitand 3	δ= 8.12 (s, 4H, Ar <i>H</i> ), 7.77 (m, 8H, AA' part of an AA'BB' system), 7.45 (m, 8H, BB' part of an AA'BB' system), 7.18 (s, 4H, Ar <i>H</i> ), 5.53 (t, 4H, Ar <i>CH</i> , J=7.7 Hz), 5.41 (bm, 2H, C <i>H</i> =CH <sub>2</sub> ), 3.80 (m, 18H, Si-O-CH <sub>2</sub> ), 2.24 (m, 8H, -CH <sub>2</sub> CHAr <sub>2</sub> ), 1.99 (m, 8H), 1.40 (m, 52H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 1.22 (t, 27H, Si-O-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> + 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> )	<i>m</i> / <i>z</i> (%): <b>(3)</b> 1875 [M+H <sup>+</sup> , 50], 1898 [M+Na <sup>+</sup> , 30], <b>(2)</b> 2040 [M+H <sup>+</sup> , 85], 2062 [M+Na <sup>+</sup> , 50]

	LOD (ngKg <sup>-1</sup> )*	
	QxCav	
Benzene	13.93	
Toluene	8.68	
Chlorobenzene	2.34	
2-Chlorotoluene	2.72	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.95	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.53	

 Table S-3. LOD values obtained with the QxCav fiber in soil

\*Incubation temperature: 45°C, incubation time: 5 min, stirring: 500 rpm. Extraction temperature: 45°C, extraction time: 20 min, stirring: 250 rpm, soil sample: 3g in 12 ml of water



Figure S-1. Scanning electron micrography of QxCav-based coating using acetone as solvent



Figure S-2. Scanning electron micrography of QxCav-based coating using CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> as solvent



Figure S-3. <sup>29</sup>Si solid state NMR of the gel without plasticizer

The <sup>29</sup>Si spectrum in cross polarization conditions of the dried gel is constituted by three partially superimposed peaks: Q<sup>2</sup> ( $\approx$ -92 ppm), assigned to silicon atoms bonded to two hydroxyl groups, Q<sup>3</sup> ( $\approx$ -101 ppm), assigned to silicon atoms with one hydroxyl group and Q<sup>4</sup> ( $\approx$ -111 ppm), assigned to silicon atoms without hydroxyl groups. Additional signals appeared in the region between -70 and -55 ppm (T<sup>2</sup> and T<sup>3</sup>) belonging to silicon atoms bonded to the organic receptor.



Figure S-4. <sup>13</sup>C solid state NMR of the gel without plasticizer

<sup>13</sup>C-SSNMR:  $\delta$  = cluster at ~150 ppm (resorcinarene aromatic carbons); multiplet centered at ~ 137 ppm (quinoxaline aromatic carbons); multiplet centered at ~ 125 ppm (resorcinarene aromatic carbons); multiplet centered at ~ 60 ppm (Si-O-CH<sub>2</sub>); multiplet at 20-40 ppm (lower rim aliphatic chains carbons); 17.4 ppm (Si-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-<u>CH<sub>3</sub></u>), 12.7 ppm (terminal CH<sub>3</sub> of alkyl chains).