

Supporting Information for “Binuclear Palladium Complexes Supported By Bridged Pincer Ligands”

David E. Herbert and Oleg V. Ozerov*

Department of Chemistry, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas 77842

ozerov@mail.chem.tamu.edu

Table of Contents

Table SI-1. ^1H NMR data (ppm) for 5-Cl/OTf and 6-Cl/OAc	S2
Table SI-2. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$, $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ and ^{19}F NMR data (ppm) for 5-Cl/OTf and 6-Cl/OAc ...	S3
Table SI-3. Selected ^1H NMR data for bridging hydrides 5-H and 6a-H	S4
Table SI-4. Selected $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$, $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ and ^{19}F NMR data for 5-H and 6a-H	S4
Figure SI-1. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of 6a-Cl	S5
Figure SI-2. Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectrum 6a-Cl	S6
Figure SI-3. Variable temperature $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum 6a-Cl	S7
Figure SI-4. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of 6b-Cl	S7
Figure SI-5. Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectrum 6a-Cl	S8
Figure SI-6. Variable temperature $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum 6a-Cl	S9
Figure SI-7. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of 6a-OAc	S10
Figure SI-8. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of 6b-OAc	S11
Figure SI-9. ^1H NMR spectra of bridging hydride, monocations 5a-H and 5b-H	S12
Figure SI-10. ^1H NMR spectrum of bridging hydride, monocation 6a-H	S12
Figure SI-11. ATR FT-IR spectra of 5a-H and 5b-H	S13
Figure SI-12. ATR FT-IR spectra of 6a-H and 6b-H	S13

Table SI-1. ^1H NMR data (ppm) for **5-Cl/OTf** and **6-Cl/OAc** in CD_2Cl_2 .

	$\text{HC}=\text{N}$	Ar CH	CH_2	$i\text{Pr CHMe}$	CHMe	Ar <i>Me</i>
5a-Cl	8.38 (d, 4.8 Hz)	6.94 (m, 4H), 6.75 (dt, 7.4 1.3 Hz, 2H)	4.40	2.43 (m)	1.38 (dd, 19.3, 7.3 Hz), 1.28 (dd, 16.2, 7.0 Hz)	-
5b-Cl	8.26 (d, 5.0 Hz)	7.01 (m, 4H), 6.76 (br d, 7.2 Hz, 2H)	3.83, 1.96	2.42 (m)	1.39 (dd, 19.2, 7.2 Hz), 1.30 (dd, 16.1, 6.7 Hz)	-
5a-OTf	8.36 (d, 4.5 Hz)	7.08 (d, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (dd, 7.5, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 6.8 (d, 8.0 Hz, 2H)	4.11	2.59 (m)	1.38 (dd, 20.5, 7.5 Hz), 1.28 (15.5, 7.0 Hz)	-
5b-OTf	8.13 (d, 5.0 Hz)	7.07 (m, 4H), 6.79 (d, 7.0 Hz, 2H)	3.71, 1.84	2.57 (m)	1.36 (dd, 20.0, 7.0 Hz), 1.28 (16.0, 7.0 Hz)	-
6a-Cl^a	7.95 (d, 13.4 Hz)	7.09 (d, 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, 13.0 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (br t, 7.6 Hz, 4H), 6.37 (4H)	5.11, 4.02	2.75 (m, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H)	1.58 (dd, 16.8, 6.6 Hz), 1.52 (dd, 16.5, 7.3 Hz), 1.29 (dd, 18.2, 7.0 Hz), 1.15 (dd, 15.6, 6.7 Hz)	2.27, 1.96
6b-Cl^a	7.79 (d, 13.2 Hz)	7.29 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 6.95 (m, 4H), 6.85 (d, 13.2 Hz, 2H)	4.76, 3.35, 2.00	2.71 (m, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H)	1.33 (dd, 18.1, 6.4 Hz), 1.18 (dd, 15.3, 6.8)	2.26, 2.18
6a- OAc^b	7.95 (d, 12.4 Hz)	7.10 (d, 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (pseudo t, 10.1 Hz, 4H), 6.42 (m, 2H), 6.36 (2H)	4.53, 3.90	2.59 (m, 2H), 2.43 (m, 2H)	1.45 (dd, 18.2, 7.0 Hz), 1.29 (dd, 15.9, 7.0 Hz), 1.24 (dd, 19.2, 7.0 Hz), 1.14 (dd, 13.6, 7.0 Hz)	2.25, 1.90
6b- OAc^b	7.66 (d, 12.0 Hz)	7.32 (dd, 8.0, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (m, 4H), 6.86 (d, 8.5 Hz, 2H)	4.09, 3.27, 2.01, 1.80	2.62 (m, 2H), 2.36 (m, 2H)	1.32 (overlapped m's, 18H), 1.15 (dd, 14.0, 7.0 Hz, 6H)	2.25, 2.18

^aresonances for minor isomer not included in table.

^bresonances for acetate methyl groups not included in table.

Table SI-2. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$, $^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$ and ^{19}F NMR data (ppm) for **5**-Cl/OTf and **6**-Cl/OAc in CD_2Cl_2 .

	HC=N	Ar C	CH ₂	iPr CHMe	CHMe	Ar Me	$^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$	^{19}F
5a-Cl	176.8 (d, 3.8 Hz) (d, 15.6 Hz)	163.6 (d, 6.2 Hz), 153.0, 145.8, 126.7, 122.2, 114.3	58.4	29.5 (d, 25.5 Hz)	17.5 (d, 5.8 Hz), 16.9	-	202.5	-
5b-Cl	174.4 (d, 4.3 Hz) (d, 15.6 Hz)	163.7 (d, 6.3 Hz), 153.1, 146.6, 126.6, 122.2, 114.0	58.5, 27.6	29.6 (d, 25.3 Hz)	17.5 (d, 5.8 Hz), 16.9	-	202.6	-
5a-OTf	177.0 (d, 3.9 Hz) (d, 14.6 Hz)	164.3 (d, 6.2 Hz), 146.2, 145.9, 127.9, 123.6, 115.4 (d, 14.6 Hz)	58.0	29.5 (d, 25.2 Hz)	17.7 (d, 6.0 Hz), 16.8 (d, 2.3 Hz)	-	203.2	-78.8
5b-OTf	173.7 (d, 3.8 Hz) (d, 15.3 Hz)	164.3 (d, 5.4 Hz), 146.3, 146.1 (d, 3.1 Hz), 127.7, 123.1, 114.9 (d, 15.3 Hz)	59.1, 27.2	29.5 (d, 24.5 Hz)	17.7 (d, 6.2 Hz), 16.8 (d, 2.3 Hz)	-	202.7	-79.0
6a-Cl^a	162.4	162.2 (d, 19.9 Hz), 149.6, 134.5 (d, 2.8 Hz), 133.5, 132.8, 131.0, 128.7 (d, 6.9 Hz), 125.8 (d, 7.4 Hz), 121.2 (d, 14.3 Hz), 120.1, 119.7, 118.2	60.4	27.0 (d, 24.1 Hz), 23.5 (d, 30.4 Hz)	19.0 (d, 3.9 Hz), 18.6, 17.9, 17.6	20.5, 20.1	71.3 (71.9)	-
6b-Cl^{a,b}	161.7	162.6 (d, 19.8), 149.7, 134.5, 133.9, 132.9, 131.5, 129.2, 126.0, 125.9, 120.9 (d, 13.9 Hz), 120.5, 118.5	59.6, 29.2	27.0 (d, 25.5 Hz), 23.8 (d, 30.4 Hz)	18.9 (d, 3.2 Hz), 18.1, 18.0, 17.7	20.5, 20.1	70.8 (70.9)	-
6a-OAc^a	162.5	162.4, 149.5, 134.6, 133.6, 132.7, 131.3, 128.2 (d, 7.0 Hz), 125.6 (d, 3.7 Hz), 120.8 (d, 13.0 Hz), 119.6, 119.3, 118.8	59.7	26.9 (d, 23.2 Hz), 21.7 (d, 29.1 Hz)	19.2 (d, 4.8 Hz), 19.0 (d, 3.7 Hz), 16.4 (d, 2.5 Hz), 16.3 (d, 6.1 Hz)	20.5, 20.2	66.2 (66.8)	-
6b-OAc^{b,c}	161.4 (161.3)	162.8 (162.7), 149.6, 134.4, 134.0, 132.8, 131.7, 129.4 (128.9), 128.8, 128.5, 126.0 (125.6), 120.5 (120.4), 119.9 (119.5), 119.3	59.6 (59.5), 29.6	26.9 (d, 23.0 Hz), 21.8 (d, 28.0 Hz)	19.1 (d, 3.8 Hz), 18.5 (d, 3.3 Hz), 16.5, 16.4	20.5, 20.1	65.3	-

^a when observed, resonance for minor isomer shown in brackets.

^b resonances for acetate groups not included in table.

^c peak heights for two isomers are nearly identical and so when observed, the second of each pair of peaks is reported in brackets.

Table SI-3. Selected ^1H NMR data for bridging hydrides **5-H** and **6a-H** (CD_2Cl_2).

	$\text{HC}=\text{N}$	Ar CH	CH_2	$i\text{Pr}\text{CHMe}$	CHMe	Ar <i>Me</i>	Pd- <i>H</i> -Pd
5a-H	8.32 (d, 4.0 Hz)	7.20 (d, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (app t, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, 7.5 Hz, 2H)	4.12 (br)	2.32 (m)	1.33 (dd, 7.5, 2.0), 1.30 (m)	-	-9.19 (t, 13.5 Hz)
5b-H	8.34 (d, 4.0 Hz)	7.20 (d, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (dd, 7.0, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, 7.0 Hz, 2H),	4.40, 3.62, 2.50-2.43 (m – overlapped with CH_2), with $i\text{Pr}$ CHMe), 1.90	2.50-2.43 (m – overlapped with CH_2), 2.32 (h, 7.5 Hz)	1.37 (dd, 15.0, 7.0 Hz), 1.34- 1.30 (m), 1.23 (dd, 17.2, 6.7 Hz)	-	-8.42 (t, 13.5 Hz)
6a-H	7.70 (d, 12.5 Hz)	7.31 (dd, 9.0, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (2H), 7.07 (d, 2.5 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (2H), 7.02 (dd, 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 2H)	4.73 (d, 11.5 Hz), 4.34 (d, 13.0 Hz)	2.48 (h, 6.5 Hz), 2.22 (m)	1.36 (dd, 17.5, 6.5 Hz), 1.08 (dd, 19.0, 6.5 Hz)	2.31, 2.25	-20.08 (t, 15.2 Hz)

Table SI-4. Selected $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$, $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ and ^{19}F NMR data for bridging hydrides **5-H** and **6a-H** (CD_2Cl_2).

	$\text{HC}=\text{N}$	Ar C	CH_2	$i\text{Pr}$ CHMe	CHMe	Ar <i>Me</i>	$^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$	^{19}F
5a-H	178.3 (d, 3.3 Hz)	162.9 (d, 6.2 Hz), 158.2, 146.5, 128.4, 123.2, 115.1 (d, 15.3 Hz)	64.6	30.6 (d, 26.9 Hz)	18.7 (d, 4.9)	-	207.1	- 79.8
5b-H	178.7 (d, 3.3 Hz)	162.6 (d, 5.5 Hz), 157.9, 146.5, 128.5, 122.9, 115.0 (d, 15.7 Hz)	62.3, 27.1	30.7 (d, 26.7 Hz), 30.3 (d, 27.1 Hz)	18.7 (d, 7.3 Hz), 18.6 (d, 2.8 Hz), 16.1 (d, 4.1 Hz)	-	207.5	- 79.7
6a-H	161.7	160.7 (d, 18.7 Hz), 148.7, 135.3, 134.4 (d, 1.4 Hz), 133.4, 131.9, 130.4 (7.5 Hz), 127.7, 127.0, 119.6 (d, 13.6 Hz), 118.2, 117.7 (d, 47 Hz)	68.5	27.9 (d, 24.8 Hz), 22.4 (31.7 Hz)	18.9, 18.7, 18.4, 16.4	20.5, 20.3	83.4	- 80.2

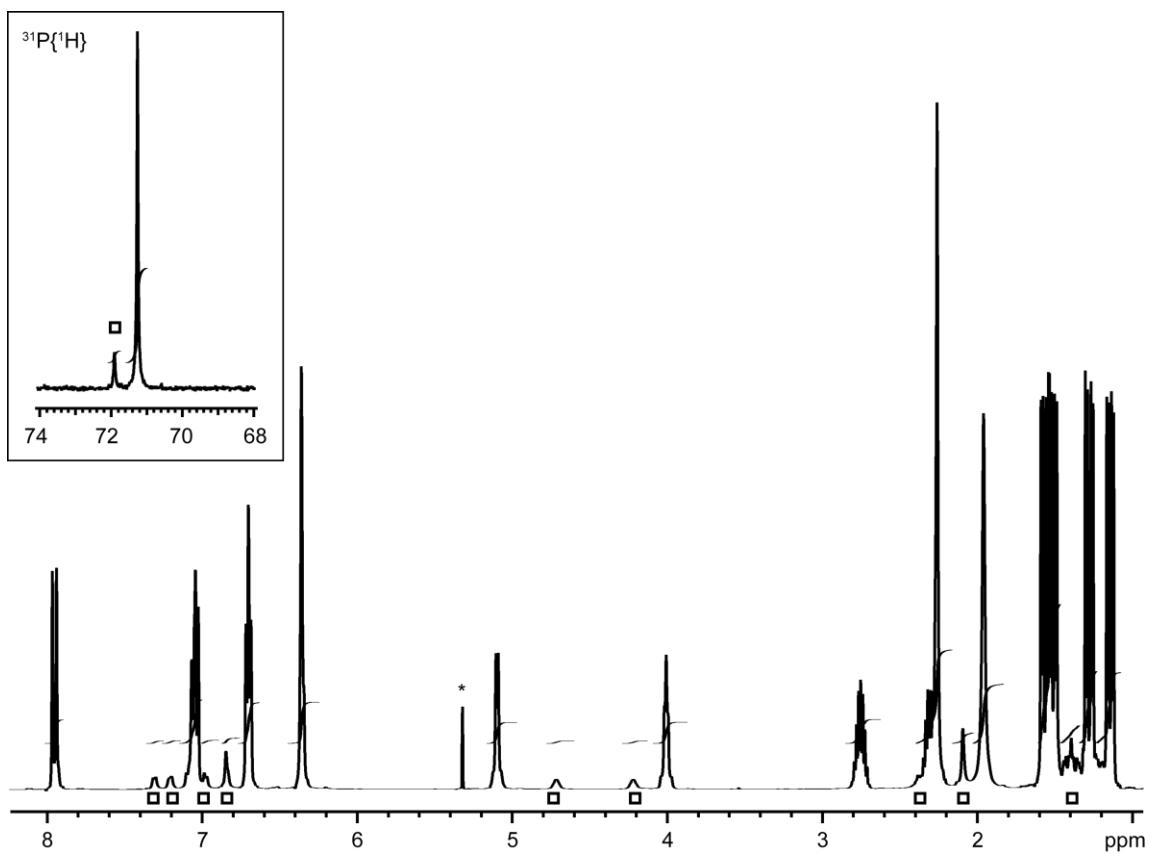


Figure SI-1. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of $(\text{PNN}-\text{C}_2)\text{Pd}_2\text{Cl}_2$ **6a-Cl** in CD_2Cl_2 (solvent peak marked by *). Peaks from minor isomer marked by \square .

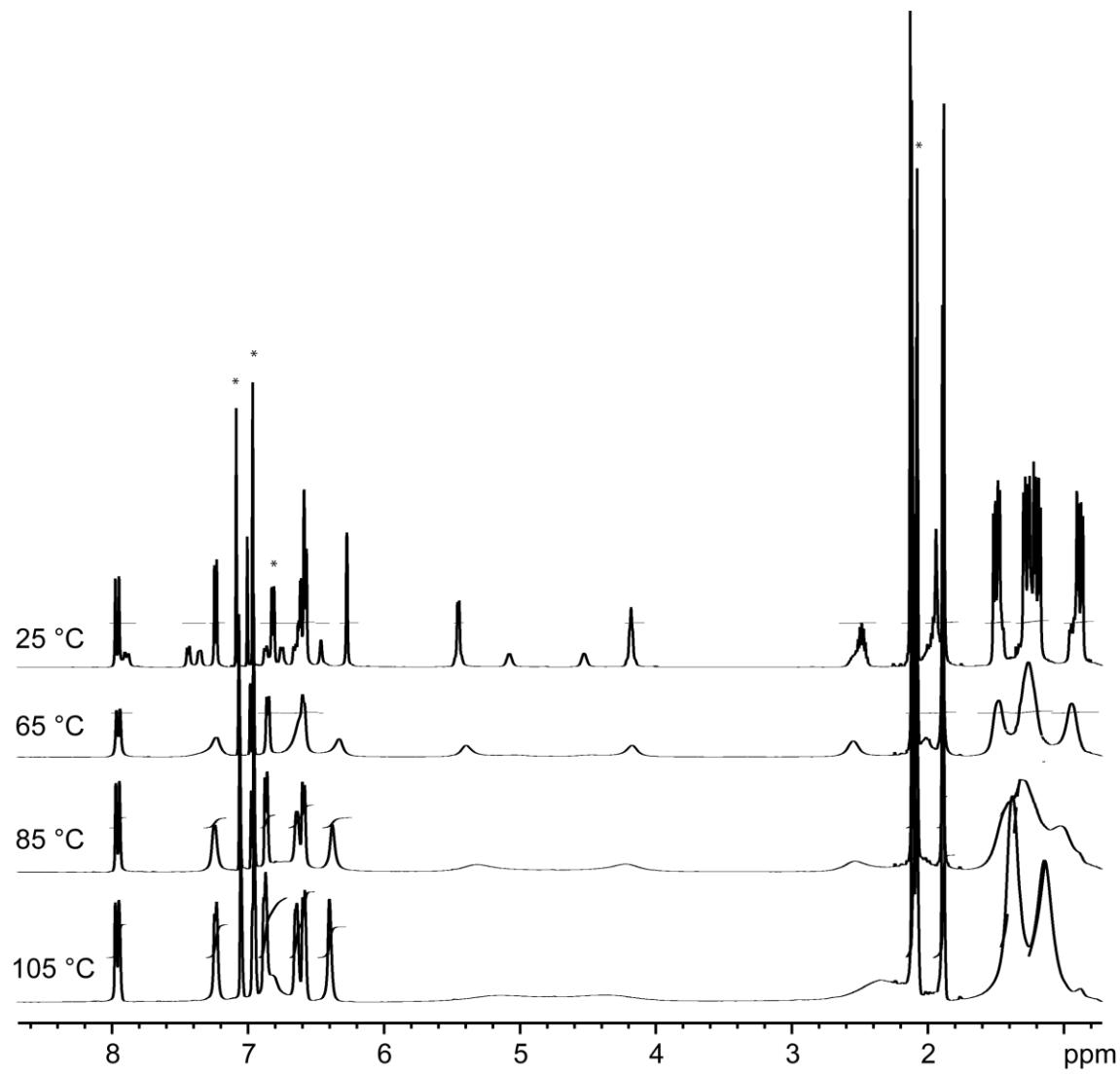


Figure SI-2. Variable temperature ¹H NMR spectrum of (PNN-C₂)Pd₂Cl₂ **6a-Cl** in CD₃C₆D₆ (solvent peak marked by *).

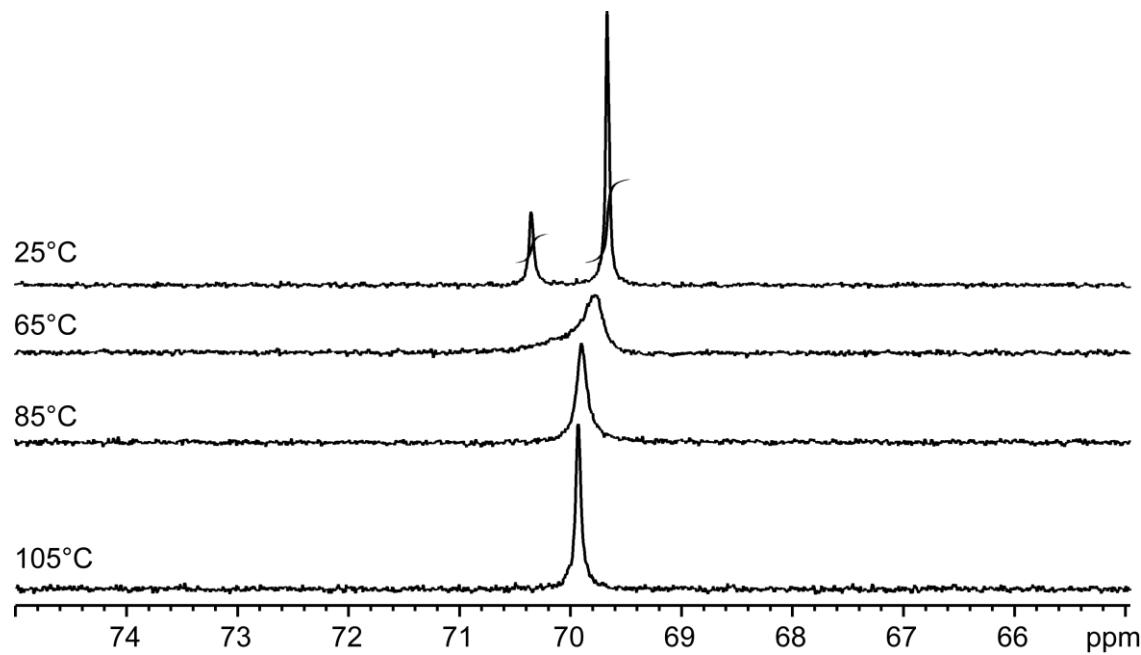


Figure SI-3. $^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of $(\text{PNN}-\text{C}_2)\text{Pd}_2\text{Cl}_2$ **6a-Cl** in $\text{CD}_3\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$.

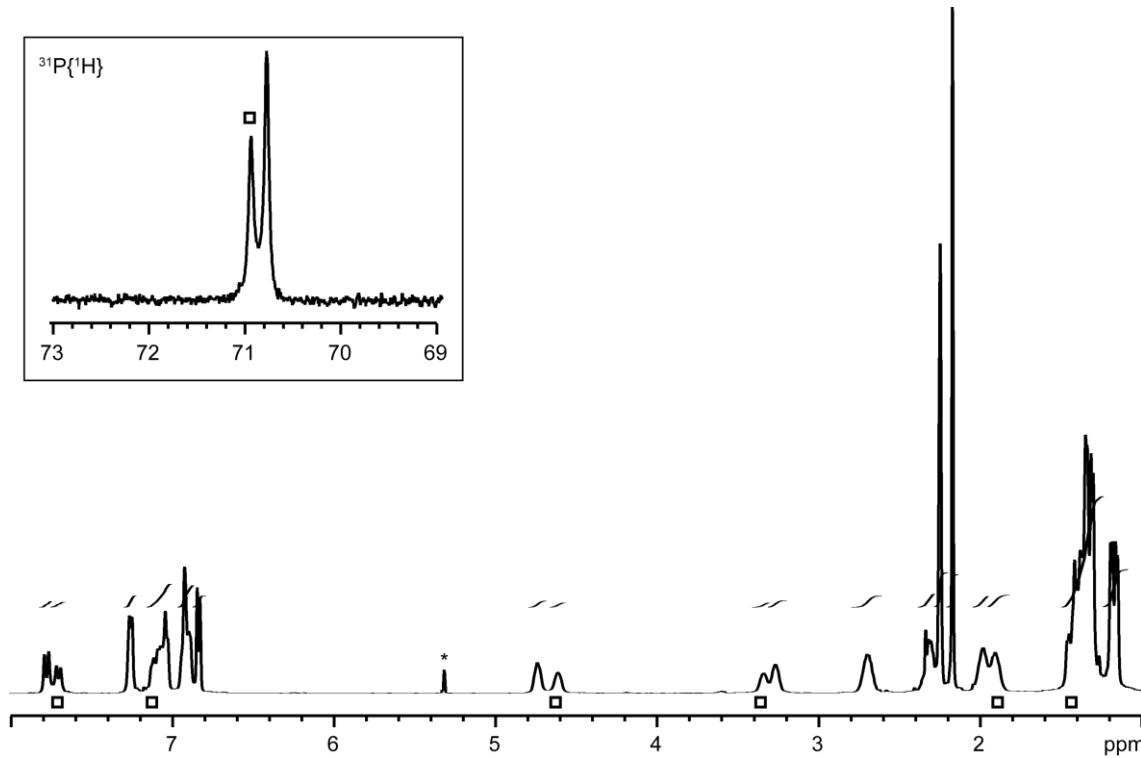


Figure SI-4. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of $(\text{PNN}-\text{C}_4)\text{Pd}_2\text{Cl}_2$ **6b-Cl** in CD_2Cl_2 (solvent peak marked by *). Peaks from minor isomer marked by □.

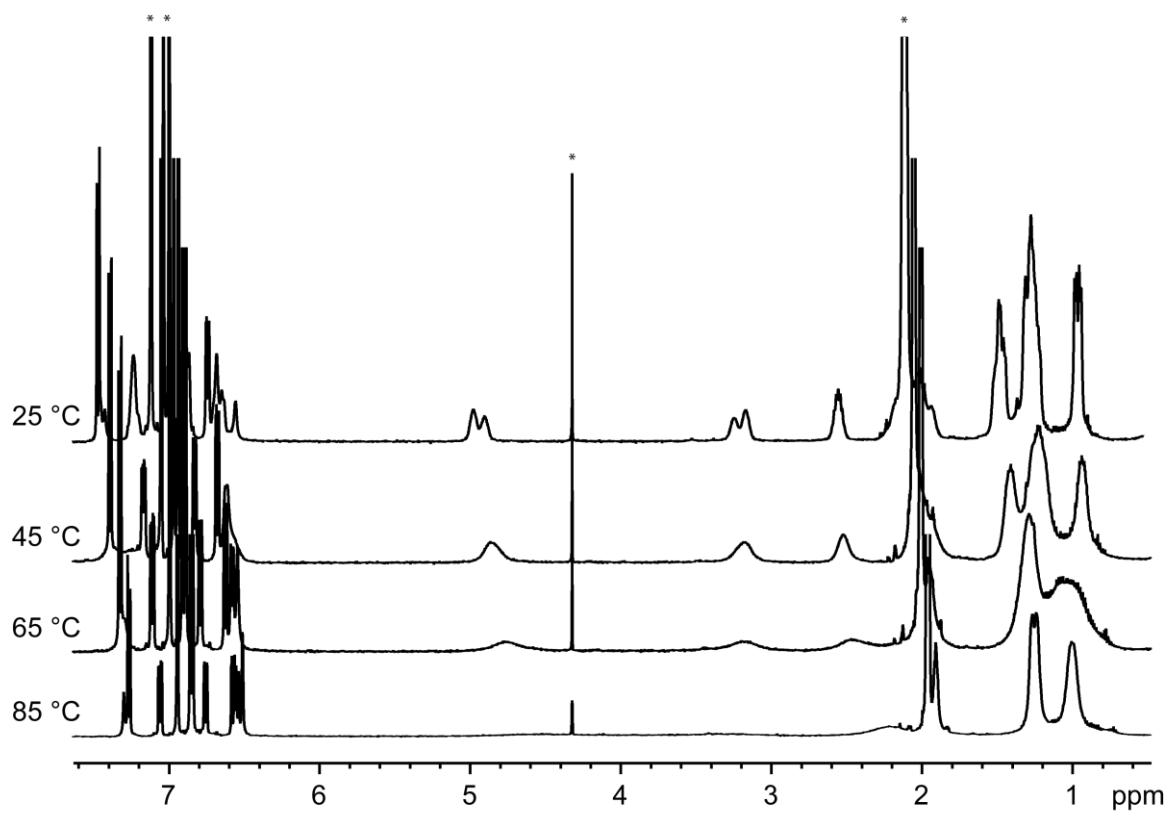


Figure SI-5. Variable temperature ¹H NMR spectrum of (PNN-C₄)Pd₂Cl₂ **6b-Cl** in CD₃C₆D₆ (solvent peak and residual CH₂Cl₂ marked by *).

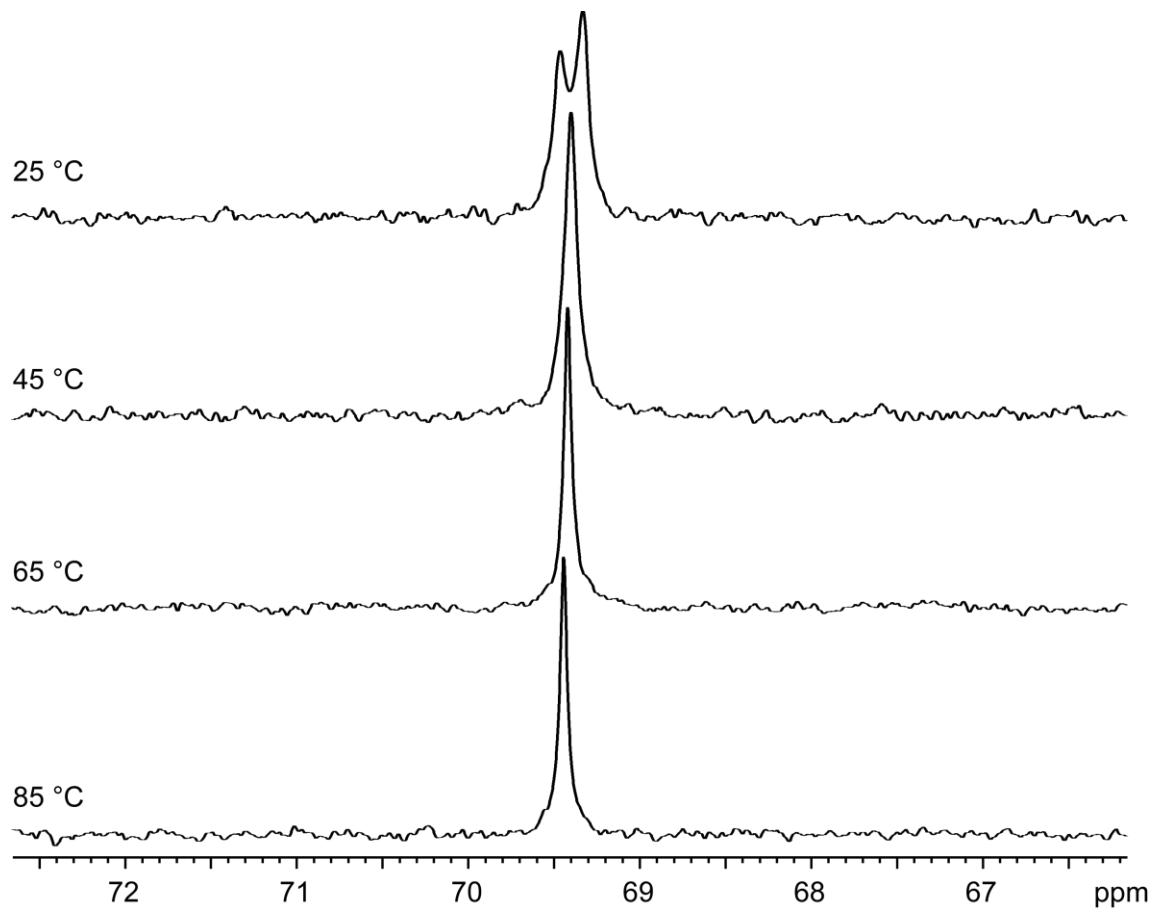


Figure SI-6. $^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of $(\text{PNN-C}_4)\text{Pd}_2\text{Cl}_2$ **6b-Cl** in $\text{CD}_3\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$.

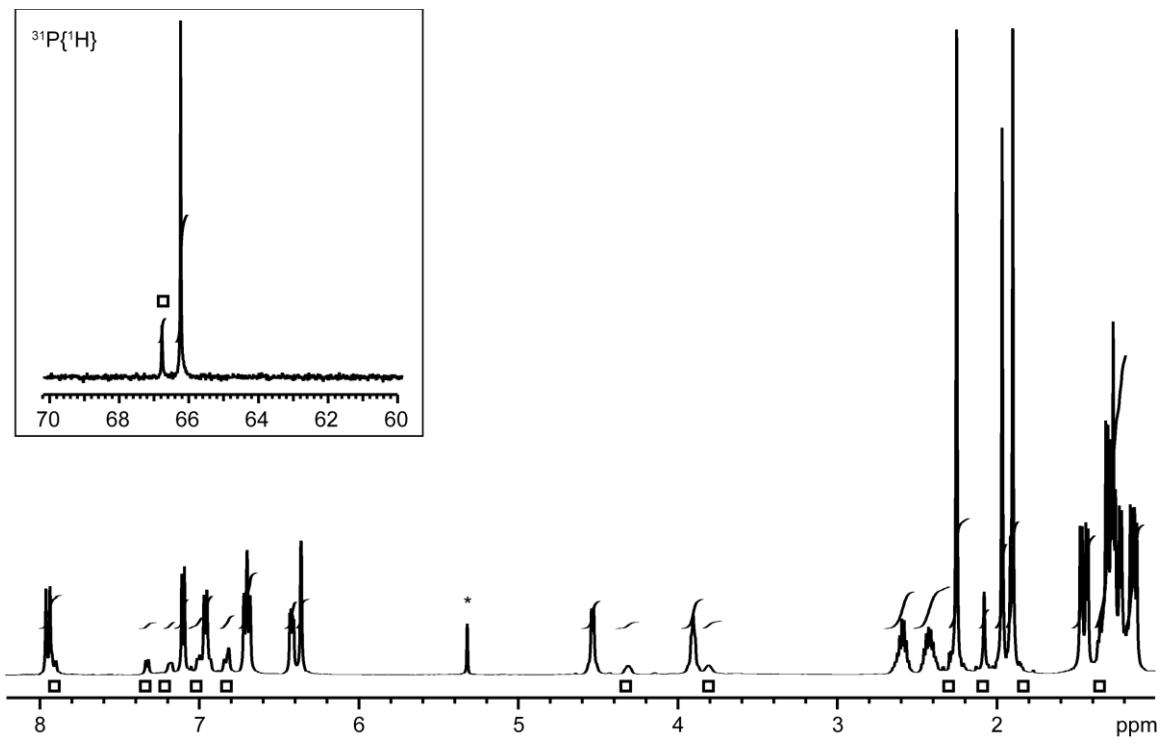


Figure SI-7. ^1H NMR spectrum (inset: $^{31}\text{P}\{\mathbf{^1H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of $(\text{PNN-C}_2)\text{Pd}_2\text{OAc}_2$

6a-OAc in CD_2Cl_2 (solvent peak marked by *). Peaks from minor isomer marked by \square .

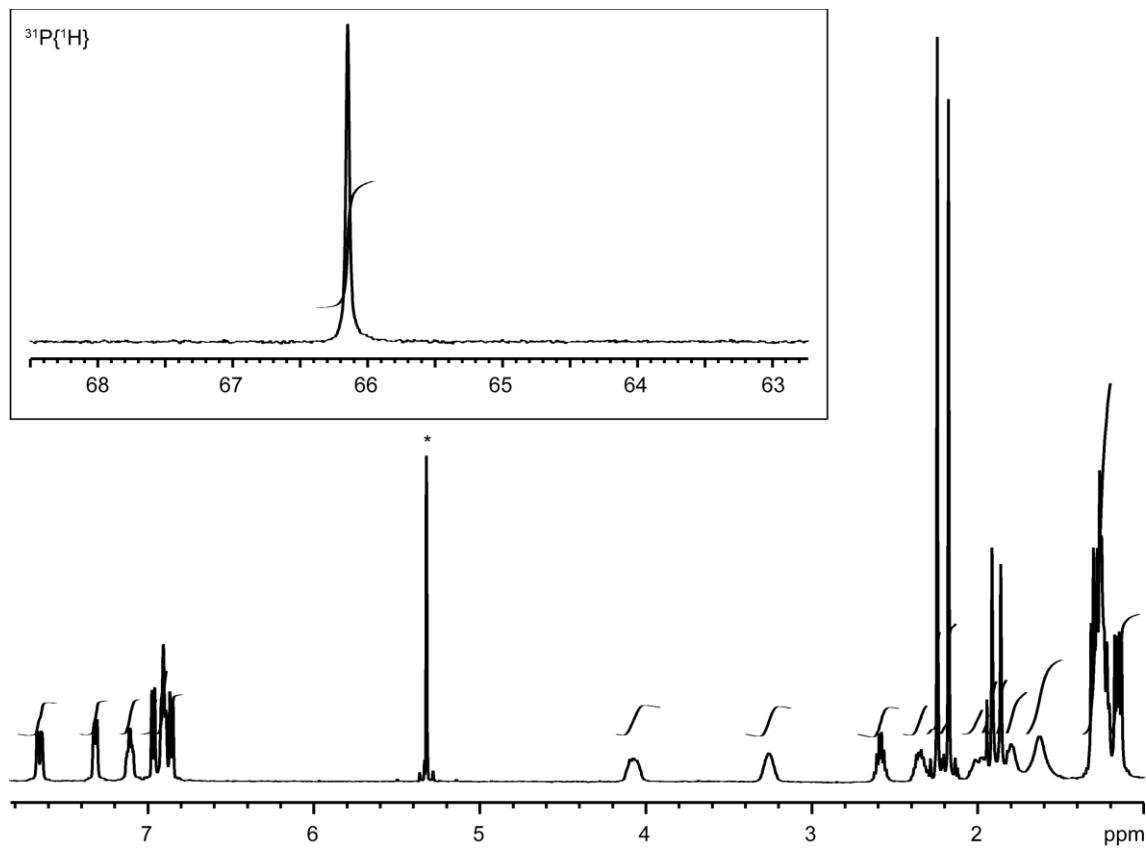


Figure SI-8. ${}^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (inset: ${}^3\text{P}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum) of $(\text{PNN}-\text{C}_4)\text{Pd}_2\text{OAc}_2$

6b-OAc in CD_2Cl_2 (solvent peak marked by *).

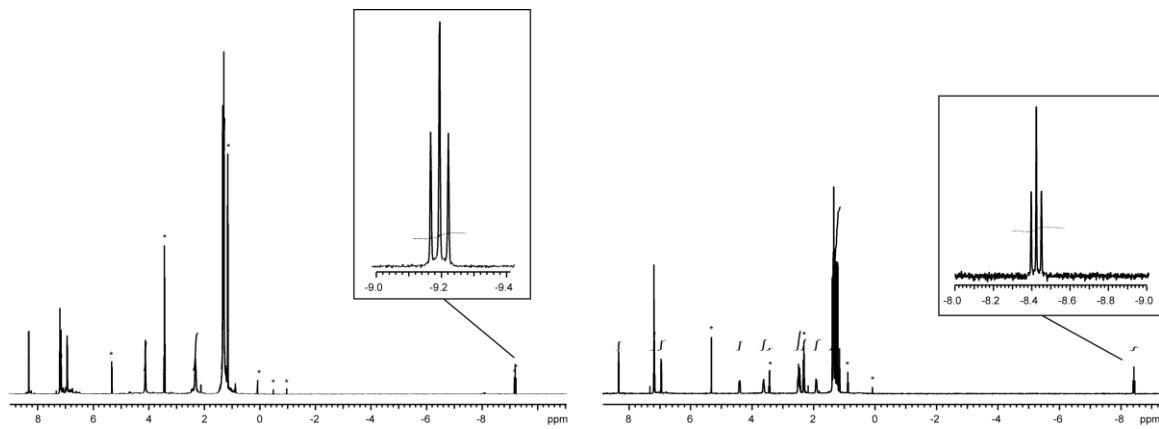


Figure SI-9. ¹H NMR spectra of bridging hydride, monocations **6a-H** (left) and **6b-H** (right) in CD₂Cl₂ (solvent peak, residual solvent and grease impurities marked by *).

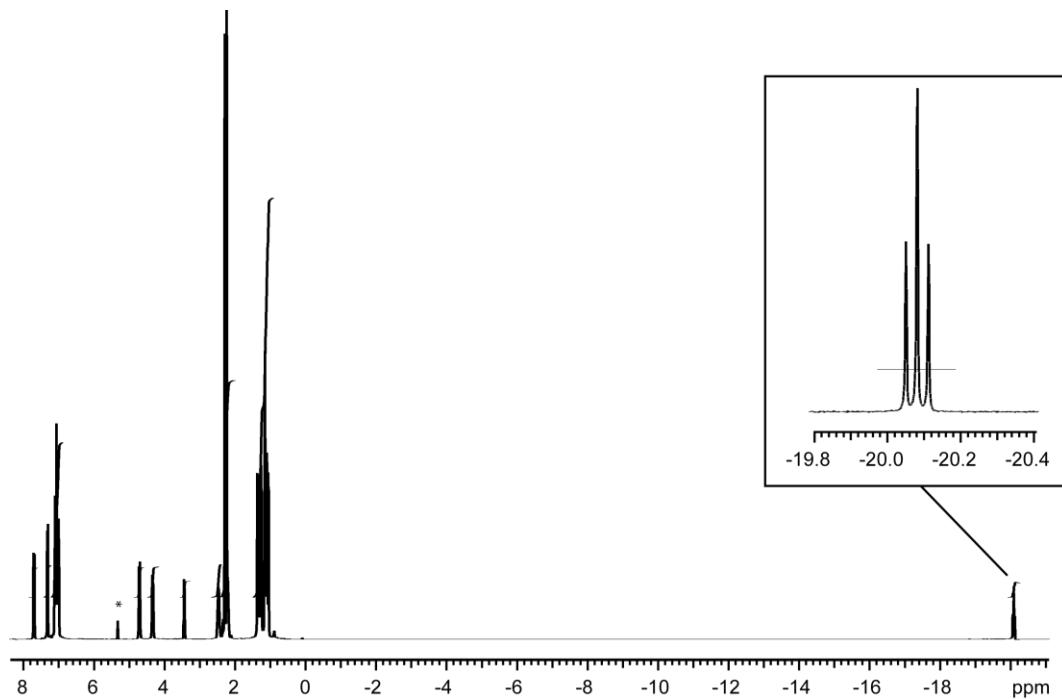


Figure SI-10. ¹H NMR spectrum of bridging hydride, monocation **6a-H** in CD₂Cl₂ (solvent peak marked by *).

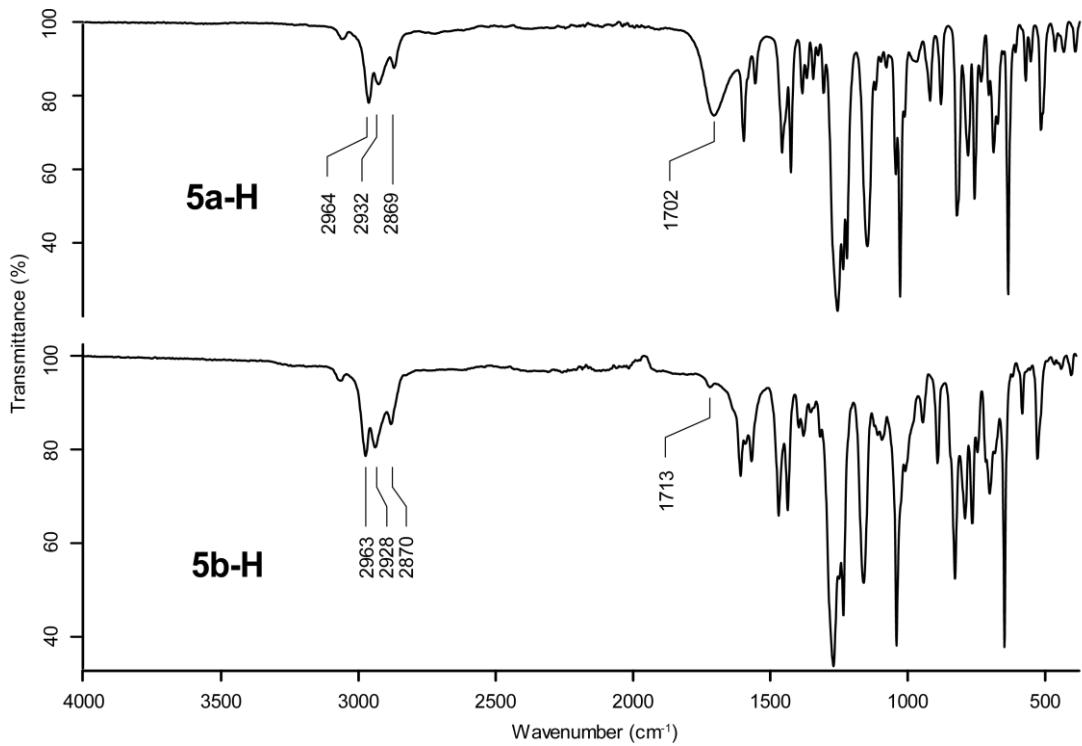


Figure SI-11. ATR FT-IR spectra of **5-H**.

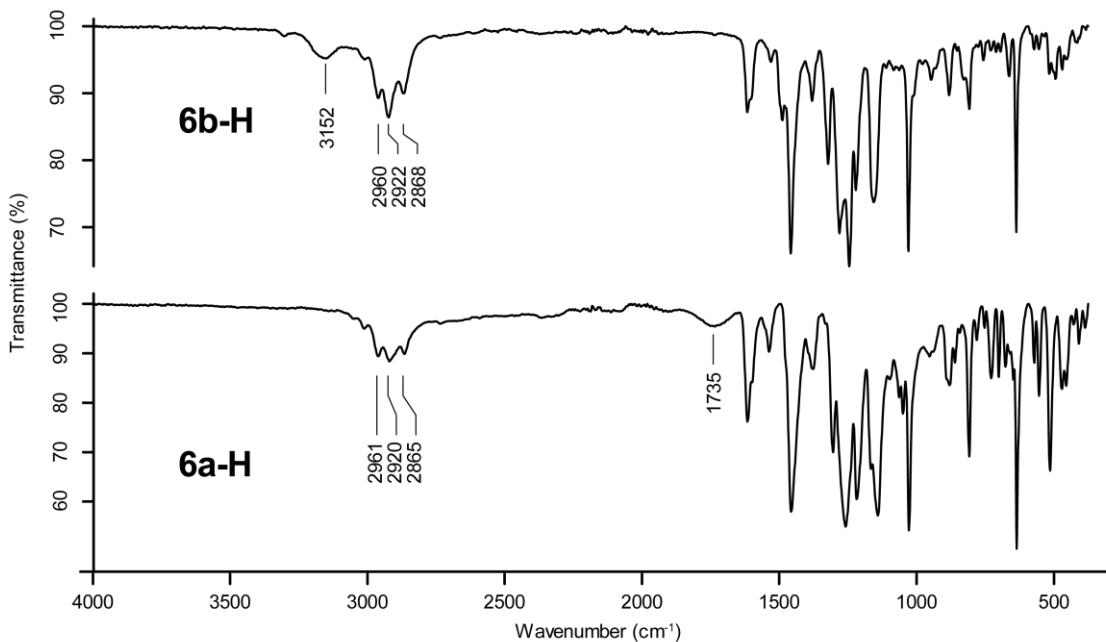


Figure SI-12. ATR FT-IR of **6-H** illustrating appearance of N-H stretch at 3150 cm^{-1} .