

Supporting Information

Room Temperature Stable Organocuprate Cu(III) Complex

Steven F. Hannigan[†], June S. Lum[†], Jeffrey W. Bacon[†], Curtis Moore[‡], James A. Golen[‡], Arnold L. Rheingold[‡], Linda H. Doerrer^{†*}

[†]Department of Chemistry, Boston University, Boston, MA, 02215, USA.

[‡]Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093, USA.

Supporting Information

P1. SI Contents

P2. SI Contents (continued)

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| P3. Figure S1 | Structure of $\{\text{K}(18\text{C}6)\}[\text{K}_2\{\text{Cu}(\text{OC}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_5)(\text{CF}_3)_2)_2\}_3]$, 4 . |
| P4. Table S1 | X-ray crystallography data collection parameters. |
| P5. Table S2 | X-ray crystallography selected distances and angles. |
| P8. Figure S2 | Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of 5 in d_8 -THF. |
| Figure S3 | Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of 4 in CD_2Cl_2 . |
| P9. Figure S4 | ^{19}F -NMR spectrum of 5 in d_8 -THF and 4 in CD_2Cl_2 . |
| P10. Figure S5 | Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of crude product of 5 in d_8 -THF. |
| P11. Figure S6 | Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of crude product of 5 in CD_2Cl_2 . |
| P12. Figure S7 | UV-vis spectra of 5 before and after light exposure. |
| P13. Figure S8 | Picture of insolubility of 5 in H_2O . |
| P14. Figure S9 | Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of 5 and H_2O in d_8 -THF. |
| P15. Figure S10 | Phenyl region of ^1H - ^1H COSY spectrum of 5 . |
| P16. Figure S11 | Phenyl region of ^1H - ^{13}C HSQC spectrum of 5 . |

- P17. Figure S12 Cambridge Structural Database search motif.
Table S3 Cambridge Structural Database search results.
P18. References

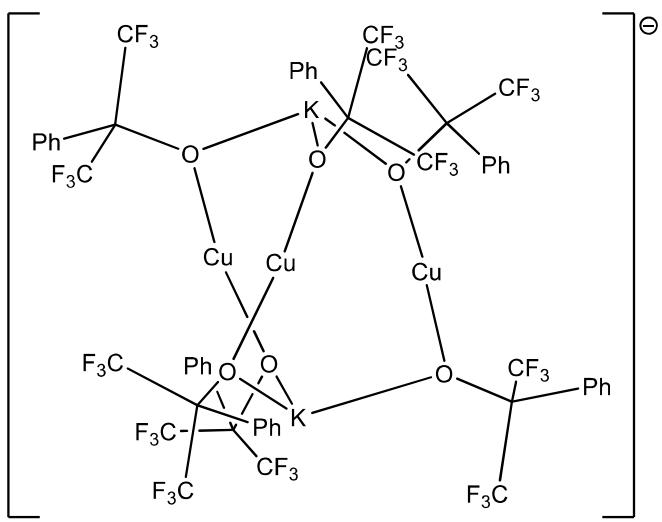


Figure S1: Molecular Structure of the anion of **4**, $[K_2\{Cu(OC(C_6H_5)(CF_3)_2)_3\}_3]^-$. Cation $\{K(18C6)\}^+$ omitted for clarity.

Table S1: Summary of X-ray crystallographic data collection parameters for copper complexes.

Complex #	2	3	4	5
Formula	C ₂₄ H ₃₃ CuF ₁₈ CuKO ₉	C ₂₇ H ₁₅ CuF ₁₈ KO ₃	C ₄₄ H ₃₆ Cu ₂ F ₂₄ K ₂ O ₈	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ CuF ₁₂ KO ₈
Formula Weight	910.141	832.03	1354.01	851.20
Temp (K)	200(2)	173(2)	150(2)	100
Crystal System	Orthorhombic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
a (Å)	22.1068(11)	11.9365(6)	25.3378(15)	8.6969(2)
b (Å)	8.5756(4)	22.8275(15)	15.1435(9)	19.4441(3)
c (Å)	18.6294(9)	22.8784(11)	23.1089(13)	10.5153(2)
α (°)	90	90	90	90
β (°)	90	103.971(2)	118.6050(10)	105.309(1)
γ (°)	90	90	90	90
V (Å³)	3531.7(3)	6049.5(6)	7784.7(8)	1715.08(6)
Z	4	8	6	2
ρ, calc. (g/cm³)	1.712	1.827	1.733	-
μ(MoKα) (mm⁻¹)	0.877	1.002	1.116	3.03 (CuKα)
Collected	14706	41886	69978	33125
Independent	5690	6234	7141	3005
R(int)	0.0280	0.0241	0.0340	0.038
R(F), %^a	2.90	3.47	3.11	2.80
R(ωF²), %^b	7.29	6.54	5.99	7.20

^aR=Σ||F_o|-|F_c||/Σ|F_o|, ^bR(ωF²)={Σ[ω(F_o²-F_c²)²]/Σ[ω(F_o²)²]}^{1/2};b^bω=1/[σ^s(F_o²)+(aP)²+bP], P=[2F_c²+max(F_o,0)]/3

Table S2: Selected distances (\AA) and angles (deg) for complexes **2 – 5**.

Complex #		Distance (\AA)		Angle (°)
2	Cu(1)-O(7)	1.8283(18)	O(7)-Cu(1)-O(9)	113.88(9)
	Cu(1)-O(9)	1.8349(19)	O(7)-Cu(1)-O(8)	136.69(9)
	K(1)-O(5)	2.8141(19)	O(9)-Cu(1)-O(8)	109.42(10)
	K(1)-O(8)	2.8456(16)		
	K(1)-O(4)	2.860(2)		
	K(1)-O(3)	2.864(2)		
	K(1)-O(1)	2.872(2)		
	K(1)-F(11)	2.891(2)		
	K(1)-F(8)	2.8957(19)		
	K(1)-O(6)	2.904(2)		
	K(1)-O(2)	2.914(2)		
	O(1)-C(12)	1.419(4)		
	O(1)-C(1)	1.425(3)		
	O(2)-C(3)	1.404(4)		
	O(2)-C(2)	1.425(4)		
	O(3)-C(4)	1.414(4)		
	O(3)-C(5)	1.426(4)		
	O(4)-C(6)	1.413(4)		
	O(4)-C(7)	1.435(4)		
	O(5)-C(8)	1.422(4)		
	O(5)-C(9)	1.427(4)		
	O(6)-C(10)	1.419(3)		

Complex #		Distance (Å)		Angle (°)
	O(6)-C(11)	1.429(4)		
	O(7)-C(14)	1.381(3)		
	O(8)-C(18)	1.379(3)		
	O(9)-C(22)	1.377(3)		
3	Cu(1)-O(3)	1.8336(11)	O(3)-Cu(1)-O(1)	154.24(5)
	Cu(1)-O(1)	1.8429(11)	O(3)-Cu(1)-O(2)	114.93(5)
	Cu(1)-O(2)	1.8850(11)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(2)	90.73(5)
	K(1)-O(1)	2.6852(11)		
	K(1)-O(2)	2.9187(11)		
	K(1)-F(3)	3.1484(15)		
	K(1)-F(5)	3.0645(13)		
	K(1)-F(11)	2.8687(14)		
	K(1)-F(3)	3.1484(15)		
	K(2)-O(3)	2.7021(11)		
	K(2)-F(9)	2.7145(10)		
	K(2)-F(16)	2.8212(11)		
	K(2)-F(14)	2.9463(11)		
	O(1)-C(2)	1.3821(19)		
4	O(2)-C(11)	1.374(2)		
	O(3)-C(20)	1.3869(19)		
	Cu(1)-O(1)	1.8312(12)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(2)	173.22(5)
	Cu(1)-O(2)	1.8373(12)	O(3)-Cu(2)-O(3)	171.09(8)
	Cu(2)-O(3)	1.8366(12)		

Complex #		Distance (Å)		Angle (°)
	K(1)-O(1)	2.6623(13)		
	K(1)-O(2)	2.6699(13)		
	K(1)-O(3)	2.6283(13)		
	K(1)-F(21)	2.7709(11)		
	K(1)-F(23)	3.1487(13)		
	K(1)-F(26)	2.8487(12)		
	K(1)-F(28)	2.9280(13)		
	K(1)-F(35)	3.0687(12)		
	K(1)-F(36)	3.0809(12)		
	C(10)-O(2)	1.370(2)		
	C(19)-O(3)	1.372(2)		
5	Cu(1)-O(1)	1.8173(12)	O(1)-Cu(1)-C(1)	86.59(6)
	Cu(1)-C(1)	1.9314(17)	O(1_i)-Cu(1)-C(1)	93.41(6)
	K(1)-O(2)	2.7412(12)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(1_i)	180.0
	K(1)-O(3)	2.7734(12)		
	K(1)-O(4)	2.8324(12)		
	C(7)-O(1)	1.392(2)		
	C(12)-O(3)	1.425(2)		
	C(10)-O(2)	1.421(2)		
	C(13)-O(4)	1.424(2)		
	C(11)-O(3)	1.422(2)		
	C(14)-O(4)	1.424(2)		
	C(15)-O(2)	1.420(2)		

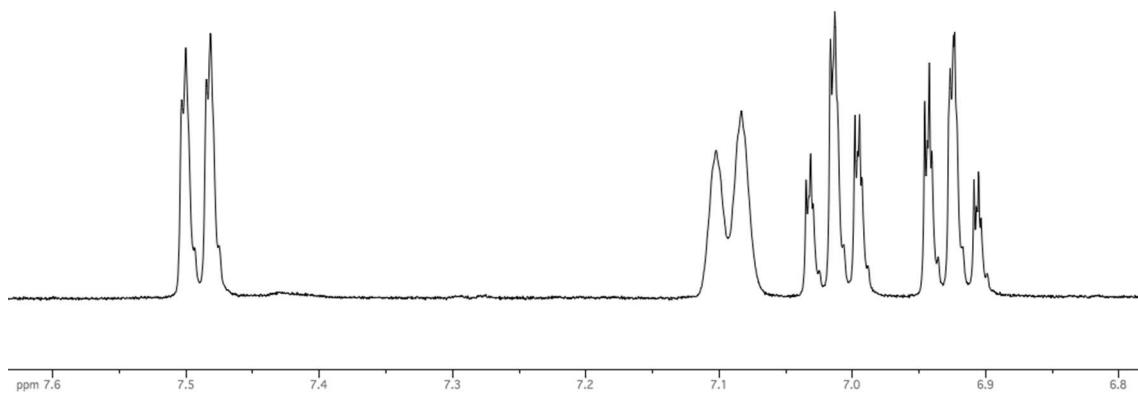


Figure S2: Phenyl region of the ¹H-NMR spectrum of **5** in *d*₈-THF.

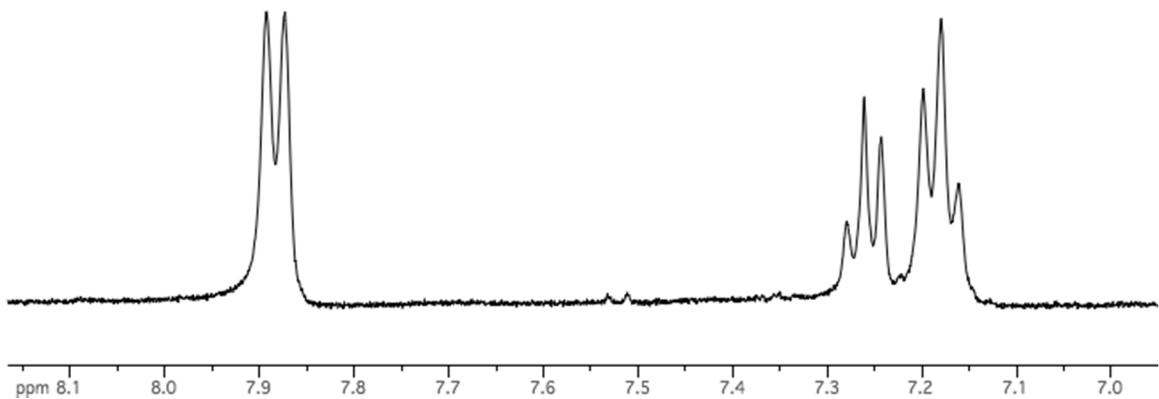


Figure S3: Phenyl region of the ¹H-NMR spectrum of **4** in CD₂Cl₂.

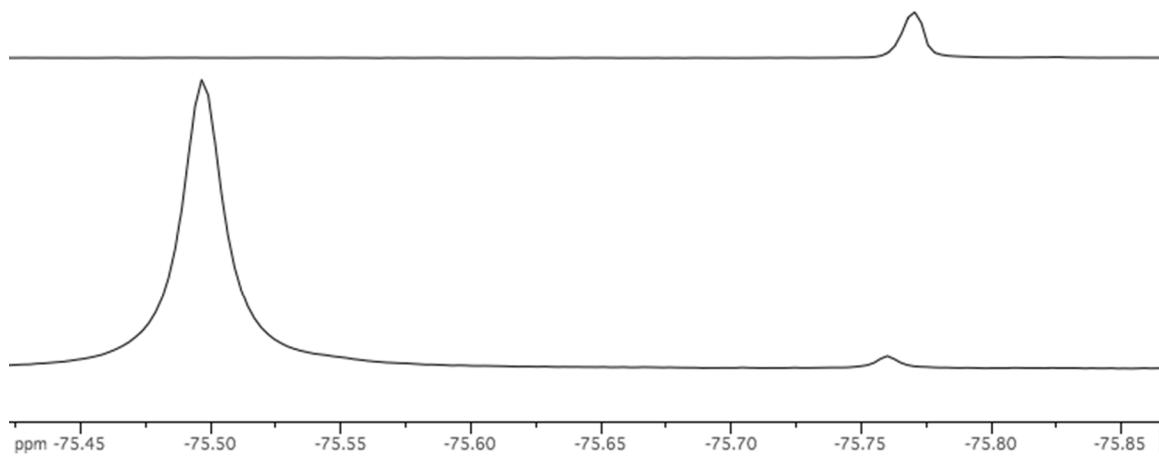


Figure S4: ^{19}F -NMR spectrum in d_8 -THF of isolated product of synthetic procedure undertaken to obtain **5** (top). ^{19}F -NMR spectrum in CD_2Cl_2 of isolated product of synthetic procedure undertaken to obtain **4** and **5** (bottom).

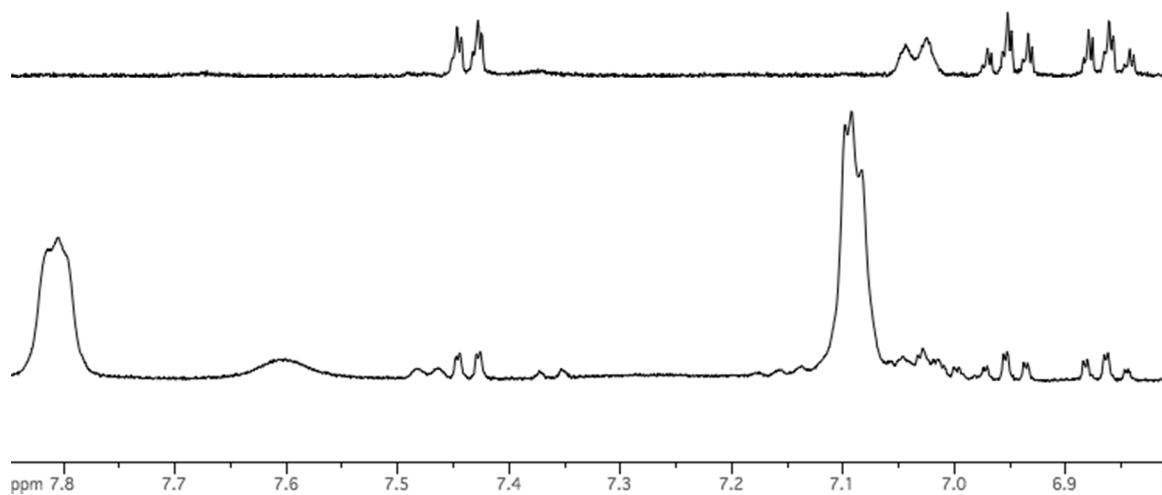


Figure S5: Phenyl region of ¹H-NMR spectrum in *d*₈-THF of crude mixture containing **5** (bottom) displaying same resonances as purified **5** (top). The top spectrum is identical to Figure S2 and was repeated for clarity.

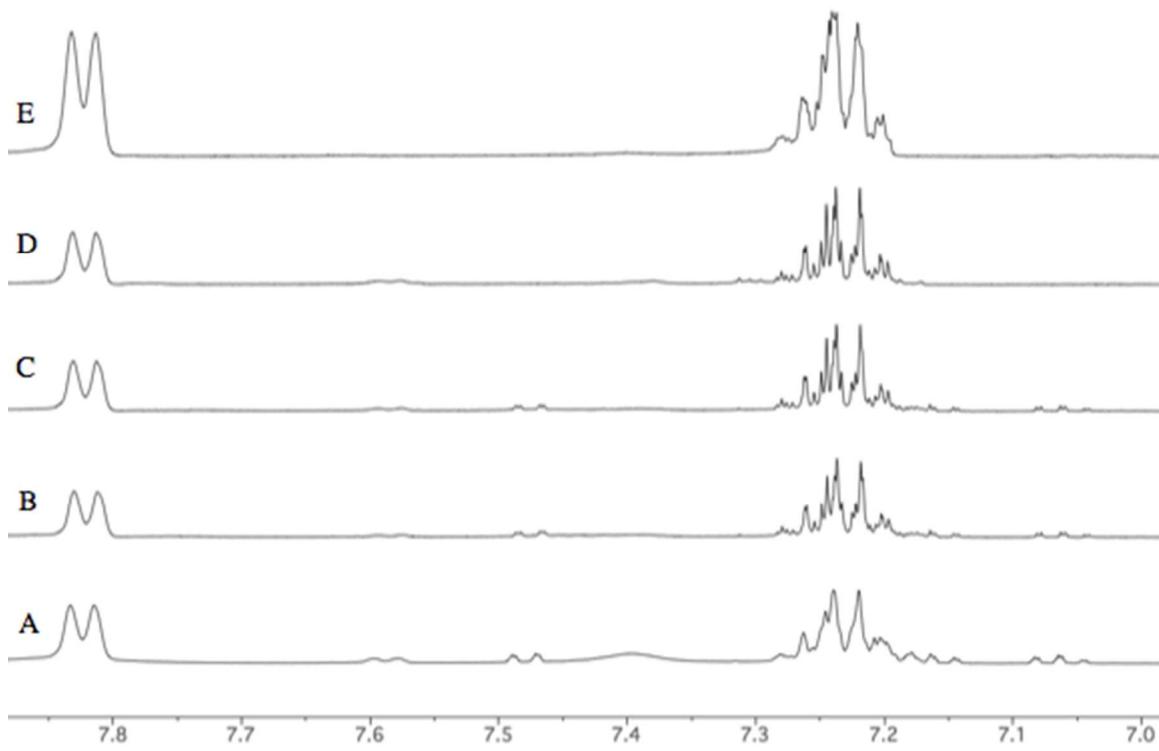


Figure S6:

- A. Phenyl region of ¹H-NMR spectrum in CD₂Cl₂ of crude product of reaction undertaken to obtain **5**.
- B. After stirring in a solution of CH₂Cl₂ for one hour in the dark.
- C. After stirring in a solution of CH₂Cl₂ for ten hours in the dark.
- D. After stirring in a solution of CH₂Cl₂ for ten hours in ambient light.
- E. Phenyl region of ¹H-NMR spectrum of independently prepared {K(18C6)}[Cu{OC(C₆H₅)(CF₃)₂}]¹ in CD₂Cl₂.

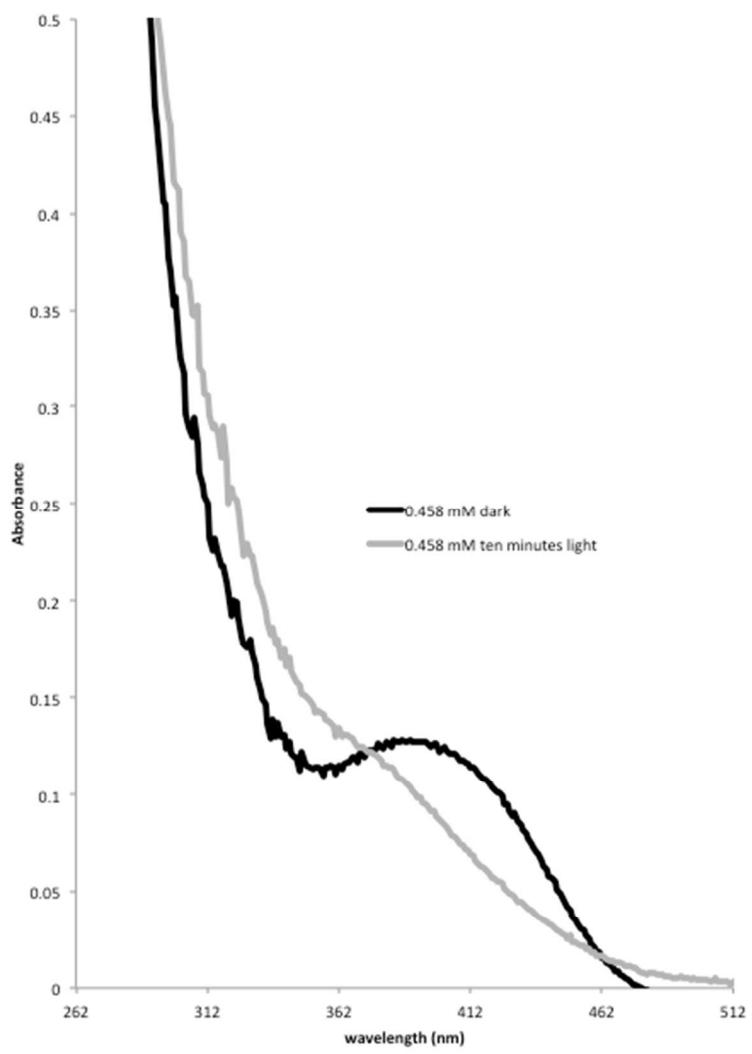


Figure S7: Ultraviolet-visible spectrum of 0.458 mM dark THF solution of **5** (black trace), and ultraviolet-visible spectrum of 0.458 mM THF solution of **5** after being exposed to light for ten minutes (grey trace).



Figure S8: Insolubility of **5** in H₂O.

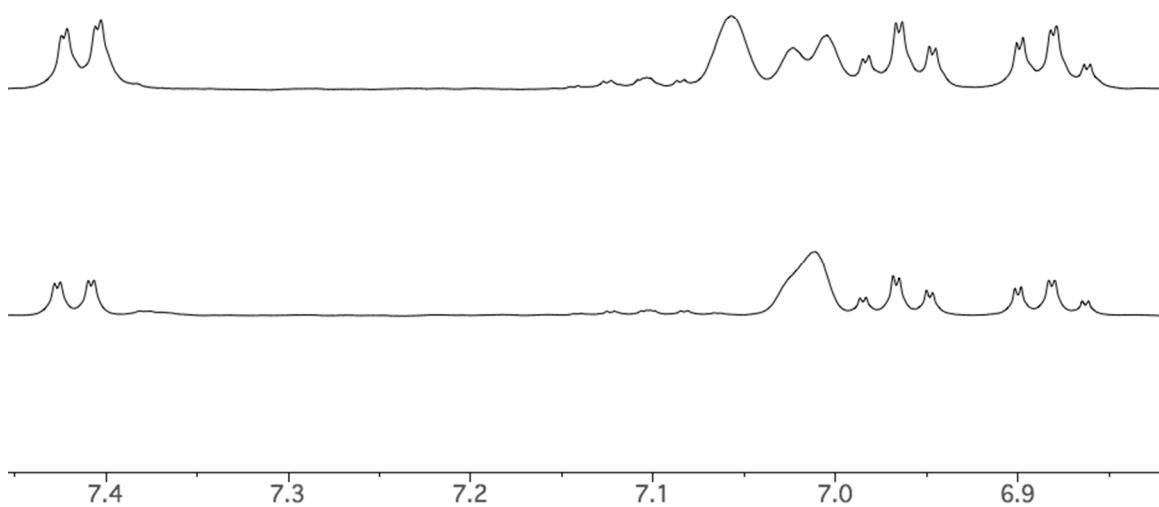


Figure S9: Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR spectrum of **5** after to exposure to H_2O for one week, directly after dissolving in $d_8\text{-THF}$ (bottom). Phenyl region of the ^1H -NMR of **5** after to exposure to H_2O for one week, twenty-four hours after dissolving in $d_8\text{-THF}$ (top).

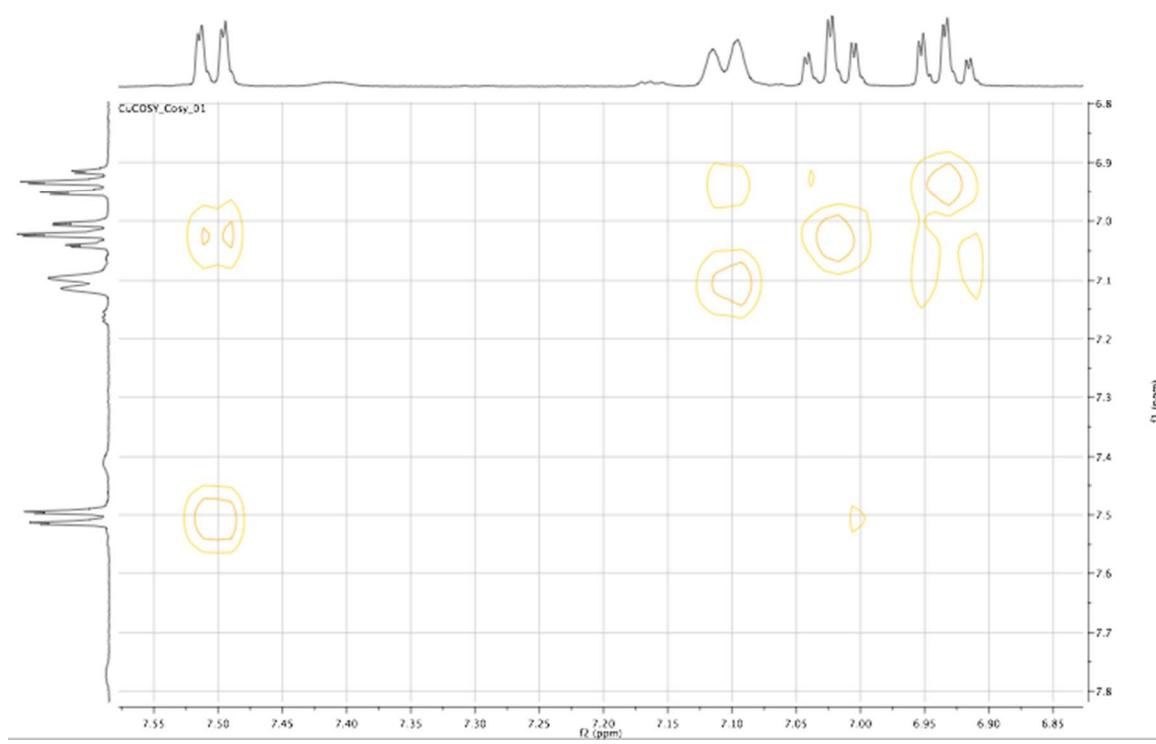


Figure S10: Phenyl region of the ^1H - ^1H COSY spectrum of **5**. ^1H -NMR resonances occupy both the horizontal and vertical axes.

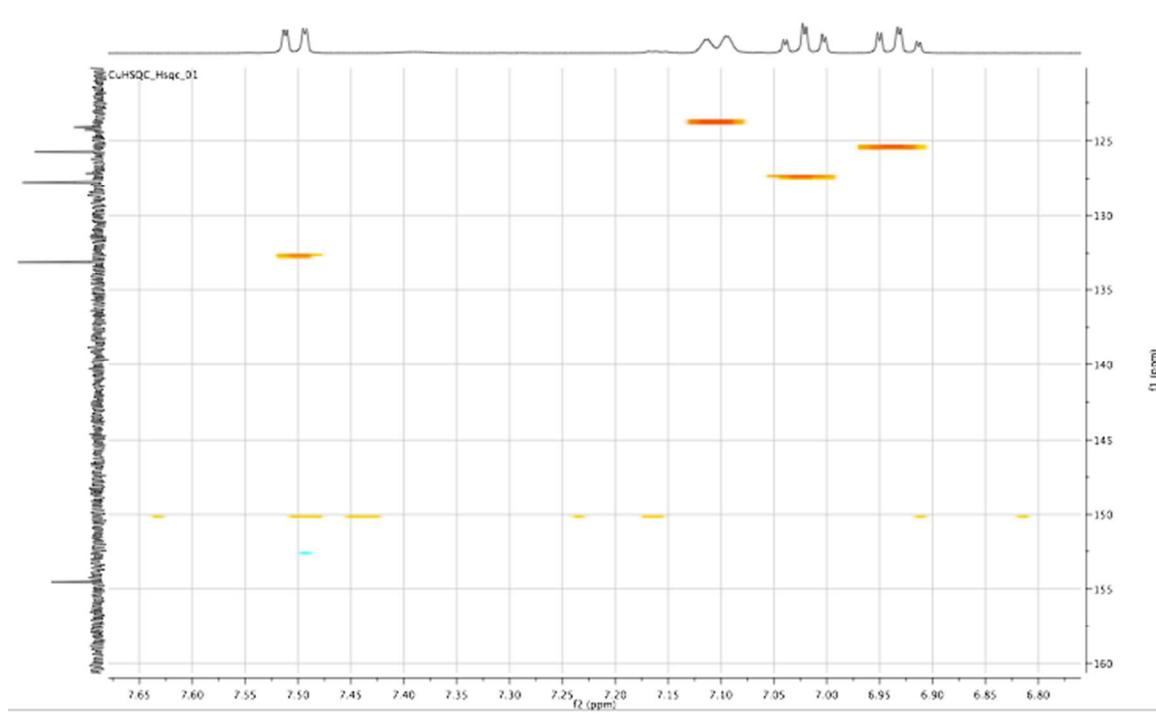


Figure S11: Phenyl region of the ^1H - ^{13}C HSQC spectrum of **5**. ^1H -NMR resonances occupy the horizontal axis and ^{13}C -NMR resonances occupy the vertical axis.

Cambridge Structural Database Search.

A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (V. 5.33)² was performed, which included a four-coordinate metal bound in the “bow-tie” geometry displayed Figure S12. This search revealed eleven structures, four of which had two coordinate oxygen atoms in the five membered chelate ring surrounding the metal center. Those structures are listed below, and all include *p*-block elements and no *d*-block transition metals.

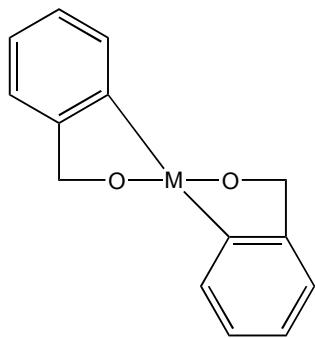


Figure S12: Motif used in Cambridge Structural Database search.

Table S3: List of search results from Cambridge Structural Database

CSD Code	Compound	M-O Distances (Å)	M-C Distances (Å)	Reference
KUWXEF	$[\text{NEt}_4][\text{Sb}(\text{OC}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)(\text{CF}_3)_2)_2]$	2.133	2.133	³
		2.139	2.162	
YAHYEL	$[\text{NEt}_4][\text{Bi}(\text{OC}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)(\text{CF}_3)_2)_2]$	2.273	2.237	⁴
		2.306	2.249	
YAHYEL10	$[\text{NEt}_4][\text{Bi}(\text{OC}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)(\text{CF}_3)_2)_2]$	2.273	2.237	⁵
		2.306	2.249	
SIRVIY	$[\text{Ge}(\text{OC}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)(\text{CF}_3)_2)_2]$	1.780	1.896	⁶
		1.791	1.900	
-	5	1.8173	1.9314	This work

References.

- (1) Lum, J. S.; Tahsini, L.; Golen, J. A.; Moore, C.; Rheingold, A. L.; Doerrer, L. H. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2013**, *19*, 6374.
- (2) Allen, F. H. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. B*: **2002**, *B58*, 380.
- (3) Akiba, K.-y.; Nakata, H.; Yamamoto, Y.; Kojima, S. *Chem. Lett.* **1992**, *21*, 1559.
- (4) Chen, X.; Yamamoto, Y.; Akiba, K.-y.; Yoshida, S.; Yasui, M.; Iwasaki, F. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1992**, *33*, 6653.
- (5) Yoshida, S.; Yasui, M.; Iwasaki, F.; Yamamoto, Y.; Chen, X.; Akiba, K. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. B*: **1994**, *B50*, 151.
- (6) Denmark, S. E.; Jacobs, R. T.; Dai-Ho, G.; Wilson, S. *Organometallics* **1990**, *9*, 3015.