

Supporting Information

Interactions of Multimodal Ligands with Proteins: Insights into Selectivity using Molecular Dynamics Simulations

Siddharth Parimal, Shekhar Garde, Steven M. Cramer*

*Howard P. Isermann Department of Chemical and Biological Engineering and Center for
Biotechnology and Interdisciplinary Studies,
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 110 8th Street, Troy, NY, 12180*

**Corresponding author. E-mail: crames@rpi.edu; Phone: (518) 276-6198.*

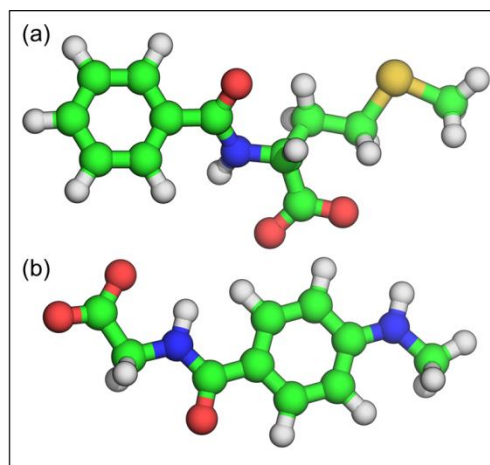


Figure S1. Multimodal ligands studied for interactions with proteins: (a) Capto MMC, and (b) Nuvia cPrime. (Color code for atoms: green=carbon, white=hydrogen, red=oxygen, blue=nitrogen, yellow=sulfur). Figure 2a is reprinted (adapted) with permission from [31]. Copyright © 2014 American Chemical Society.

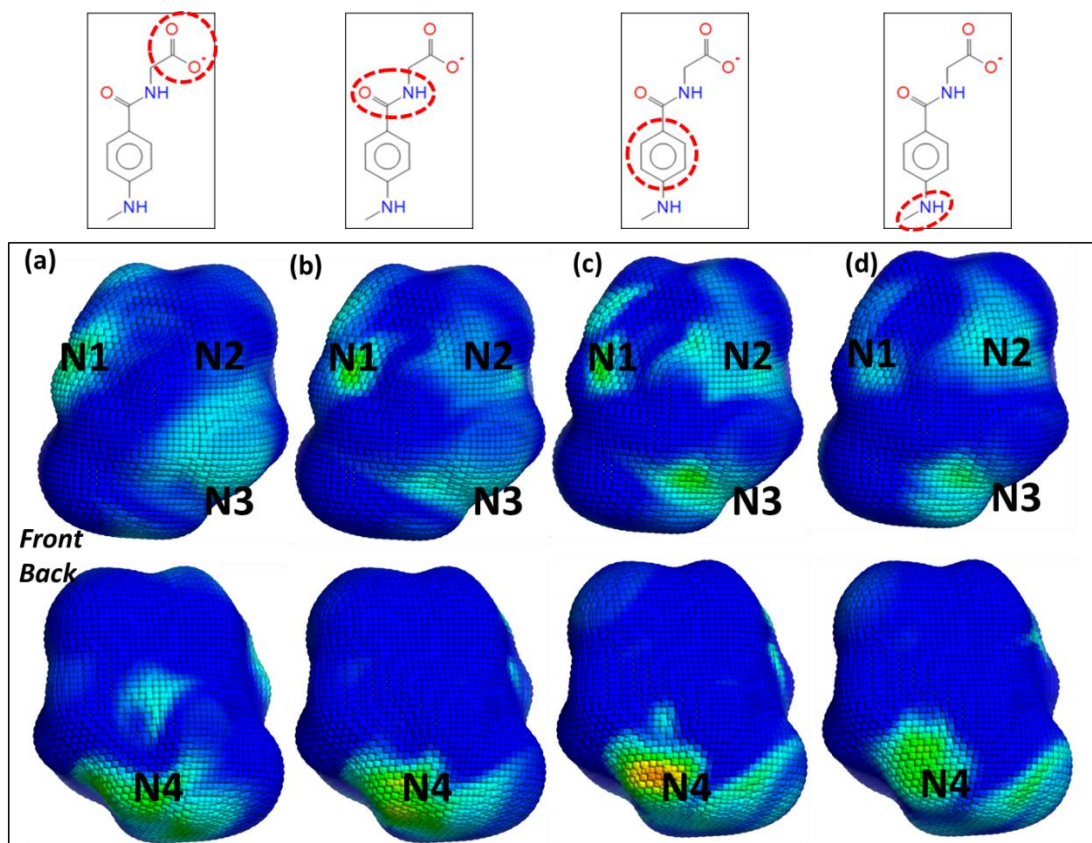


Figure S2. ρ/ρ_0 values plotted for different subgroups of the Nuvia cPrime ligand in the local domain of cytochrome C (top: front face, and bottom: back face): (a) carboxylate group, (b) amide group, (c) benzene group, and (d) amine group. Red indicates regions of high ligand density ($\rho/\rho_0 \sim 130$) while blue indicates regions of low ligand density ($\rho/\rho_0 \sim 1$). Values are plotted at the protein density interface with $\rho' = 0.2$.

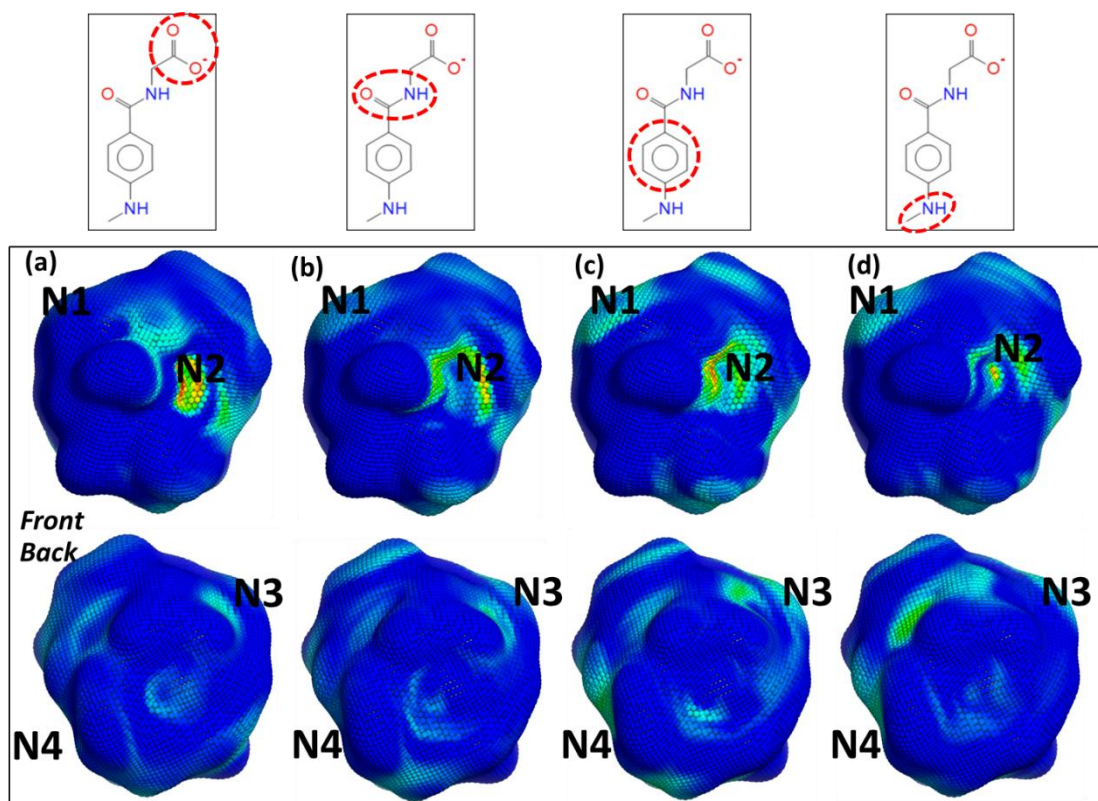


Figure S3. ρ/ρ_0 values plotted for different subgroups of the Nuvia cPrime ligand in the local domain of α -chymotrypsinogen A (top: front face, and bottom: back face): (a) carboxylate group, (b) amide group, (c) benzene group, and (d) amine group. Red indicates regions of high ligand density ($\rho/\rho_0 \sim 130$) while blue indicates regions of low ligand density ($\rho/\rho_0 \sim 1$). Values are plotted at the protein density interface with $\rho' = 0.2$.

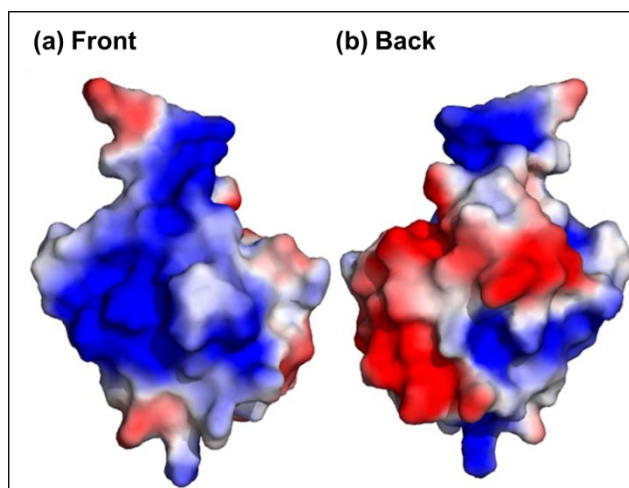


Figure S4. Electrostatic potential map of ubiquitin: (a) front, and (b) back. Blue indicates a value of $2kT/e$ and red indicates a value of $-2kT/e$.

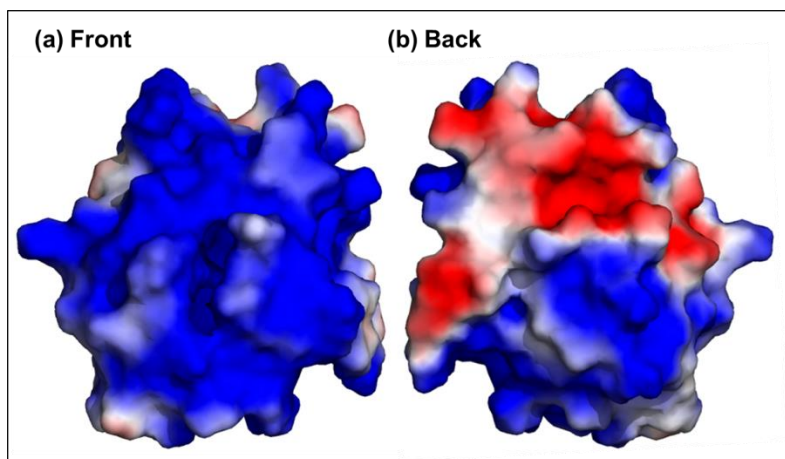


Figure S5. Electrostatic potential map of cytochrome C: (a) front, and (b) back. Blue indicates a value of $2kT/e$ and red indicates a value of $-2kT/e$.

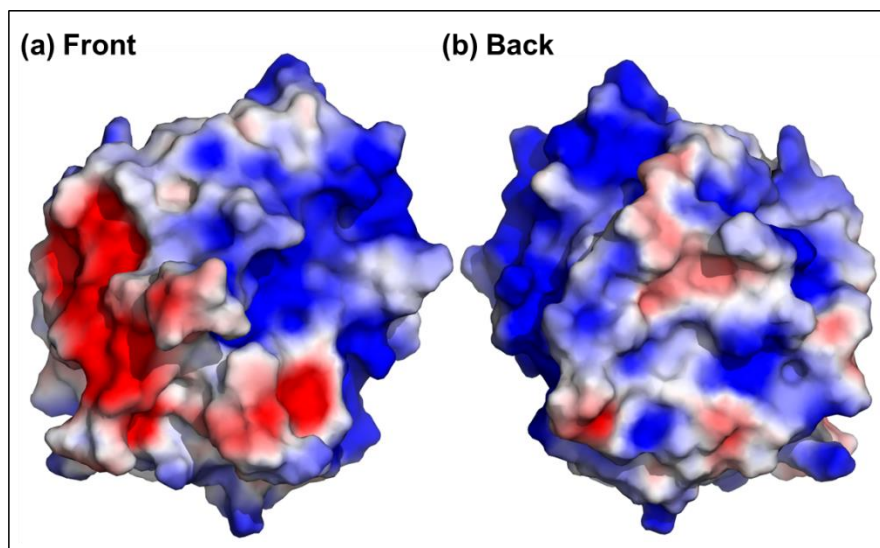


Figure S6. Electrostatic potential map of α -chymotrypsinogen A: (a) front, and (b) back. Blue indicates a value of $2kT/e$ and red indicates a value of $-2kT/e$.

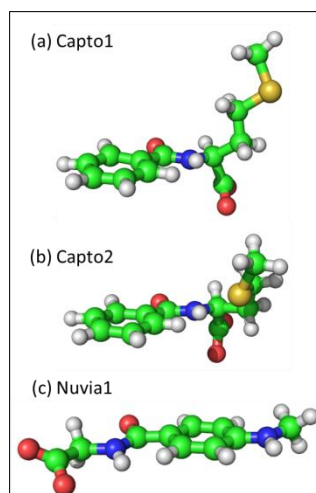


Figure S7. Dominant ligand conformations identified for the two multimodal ligands: (a-b) Capto MMC, and (c) Nuvia cPrime in bulk water.