

Gaseous Mercury Release During Steam-Curing Cellular Concretes that Contain Fly Ash and Activated Carbon Sorbent

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Supporting Information

1 Table, 1 Figure, 2 Pages

Table S1. Formulations for 20- kg Batches of Cellular Concretes.

Concrete	Water	Cement	Sand	Fly Ash	Burnt Lime	HgPAC	Al Powder
	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	g	g
FA0	<i>7.507</i>	<i>4.214</i>	<i>7.230</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1.039</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>20</i>
FA50	<i>7.507</i>	<i>4.214</i>	<i>3.615</i>	<i>3.615</i>	<i>1.039</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>20</i>
FA100	<i>7.507</i>	<i>4.214</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>7.230</i>	<i>1.039</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>20</i>
HgPAC	<i>7.507</i>	<i>4.214</i>	<i>3.515</i>	<i>3.615</i>	<i>1.039</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>20</i>

Figure S1. Temperatures of FA100 Concrete Block and Steam Chamber during Curing of Concrete.

