



UNIVERSITY
OF
JOHANNESBURG

<u>FACULTY</u>	:	Education
<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	:	Department of Childhood Education (CALT)
<u>CAMPUS</u>	:	SWC
<u>MODULE</u>	:	ZUI1BB1(ADL) Zulu for Intermediate Phase 1B (ADL)
<u>SEMESTER</u>	:	Second
<u>EXAM</u>	:	Final

<u>DATE</u>	:	9 November 2019	<u>SESSION</u>	:	2
<u>ASSESSOR(S)</u>	:	MR A. CASSIEM			
<u>MODERATOR</u>	:	MS F SIMELANE			
<u>DURATION</u>	:	2 HOURS	<u>MARKS</u>	:	100

Surname and Initials / Isibongo namanishela:

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Student Number / Inombolo yomfundi:.....

NUMBER OF PAGES: 12 PAGES

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Answer ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THE SPACES PROVIDED
Phendula YONKE IMIBUZO EZIKHALENI EZINIKIWE.

QUESTION 1 / UMBUZO 1: Locatives / Ondaweni

1.1 Correct the words in brackets by supplying the correct locative derived form in each case.

1.1.1. NgoMgqibelo baya (ipulazi) Bathenga ukudla (isitolo)

'On Saturday they go to the farm. They buy food at the shop.'

1.1.2. Izulu lina kakhulu (ihlobo) kodwa alini kakhulu (ubusika)

'It rains a lot during summer but it does not rain much in winter.'

1.1.3. Ngihlezi (isitulo)

'I am sitting on a chair.'

1.1.4. Ufunda (isikole)noma ufunda (ikhaya) ?

'Are you learning at school or you learning at home?'

1.1.5. Ubona amafu (izulu) na?

'Do you see the clouds in the sky?'

1.1.6. Ake ungilinde (isango) ngizokufica khona.

'Please wait for me at the gate I'll get you there.'

1.1.7. Thina asihlali (iGoli) , sihlala (iTheku)

'We do not live in Johannesburg, we live in Durban.'

1.1.8. Sivakasha (umalume) Asivakashi (ugogo)

'We are visiting at the place of uncle, we are not visiting grandmother.'

1.1.9. Faka inyama (indishi) ufake indishi (isitofu)

'Put the meat in a dish and put the dish in the stove (the oven).'

1.1.10. Khipha imali (isikhwama) ngifuna ukugeza ibhulukwe.

'Take out the money from the pocket I want to wash the trousers.'

(8)

- 1.2 The locativized nouns in the text below have been marked. Explain how each locativized noun has been changed from a common noun to its locativized form as indicated in the example.

e.g. *esiteshini* (< *isiteshi* > **e**siteshi + **i**n*i*)

Uma siya edolobheni^{1.2.1} siya esikhumulweni^{1.2.2} samabhasi. Sigibela
ebhasini^{1.2.3}. Sithenga umuthi ekhemisi^{1.2.4}

- 1.2.1
- 1.2.2
- 1.2.3
- 1.2.4
- (4)

- 1.3 Write down a sentence in isiZulu using each of the following locative prefixes, then translate your sentence into English:

- 1.3.1 /kwa-/
-

- 1.3.2 /ku-/
-

(4)

[16]

QUESTION 2 / UMBUZO 2: **Nouns and the Noun Class system / Amabizo nezigaba zamabizo**

- 2.1 Identify the noun prefix of each of the nouns listed below and then fill in its singular or plural form in the blank spaces on the table.

Noun prefix	Singular	Plural	English
	izinyo		tooth
		izifuba	chest
	inhlanzi		fish
		amanzi	water
	umfula		river
		izinkamba	clay pot
	ulimi		language
		amakhosi	chief
	umholi		leader
		imigodi	holes
	isitha		enemy
		amasokisi	socks
	ulwandle		sea
		ababhali	writers
	ubuhlalu		bead
		obani	who
	umlotha		ash
		abazali	parents
	ukubona		to see
	ushizi		cheese

(20)

- 2.2 Examine the picture below and write down 5 (FIVE) nouns which you can see in the text and in the picture, completing the table by following the example given.

Endleleni, uJojo
wahlangana
nomninizilaha,
owamkhombisa
ubhontshisi omhlanu
owawunomlingo. UJojo
wamnika inkomazi
wathatha ubhontshisi
onomlingo.

Ngizothenga
le nkomo ngalo
bhontshisi
onomlingo.

Kodwa umama wami uthe
ngimtholele imali.

Umama kaJojo wathukuthela.
Wajikijela ubhontshisi
ngefasitela. Balala bengadlile
noJojo ukudla kungekho.

Ukuthi
wubhontshisi
onomlingo!

Umuphe inkomo yethu
ngenxa kabhontshisi
omhlanu?

Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

Noun	Noun Class	Singular/Plural	English
e.g. inkomo	9	izinkomo	Cow /cows
2.2.1			
2.2.2			
2.2.3			
2.2.4			
2.2.5			

(10)

[30]

**QUESTION 3 / UMBUZO 3: Subject and Object Morphemes / Izivumelwano
zikaMenzi noMenziwa**

- 3.1 Explain with examples, the formation of Subject Morphemes (SM). In your explanation, clarify the role these morphemes play in the sentence. (5)

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3.2 Represent the Object with its Object morpheme in the sentences below. Write down only the verb in your answer.

3.2.1 Izisebenzi zigibela isitimela

3.2.2 Umama upheka ukudla.

3.2.3 Amadoda ageza izimoto.

3.2.4 Thina silanda impuphu esitolo.

3.2.5 Bona bathanda amanzi.

3.2.6 Izilwane zidla umuntu.

3.2.7 Ingane ithanda ubisi.

3.2.8 Amajuba adla ummbila.

3.2.9 Izindlovu zidla utshani na?

3.2.10 Iphoyisa ligibela ibhayisikili.

(5)

[10]

QUESTION 4 / UMBUZO 4: **Verbs and Tenses / Izenzo nenkathi yesenzo**

4.1 Supply the negative of the following sentences. Write down only the verb.

4.1.1 Impompi iyavuza.

4.1.2 Umfundisi wafunda incwadi.

4.1.3 Amadoda abulale inyoka.

4.1.4 Ijuba lizodla izimbewu.

4.1.5 Thina siyoqeda e-UJ ngo-2022.....

(5)

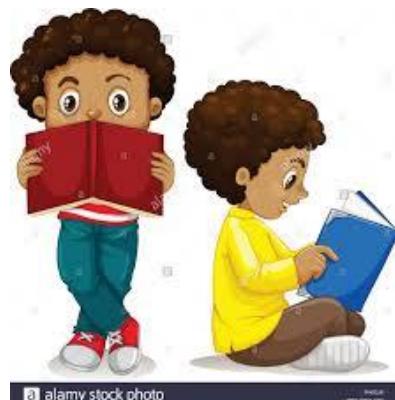
4.2 Explain the use of the long and short form in the immediate/near past tense.
Use the words given below in your explanation.

Nifikile	Ziphuze amanzi	Sidlile	Bazithengile izincwadi	Abafundanga
You all arrived	They drank water	We ate	They bought them, the books	They did not study

(10)

4.3 Write down 5 sentences in the negative of the immediate future tense using the pictures below. Here are some words to assist:

ubaba	-funda	abantwana	-hleka	-lalela
father	read	children	laugh	listen



4.3.1

4.3.2

4.3.3

4.3.4

4.3.5

(5)

[20]

QUESTION 5 / UMBUZO 5: **Adverbs and Adjectives / Izandiso neziphawulo**

Supply the correct form of the Adjective given in brackets in each of the following sentences. Then translate the sentence into English.

e.g. Ngibone imoto (-hle) esikoleni.

Ngibone imoto enhle esikoleni.

I saw a nice car at school.

5.1 E-UJ sifunda nabafundi (-ningi).

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5.2 Obaba bathanda ukudla (-hle) ebusuku.

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5.3 Umntwana ngumuntu (-ncane).

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5.4 Nina nithanda izindaba (-dala) njalo.

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5.5 Imoto (-khulu) ihamba kahle.

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5.6 Uthisha akathandi ukubona ingozi (-bi).

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5.7 Umngane wami uthenge izicathulo (-sha) izolo.

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[14]

QUESTION 6 / UMBUZO 6:

Short essay / Indaba emfushane

Write a short paragraph of ten full isiZulu sentences on any one of the topics below.

- 6.1 Umndeni wakithi (My family)
 - 6.2 Ngiya ekhaya ngo-Desemba (I am going home in December).
 - 6.3 Ngifuna ukuba uthisha omuhle (I want to be a good teacher).
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[10]

Total Marks: [100]