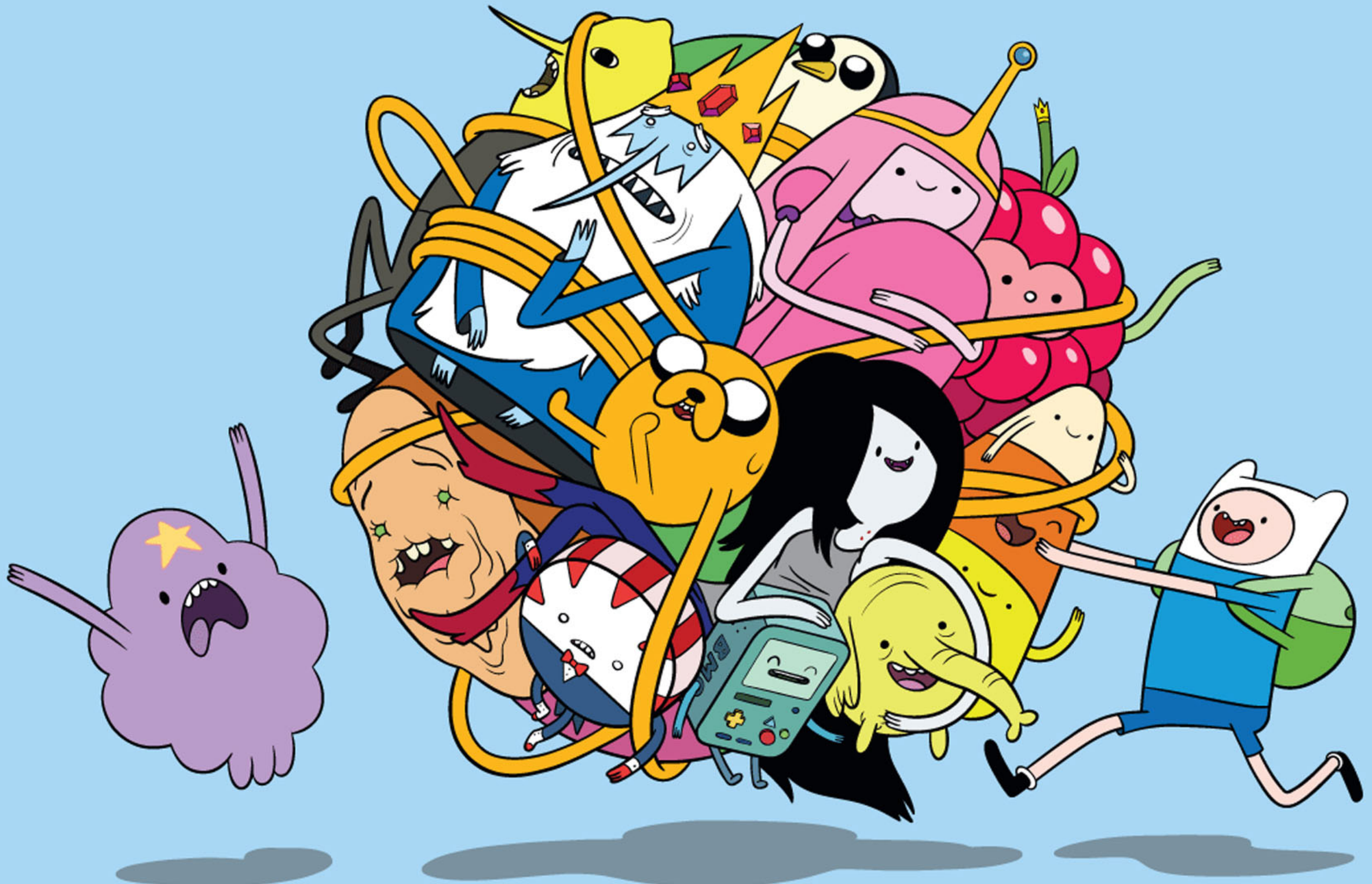


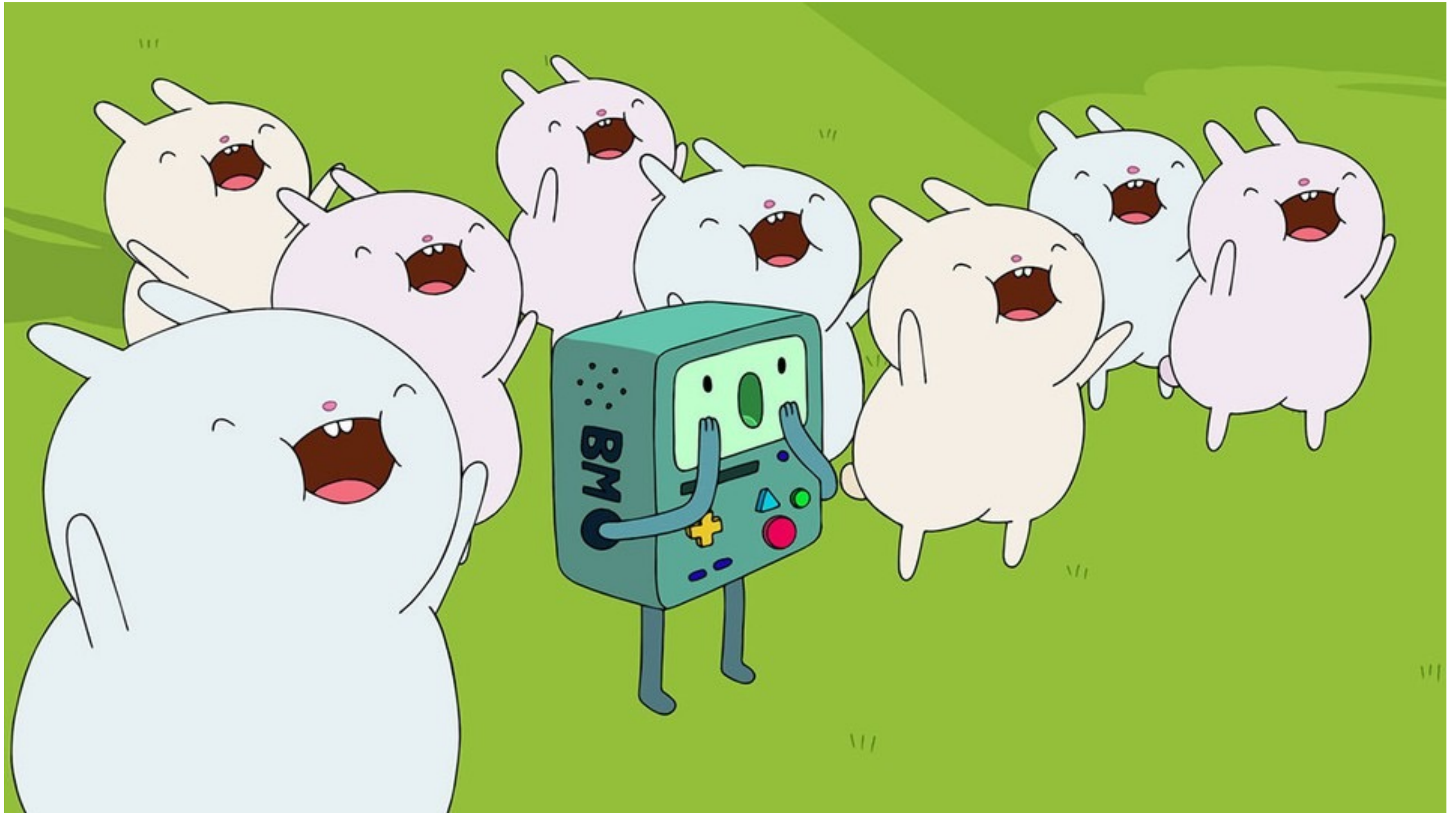
# exploratory data analysis & **models** in R



@cjlortie

untangle, describe, predict, share, advance understanding

read data/build frame  
inspect data structure  
visualize data  
EDA  
fit model



EDA != the statistical model



# EDA



creative adventures with your data

**EDA**

[

structure  
scope of inference  
data quality

]

# statistical model



an elegant, representative simplification of the patterns  
identified through data viz & EDA

**model**

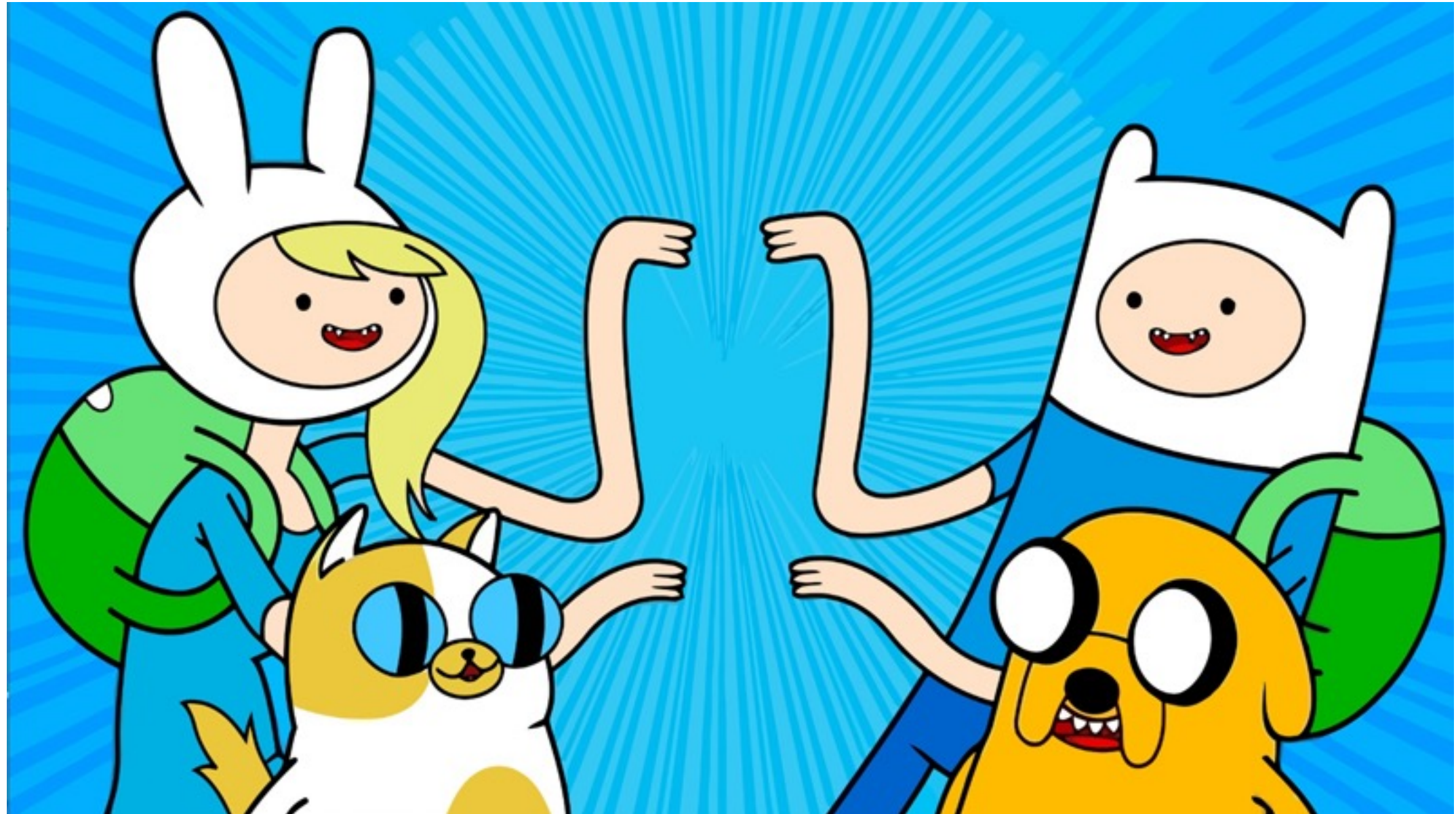
[

convey structure  
support evidence  
estimate probability

]



two kinds of statistical models



descriptive or predictive





time travel  
backward or forward  
but not both

effective model use is still **process** not product



effect sizes and coefficients



fit, inspect, mine

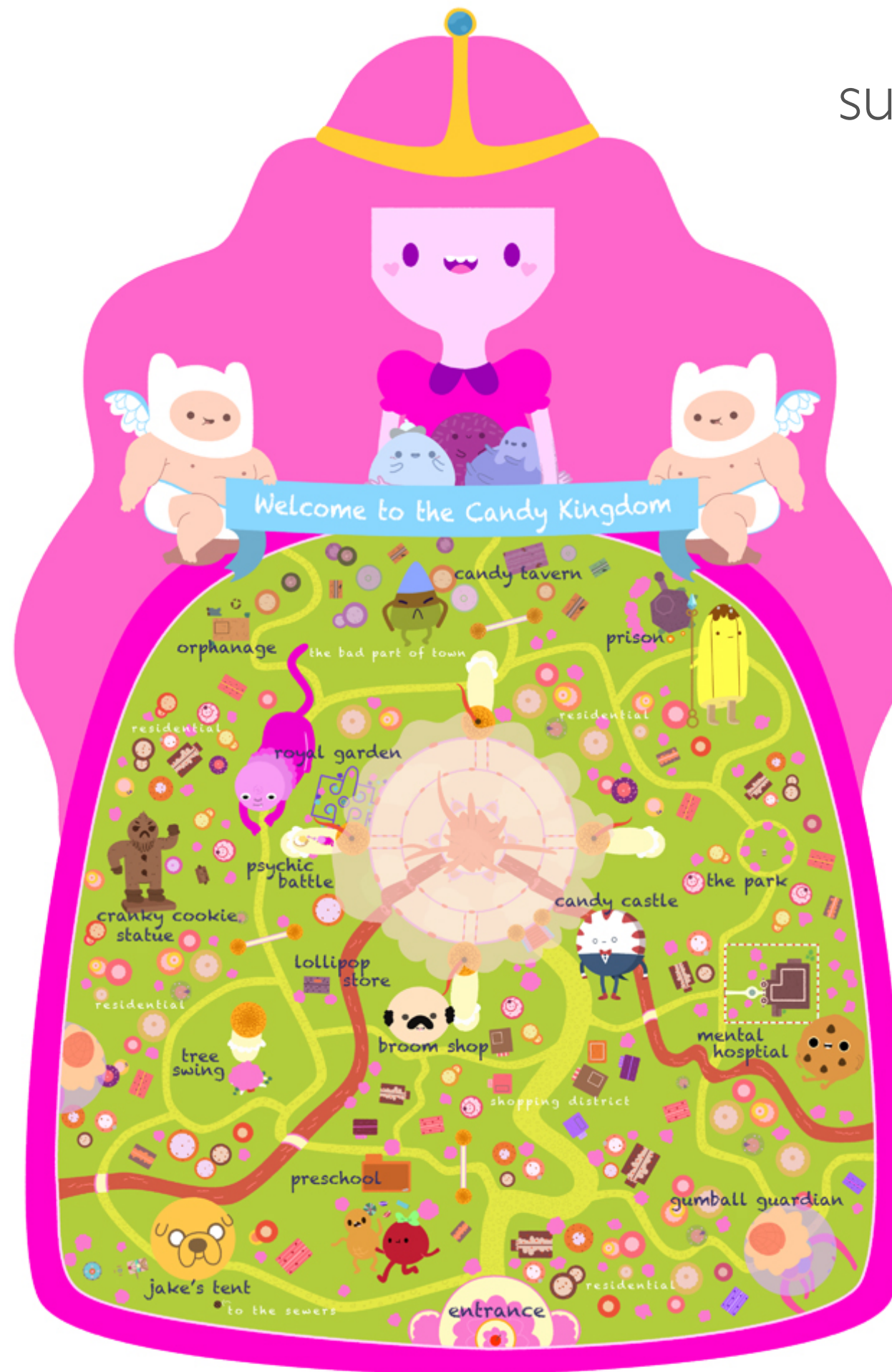
ZEZZZ



Symbol	Example	Meaning
+	+X	include this variable
−	−X	delete this variable
:	X : Z	include the interaction between these variables
*	X*Y	include these variables and the interactions between them
	X   Z	conditioning: include x given z
^	(X + Z + W) ^ 3	include these variables and all interactions up to three way
I	I (X*Z)	as is: include a new variable consisting of these variables multiplied
1	X − 1	intercept: delete the intercept (regress through the origin)

t.test to GLMM

summary and coef



predict  
make\_prediction  
add\_predictions  
add\_residuals



train & test



predictions are for new outcomes & naive data



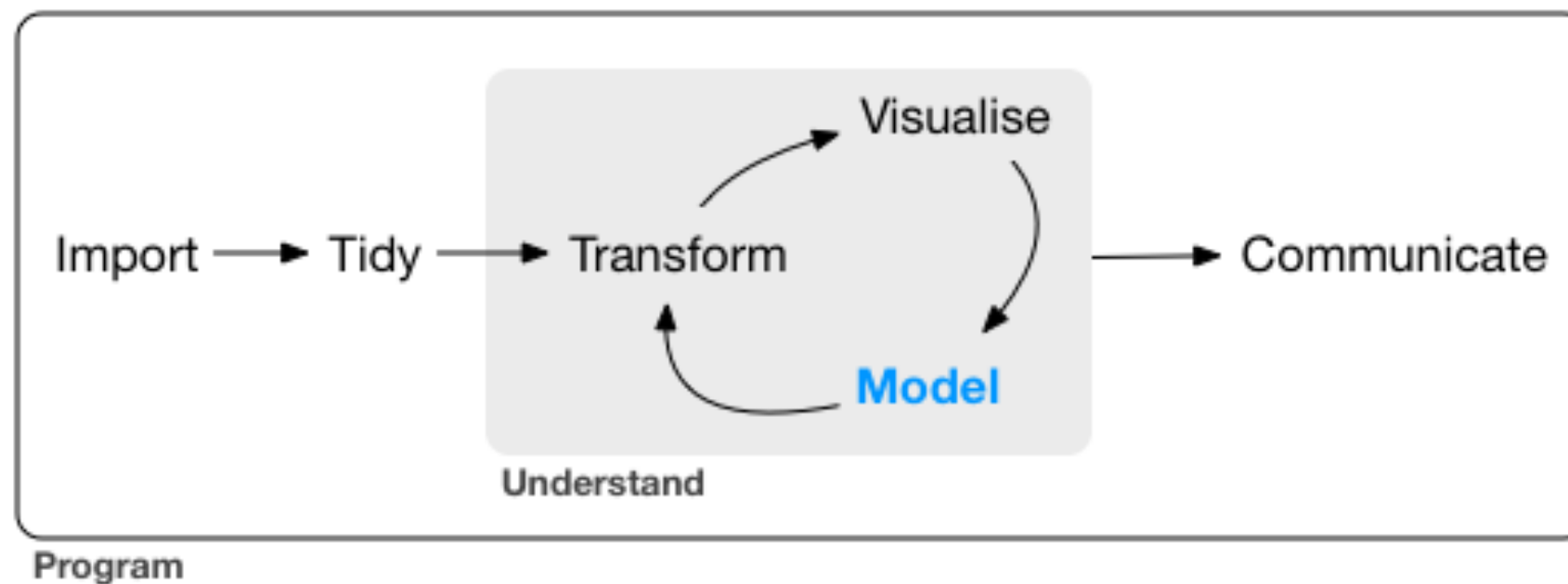
bootstrapping



fixed or random effects



big picture of models is to advance understanding



‘R for Data Science’ convergence with R for statistics