

Recognition and characterization of small-scale

sand inejctites in seismic data: Implications for

reservoir development

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Preface

- This Powerpoint displays a summary of the seismic modelling results presented in the article «Recognition and characterization of small-scale sand inejctites in seismic data: Implications for reservoir development» by Alma Dzozlic Bradaric, Trond Andersen, Isabelle Lecomte, Helge Løseth and Christian Haug Eide, submitted for review March 2021.
- The PowerPoint allows the reader to flip through all the seismic modelling results in order to
 easily visualize the changes in seismic signature and detectability of the modelled sand injectite
 structures.





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Conceptual small-scale sand injectite above reservoir:

- Three different geometries are modelled
- Width and geological dip of the different structures is varied.
- Length of the sand inejctites is kept constant (50 m)







Single sand injectite models





Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 90°





Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 60°





Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 30°





Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 90°





Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 60°













Conceptual models: Single sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 30°







Cross-cutting sand injectite models





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 80°





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 50°





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 5 m, dip: 30°





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 80°





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 50°





Conceptual models: Cross-cutting sand injectites

• Width: 15 m, dip: 30°







V-shaped sand injectites



• Width: 5 m, dip: 50°



• Width: 5 m, dip: 20°





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• Width: 15 m, dip: 50°



• Width: 15 m, dip: 20°







Realistic sand injectite models

 Sand injectite structures obtained from interpretations of outcrop analogues from the Panoche Hills (USA) and emplaced above the Grane reservoir





Model 1





• Geological input model





· Synthetic seismic image without sand injectites above the reservoir







• Synthetic seismic image with sand injectites above the reservoir









Geological model superimposed onto the synthetic seismic image of Model 1



















Model 2





• Geological input model





• Synthetic seismic image without sand injectites above the reservoir







• Synthetic seismic image with sand injectites above the reservoir









Geological model superimposed onto the synthetic seismic image of Model 2

















Sand injectite models at thicknesses comparable to well observations from the Grane Field (North Sea):

- The sand injectite structures from Panoche Hills (USA) are downscaled according to well observations from the Grane field
- The structures have thickness from 0-0.5 m and located within a distance of 0-10 m from the top reservoir.





• Geological input model



Geological input model

(number of sand injectites doubled from Grane model 1)



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• With sand injectites above the reservoir







• With sand injectites above the reservoir





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