GPUs on NeSI

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Outline





2 GPU case studies

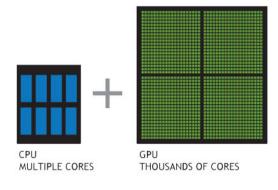




Background

New Zealand eScience Infrastructure Growth and development of future capabilities.

CPUs and GPUs





- GPUs (Graphics Processing Units) are accelerators that can be used with CPUs to boost the performance of many applications.
- Offload compute intensive portions of the code to GPUs and leave the remainder of the code on the CPU
- Design philosophy
 - CPUs consist of a small number of powerful cores
 - GPUs consist of thousands of lighter weight cores, designed to process parallel workloads efficiently

CPU vs GPU





CPU vs GPU







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CPU vs GPU









GPUs: why now?



- Current GPUs on NeSI
 - ~8 NVIDIA P100s on Mahuika (some more on Maui Ancillary nodes too)
- Adding new GPU capability
 - NVIDIA A100 and AMD MI100
 - Should be a significant improvement (more powerful, more memory, ...)
 - Coming soon . . .
- Good time to think about using GPUs
 - Performance is increasing significantly
 - Getting easier to use



How can you utilise GPUs?



- ① Your software already has support for GPUs or has been ported by somebody else
 - May be as simple as requesting a GPU from Slurm (low effort)
 - Good support in high level languages: Python cupy, MATLAB gpu arrays, Julia, ...
- ❷ Calling GPU libraries (cuBLAS, cuFFT, ...) to offload expensive calculations
 - Often low effort (especially if the GPU library has the same API as non-GPU; could just require relinking)
- **③** Adapt your code to offload loops onto the GPU using an API like OpenACC
 - Some more effort required but generally doesn't require big changes to a code base; could just be adding pragma statements to loops
 - Good support from compilers is limited (PGI, maybe Cray and GNU)
- **4** Writing custom GPU kernels using a language such as CUDA
 - More effort and could require significant changes to code base (more maintenance, possibly less portable) but greatest flexibility



GPU case studies

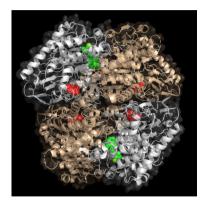
New Zealand eScience Infrastructure Growth and development of future capabilities

Case study – GPU support in the software

Protein Modelling – Dr Wanting Jiao, VUW

- Why GPUs?
 - Very computationally expensive
 - Know that NAMD come with good GPU support builtin
- How did we utilise GPUs?
 - NVIDIA provide a container for NAMD: https://ngc.nvidia.com
 - Very simple to run on the GPUs: https: //support.nesi.org.nz/hc/en-gb/articles/ 360001500156-NVIDIA-GPU-Containers
- Outcome
 - Performance on 1 P100 GPU is roughly the same as 3 full Maui nodes (120 cores)





Case study – GPU libraries

Tropical Circulation Model – Dr Gilles Bellon, UoA

- Why GPUs?
 - Wants to move to higher resolution grids
 - Matrix multiplication is a bottleneck
- How did we utilise GPUs?
 - MKL for multithreaded dgemm
 - Added an option to use dgemm from cuBLAS
 - CMake enables easy switching
- Outcome
 - GPU matrix multiplication 36% faster than MKL 16 threads and comparable to MKL 32 threads







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Case study – OpenACC

High Performance Marketing Insights - Dr Damien Mather, UoO

- The bottleneck in his current approach is the log determinant calculation, $\mathcal{O}(n^3)$
- Started with an MPI implementation of the Condensation method
- Adding a couple of lines of OpenACC directives gave a 13x speedup over the serial CPU version
- Managed memory makes it really easy to try offloading loops to the GPU (no need to explicitly copy data between host and device)



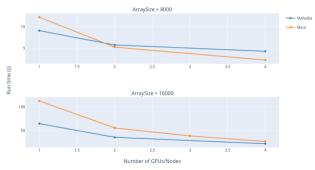


Case study – OpenACC

High Performance Marketing Insights – Dr Damien Mather, UoO

- NeSI Consultancy to optimise data locality
 - Additional 2.1x speedup
 - Increased code complexity
- P100s perform similarly to full Maui nodes
- Most of the gains came from adding a couple of lines of OpenACC directives!
- Not invasive compiling without OpenACC flags still works

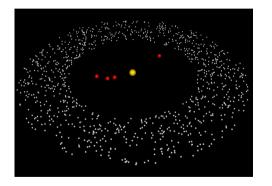
Comparing Maui nodes to Mahuika GPUs





Case study – Custom CUDA code Solar System – Dr Philip Sharp, UoA

- Based on the CUDA N-body reference
 - implementation, ${\cal O}(N^2)$
 - Thousands of bodies maps to thousands of threads on the GPU
 - Each thread computes (part of) the acceleration for a single body
 - This calculation is not feasible on a CPU only

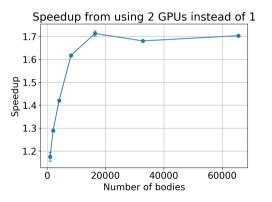




Case study – Custom CUDA code

Solar System – Dr Philip Sharp, UoA

- NeSI Consultancy to implement a multi-GPU version (within a single node) to squeeze out even more performance
- Use CUDA pinned memory to get truly asynchronous memory copies between a single host thread to multiple devices
- 1.7× speedup for numbers of bodies good boost for an already optimised code







Summary

New Zealand eScience nfrastructure Growth and development of future capabilities.



- NeSI is getting new GPUs
- · Good time to think about whether you can take advantage of them
 - Performance and ease of use have increased a lot
 - Does not always require much time or effort
- If your code doesn't support GPUs already then OpenACC or GPU libraries (such as cuBLAS) are a good place to start looking
- Always profile first to make sure you aren't wasting your time
- NeSI Consultancy can help:

https://www.nesi.org.nz/services/consultancy



NZ Research Software Engineers Conference

Help us plan the programme! Email <u>events@nesi.org.nz</u> to get involved.

Spring 2021

Who attends:

- Researchers and academics who code
- Software engineers & system admins working in the research domain
- Generalists who bring together the research and technical domains
- Developers, IT managers, coding enthusiasts, and big data analysts from Crown Research Institutes, universities, and other public sector organisations



NeSI @ eResearch NZ - Talks & Workshops:

Wednesday 10 Feb

13:00 - 17:00 - Maxime Rio - Machine Learning on NeSI 101

13:20 - 13:40 - Jun Huh - Taonga: building a data repository for genomics research in New Zealand

13:20 - 13:40 - Dinindu Senanayake -Paving the way for Bioinformatics excellence in New Zealand

14:20 - 15:00 - Brian Flaherty - Moving data: getting up to speed with Globus and Science DMZ

15:50 - 16:50 - Jana Makar - Challenge Accepted: Responding to community feedback for supporting diversity in HPC & eResearch

Thursday 11 Feb

11:00 - 11:20 - Maxime Rio - Data science consultancies at NeSI: A whirlwind tour of case studies

13:30 - 13:50 - Chris Scott - GPUs on NeSI

13:50 - 14:10 - Georgina Rae - Building Partnerships for eResearch

14:10 - 14:30 - Wolfgang Hayek - NeSI Consultancies - Evolving a Scientific Programming Service

14:40 - 15:00 - Albert Savary - Software on NeSI

15:00 - 15:20 - Jeff Zais - Taking Advantage of Technology Innovations in the Next Generation of NeSI HPC Infrastructure

15:20 - 15:40 - Callum Walley - Virtual Desktops for HPC



Thursday 11 Feb (cont.)

15:20 - 15:40 - Robin Bensley - Staying connected in an evolving eResearch ecosystem

16:00 - 17:00 - Megan Guidry - Sowing the seeds of capability: Experience what Carpentries instructor training is all about

Friday 12 Feb

11:20 - 12:30 - Nick Jones - Future of eResearch

12:20 - 12:30 - José Filipe Gonçalves Higino -Coaching great practices of describing a problem

13:30 - 14:30 - Blair Bethwaite - Embracing cloud-native architectures

13:30 - 14:30 - Alexander Pletzer and Nooriyah Lohani - Who needs research software engineers?

13:30 - 14:30 - Georgina Rae - FAIR for Research Software