



A core model for forecasting the dynamics of a fire-prone ecosystem

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science & innovation

Department:
Science and Innovation
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

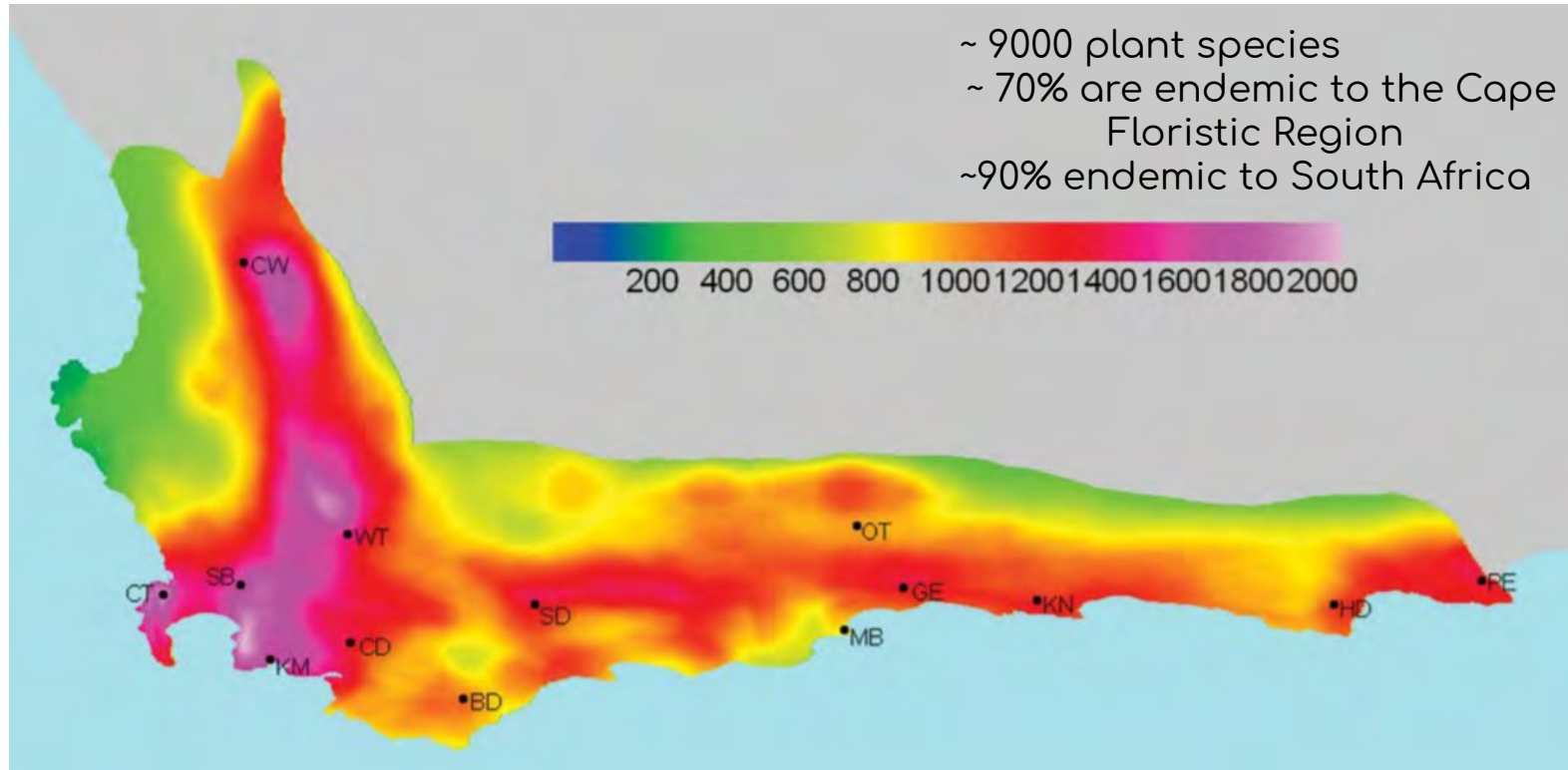


SAEON

South African Environmental
Observation Network

Fynbos

Species Diversity (Freiberg and Manning 2013)



Fynbos



Fynbos

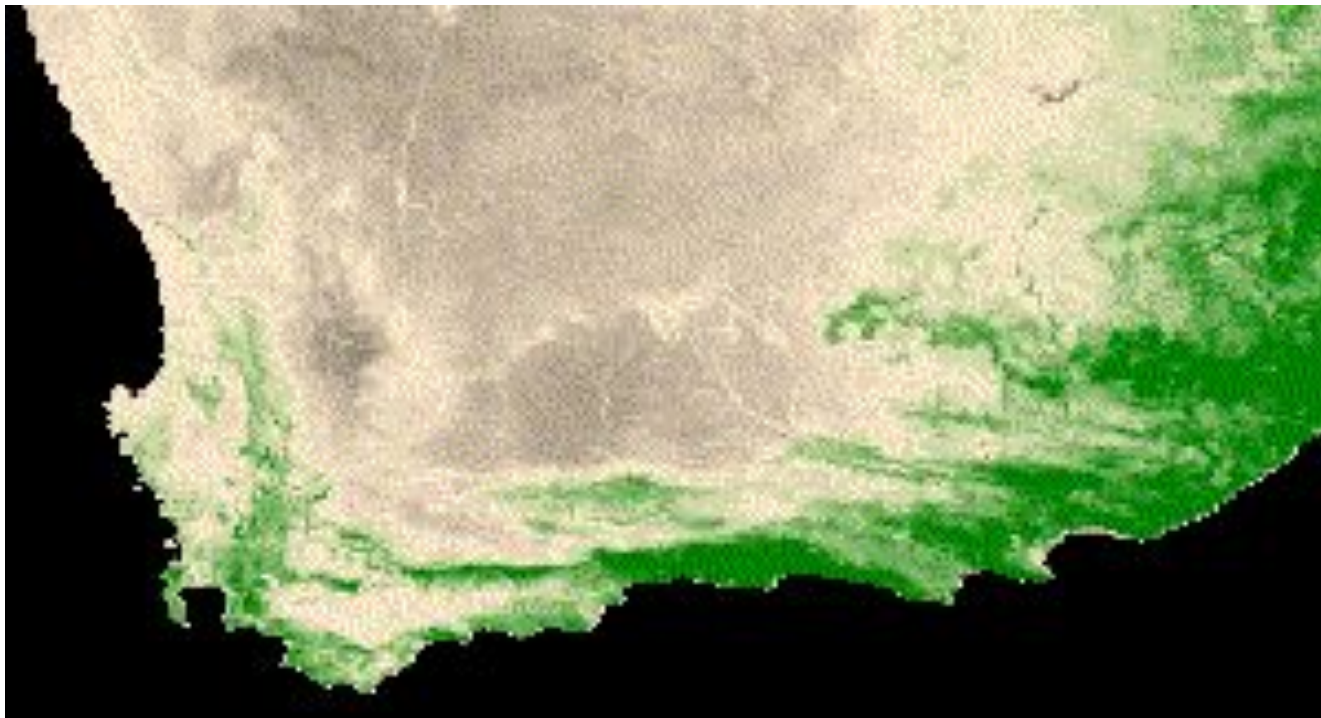




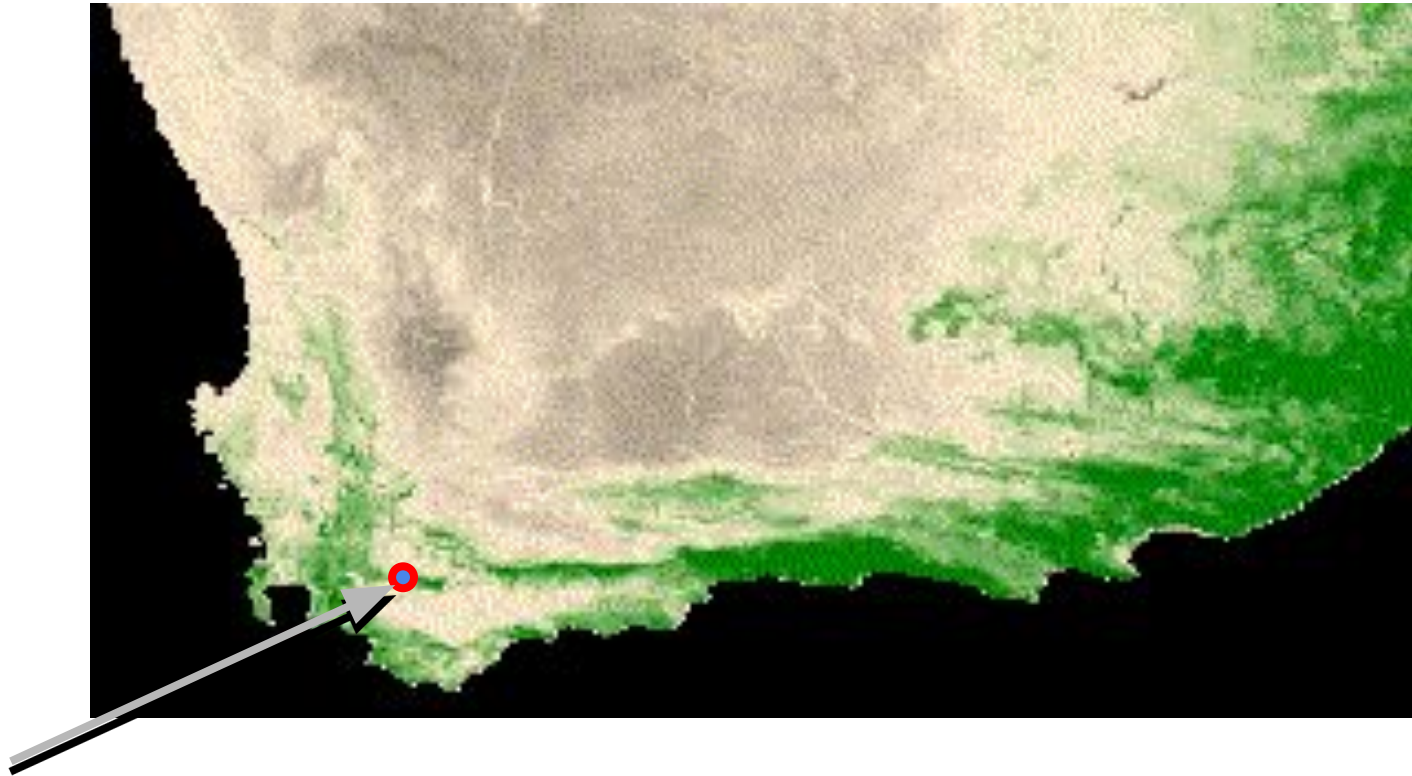
fire



post-fire growth

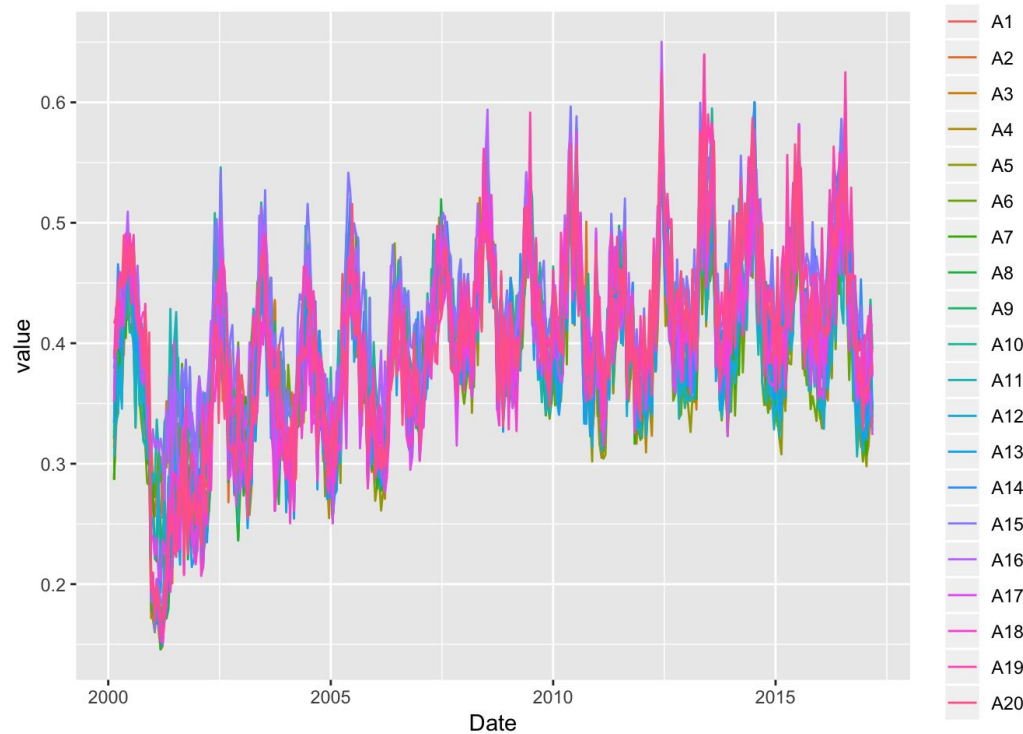


seasonality

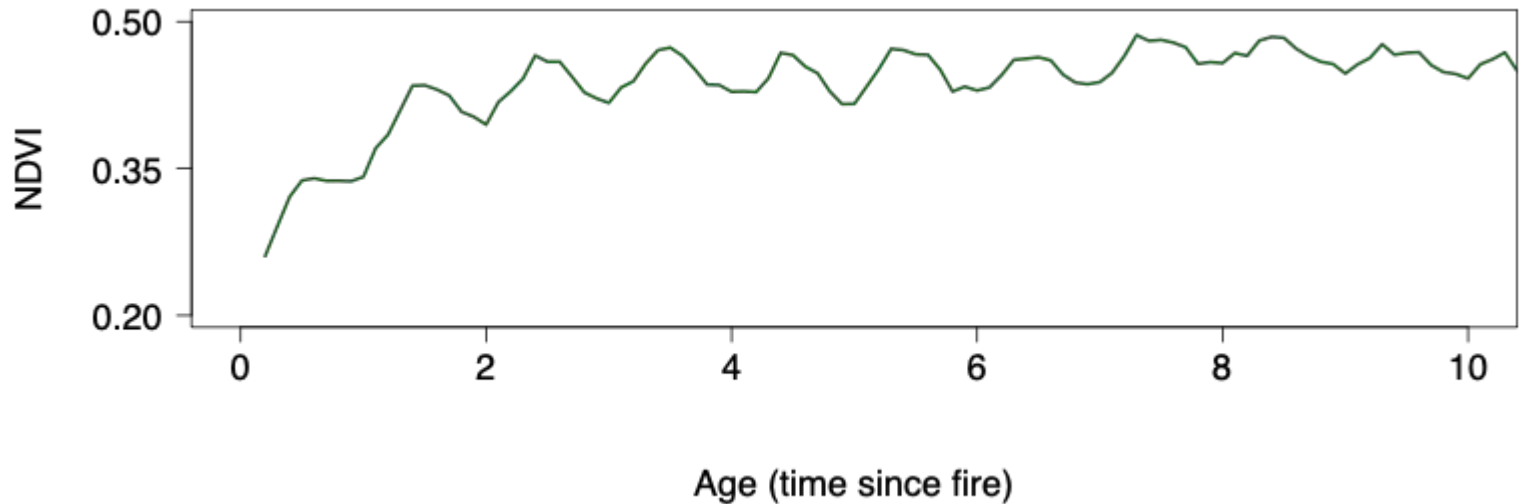


seasonality

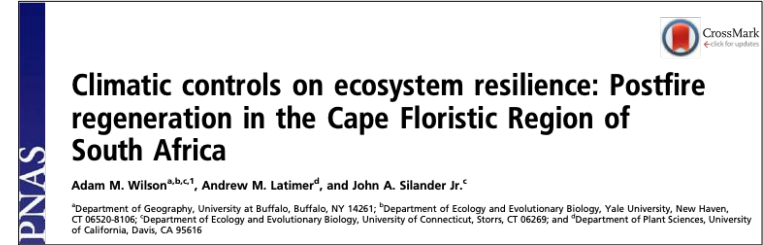
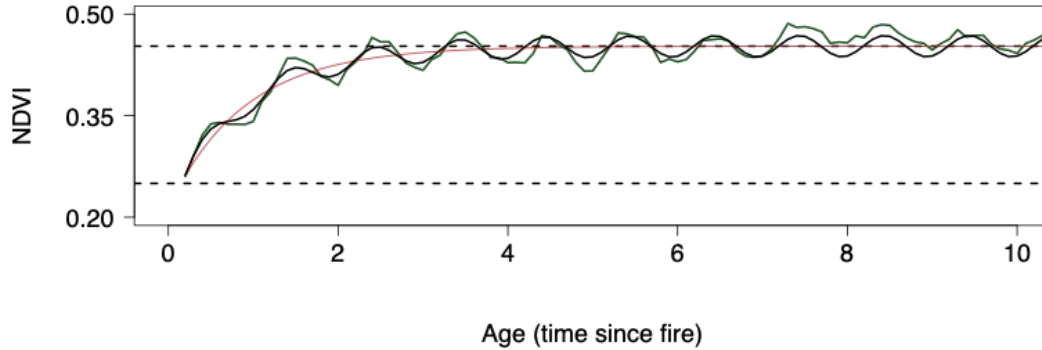
Fynbos “vegetation greenness” (NDVI) through time



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Fynbos “vegetation greenness” (NDVI) through time



Wilson et al. 2015. *PNAS*

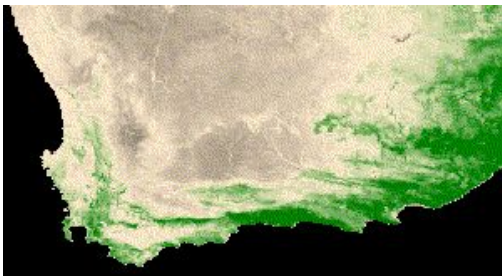
$$NDVI_{s,t} = \alpha_s + \gamma_s * \left(1 - e^{-\left(\frac{age_{s,t}}{\lambda_s}\right)^{k_s}}\right) + \sin(2\pi * age_{s,t} + \phi) * A_s$$

negative exponential (growth trajectory) + sine term (seasonality)

Modelling fynbos NDVI

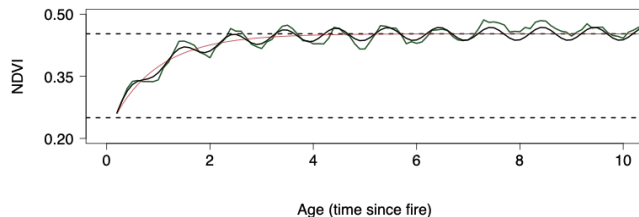
1) estimate parameters

NDVI record

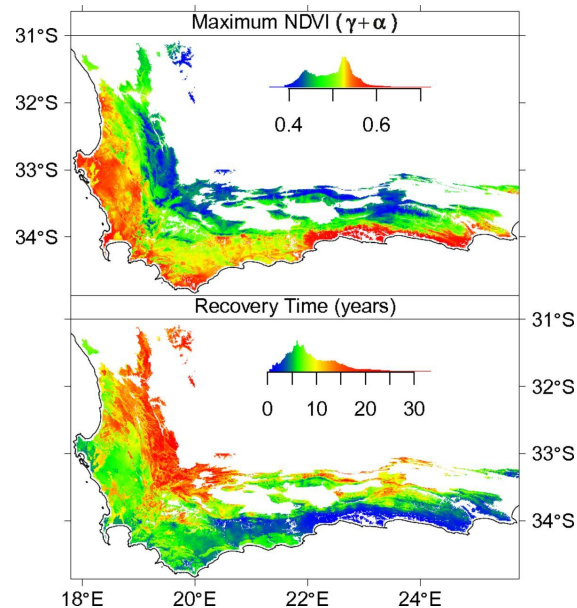


core equation

$$NDVI_{s,t} = \alpha_s + \gamma_s * (1 - e^{-(\frac{age_{s,t}}{\lambda_s})^{k_s}}) + \sin(2\pi * age_{s,t} + \phi) * A_s$$



parameters

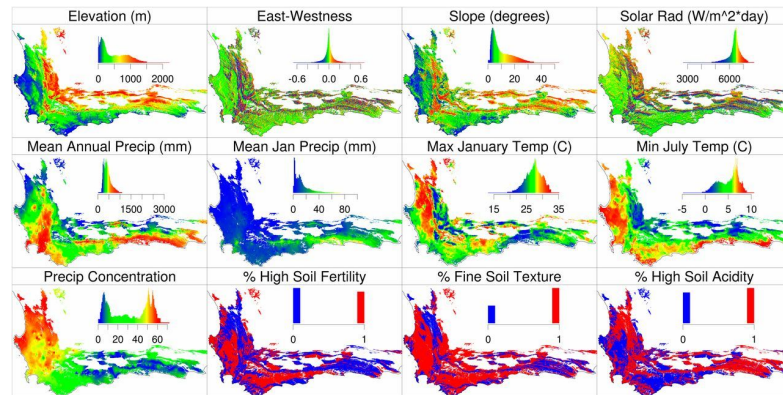


Wilson et al. 2015. *PNAS*

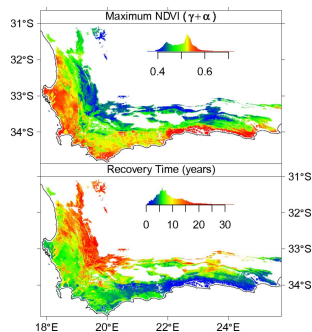
Modelling fynbos NDVI

- 1) estimate parameters
- 2) model parameters with covariates

covariates



parameters



core equation

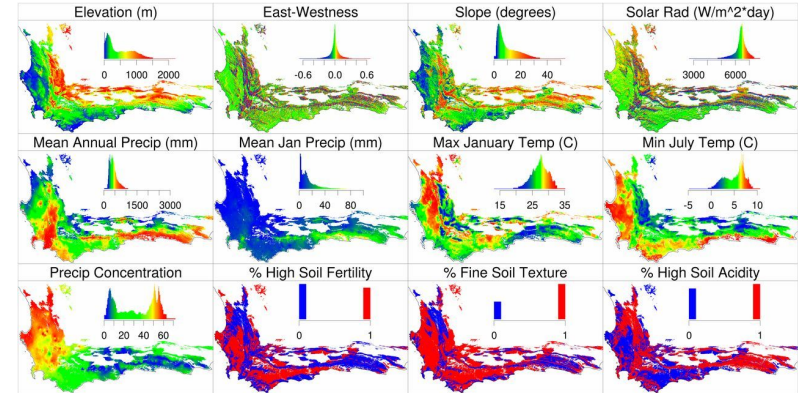
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Wilson et al. 2015. *PNAS*

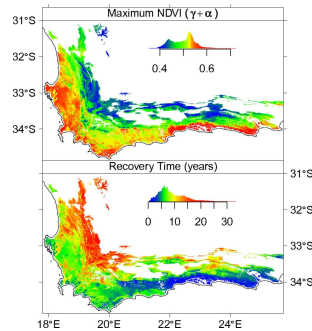
Modelling fynbos NDVI

- 1) estimate parameters
- 2) model parameters with covariates
- 3) predict NDVI

covariates

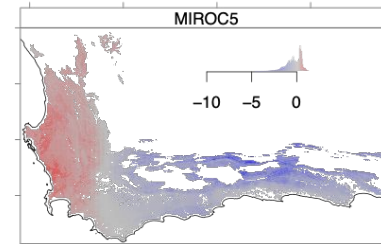


parameters



core equation

$$NDVI_{s,t} = \alpha_s + \gamma_s * (1 - e^{-(\frac{age_{s,t}}{\lambda_s})^{k_s}}) + \sin(2\pi * age_{s,t} + \phi) * A_s$$



This allows...

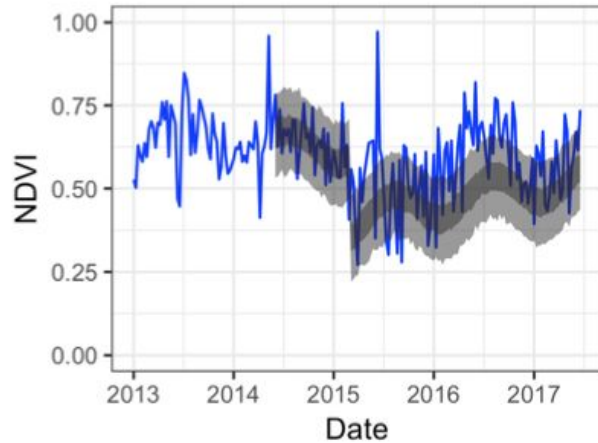
1. Near-real time change detection
2. Model/predict ecosystem properties like growth, biomass, water, fire
3. Linking ecosystem function to plant traits
4. ...?
5. ...?



1. Change detection!

Too green:

- invasion by alien trees

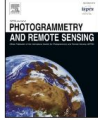




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PHOTOGRAMMETRY
AND REMOTE SENSING

Near-real time forecasting and change detection for an open ecosystem with complex natural dynamics

Jasper A. Slingsby^{a,b,*}, Glenn R. Moncrieff^{a,c}, Adam M. Wilson^d

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isprsjprs.2020.05.017>

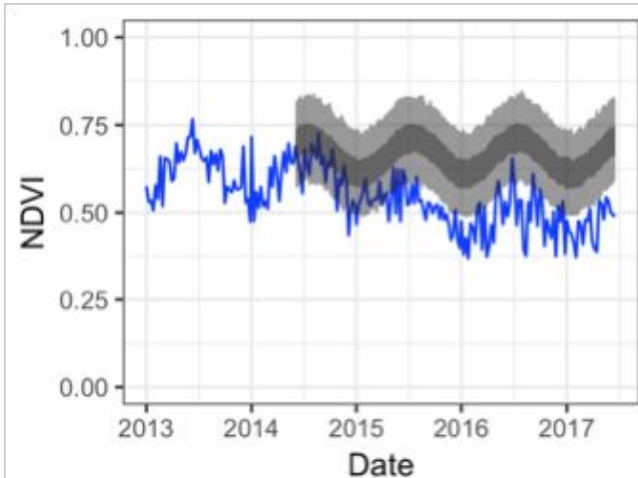




1. Change detection!

Not green enough:

- vegetation clearing or mortality

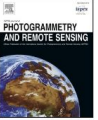




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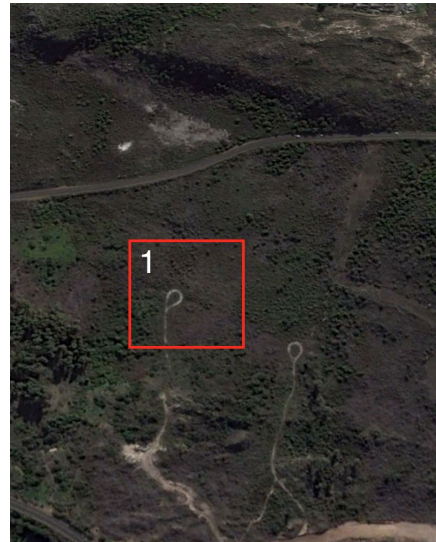
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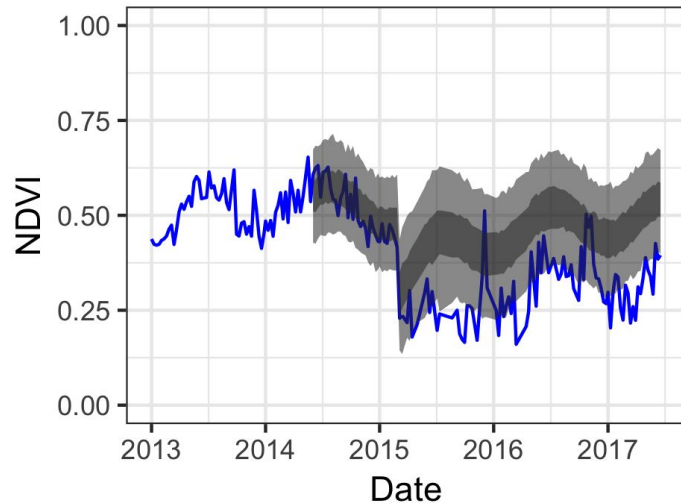
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1. Change detection!

Not green enough:

- retarded postfire growth

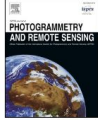




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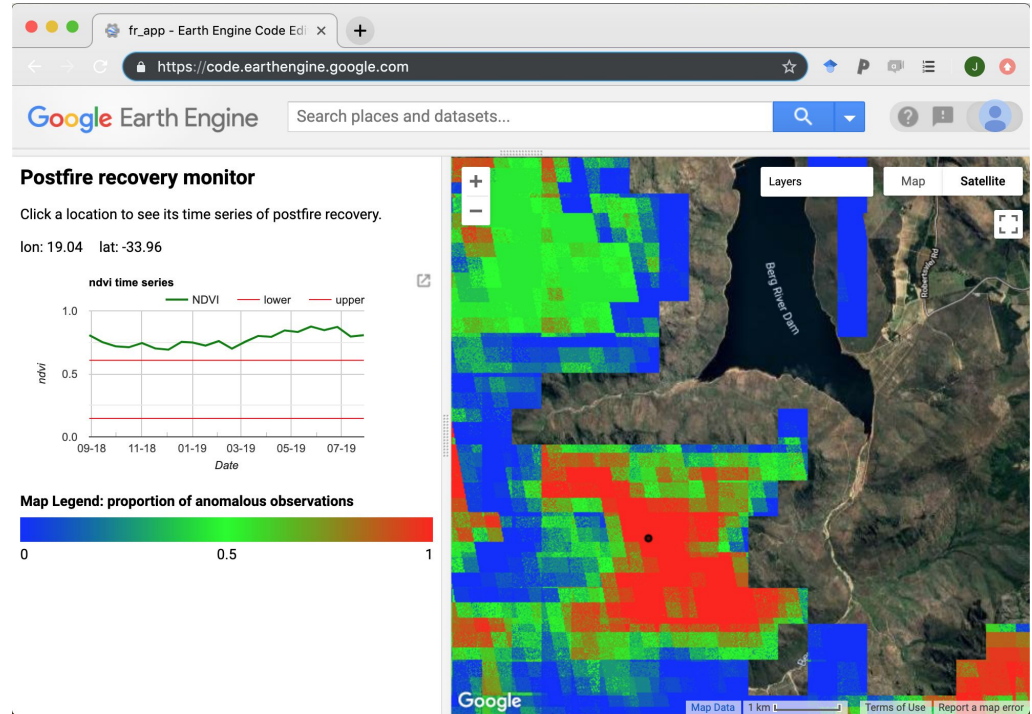


1. Change detection!

Global Fynbos Watch! 😊

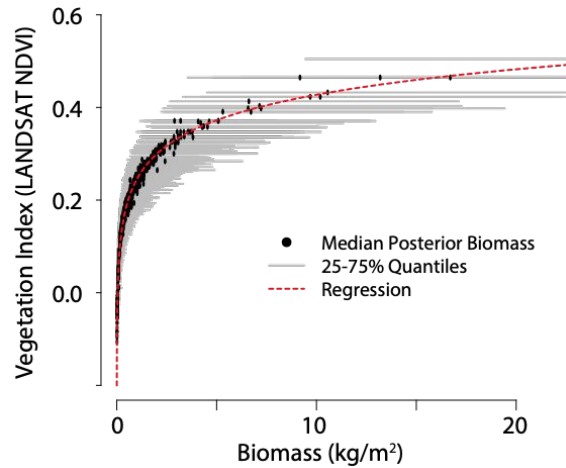
ToDo:

- more validation
- improve covariates
- user needs
- whole biome

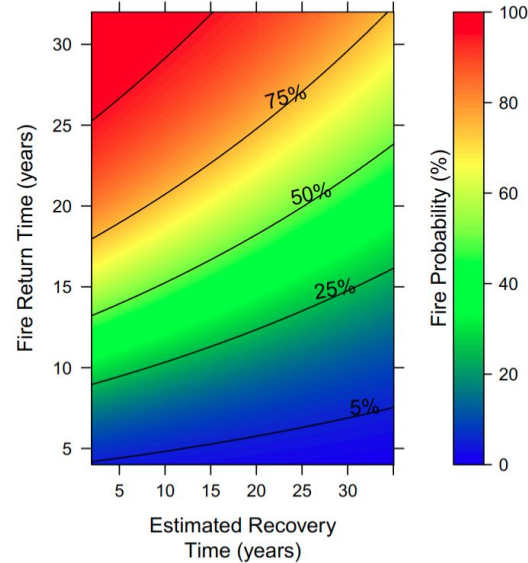


2. Projecting ecosystem properties:

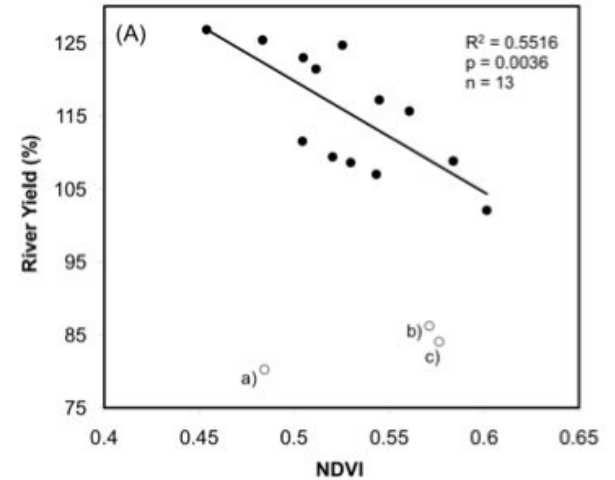
biomass/carbon



fire



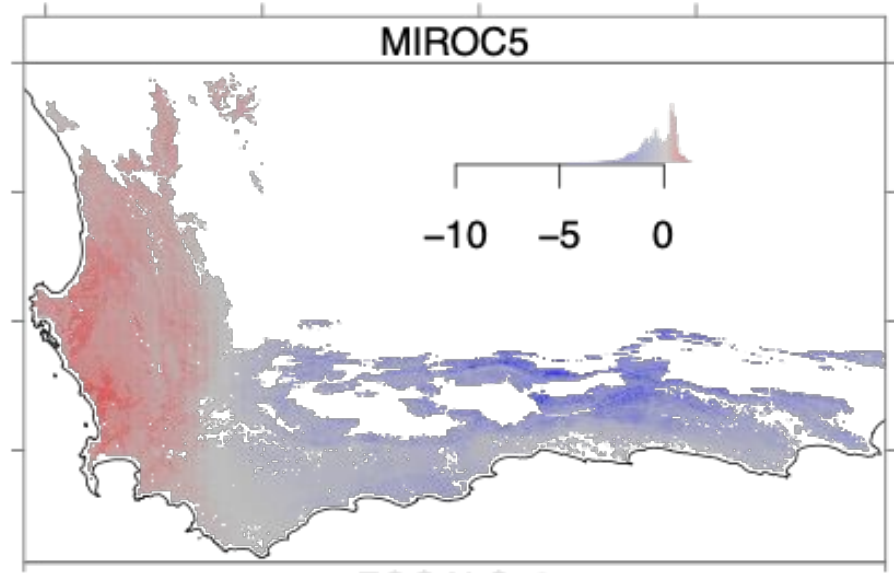
stream flow



2. Projecting ecosystem properties: post-fire vegetation recovery under future climate

Implications for:

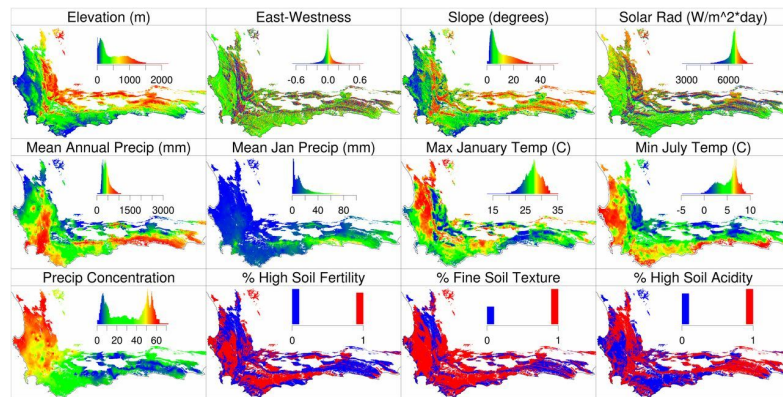
- Fire
- Water
- Carbon
- Habitat
- etc



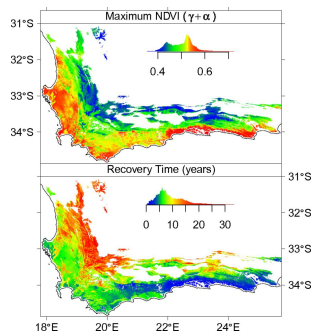
Model suggests vegetation growth will mostly be faster under climate change, because Fynbos growth is mostly cold limited!!!

3. Linking function to plant traits

predictors



parameters



^^[plug in plant traits as predictors]^^

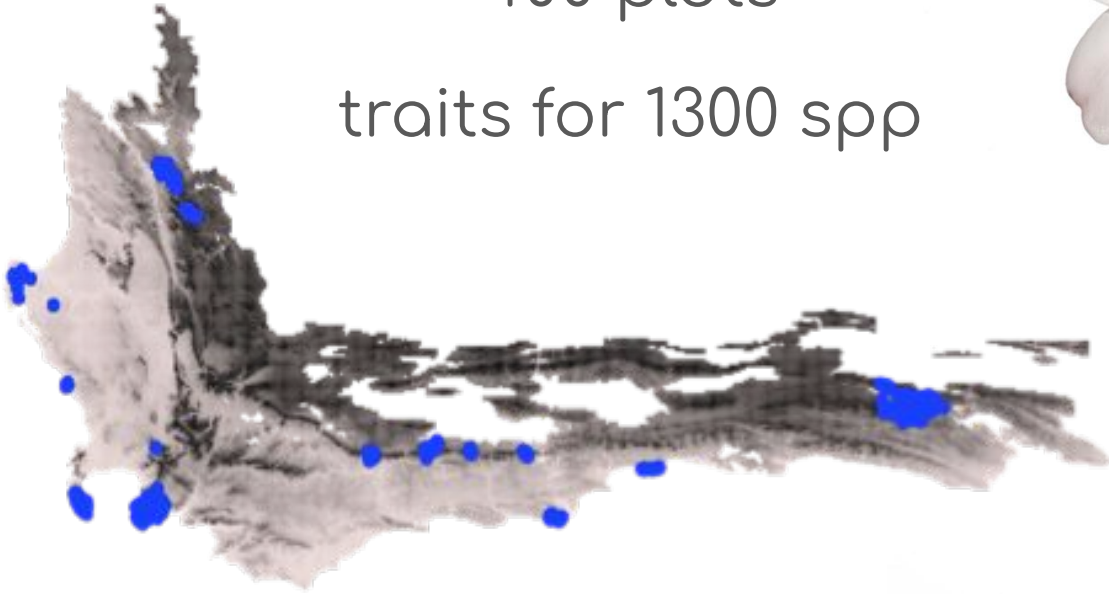
core equation

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3. Linking function to plant traits

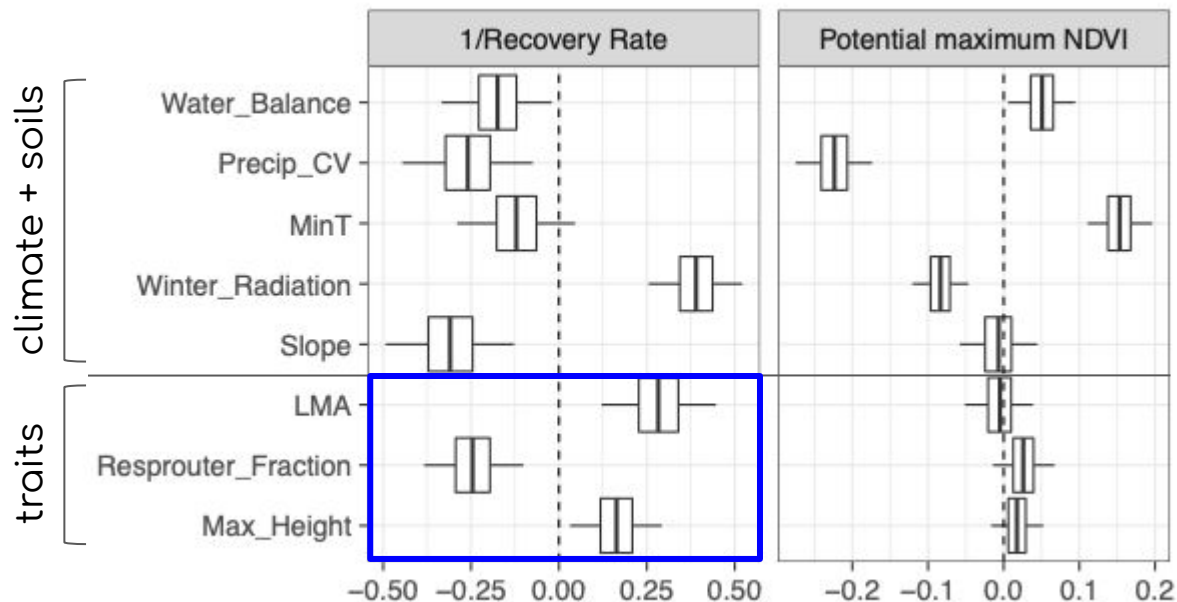
400 plots

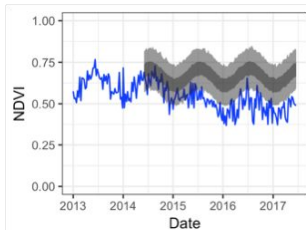
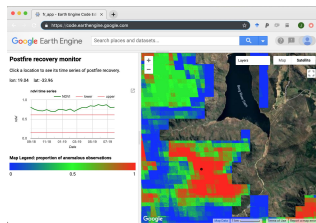
traits for 1300 spp



3. Linking function to plant traits

Traits predict postfire regeneration parameters!!!





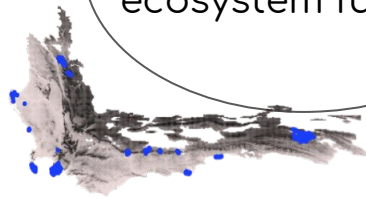
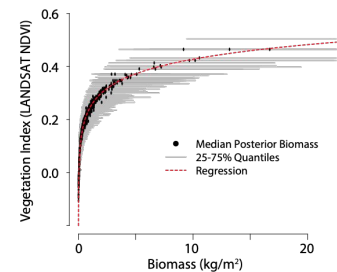
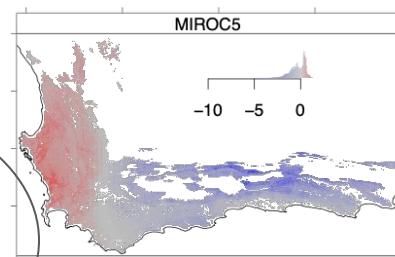
near-real time
change
detection

predict
ecosystem
properties

core model

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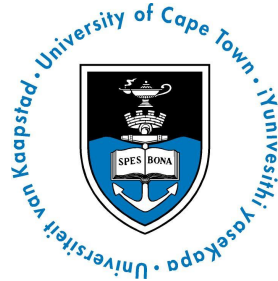
link traits to
ecosystem function



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