Colocted Abbrevetions

Sciente	u Appievations		
AA	Anti aircraft	LPH	Landing Platform, Heli
AAFCE	Allied Air Forces Central	LRCM	Long-range Cruise Missile
AAM	Europe Air-to-air missile	LRP LSD	Long-range Patrol (aircraft) Landing Ship, Dock
AB	Airborne	LSM	Landing Ship, Medium
ABM	Anti-ballistic missile	LTA	Lighter Than Air (aircraft)
A/C	Armoured car / Aircraft	LST	Landing Ship, Tank
ACD	Arms Control and	LVTP	Landing Vehicle, Tracked,
ACV	Disarmament Air Cushion Vehicle	MAD	Personnel Magentic Anomaly Detection,
	O Air Defense Command /		Mutually Assured Destruction
	North American Air	MARV	Manoeuvrable Re-entry Vehicle
Λ E\/	Defense Command	MCMV MCMV	Mine Countermeasures Mine Countermeasures Vessels
AEV AGSS	Armoured Engineering Vehicle Auxillary Research Submarine	MGB	Motor Gunboat
AEW	Airborne Early Warning	MICV	Mechanised Infantry
AFV	Armoured Fighting Vehicle		Combat Vehicle
AGM AIFV	Air-to-ground missile Armoured Infantry	MIRV	Multiple Independently-
All V	Fighting Vehicle	MLRS	targetable Re-entry Vehicle Multiple Launch Rocket System
ALCM	Air-Launched Cruise Missile	MR	Maritime Reconnaissance
ALOC	Air Line of Communications	MRBM	Medium-range Ballistic Missile
ANG AOP	Air National Guard	MRV MTB	Multiple Re-entry Vehicle
APC	Airborne Observation Post Armoured Personnel Carrier	NAADC	Motor Torpedo Boat North American Aerospace
ASM	Air-to-surface missile		Defence Command
ASSW	Anti-Surface Ship Weapons		(US and Canada)
ASW	Anti-submarine Warfare	NADGE	NATO Air Defence
ATGM ATGW	Anti-tank Guided Missile Anti-tank Guided Weapon	NBC	Ground Environment Nuclear, Biological and
ATk	Anti-tank	1150	Chemical (warfare)
AWACS	Airborne Warning and Control	NORAD	North American Aerospace
Dela	System		Defence Command
Bde BMEWS	Brigade Ballistic Missile Early	OCU	(US and Canada) Operational Conversion Unit
DIVIEVVO	Warning Station / System	OMG	Operational Manoeuvre Group
CAS	Close Air Support	PGM	Precision Guided Munitions
CCC (C3)	Command, Control and	RCL	Recoilless rifle
CENTAG	Communications NATO Central Army Group	Recce Regt	Reconnaissance Regiment
CG	Cruiser, Guided Missile	R&D	Research and Development
CGN	Guided Missile Cruiser	RDF	Rapid Development Force (US)
00111	(Nuclear)	RF	Reconnaissance (Fighter)
COIN	Counter-insurgency Chief of Staff	Rkt RL	Rocket Laucher
CV	Conventional Powered Aircraft	RPG	Rocket-Propelled Grenade
	Carrier	RPV	Remotely Piloted Vehicle
CVA	Attack aircraft carrier	RV	Re-entry Vehicle
CVN DD	Nuclear aircraft carrier Destroyer	SAC SACEUR	Strategic Air Command (US) Supreme Allied Commander,
DDG	Guided Missile Destroyer	OAOLON	Europe
DEW	Distant Early Warning	SALT	Strategic Arms Limitation Talks
Div	Division	SAM	Surface-to-air missile system
DoD ECM	Department of Defence (US) Electronic Countermeasures	SAR SATCOM	Search and Rescue Satellite Communications
ECCM	Electronic Counter	SES	Surface Effect Ship
	Counter measures	SHAPE	Supreme Headquarters,
EFA	European Fighter Aircraft	01.55	Allied Power in Europe
ELF	Extremly Low frequency (submarine) communications	SLEP SLBM	Ship Life Extension Progamme Submarine-launched Ballistic
	system	OLDIVI	Missile
ELINT	Electronic Intelligence	SLCM	Sea-launched Cruise Missile
EW	Electronic Warfare	SOW	Stand-off Weapon
FAC	Forward Air Controller / Fast Attack Craft	SP	Self-Propelled A formation of aircraft
FB	Fighter Bomber	Squauron	numbering between 4 and 30
FBS	Forward Based System		(depending on the country and
FF	Frigate	ODDIA	the type of aircraft)
FFG FGA	Guided Missile Frigate Fighter, Ground Attack	SRBM SS	Short-Range Ballistic Missile Submarine
FY	Fiscal Year	SSBN	Ballistic Missile Submarine
GW	Guided Weapon		(Nuclear)
Hy	Heavy	SSGN	Nuclear-Powered Cruise Missile
ICBM Missile	Intercontinental Ballistic	SSM	Submarine Surface-to-surface Missile
ICV	Infantry Combat Vehicle	COIVI	Submarine (Nuclear)
IFF	Identification, Friend or Foe	START	Strategic Arms Reduction Talks
IFV	Infantry Fighting Vehicles	SWATH	Small Water Plane Area
IR IRBM	Infra-red Intermediate Range	TA	Twin-Hull Aircraft Carrier Tatical Air organisations,
II LDIVI	Ballistic Missile	IA.	support or operations
JCS	Joint Chiefs of Staff (US)	TAC	Tactical Air Command
JSS	Joint Surveillance System	TACAIR	Tactical Air Force
LCA LCC	Landing Craft, Assault Landing Craft, Command	TAVR	Territorial Army and Volunteer Reserve (UK)
LCAC	Landing Craft, Air Cushioned	TGSM	Terminally Guided Sub-Munition
LCM	Landing Craft, Mechanised	Tk	Tank
LCU	Landing Craft, Utility	USAFE	US Air Force Europe
LCT LCV	Landing Craft, Tank Landing Craft, Vehicles	USAREUR VLS	US Army Europe Vertical Lauch System
LHA	Landing Helicopter Assault	VSS	V/STOL Support Ship
	(ship)	V/STOL	Vertical / Short Takeoff and
LKA LPD	Amphibious Attack Cargo Ship Landing Platform, Dock		Landing aircraft
LLD	Landing Flation III, DOCK		

Special Issue

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While the facts and figures as contained in the tabulated sections for individual countries are intended to describe the real situation as correctly and impartially as possible, our selection of the accompanying articles — be these official documents, speeches, or studies by independent observers — is rather aimed at providing a broad speeches, or studies by independent observers — is rather affined at providing a broad view of the various different (and often mutually opposed) ideas and goals on the global defence and foreign policy arena. Accordingly, our choices should not be assumed to imply that we do agree with the content of the articles, and even less so that we intend to express support for their Authors or/and the policies of any Government. The guiding selection criteria are rather linked to our assessment of the articles' value as information and basis for further analysis.

Important Note on Financial and Defence Expenditures Data

The WDA not being a financial publication, the data about the economy of the various countries are inserted for the sole purpose of enabling a broad assessment on their respective "financial muscle" in relative terms, i.e. in relations with each other. For this reason, the figures for the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) are expressed in terms as Purchasing Power Parity (so-called Parkinson formula). While this approach is useful for our purposes, readers must be aware that it results in values, that can be markedly different than presented by official bodies, or calculated by independent agencies, and then transformed into US\$ at the official exchange rate. Our Purchasing Power Parity GDP figures tend to be lower than the official exchange rate ones in the case of countries, with advanced economies and high standards of living, and higher in the case of developing countries.

Also, some readers have questioned our defence budget figures being often at variance with the data as provided by other agencies or organizations, that report on global defence spending issues. There are two main reasons for this discrepancy. First, some of the above agencies and organizations follow their own peculiar criteria, whereby they conflate into a broader "defence spending" category not only the regular budget of the Ministry of Defence and other allocations for the defence forces, but also many other forms of state expenditures, that they chose to regard as being of military significance (e.g., militarized police, coast guard, border security, SAR, pensions and medical care for military and security personnel, etc.). For our part, we reject these procedures as potentially misleading - the more so, in that the resulting final figure is often presented in US dollar or Euro rather than in the national currency, which makes it nearly impossible to reconstruct the real situation. Of course, however, when the defence budget proper is supplemented by allocations from other sources (e.g., US nuclear weapons being under the Department of Energy's budget, Italy's major procurement programmes being funded by the Ministry for Economic Development, Chile's "Copper Law", etc.), these are properly reported. Second, and even within the above limits, it is self-evident that the real measure of a

country's investment in defence would be provided not by the budget estimates (plus any extra-budgetary allocations) as approved in advance for the next financial year, but rather by the balance sheet on actual expenditures during that year – whereby the latter might be either higher than the former, because of the emergence of unforeseen urgent requirements, or lower due to savings and spending cuts becoming necessary. Due to their very nature, however, such statistical data only become available with a

considerable delay.

Most studies and analyses on global defence expenditures are based on balance sheet figures, and are thus unavoidably backward-looking - which is perfectly acceptable for historical documentation purposes. The WDA being a yearly publication, however, we reckon that our readers would be much more interested in knowing how much countries intend to invest in defence in the current fiscal year, rather than being presented marginally more accurate figures on how much they did actually spend two, three or four years ago.

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