	Item No	Recommendation	Page
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly	Title and abstract
		used term in the title or the abstract	
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and	Title and abstract
		balanced summary of what was done and what	
		was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale	Background
		for the investigation being reported	
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any	Objective
0		prespecified hypotheses	U
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the	Description of the
		paper	questionnaires and
		• •	Recruitment of participants
			and administration of the
			questionnaires
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant	Recruitment of participants
. 0	-	dates, including periods of recruitment,	and administration of the
		exposure, follow-up, and data collection	questionnaires
Participants	6	(<i>a</i>) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources	Recruitment of participants
i articipanto	U	and methods of selection of participants	and administration of the
		and methods of selection of participants	questionnaires
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures,	Survey analysis and
		predictors, potential confounders, and effect	Exploratory analyses
		modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of	Description of the
measurement		data and details of methods of assessment	questionnaires and
		(measurement). Describe comparability of	Recruitment of participants
		assessment methods if there is more than one	and administration of the
		group	questionnaires
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources	Rasch analysis, Survey
		of bias	analysis and Exploratory
			analyses
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	Sample size calculation
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled	Survey analysis and
		in the analyses. If applicable, describe which	Exploratory analyses
		groupings were chosen and why	~ * *
Statistical methods	12	(<i>a</i>) Describe all statistical methods, including	Rasch analysis, Survey
		those used to control for confounding	analysis and Exploratory
			analyses
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine	Exploratory analyses
		subgroups and interactions	
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	Survey analysis

STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of cross-sectional studies

		(d) If applicable, describe analytical methods	
		taking account of sampling strategy	
		(<u>e</u>) Describe any sensitivity analyses	
Results			
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	Participant characteristics
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	Not known
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	Not relevant
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	Participant characteristics
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Table 2. Participant characteristics across the four questionnaires
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	Table 3- table 8 plus supplementary material
Main results	16	(<i>a</i>) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	All tables where relevant
		(<i>b</i>) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	All tables where relevant
		(<i>c</i>) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	Both are reported. Table 3- table 8 plus supplementary material
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	Table 3- table 8 plus supplementary material
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	Strengths and limitations
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	Discussion and comparison to other studies
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	Discussion and comparison to other studies

Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the	Competing Interests and
		funders for the present study and, if applicable,	Grant Information
		for the original study on which the present	
		article is based	

*Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.