

**Synthesis of 1,2,4-oxadiazoles by tandem reaction of nitroalkenes with arenes
and nitriles in the superacid TfOH**

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1. Copies of ^1H , ^{13}C , ^{19}F NMR, and IR spectra of compounds2

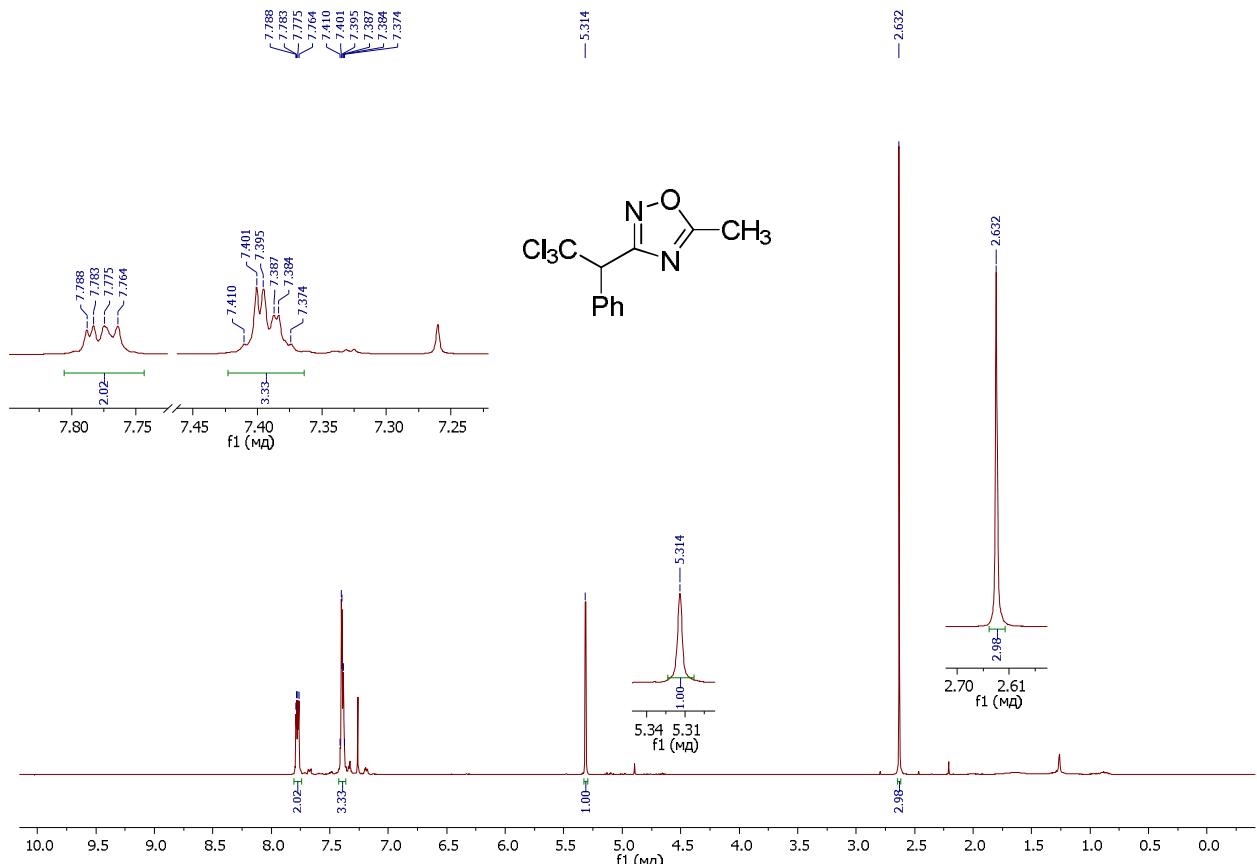


Fig. S1. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound 2a (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

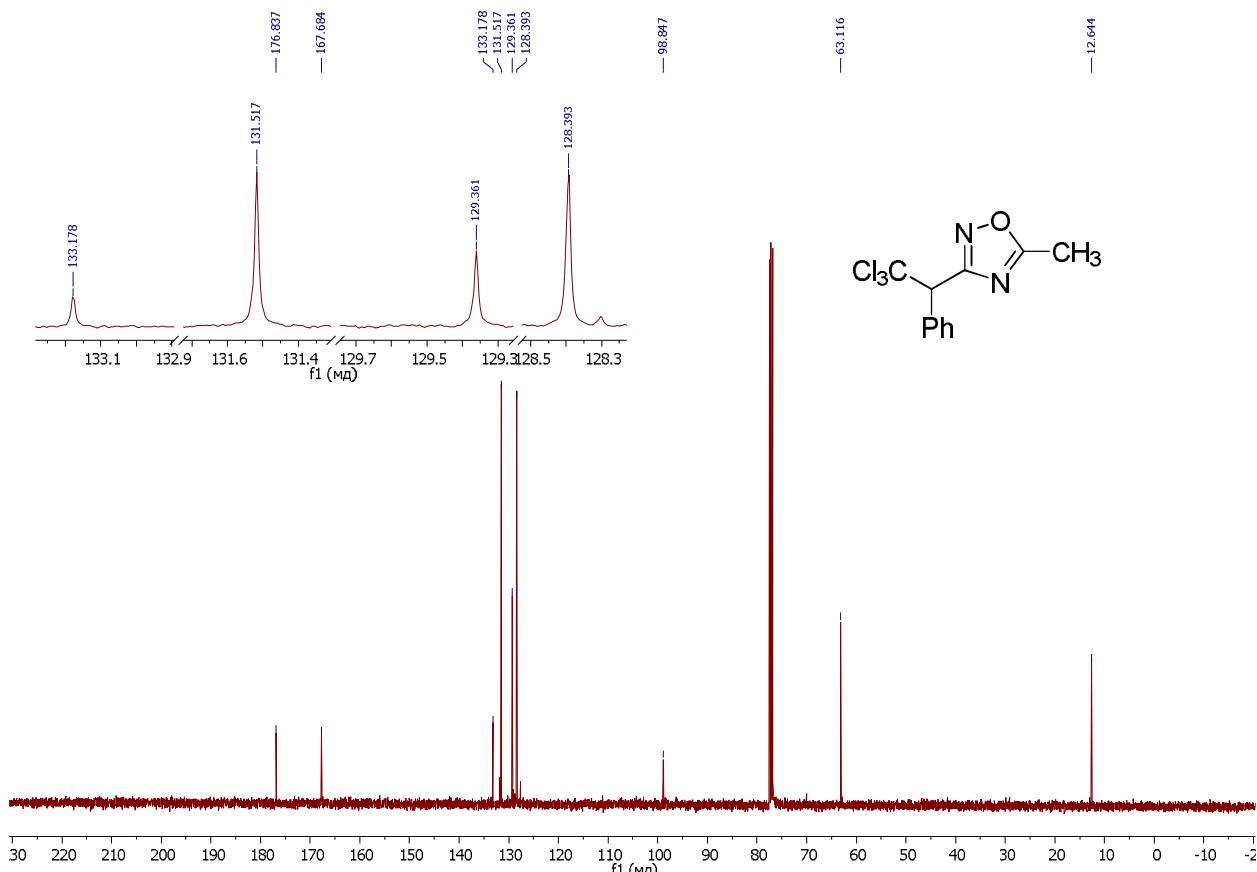


Fig. S2. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound 2a (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz).

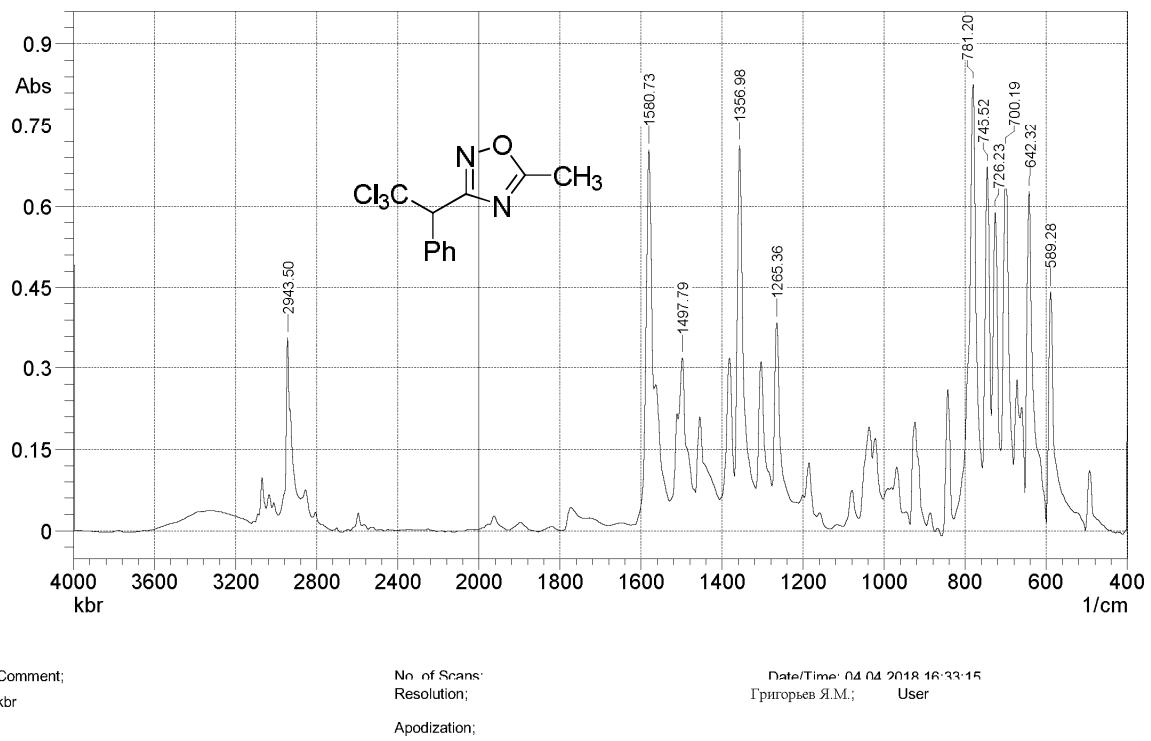


Fig. S3. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2a** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

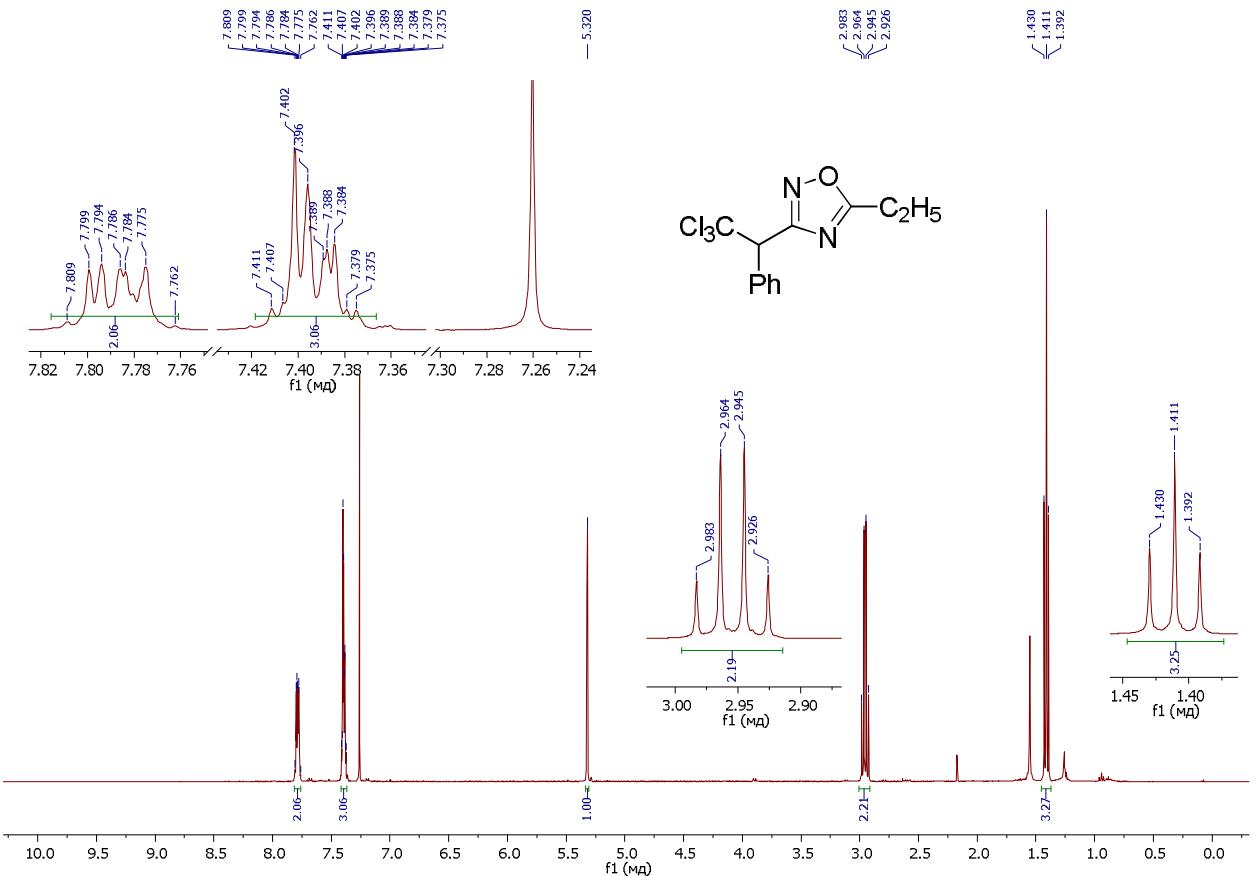


Fig. S4. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2b** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

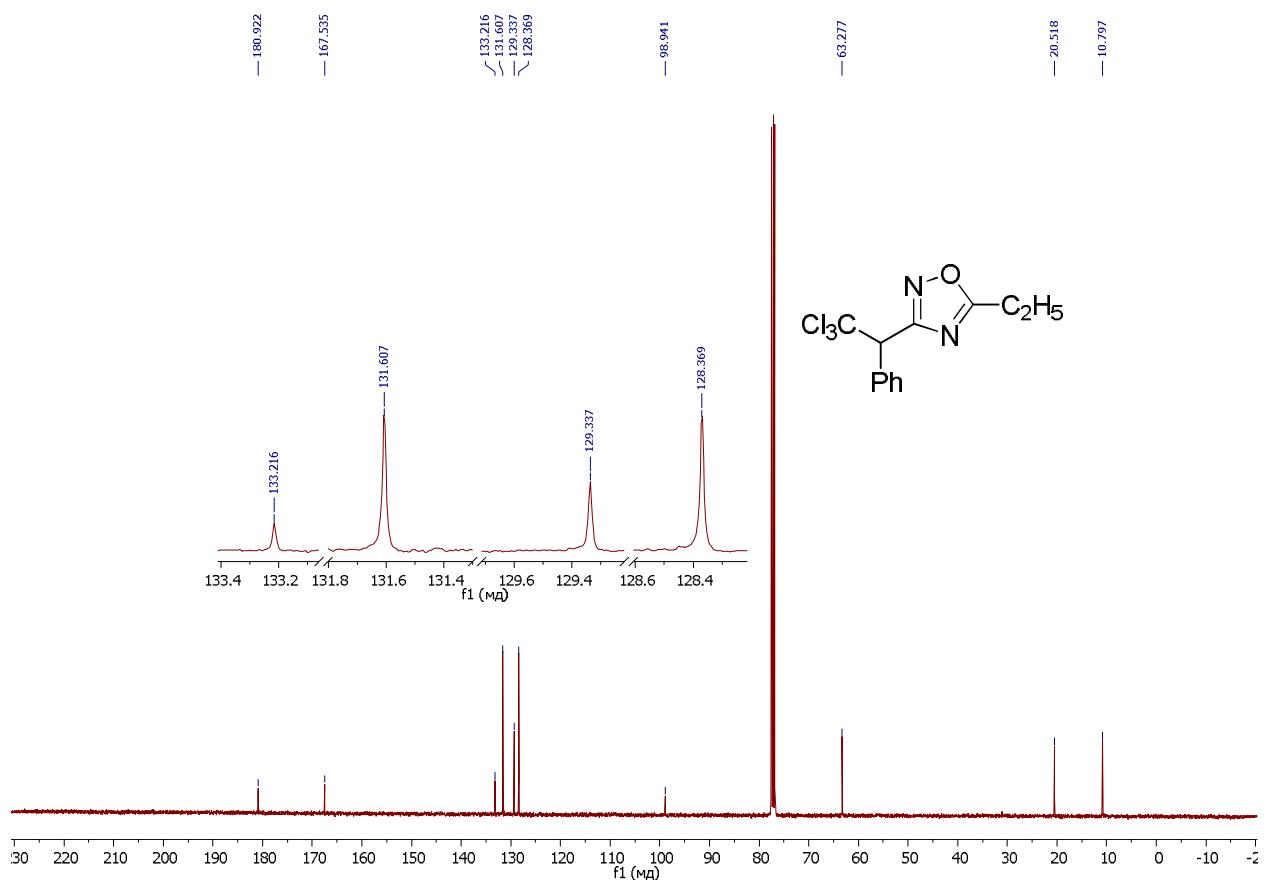


Fig. S5. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2b** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

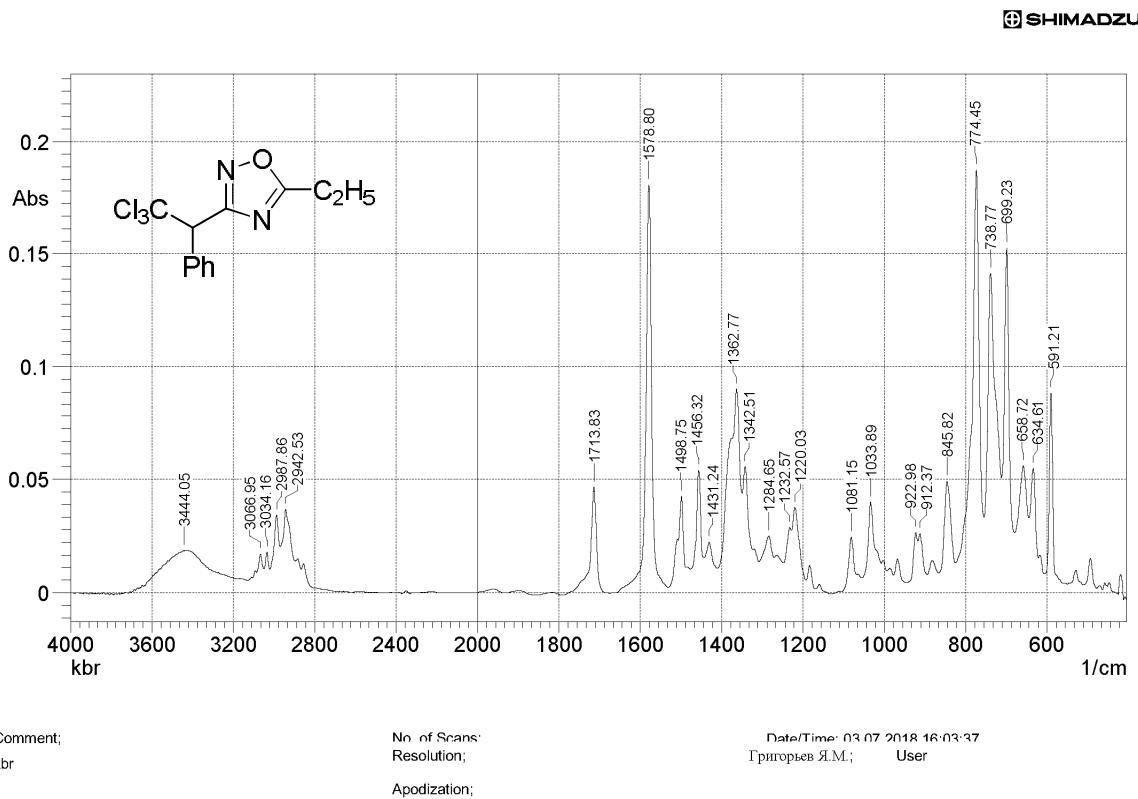


Fig. S6. IR spectrum of the compound **2b** (KBr).

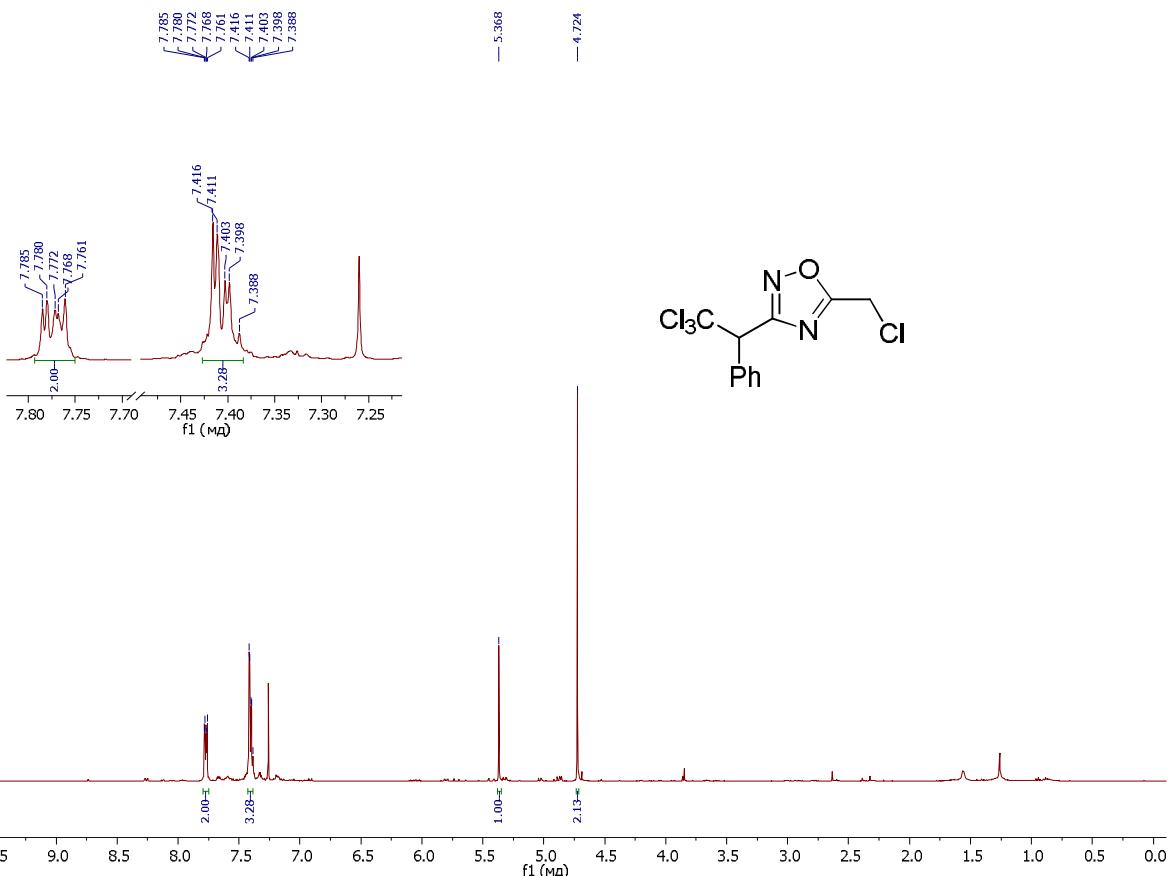


Fig. S7. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound **2c** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz).

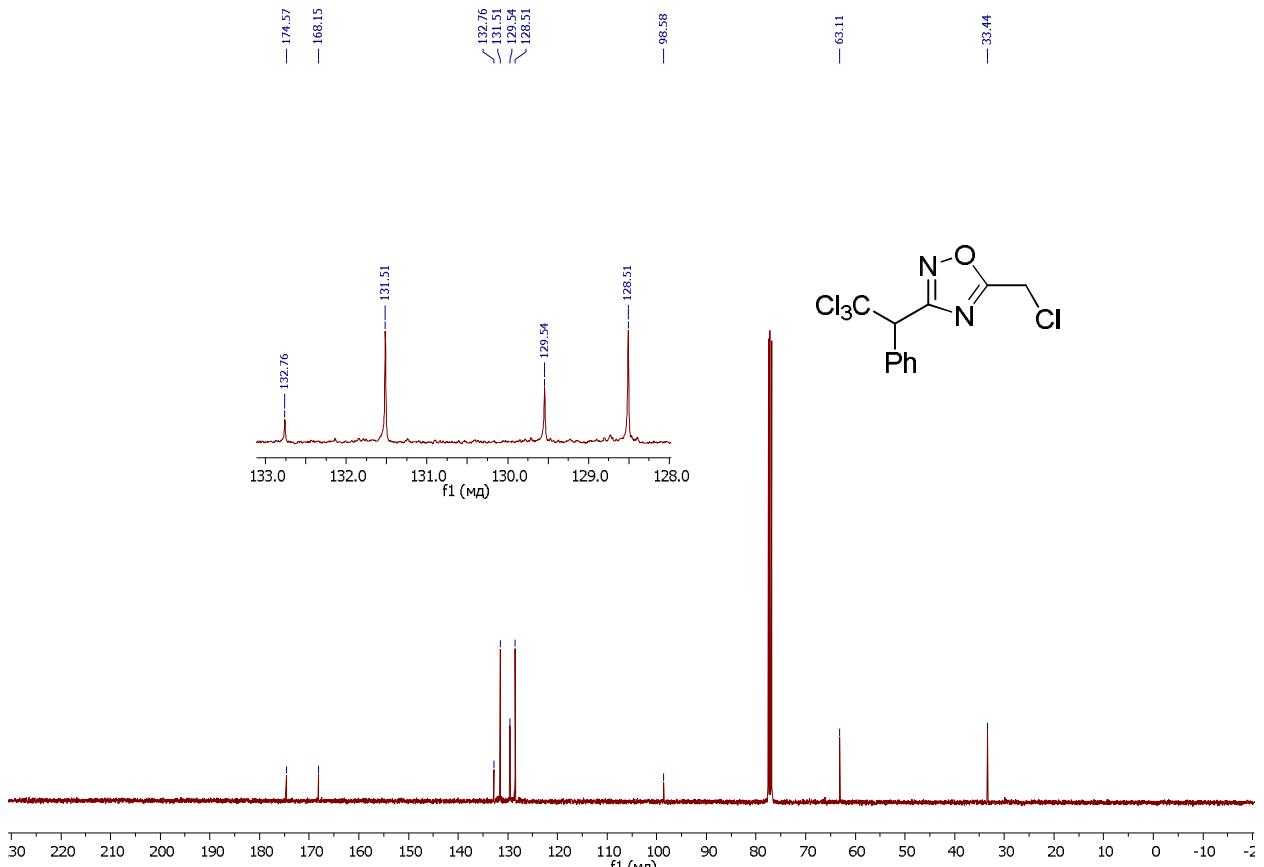
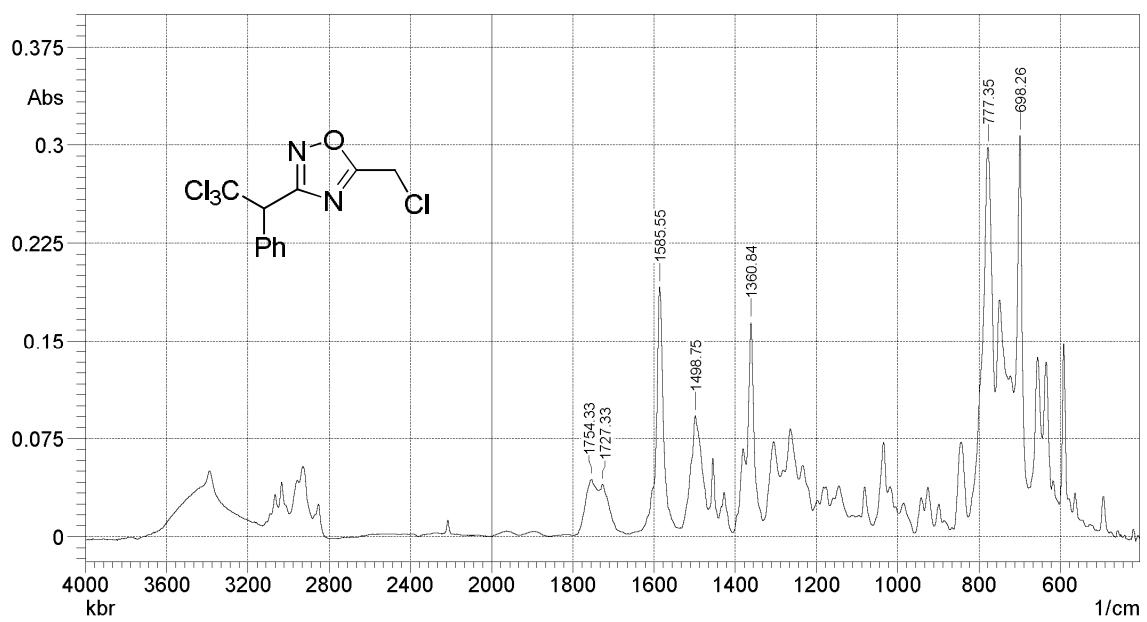


Fig. S8. ¹³C{H} NMR spectrum of the compound **2c** (CDCl₃, 101 MHz).



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Fig. S9. IR spectrum of the compound **2c** (KBr).

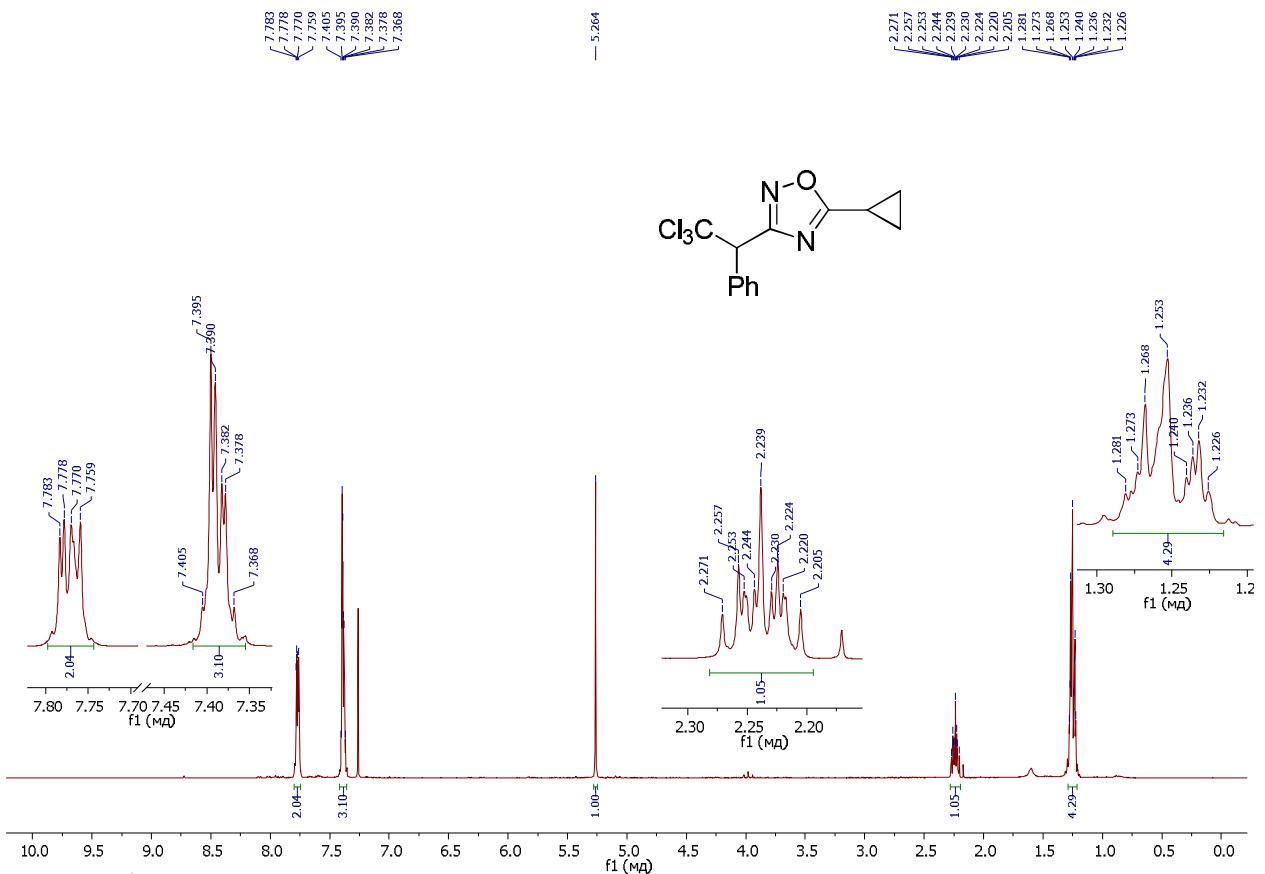


Fig. S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound **2d** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz).

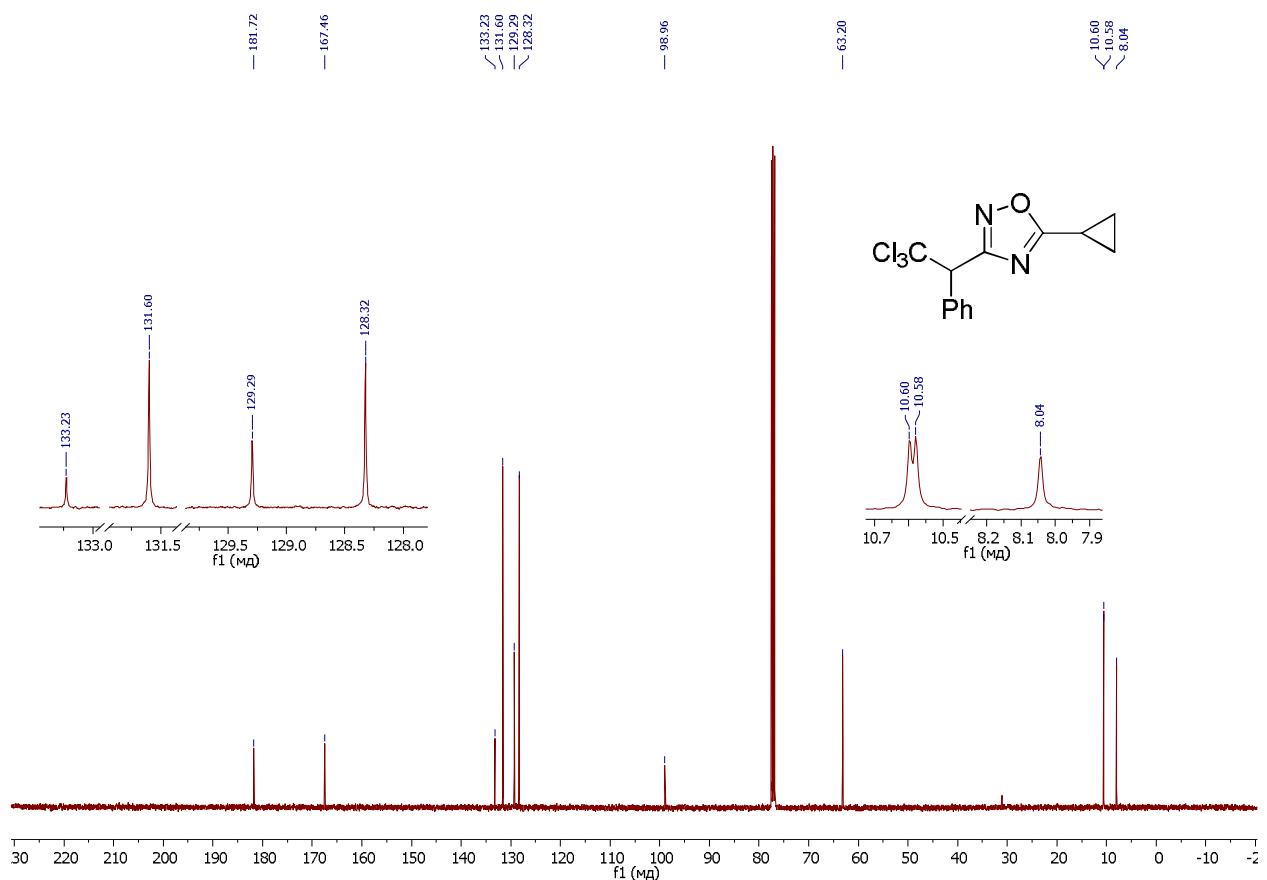


Fig. S11. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2d** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

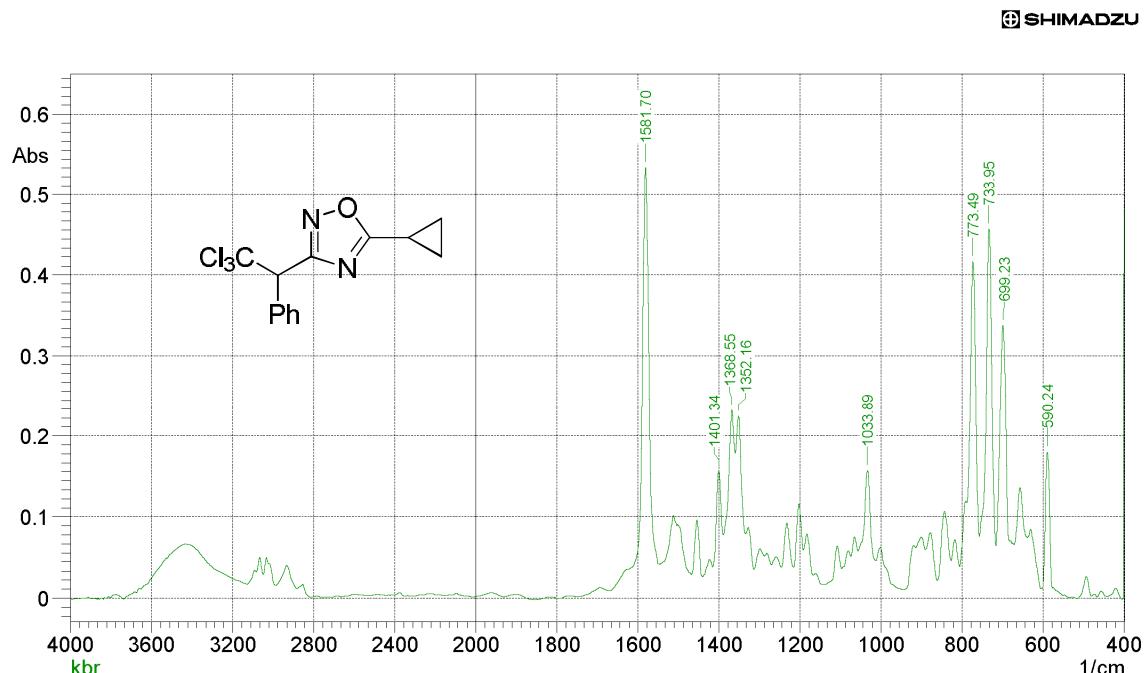


Fig. S12. IR spectrum of the compound **2d** (KBr).

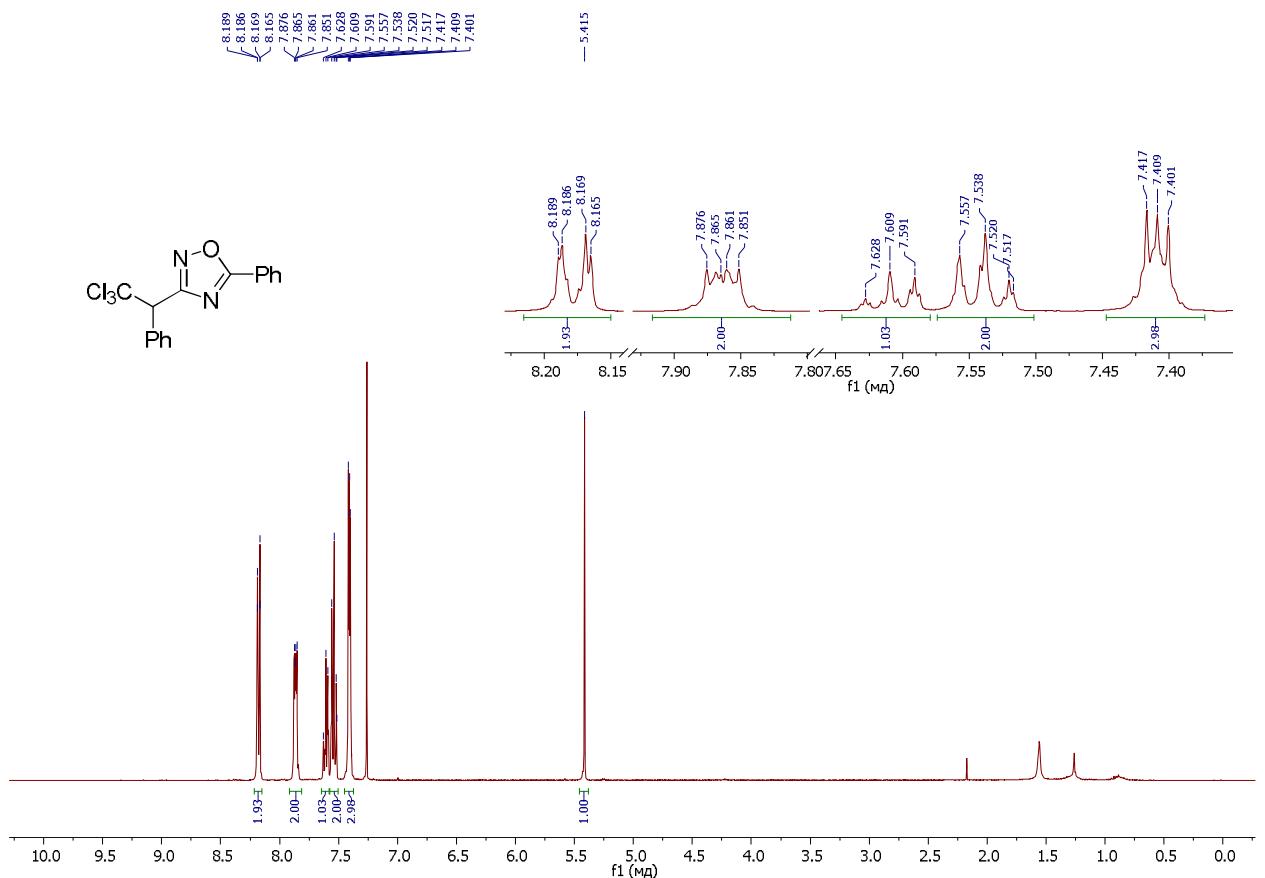


Fig. S13. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2e** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

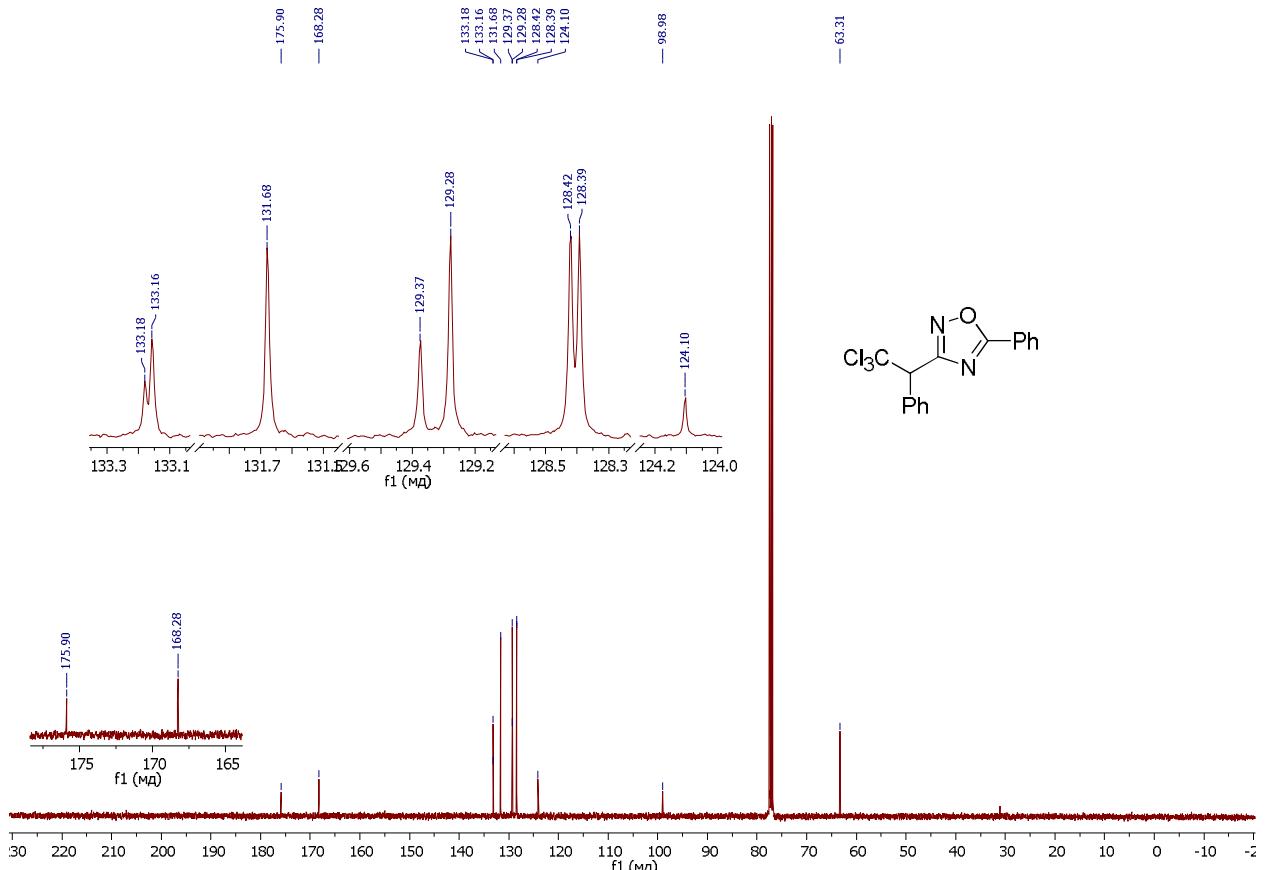
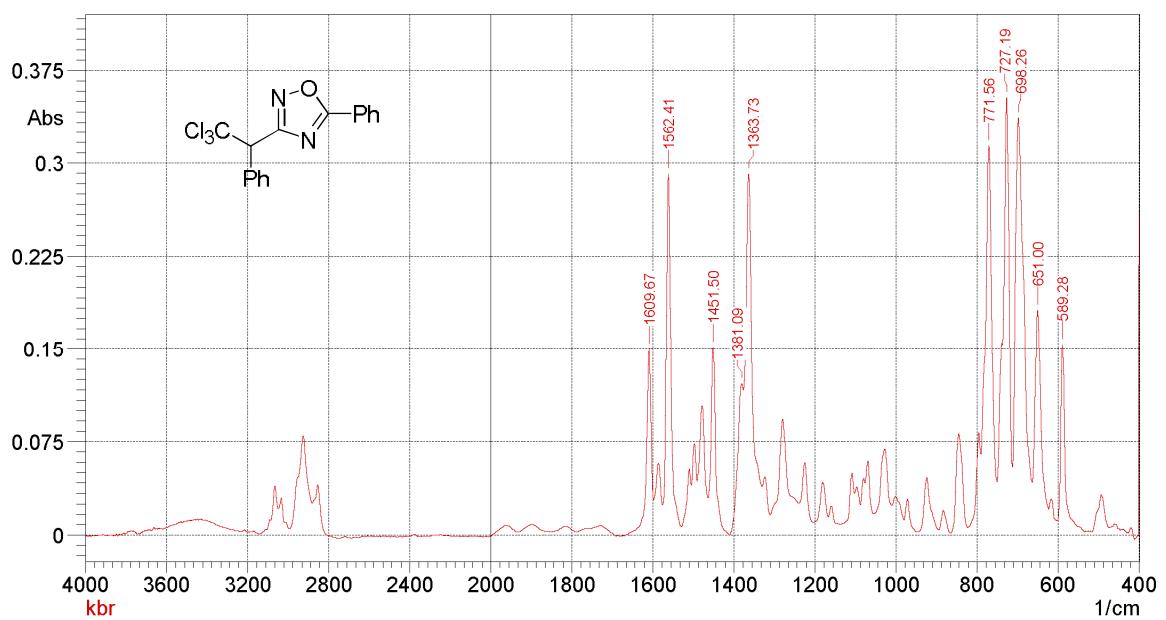


Fig. S14. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2e** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).



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Fig. S15. IR spectrum of the compound **2e** (KBr).

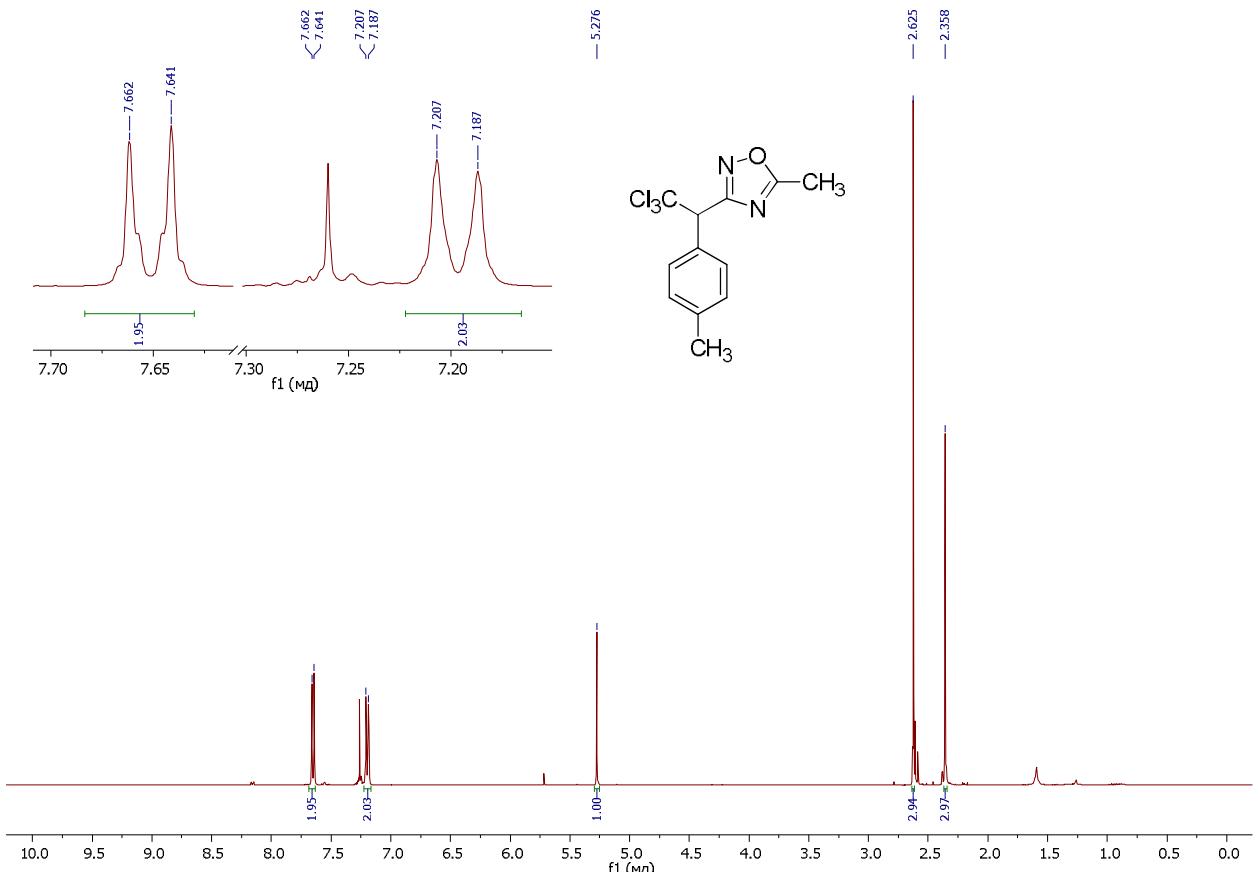


Fig. S16. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2f** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

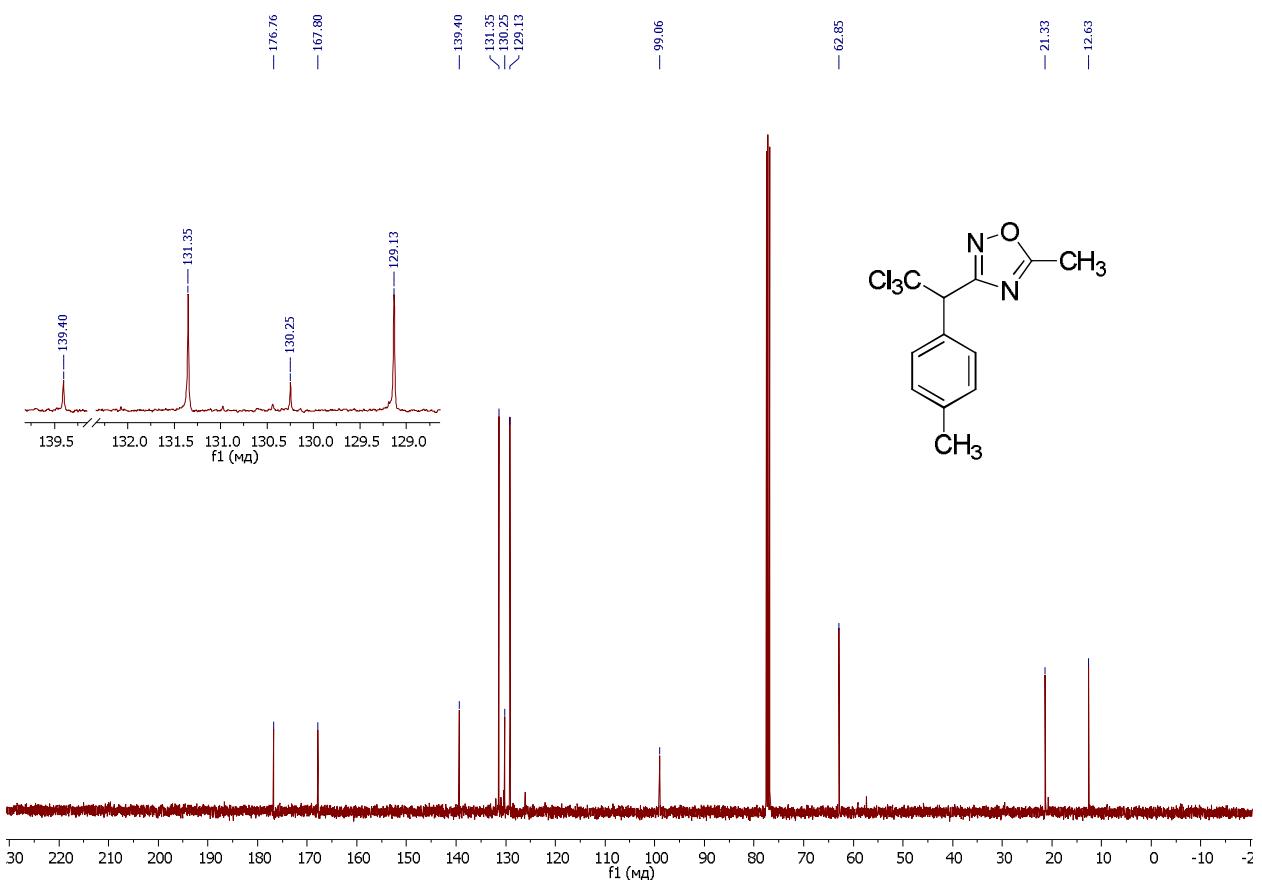


Fig. S17. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2f** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

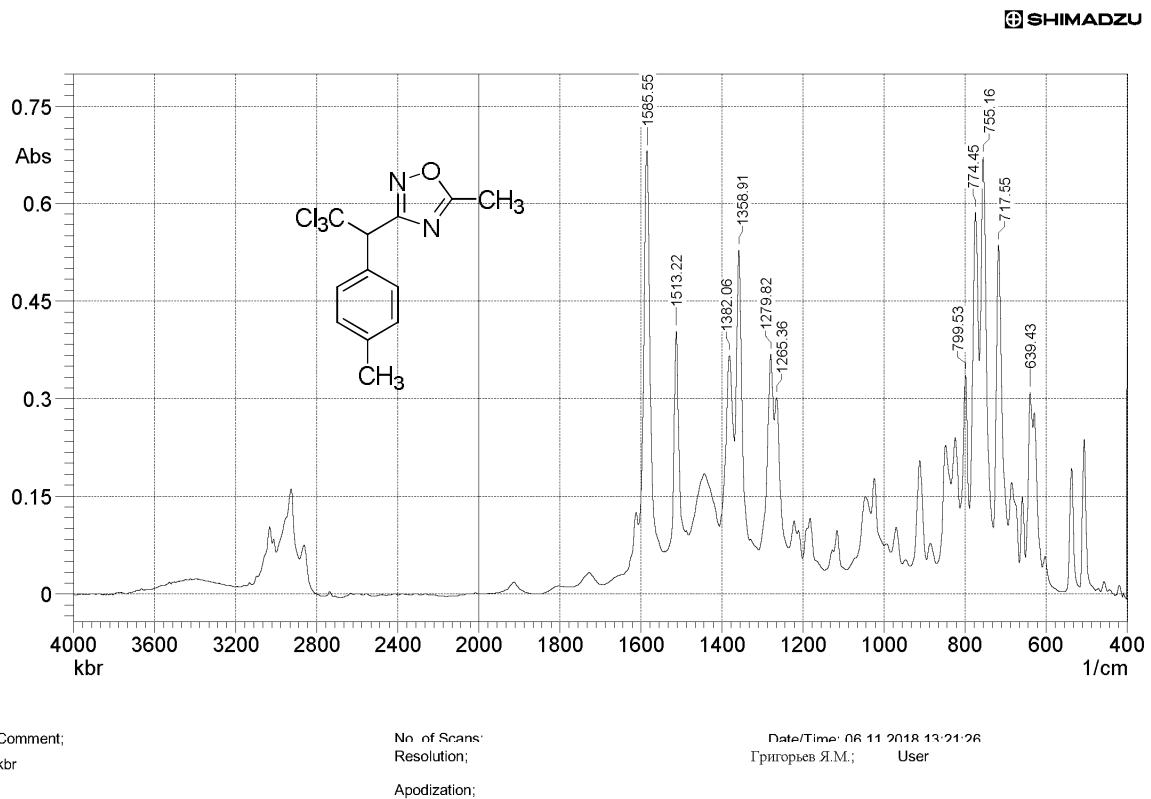


Fig. S18. IR spectrum of the compound **2f** (KBr).

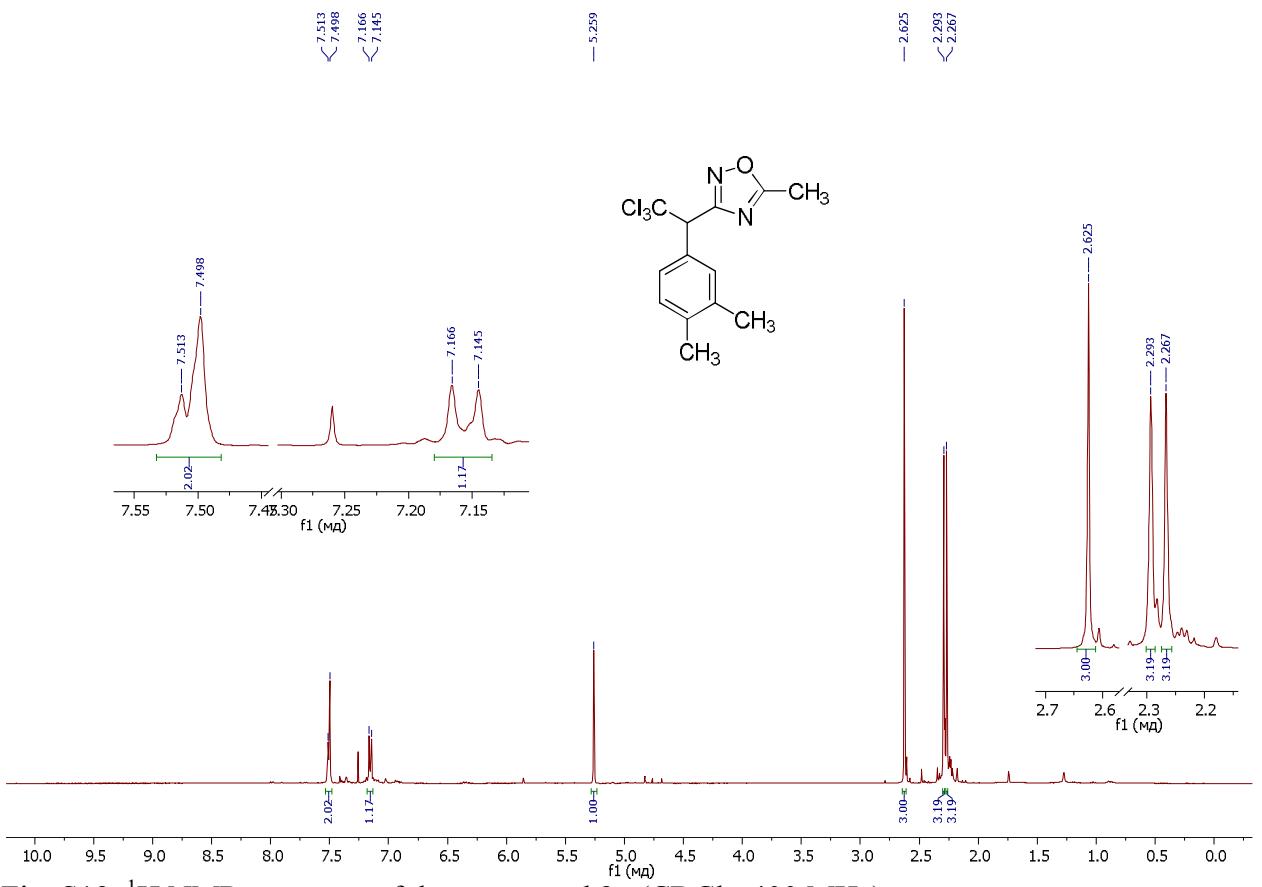


Fig. S19. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2g** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

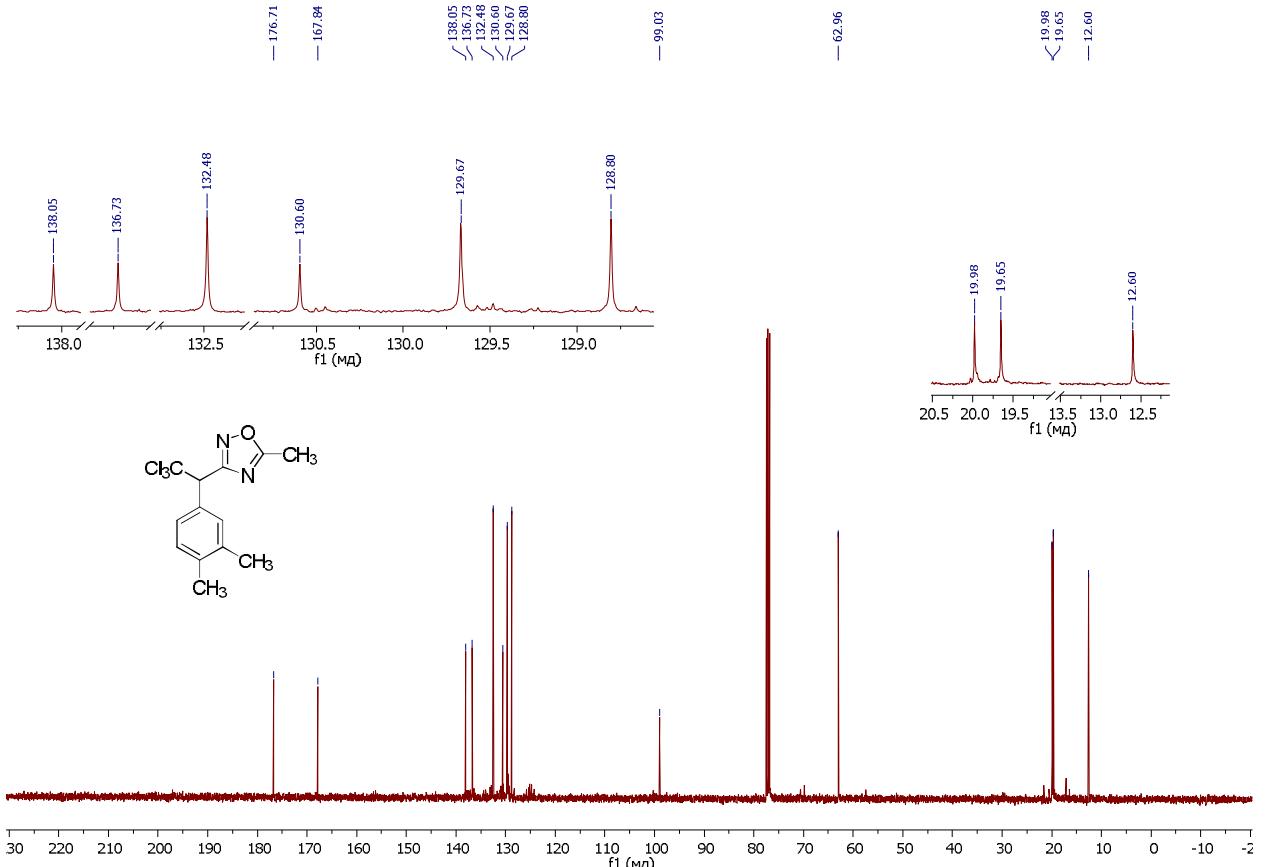
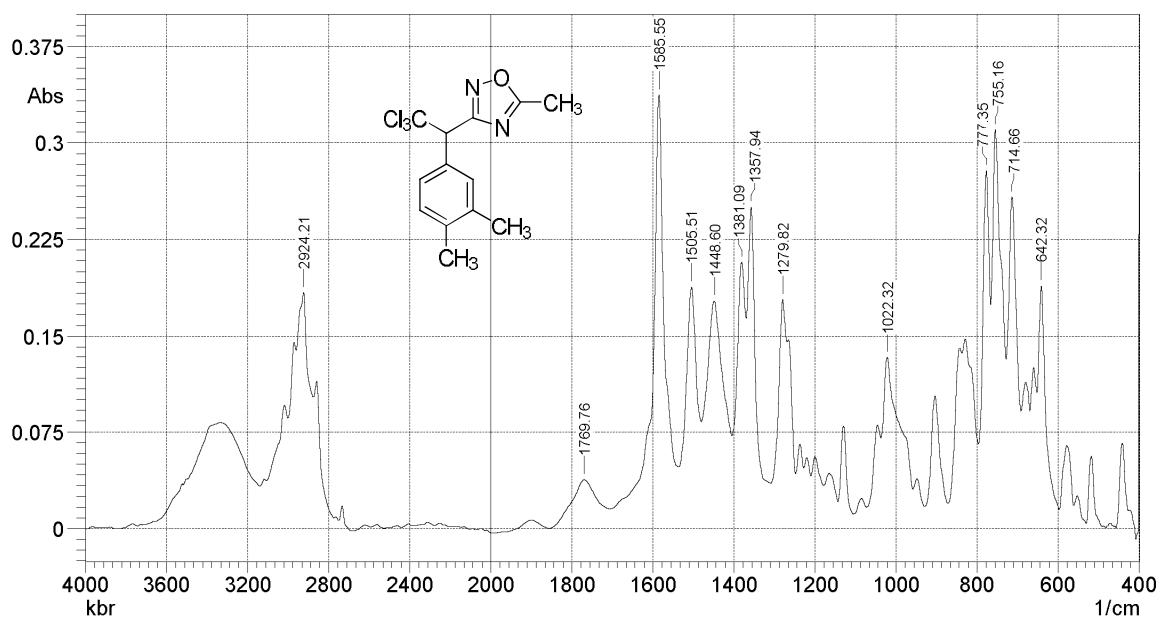


Fig. S20. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2g** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).



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Fig. S21. IR spectrum of the compound **2g** (KBr).

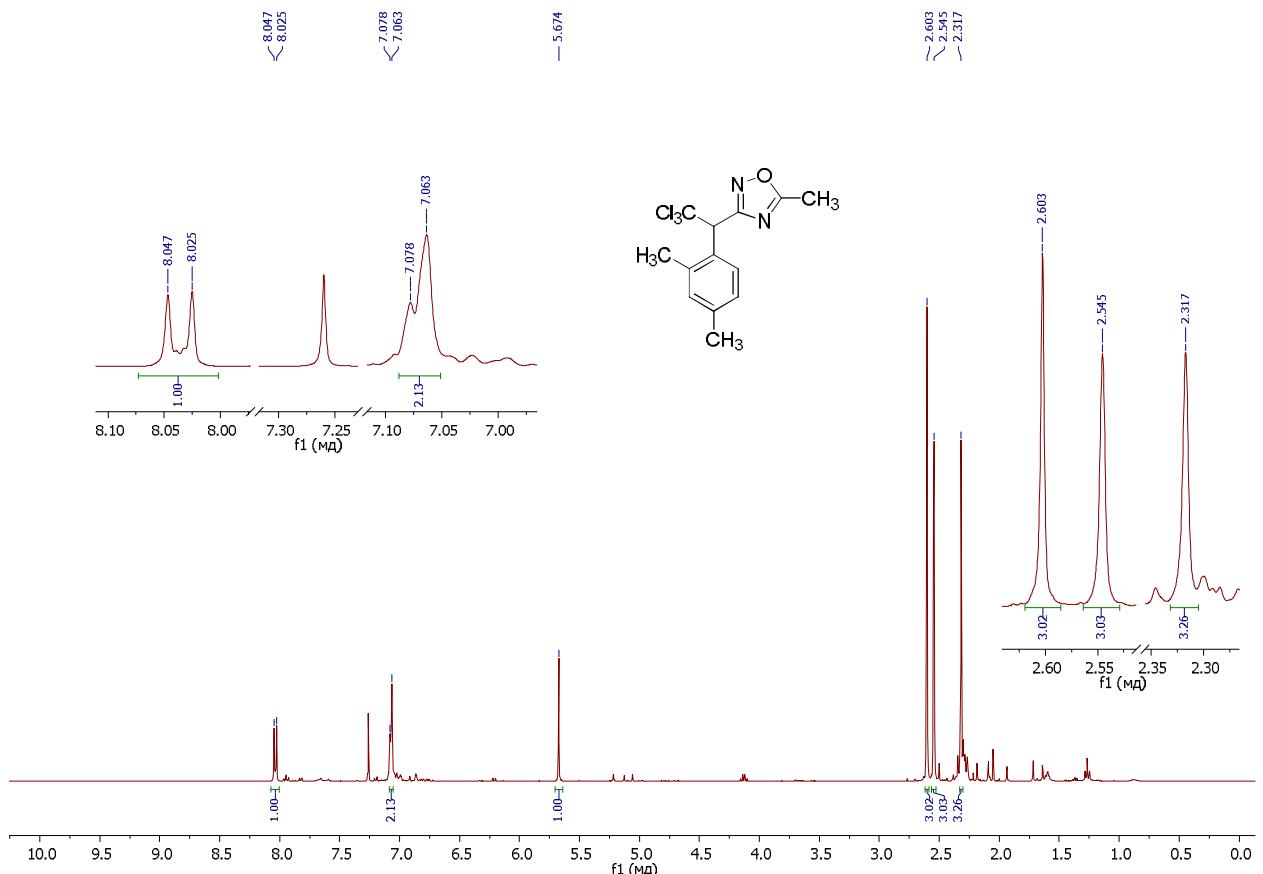


Fig. S22. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2h** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

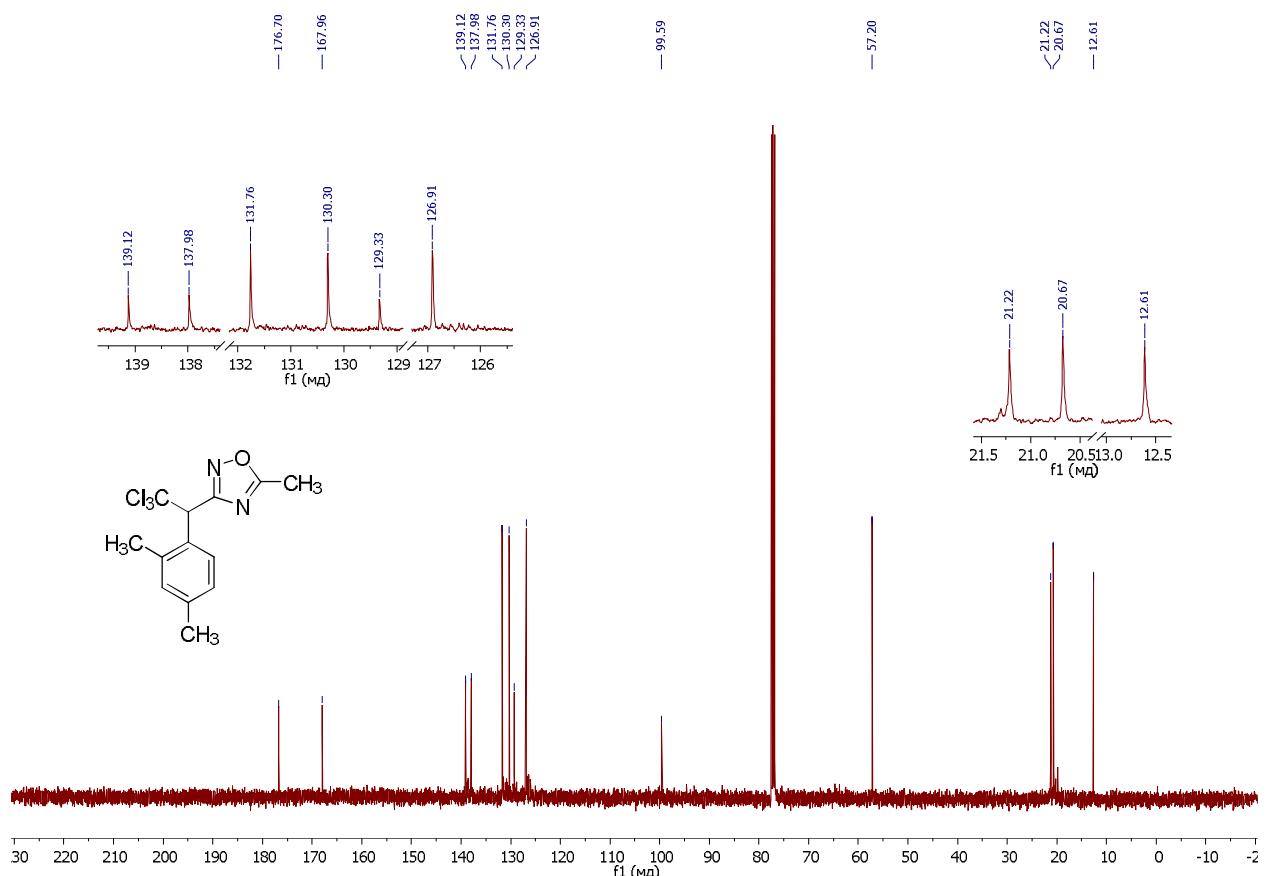
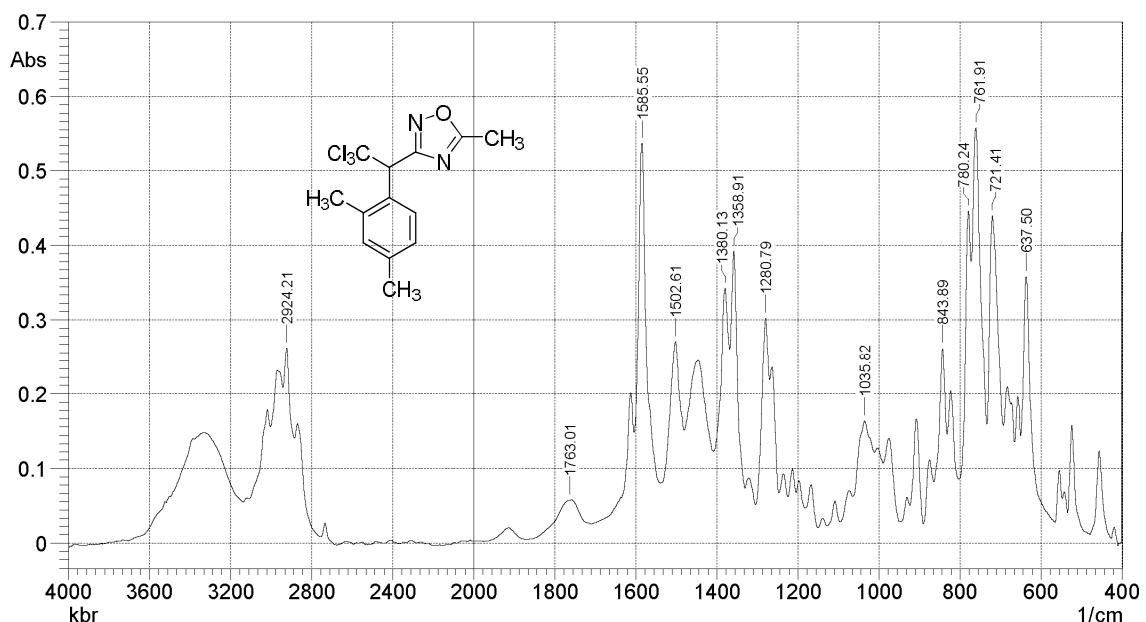


Fig. S23. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2h** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

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Fig. S24. IR spectrum of the compound **2h** (KBr).

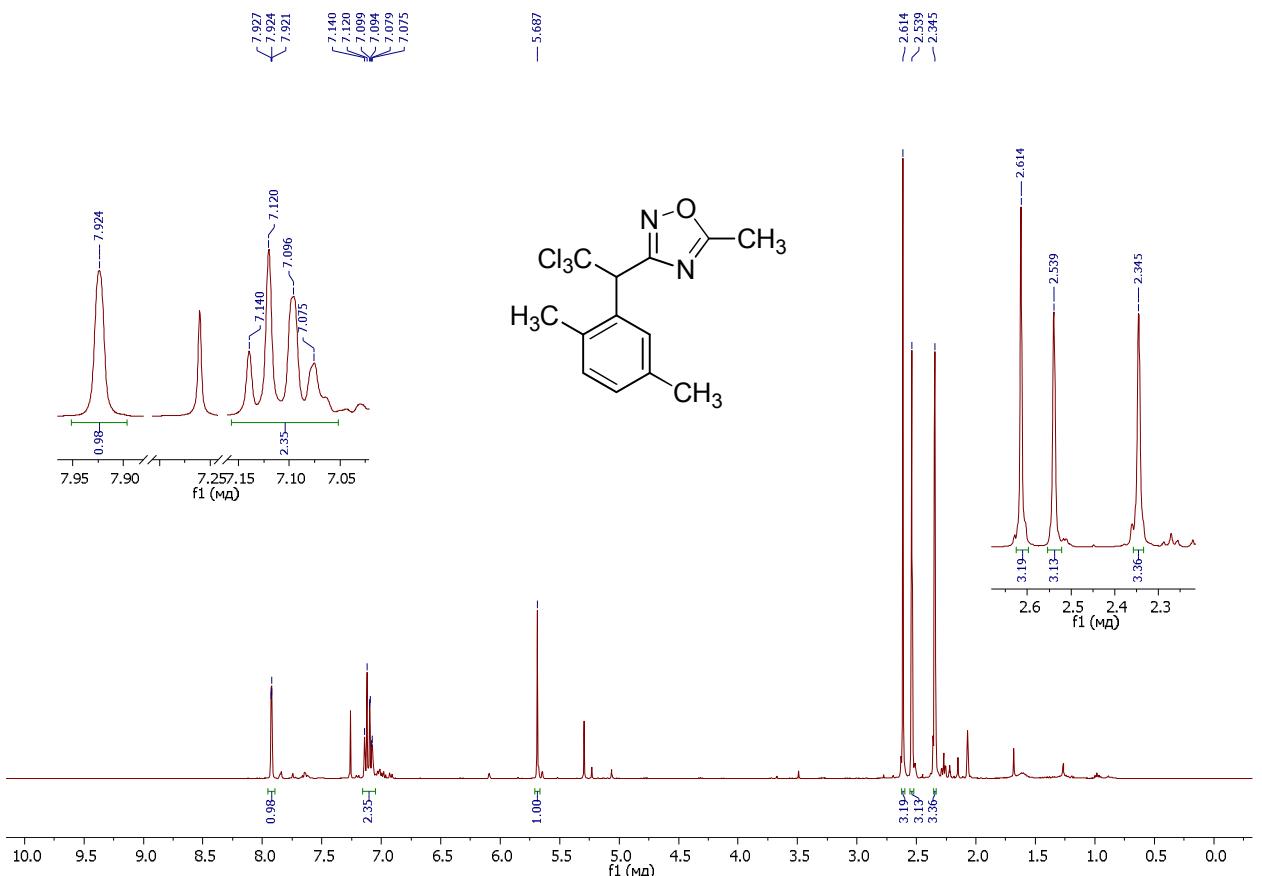


Fig. S25. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2i** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

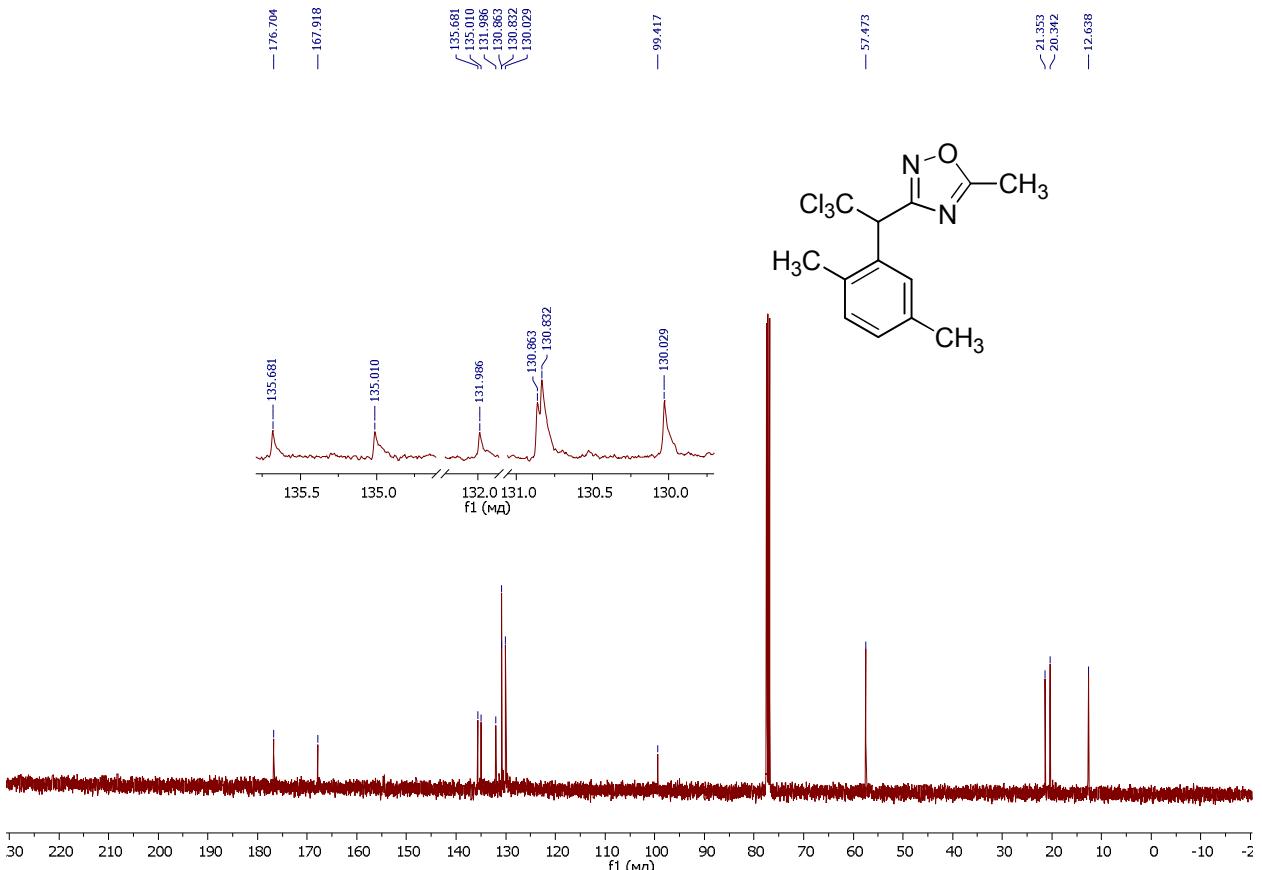


Fig. S26. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2i** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

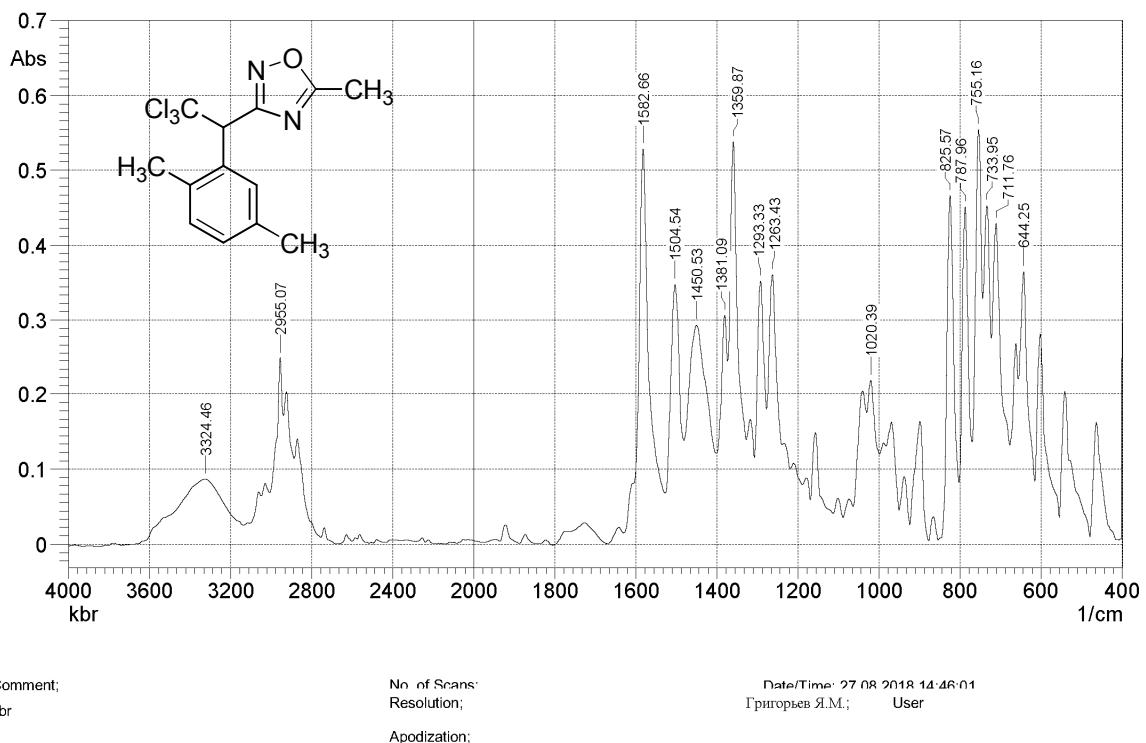


Fig. S27. IR spectrum of the compound **2i** (KBr).

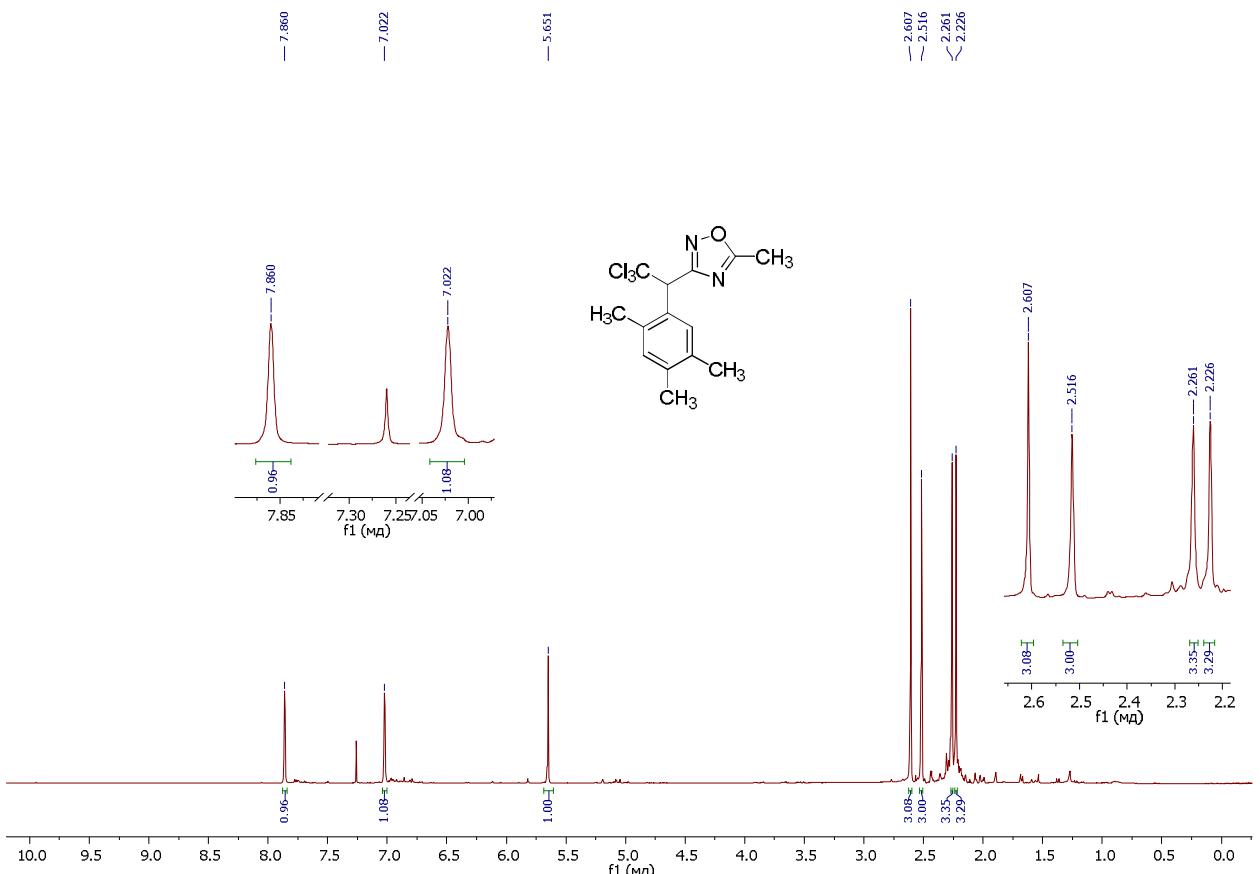


Fig. S28. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound **2j** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

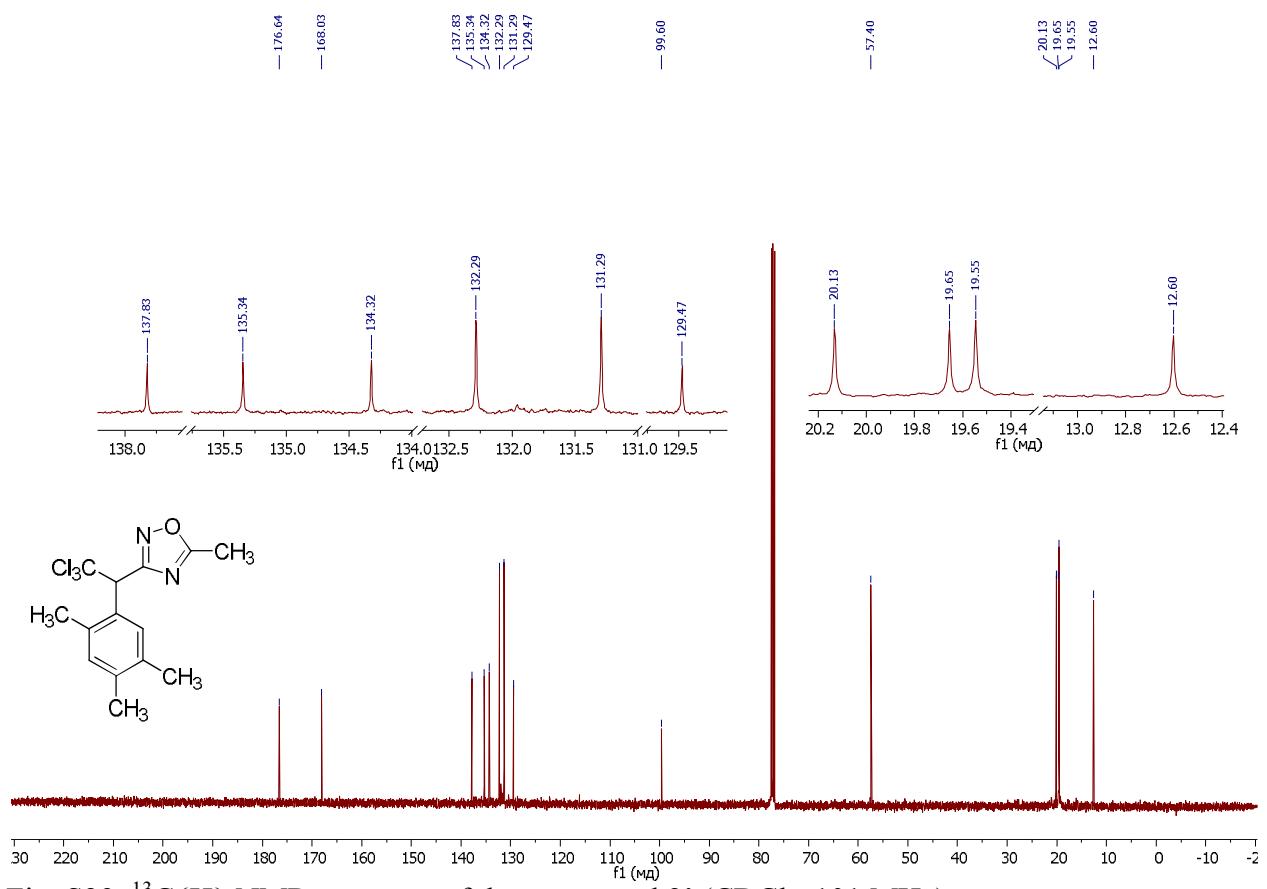


Fig. S29. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2j** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

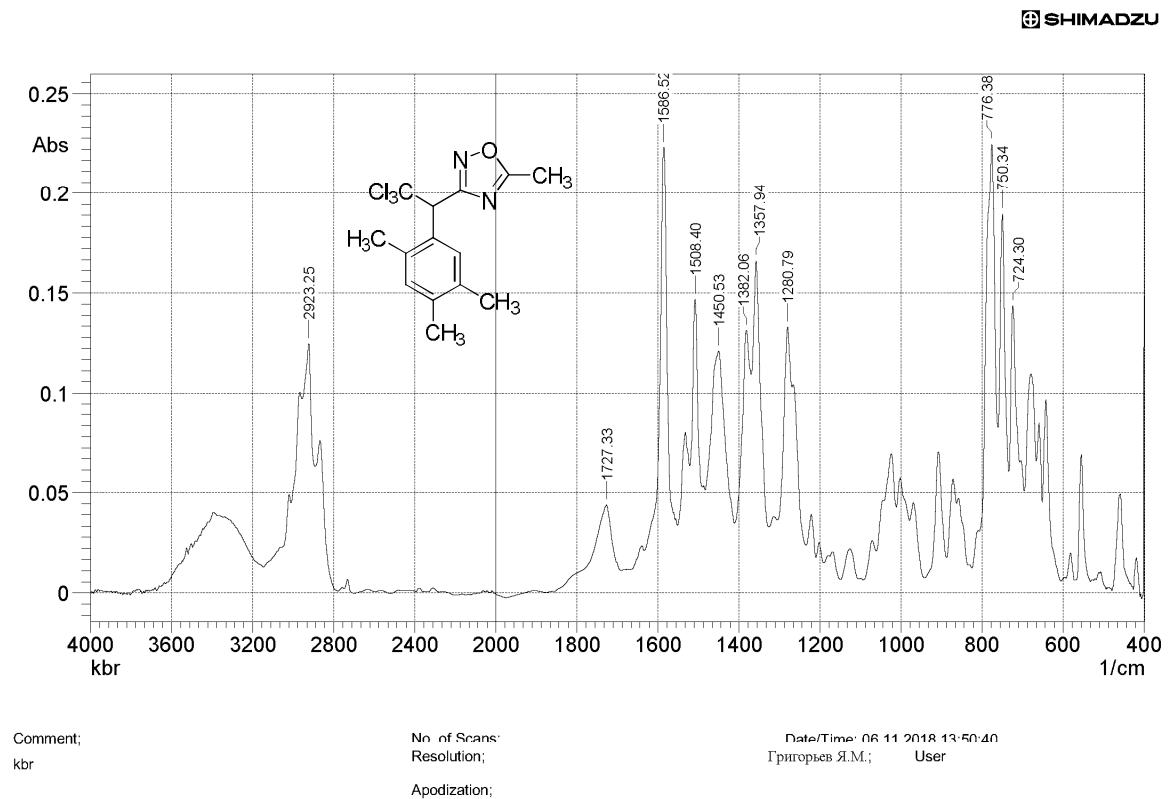


Fig. S30. IR spectrum of the compound **2j** (KBr).

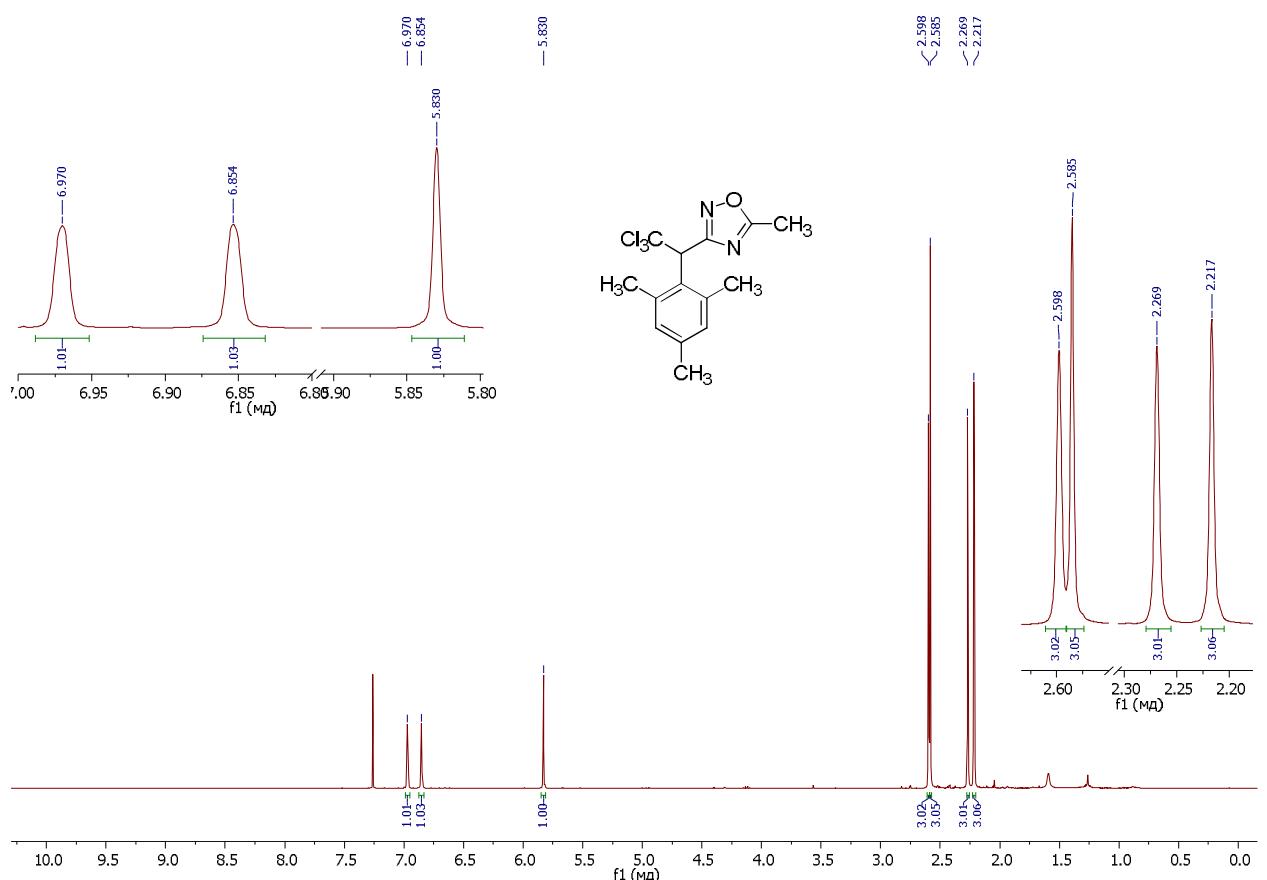


Fig. S31. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2k** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

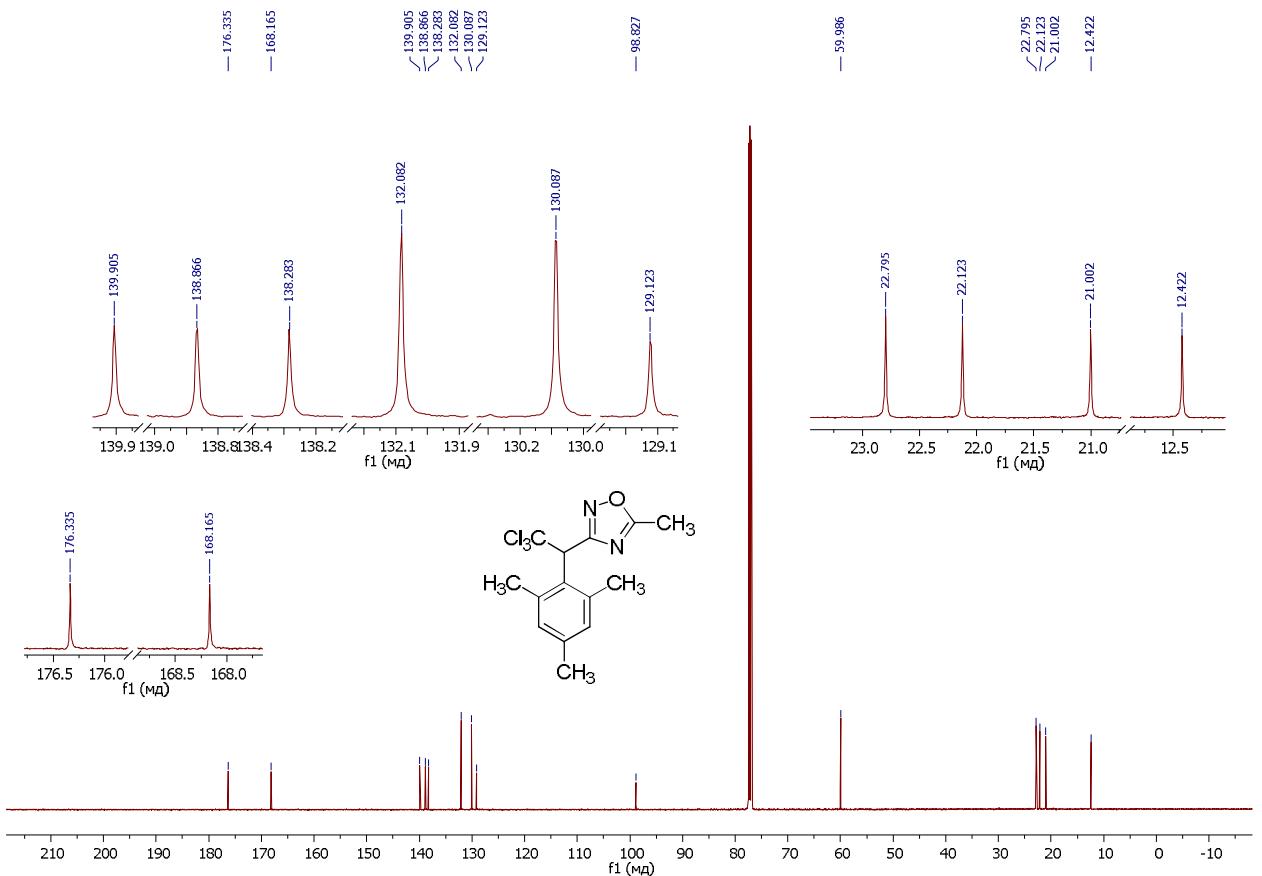
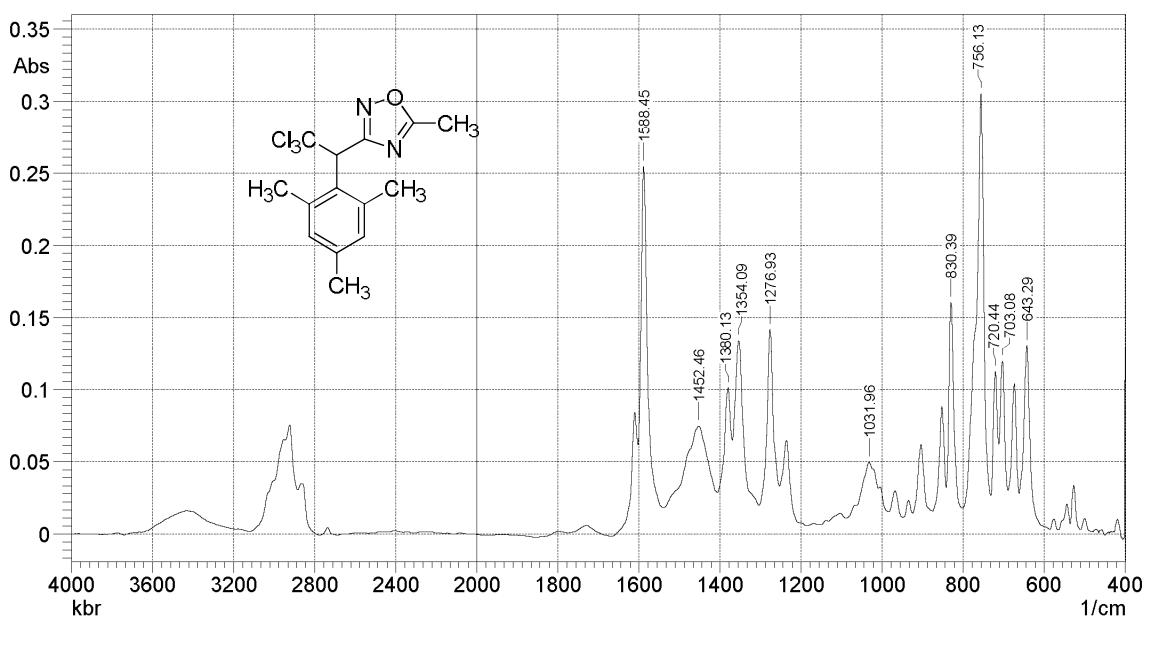


Fig. S32. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2k** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).



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Fig. S33. IR spectrum of the compound **2k** (KBr).

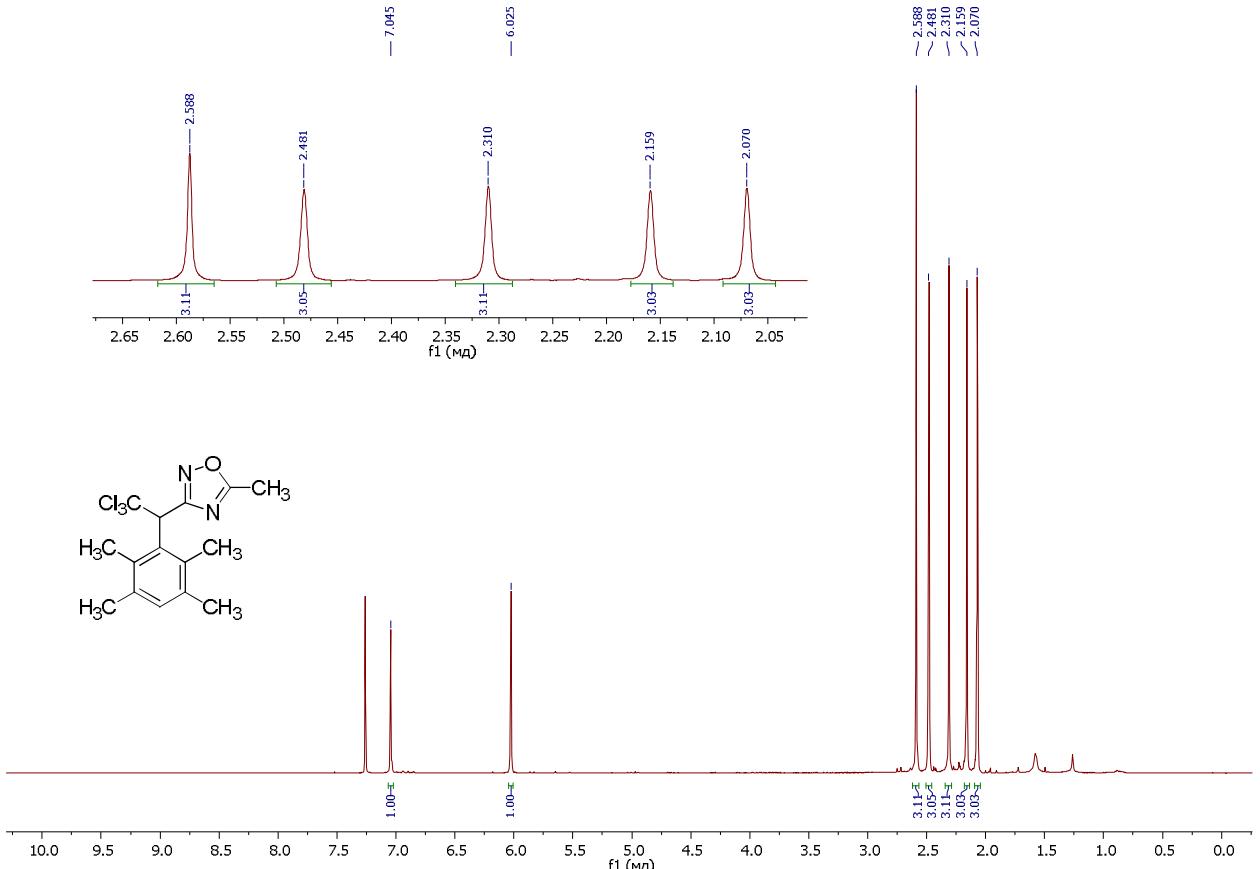


Fig. S34. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound **2l** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz).

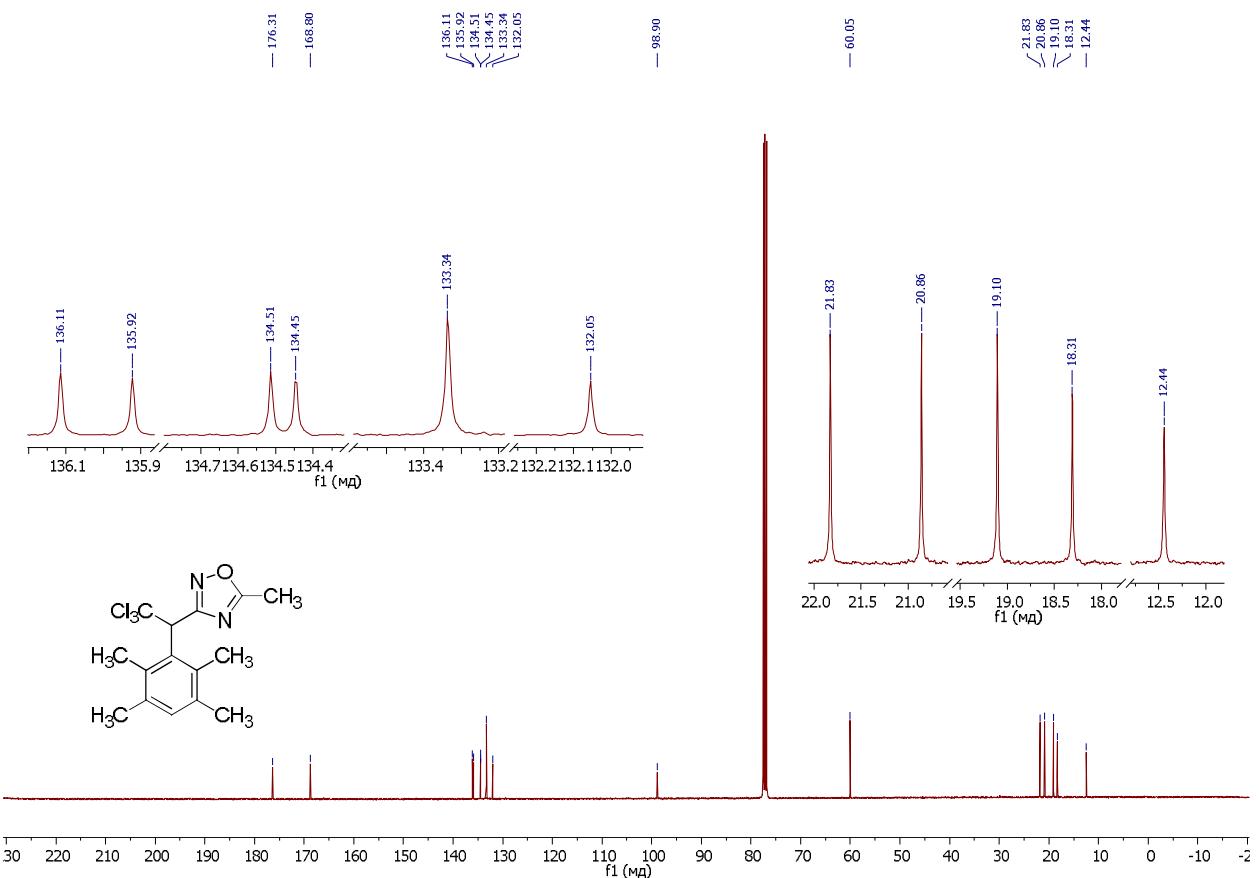
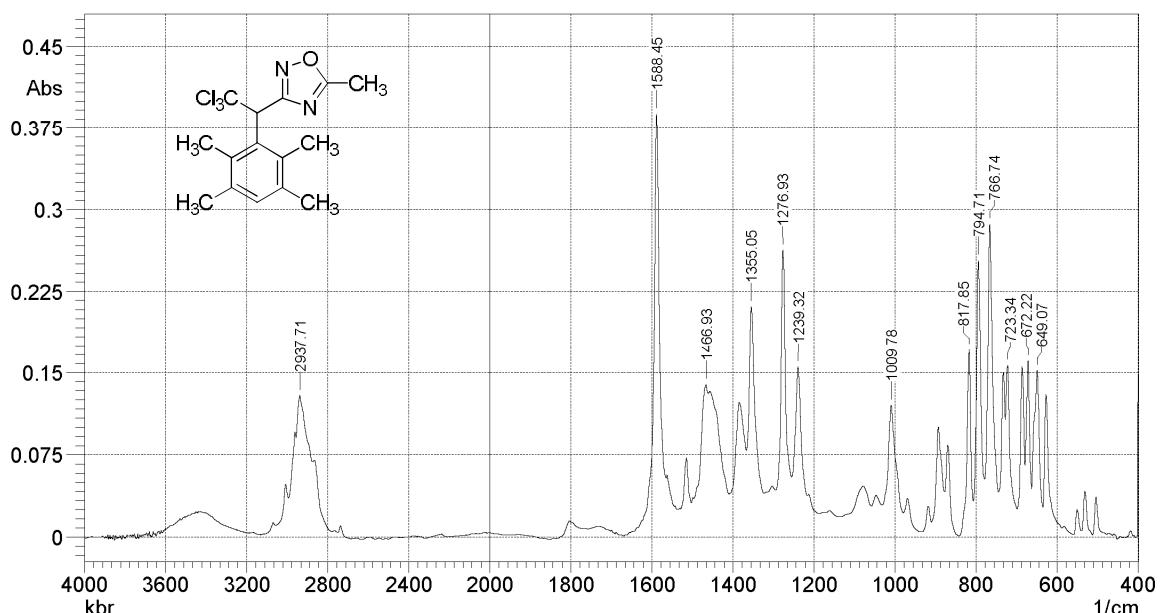


Fig. S35. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2I** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

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Fig. S36. IR spectrum of the compound **2I** (KBr).

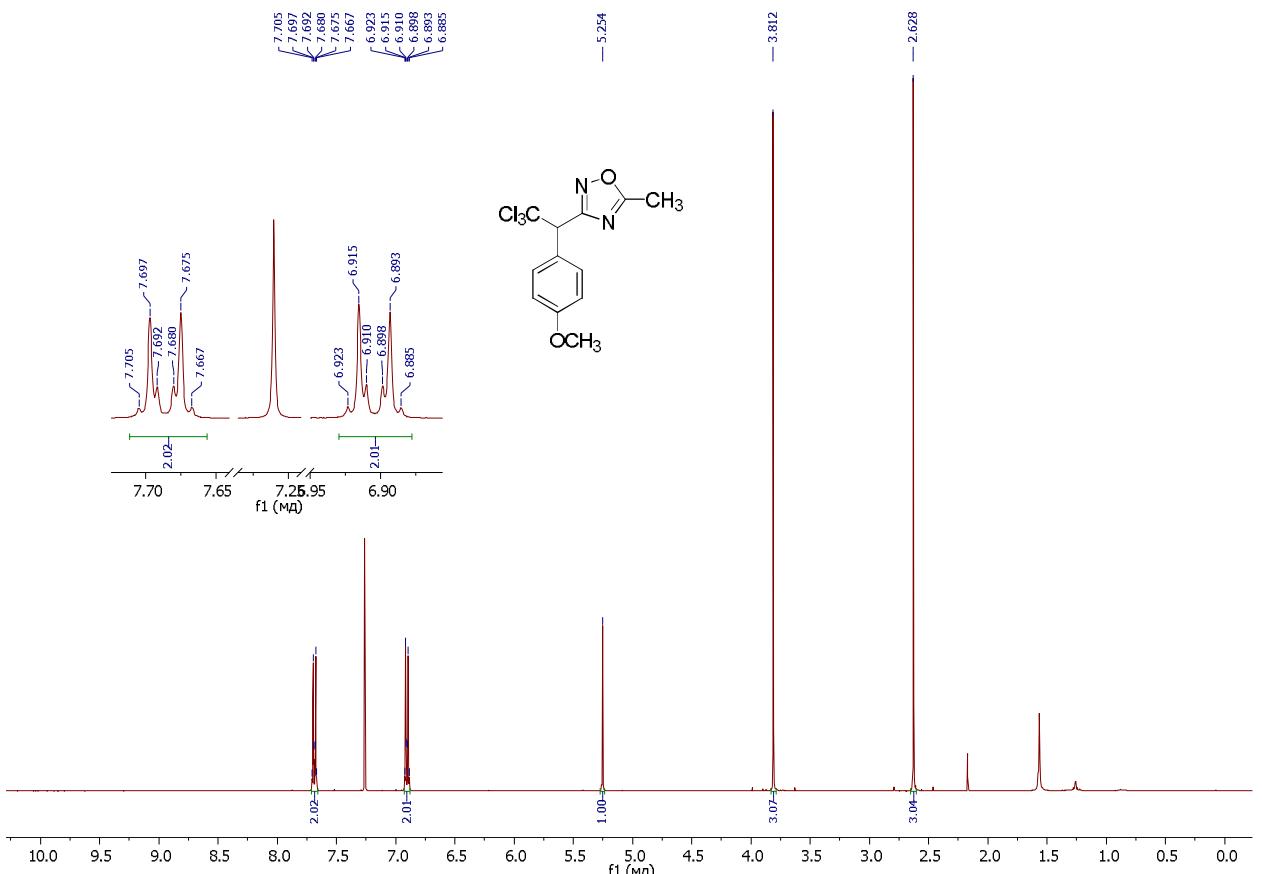


Fig. S37. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2m** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

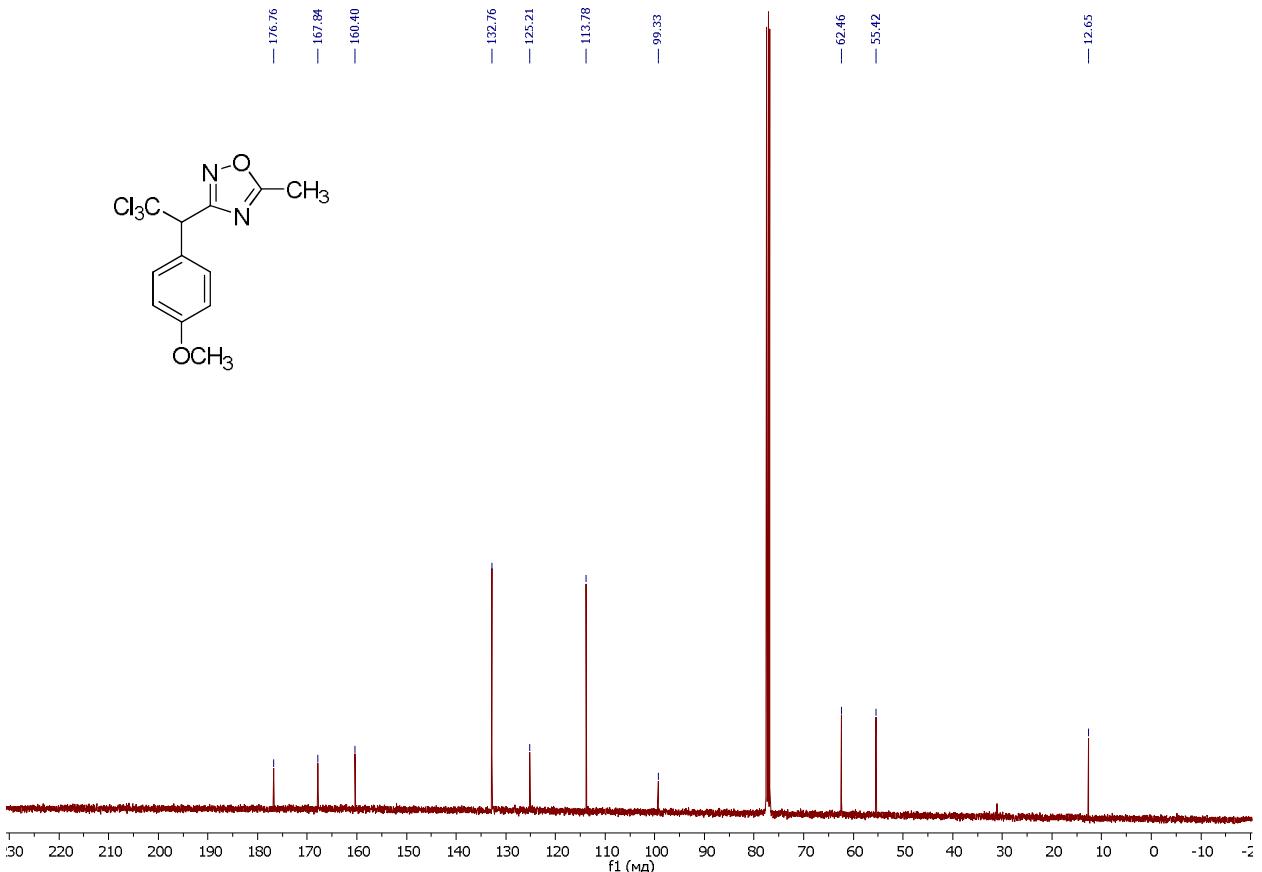


Fig. S38. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2m** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

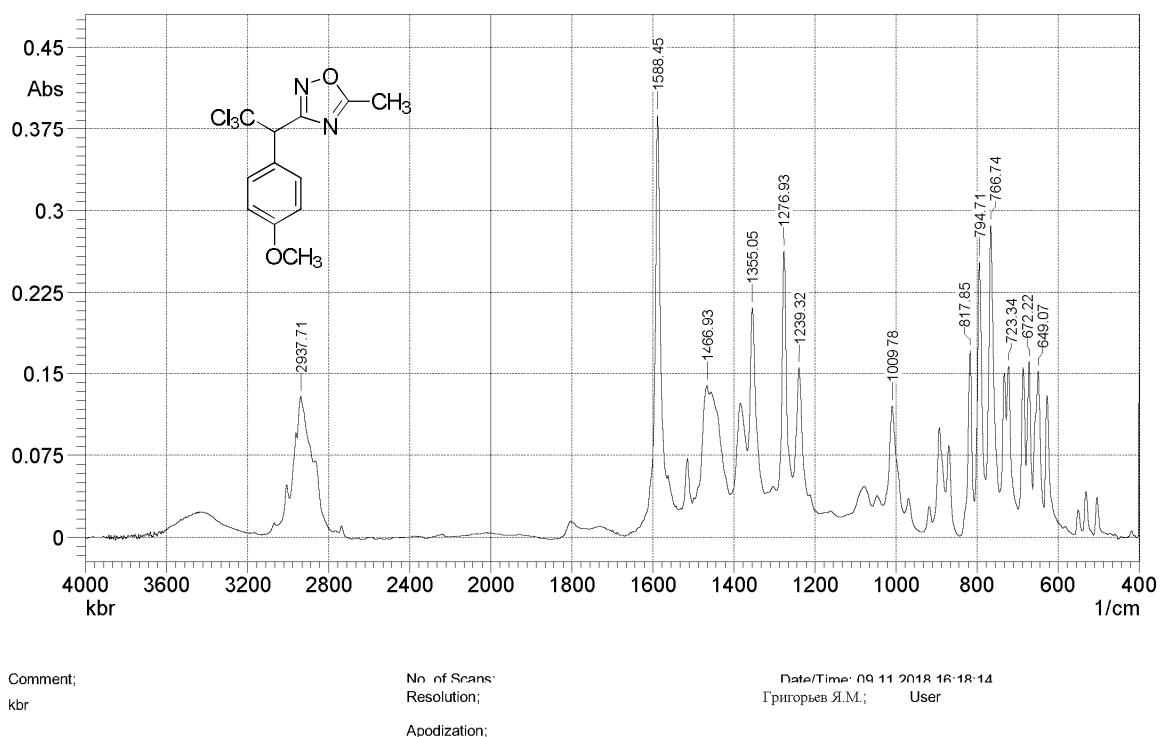


Fig. S39. IR spectrum of the compound **2m** (KBr).

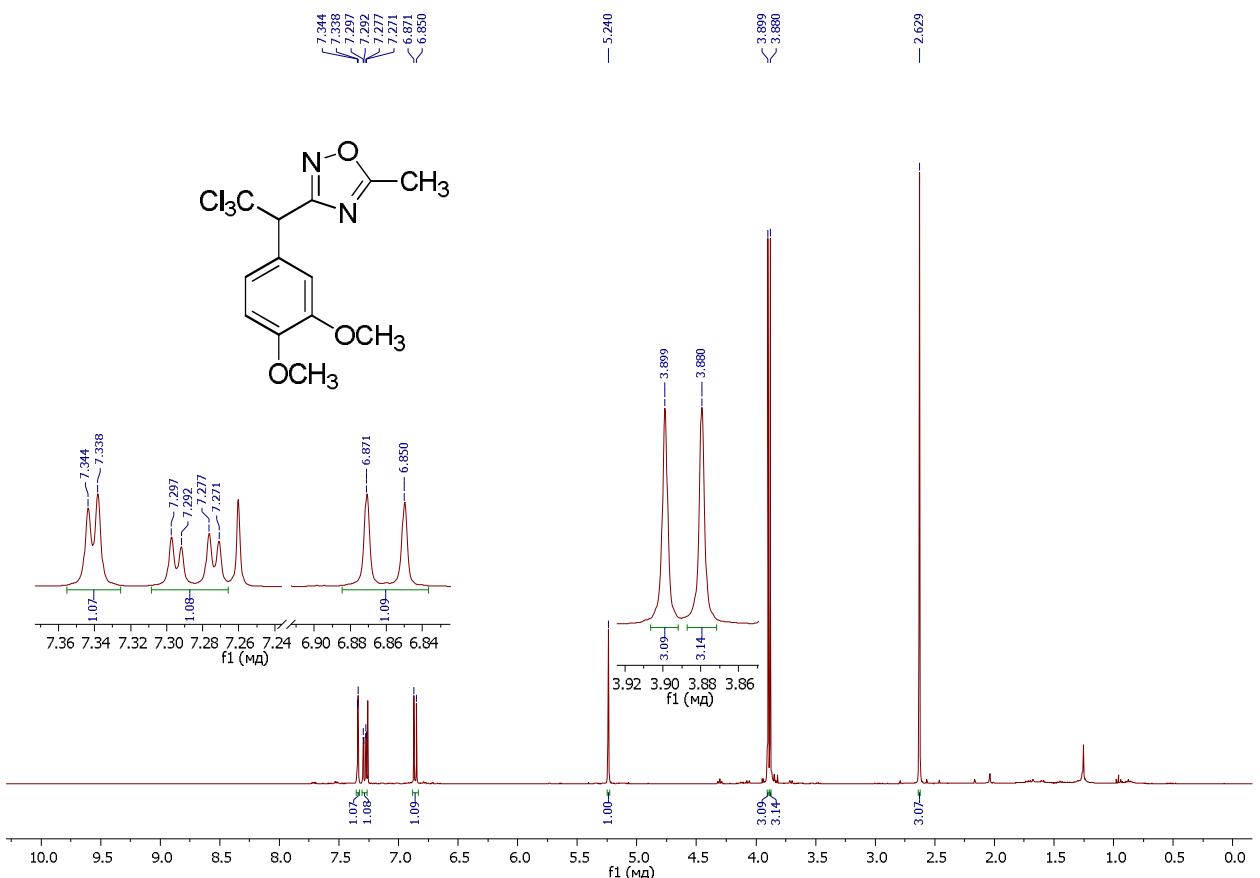


Fig. S40. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2n** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

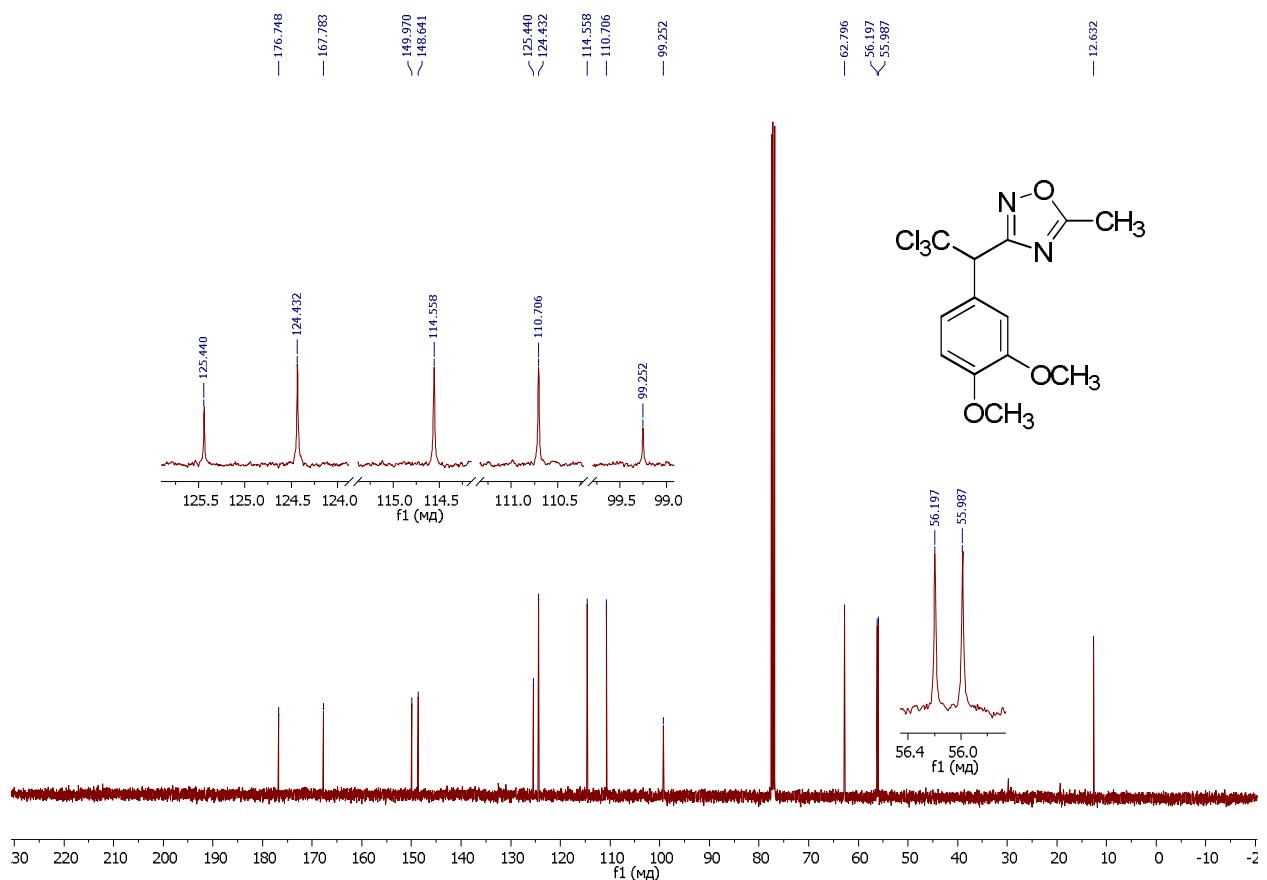


Fig. S41. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2n** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

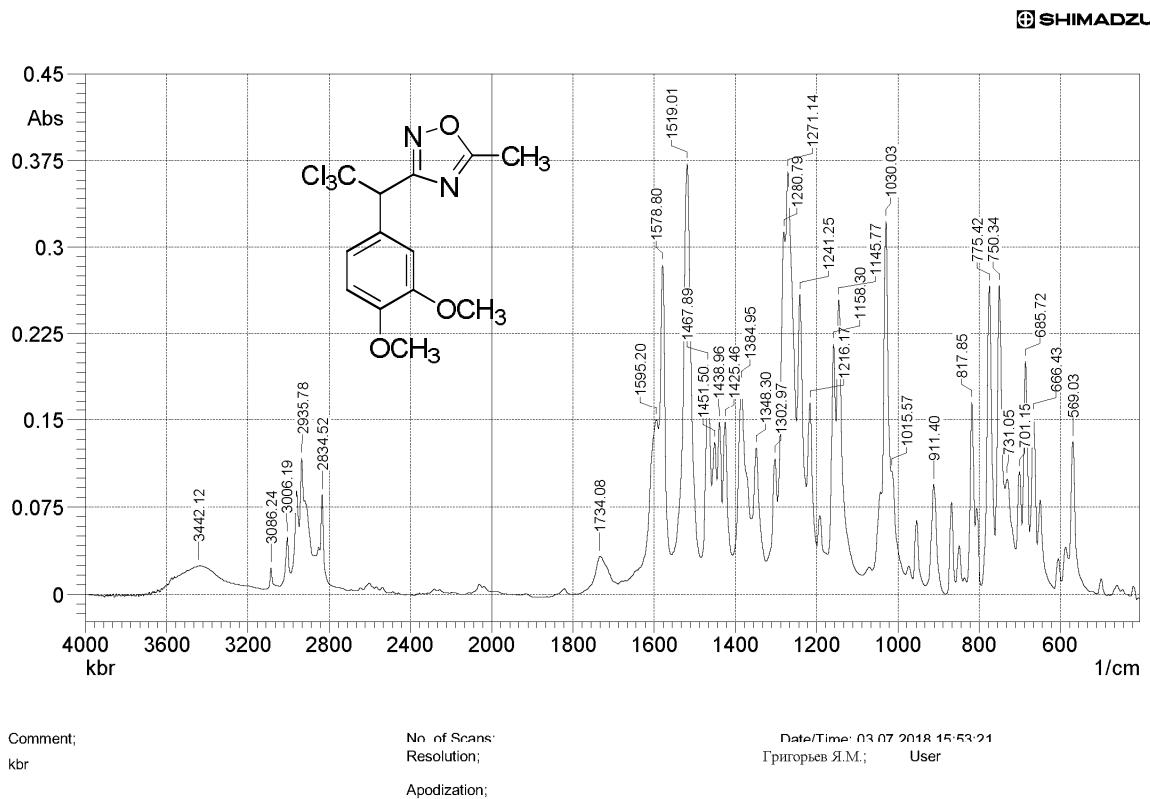


Fig. S42. IR spectrum of the compound **2n** (KBr).

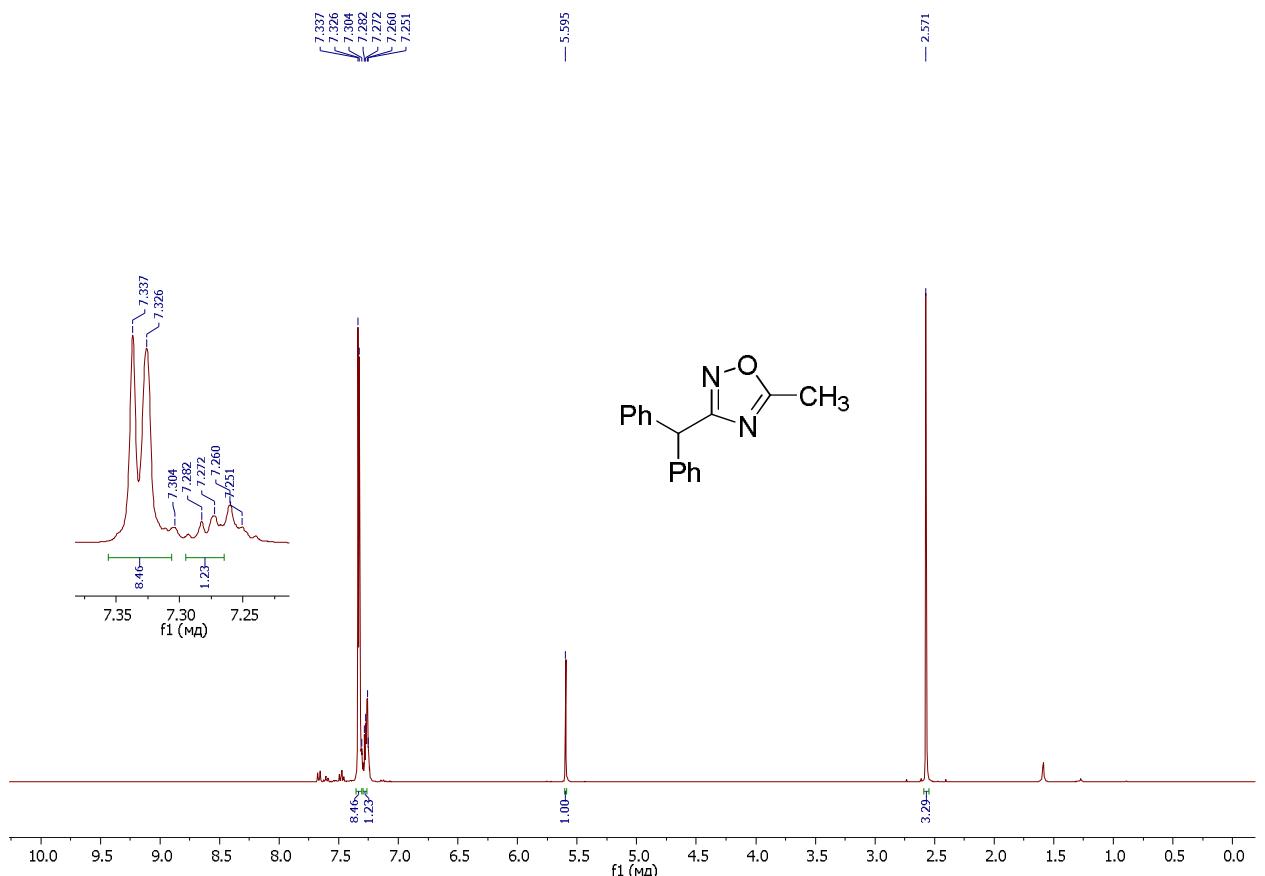


Fig. S43. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2o** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

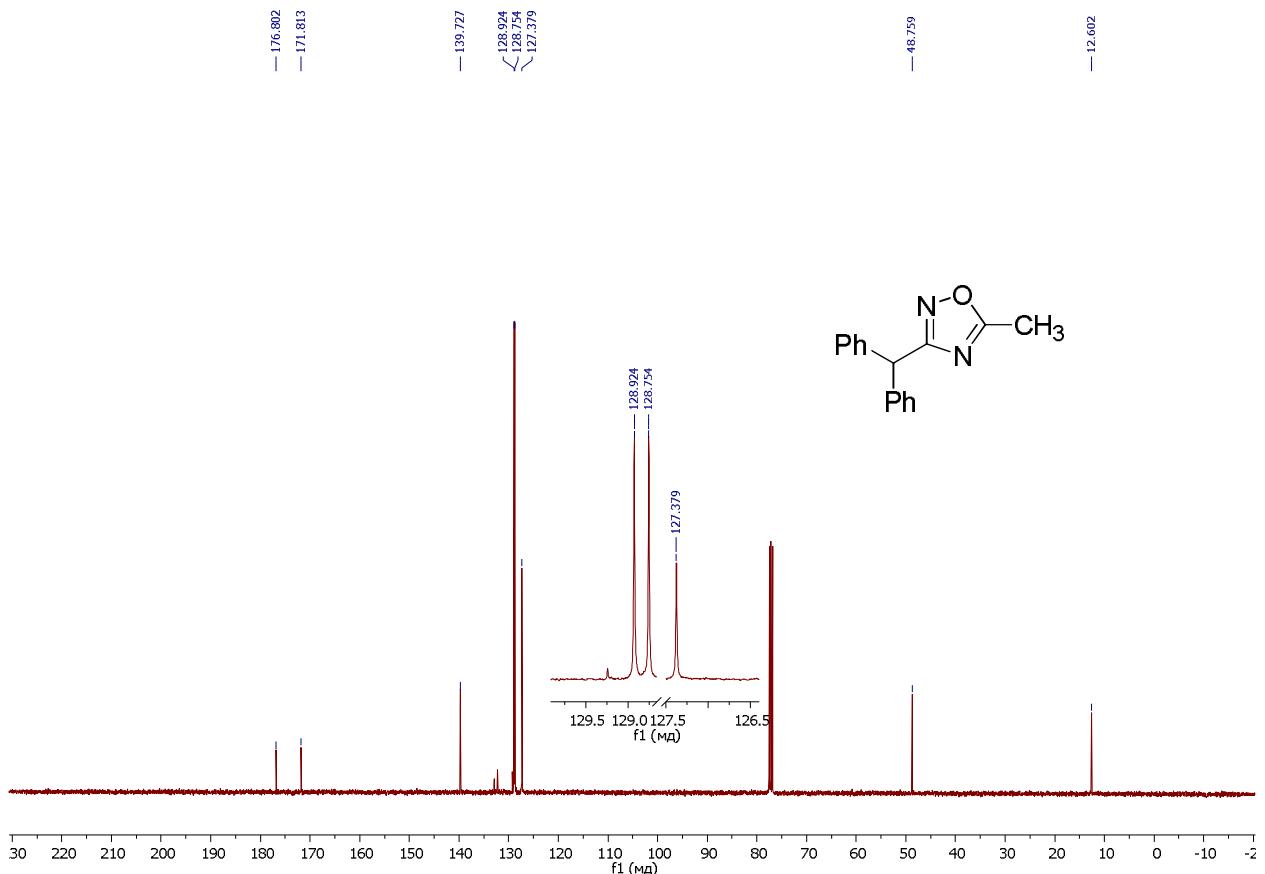
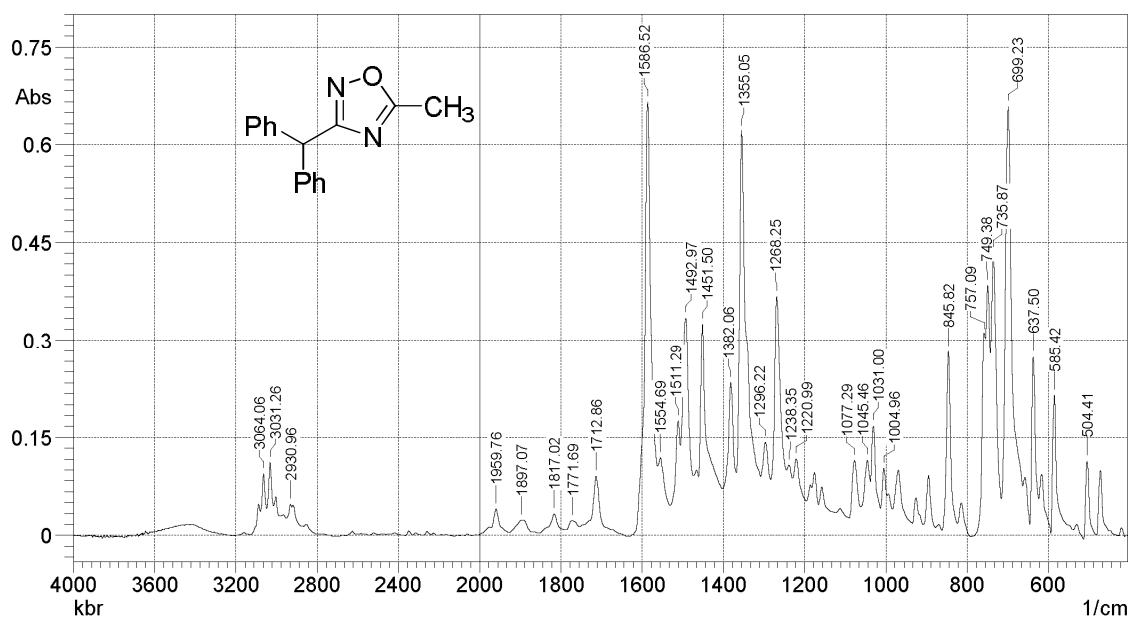


Fig. S44. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2o** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).



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Fig. S45. IR spectrum of the compound **2o** (KBr).

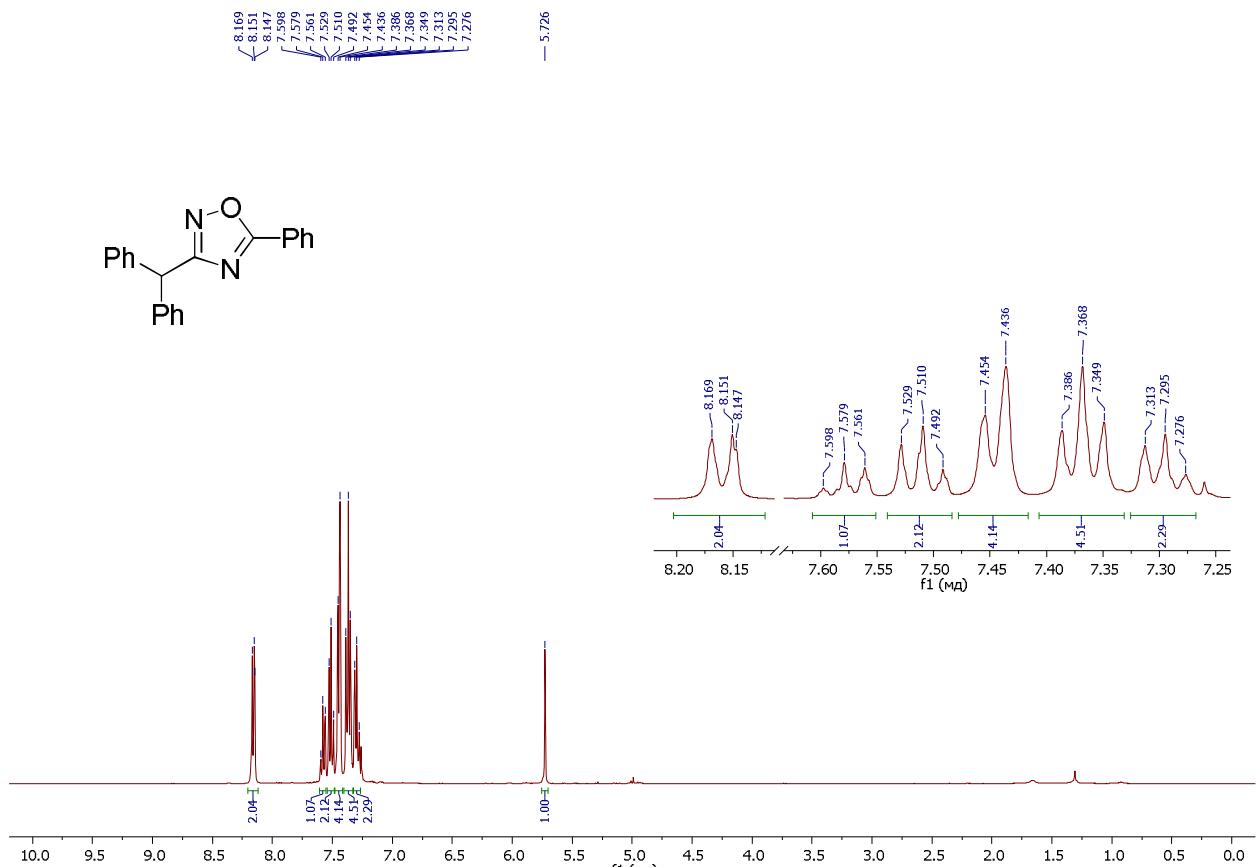


Fig. S46. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2p** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

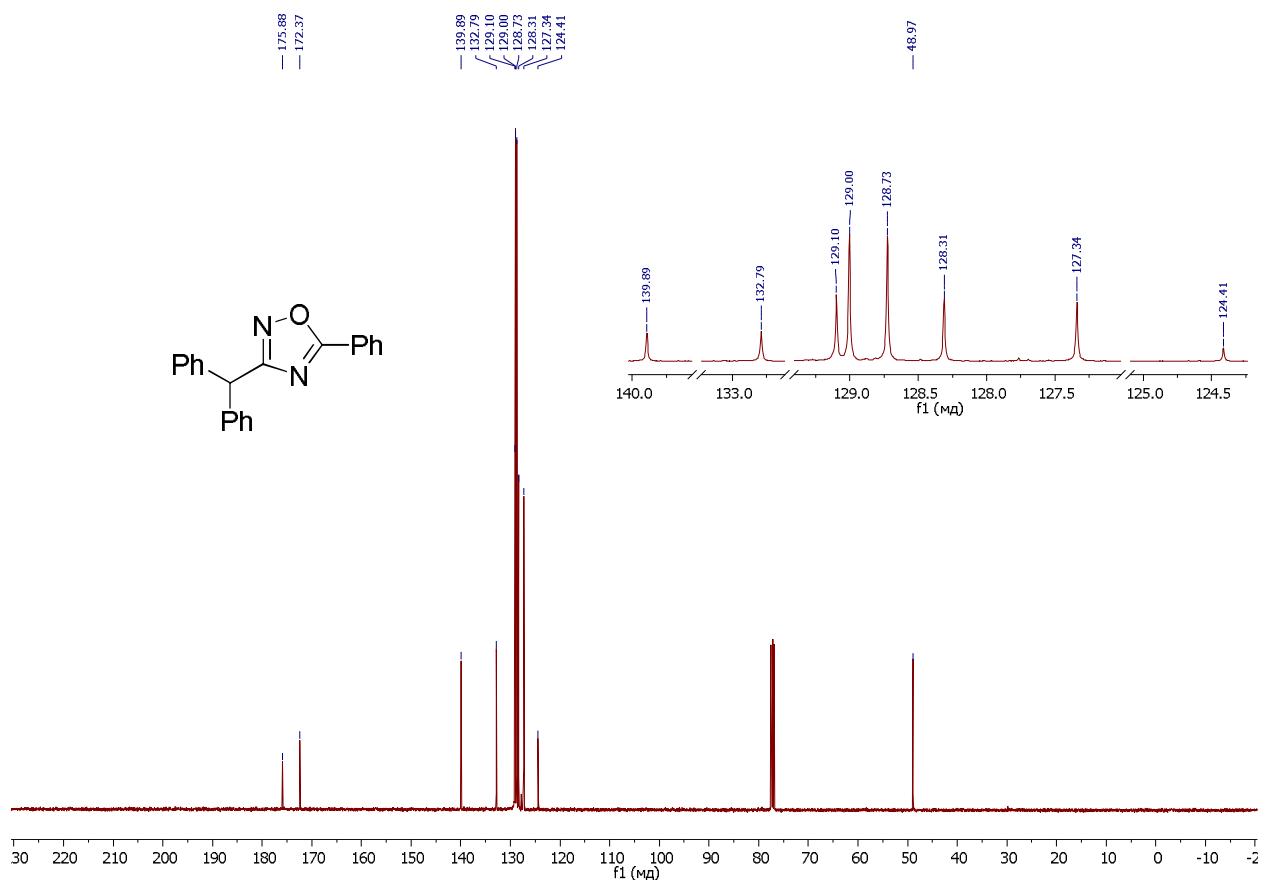


Fig. S47. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2p** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

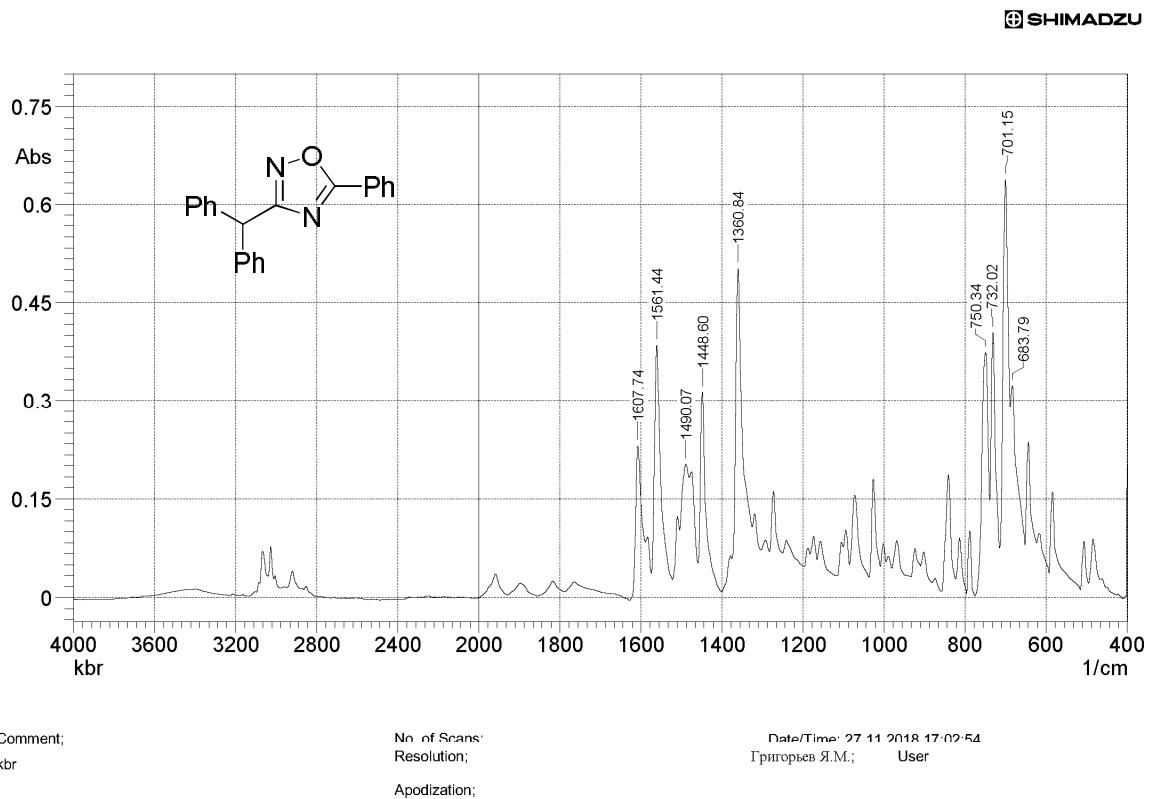


Fig. S48. IR spectrum of the compound **2p** (KBr).

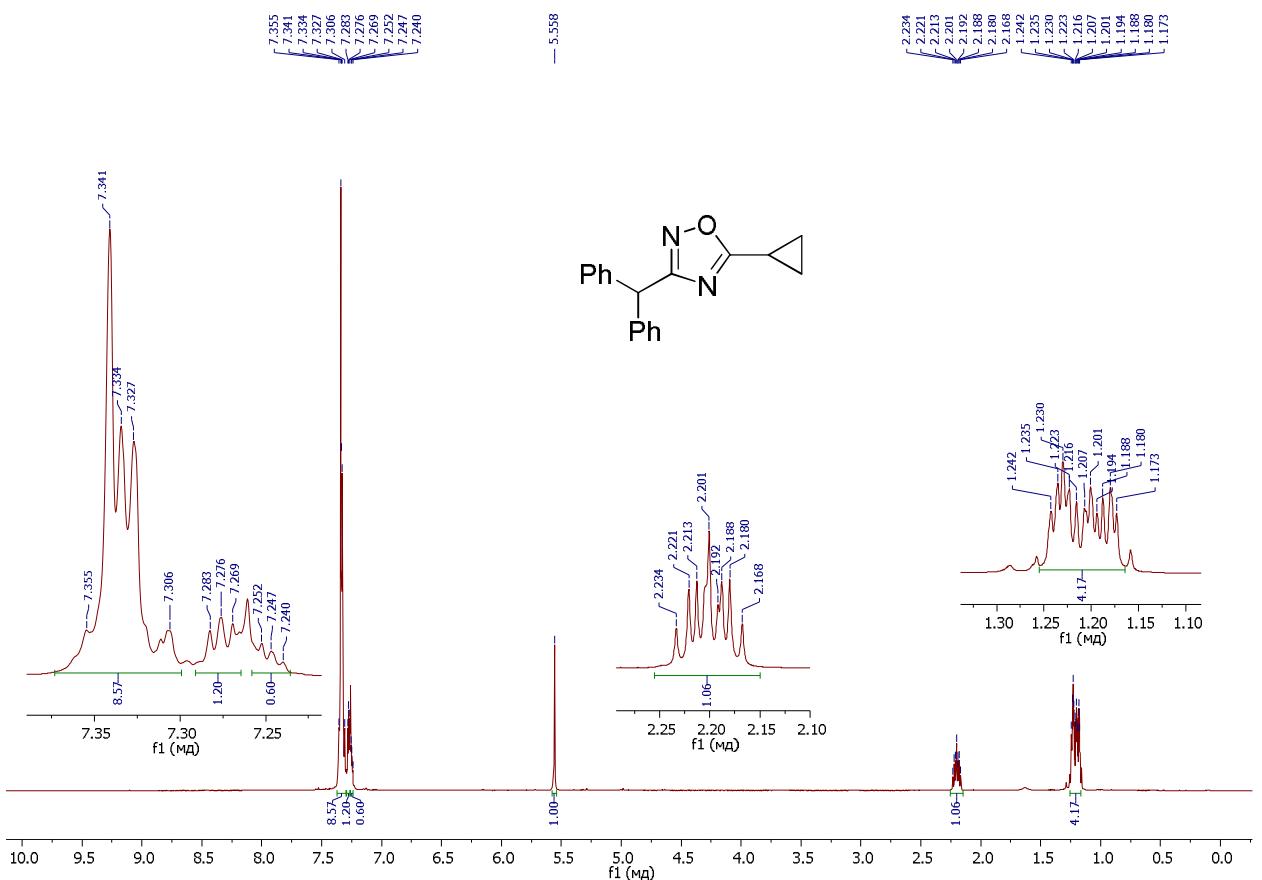


Fig. S49. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2q** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

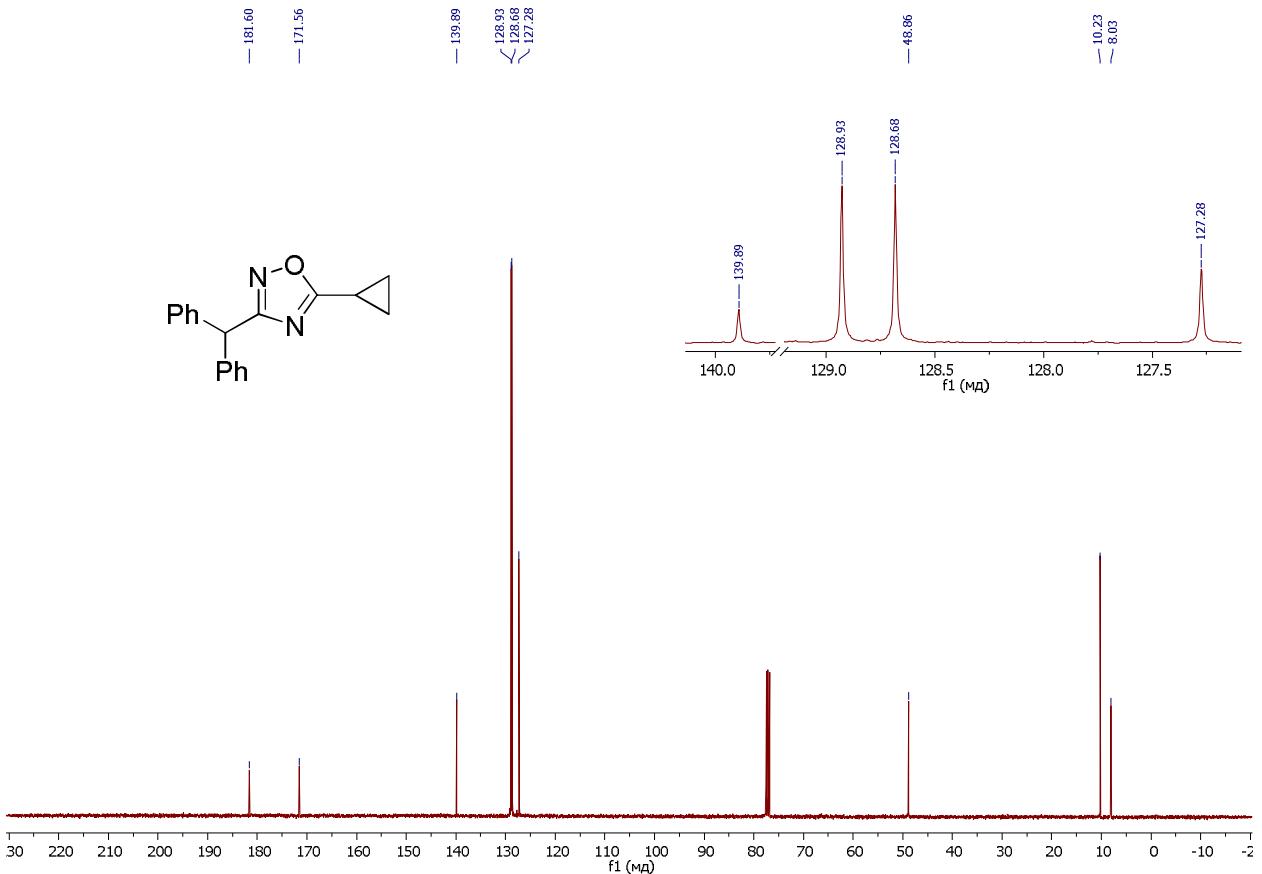
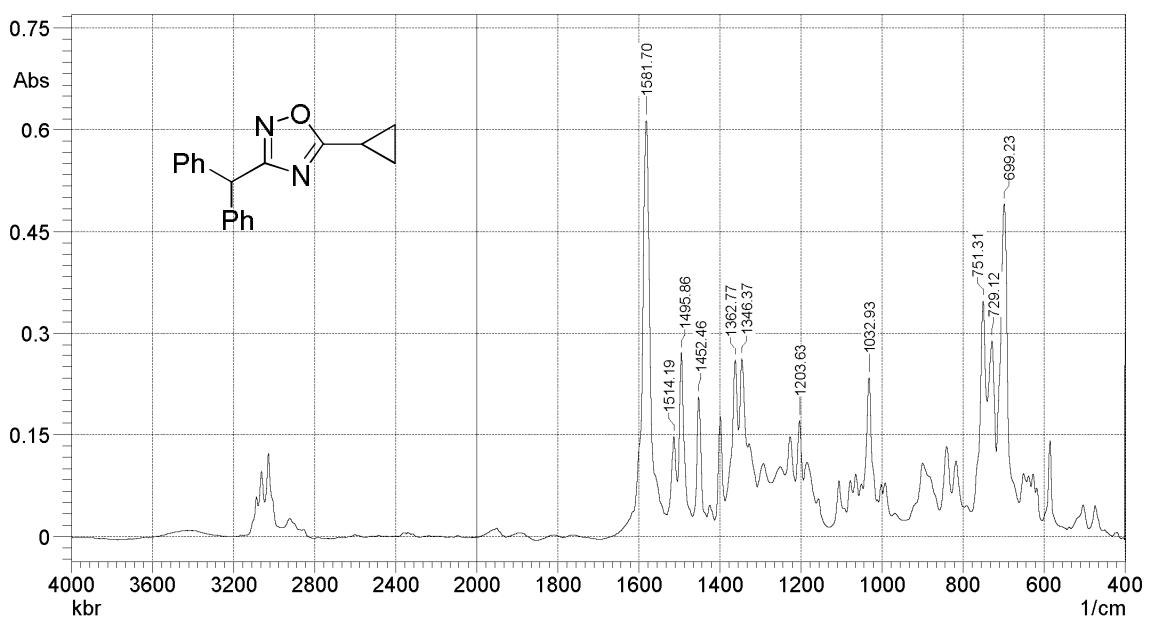


Fig. S50. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2q** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).



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Fig. S51. IR spectrum of the compound **2q** (KBr).

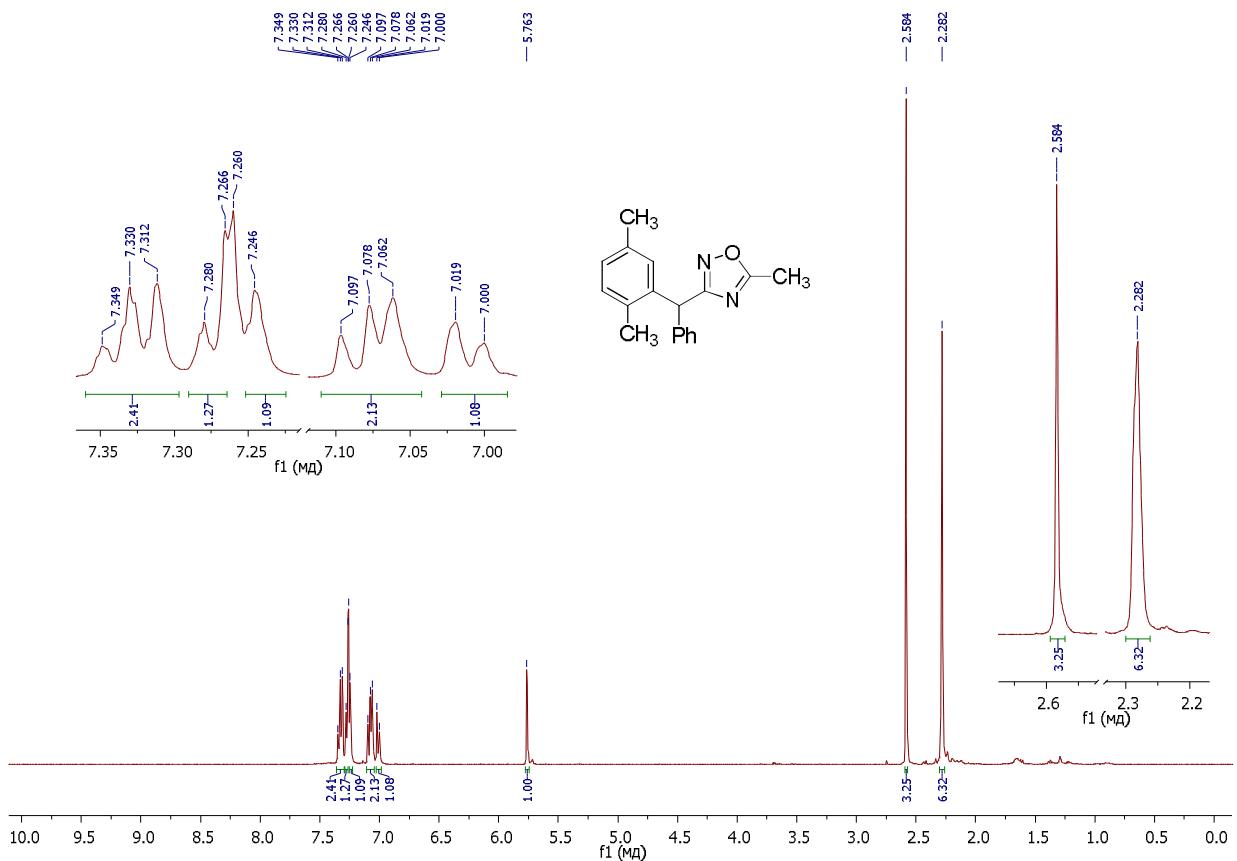


Fig. S52. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2r** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

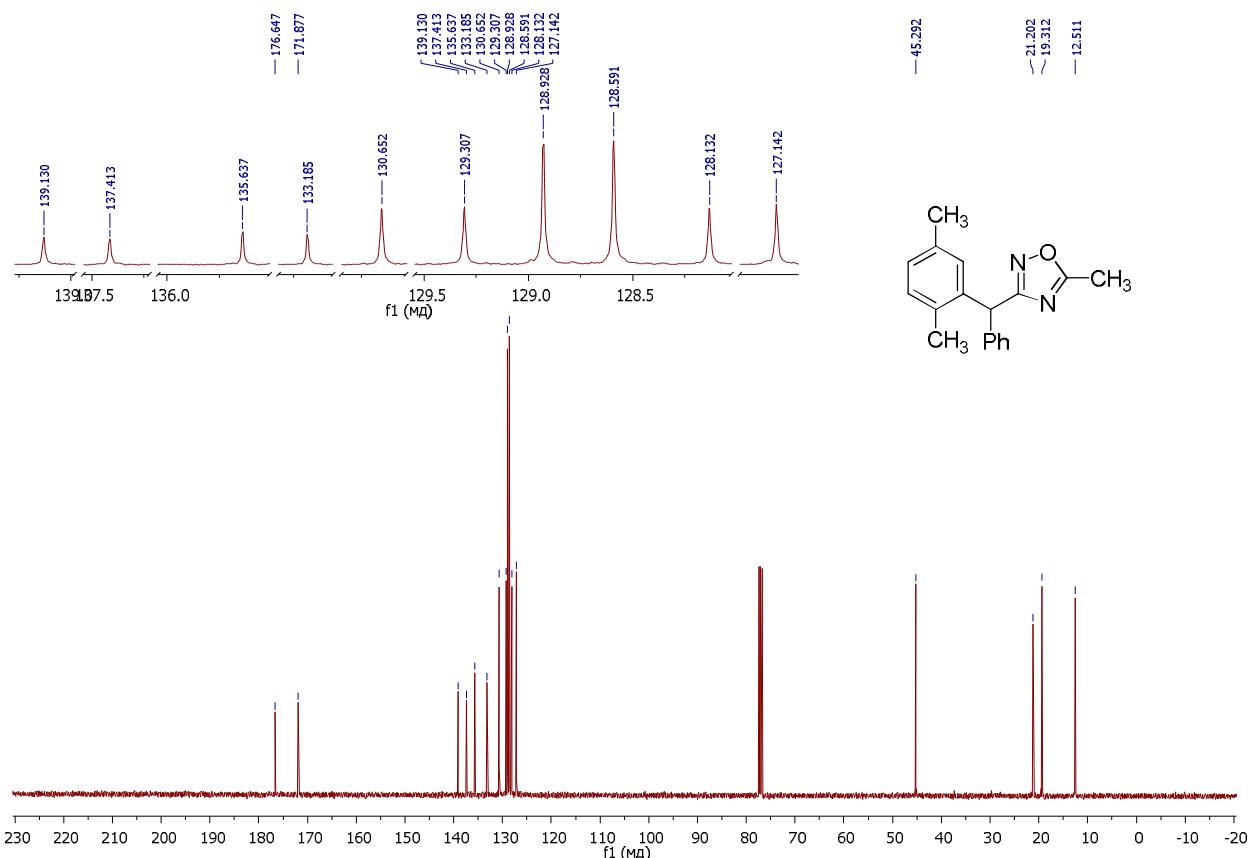


Fig. S53. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2r** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

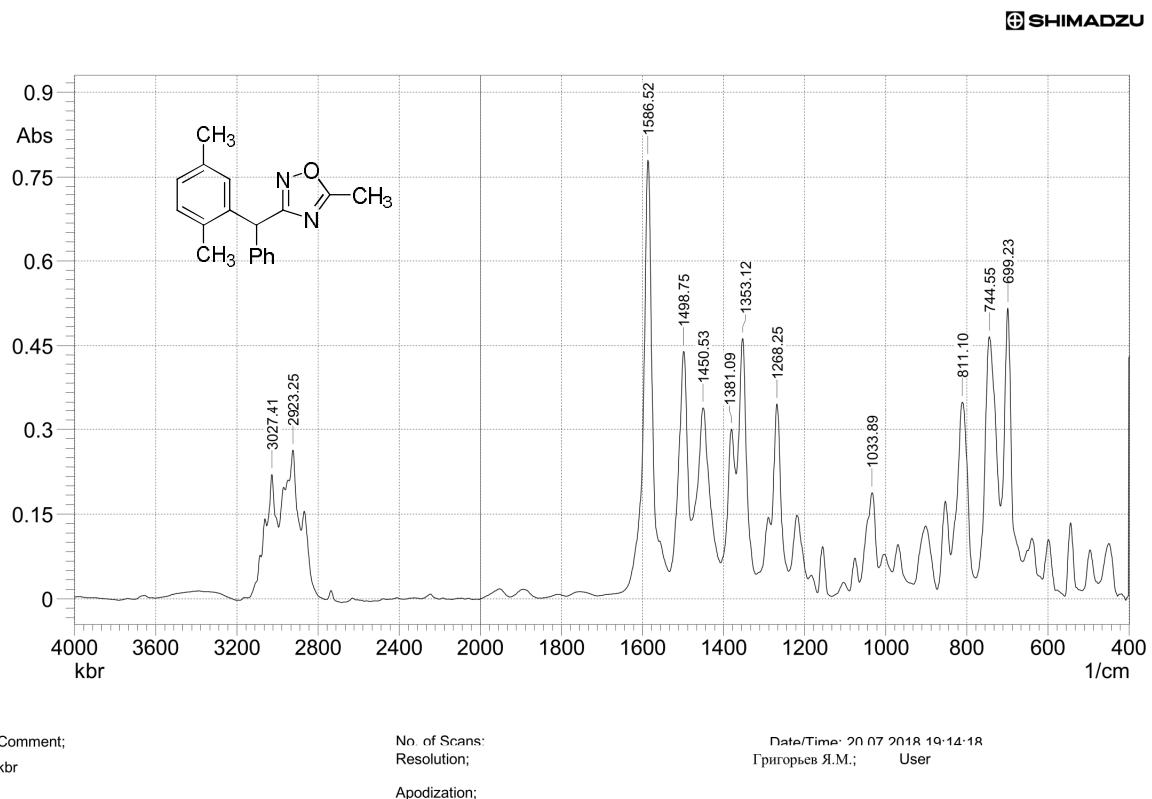


Fig. S54. IR spectrum of the compound **2r** (KBr).

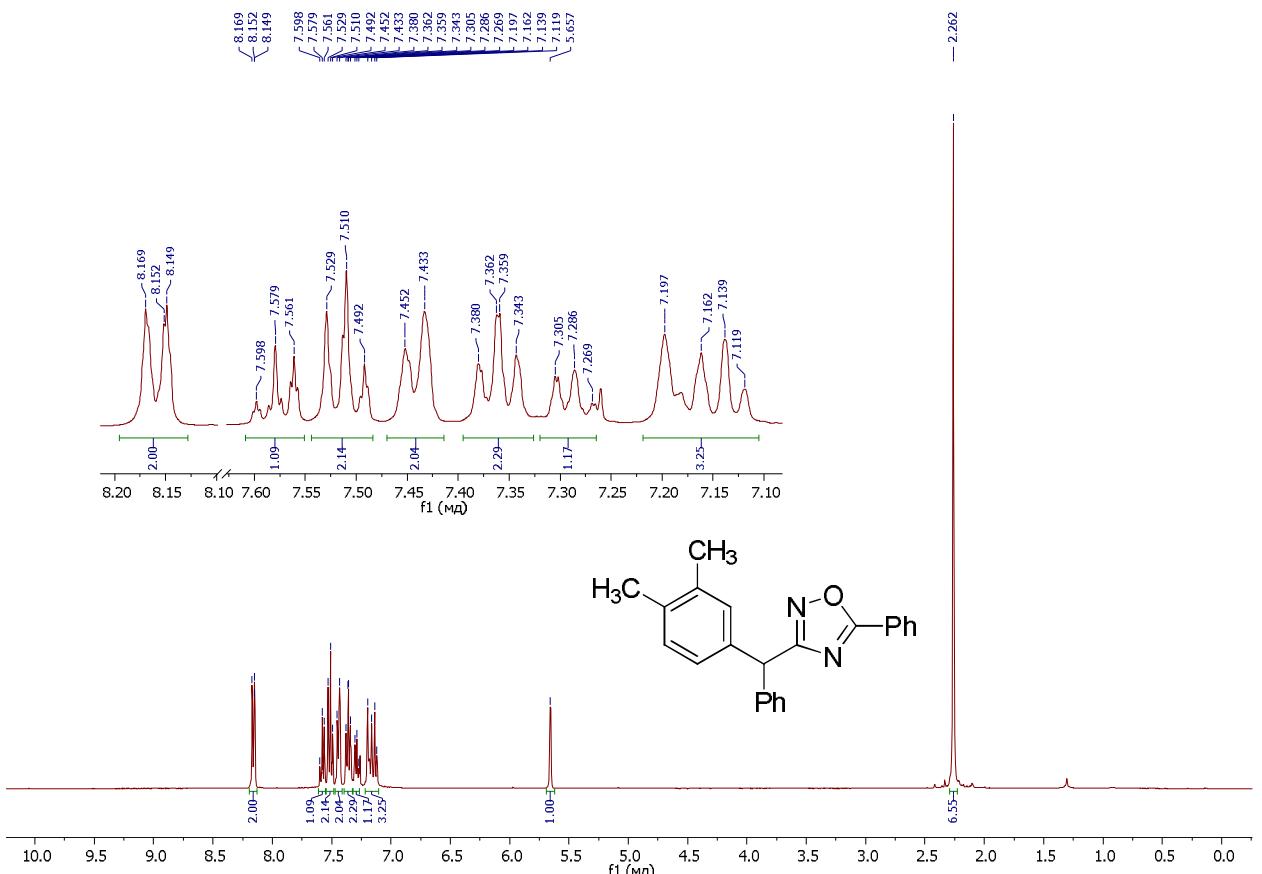


Fig. S55. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2s** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

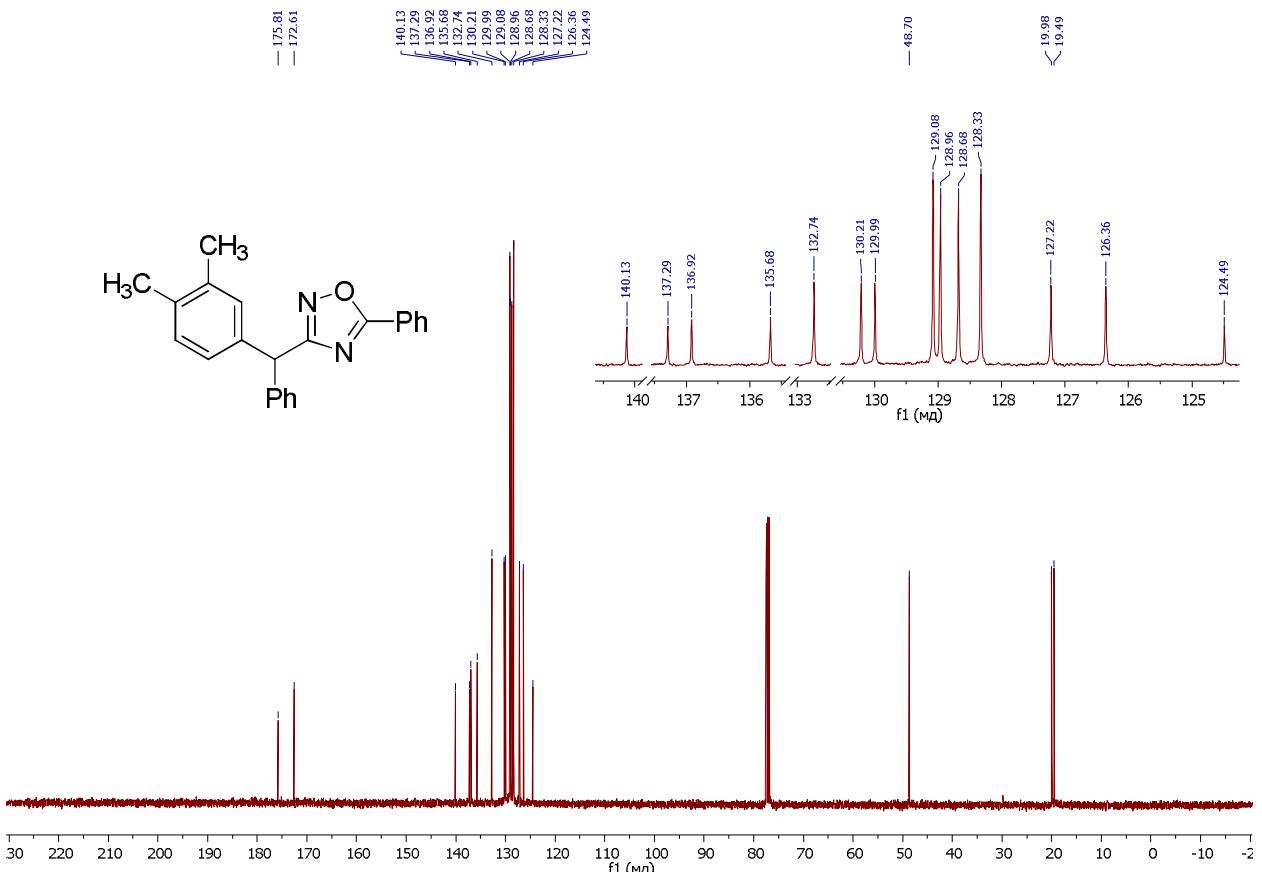


Fig. S56. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2s** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

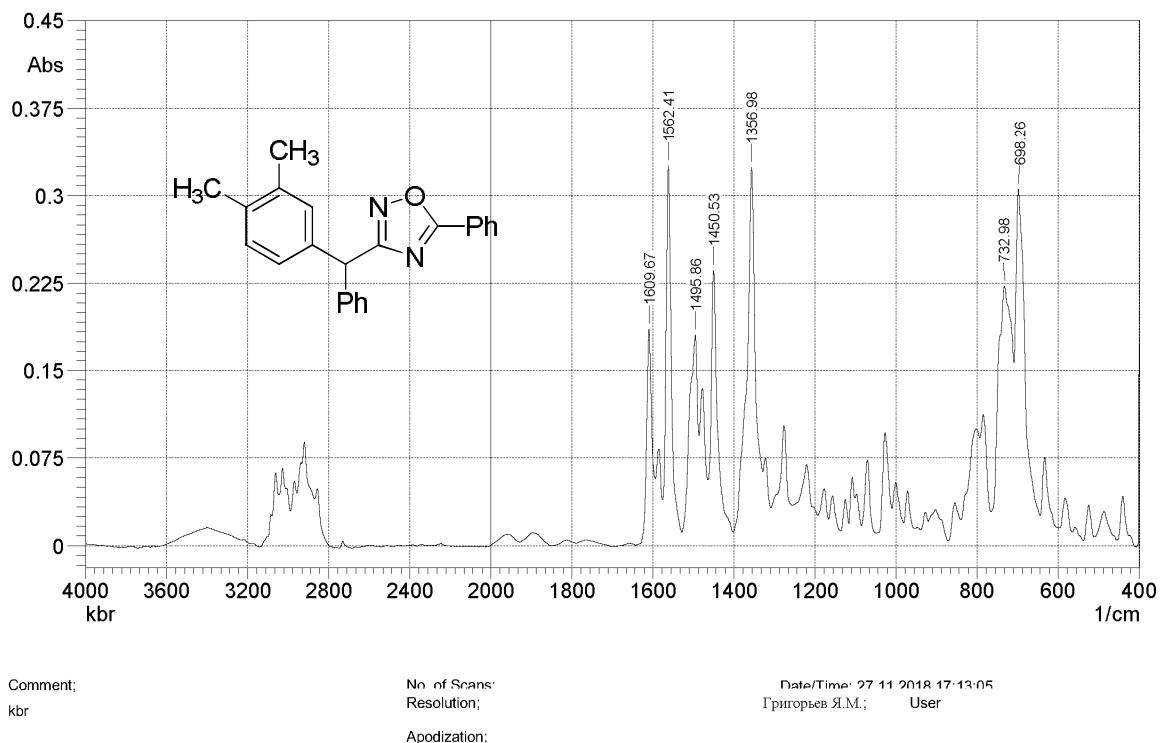


Fig. S57. IR spectrum of the compound **2s** (KBr).

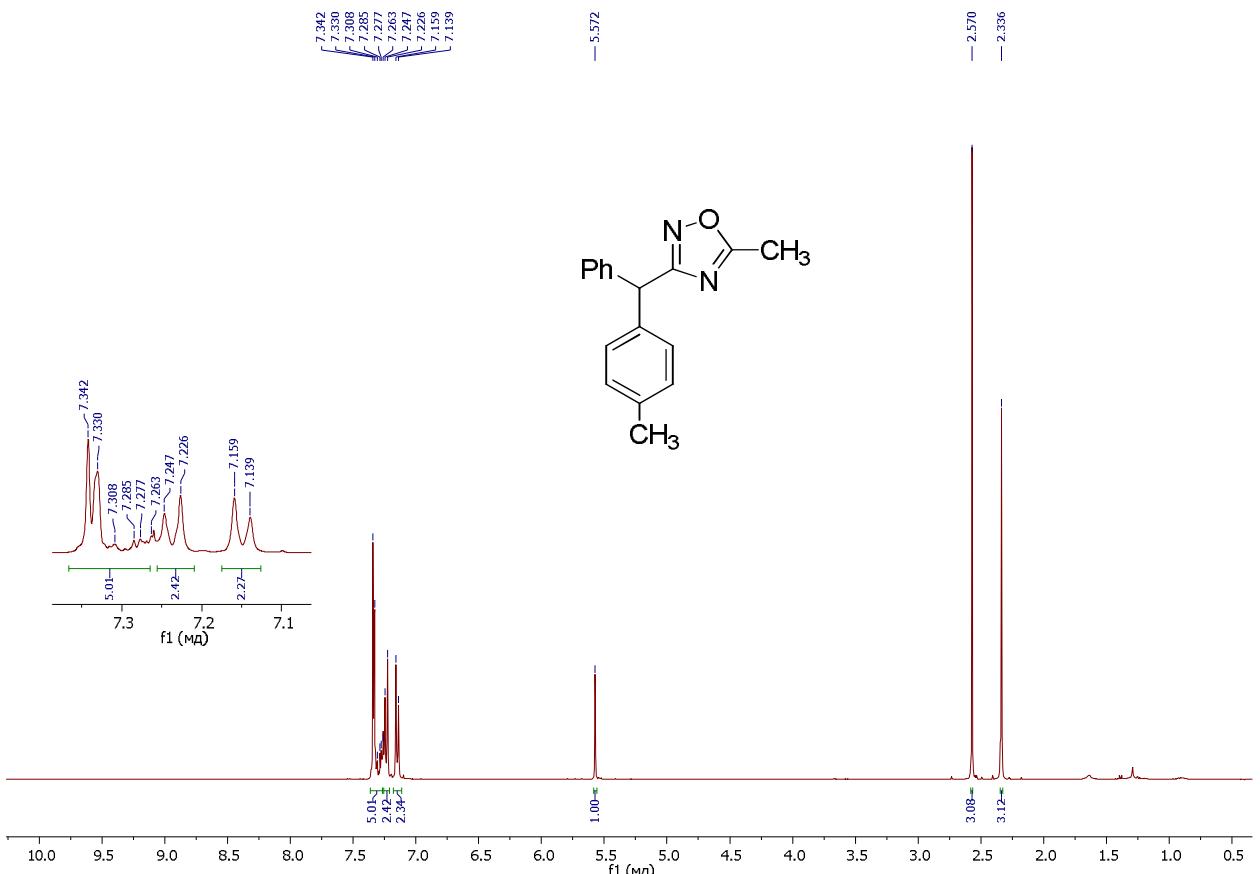


Fig. S58. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2t** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

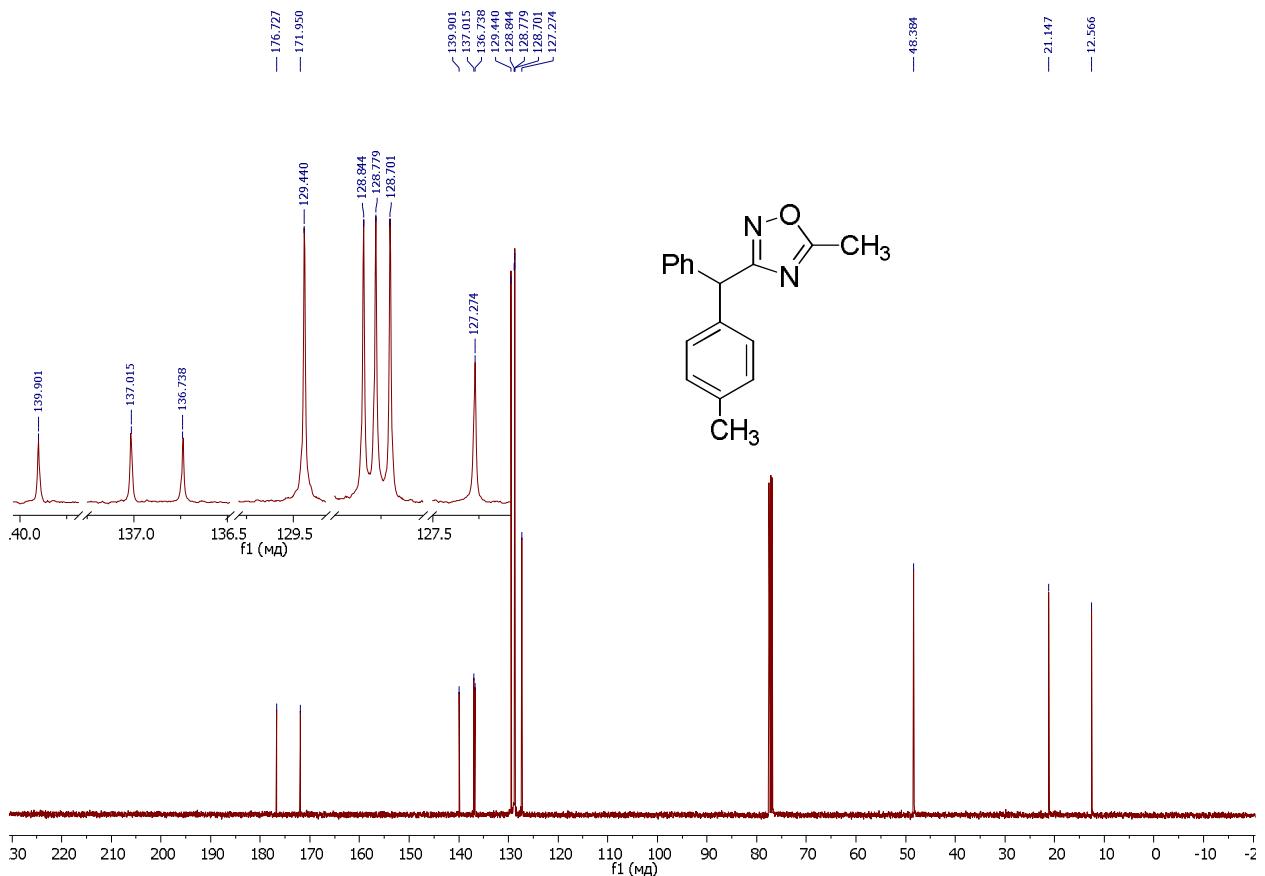


Fig. S59. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2t** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

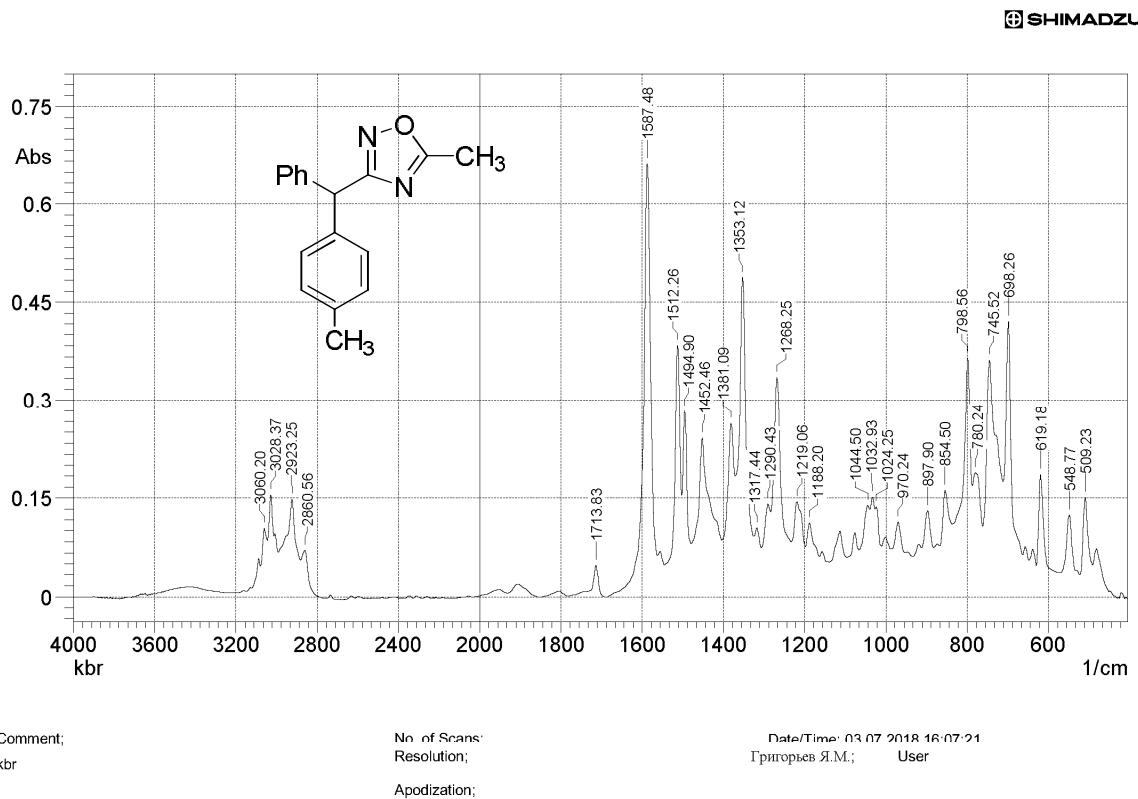


Fig. S60. IR spectrum of the compound **2t** (KBr).

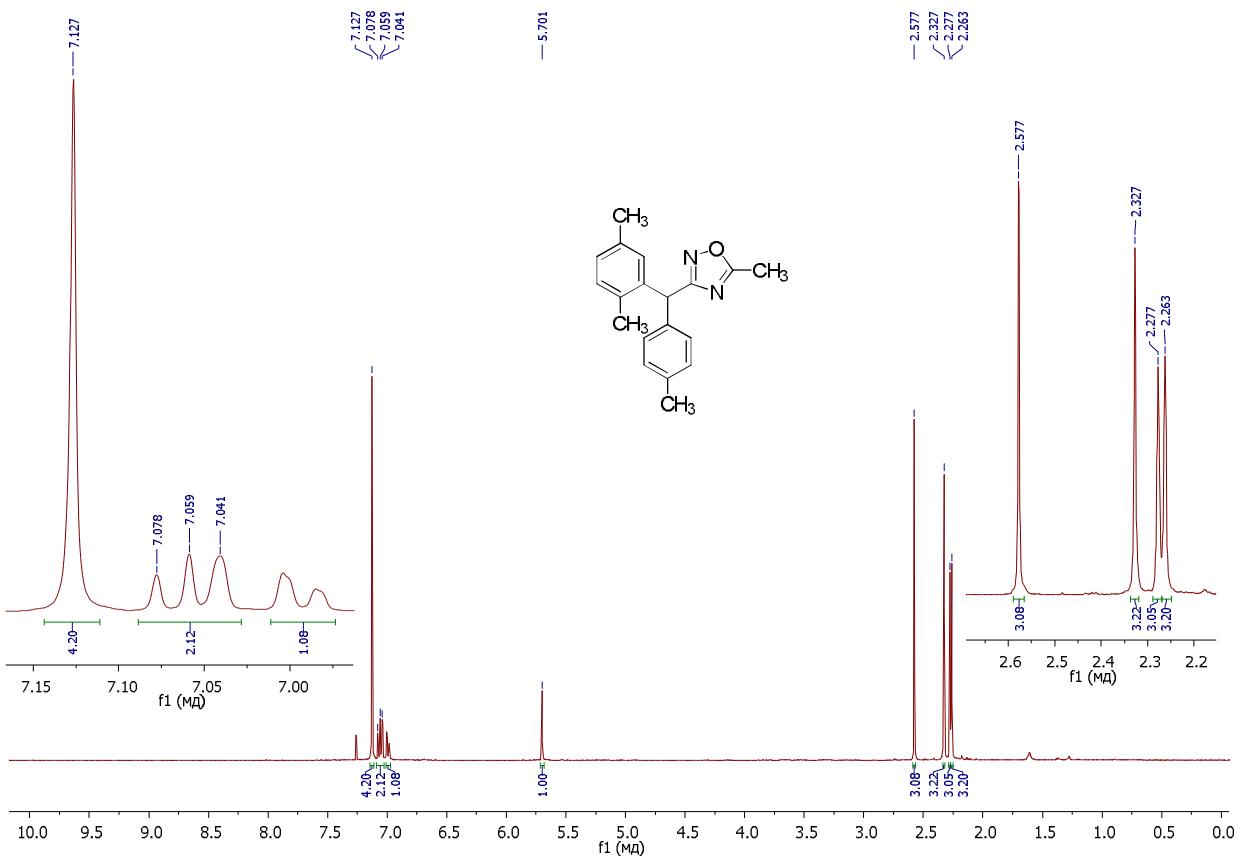


Fig. S61. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2u** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

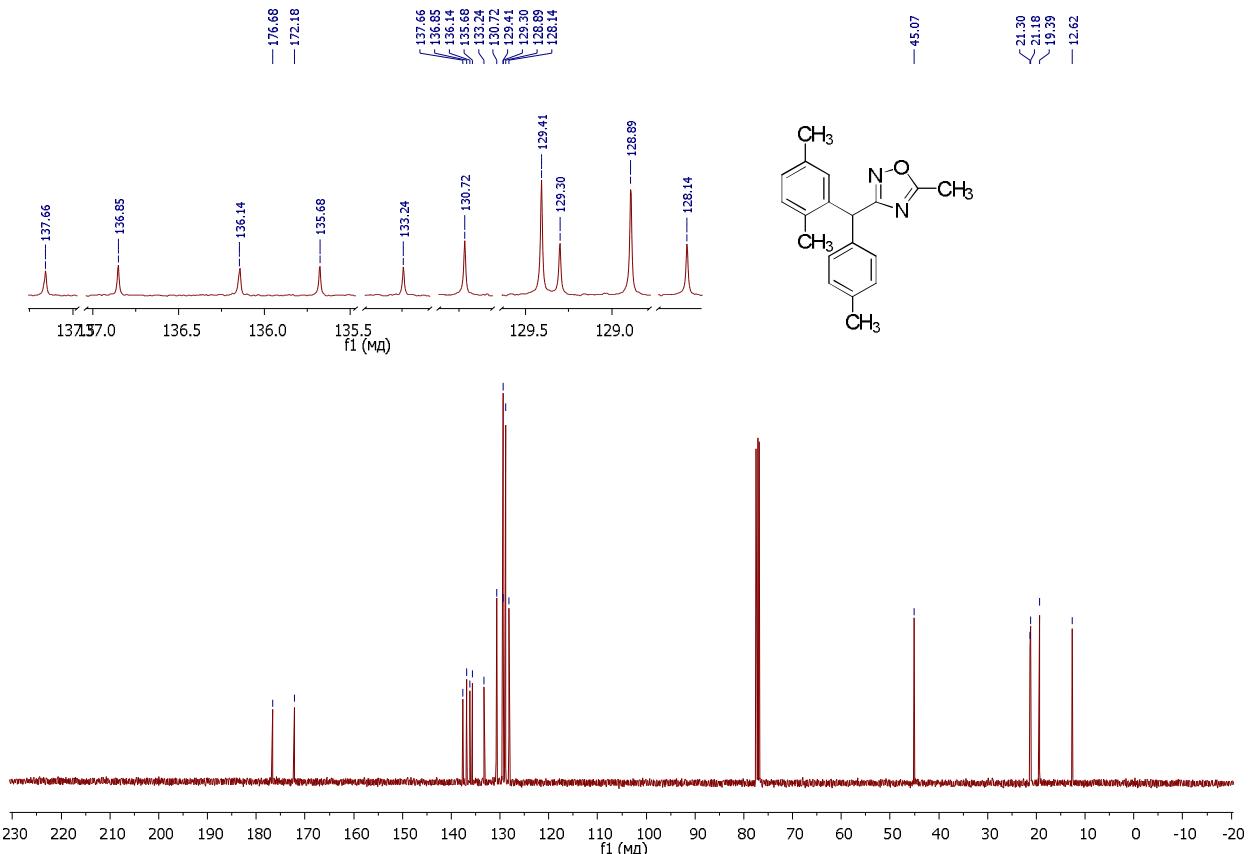


Fig. S62. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2u** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

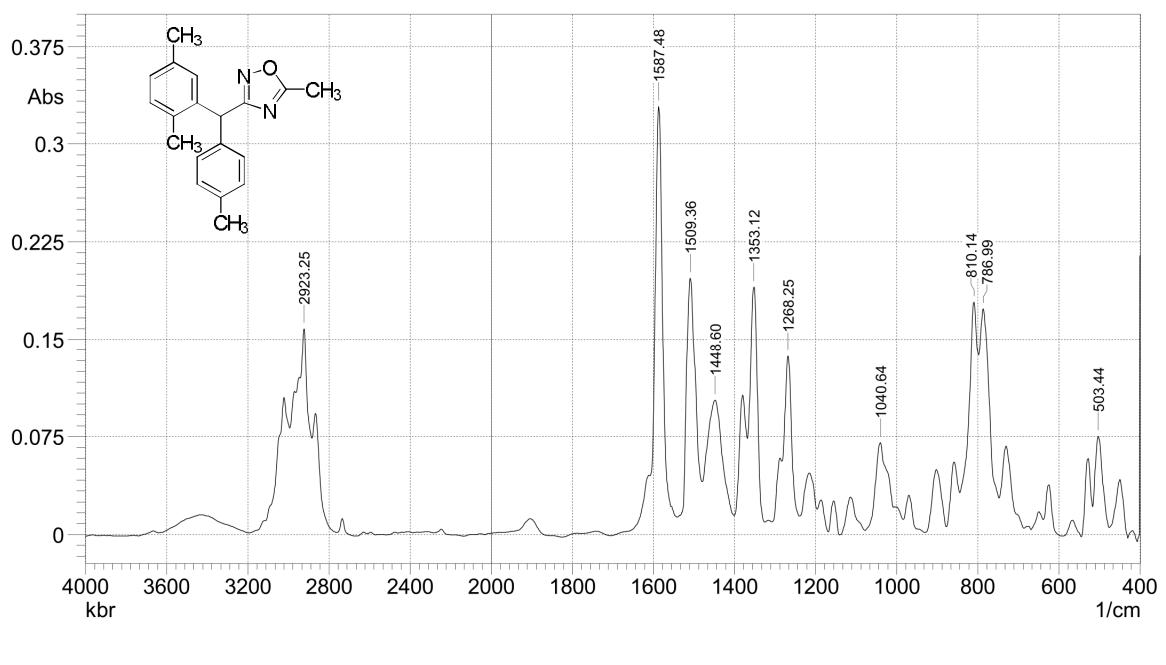


Fig. S63. IR spectrum of the compound **2u** (KBr).

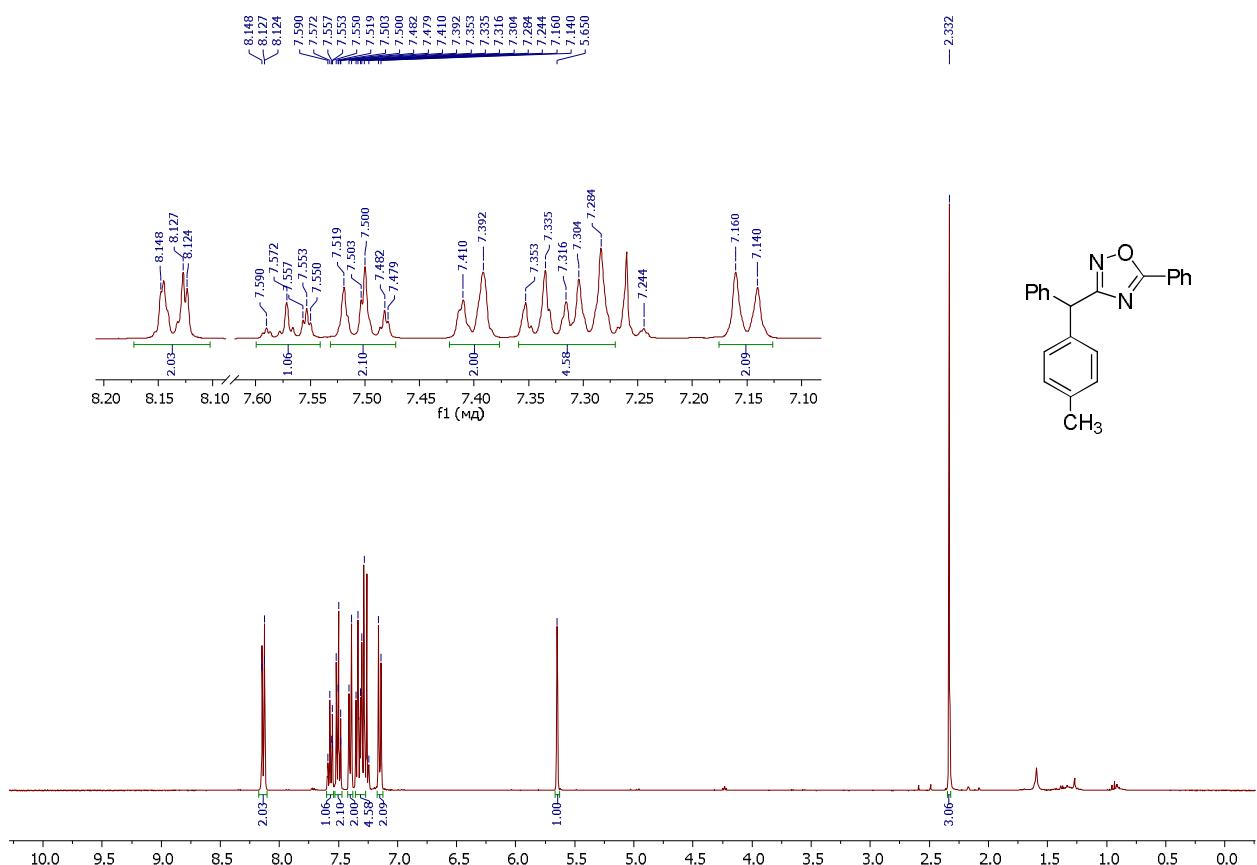


Fig. S64. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2v** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

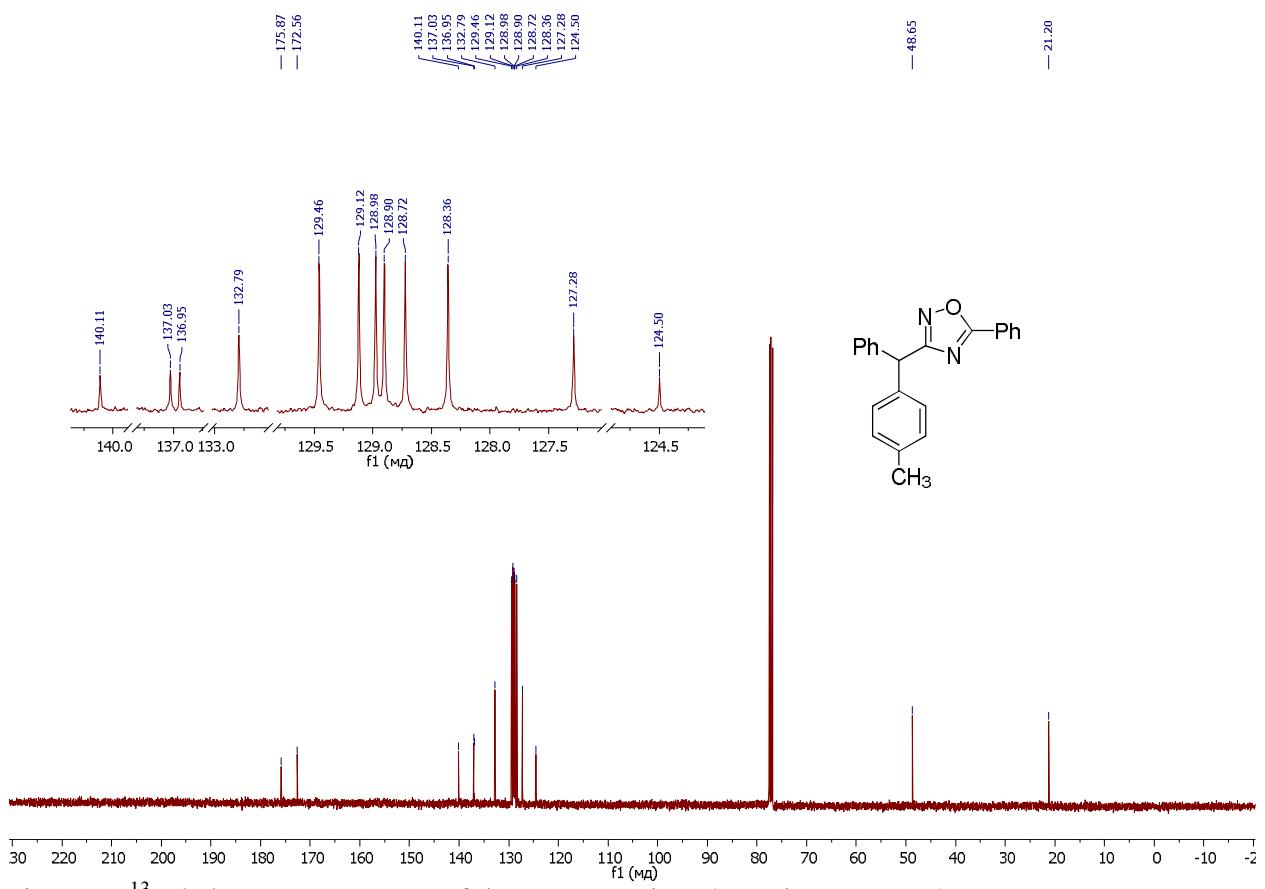
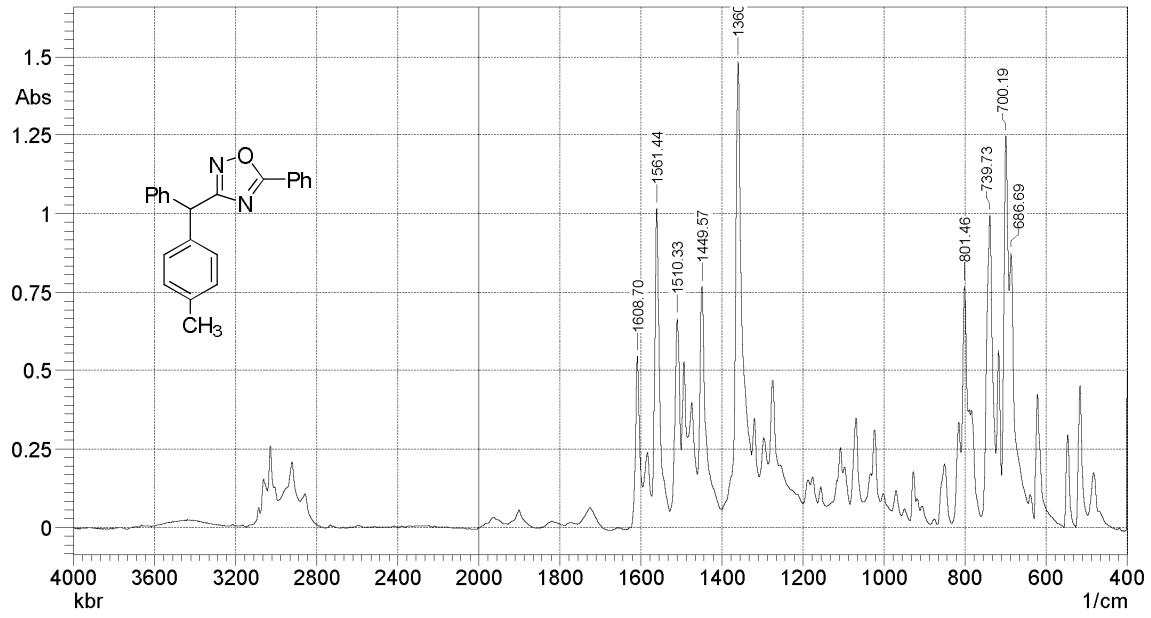


Fig. S65. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2v** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

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No. of Scans:
Resolution:

Date/Time: 04.12.2018 17:28:55
Григорьев Я.М.; User

Apodization:

Fig. S66. IR spectrum of the compound **2v** (KBr).

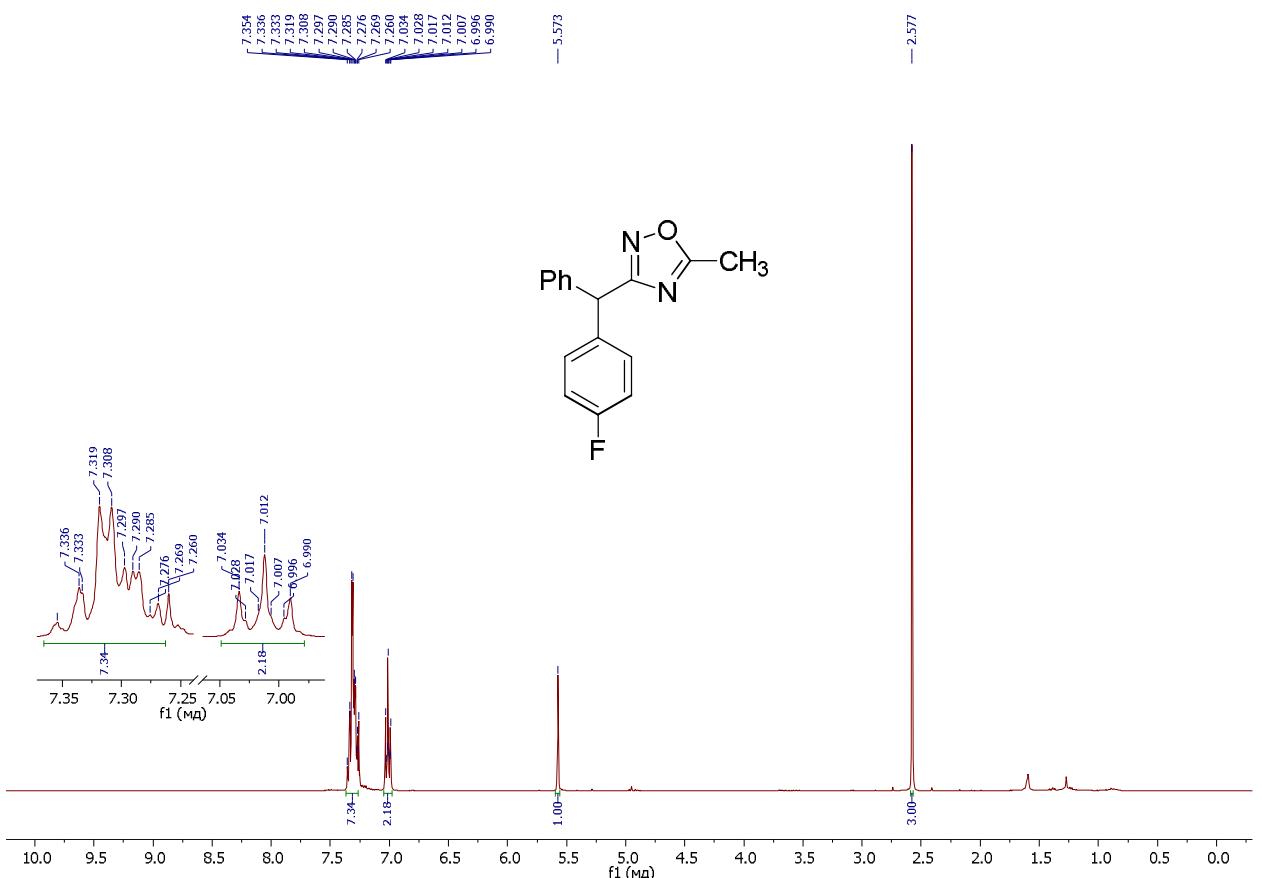


Fig. S67. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound **2w** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz).

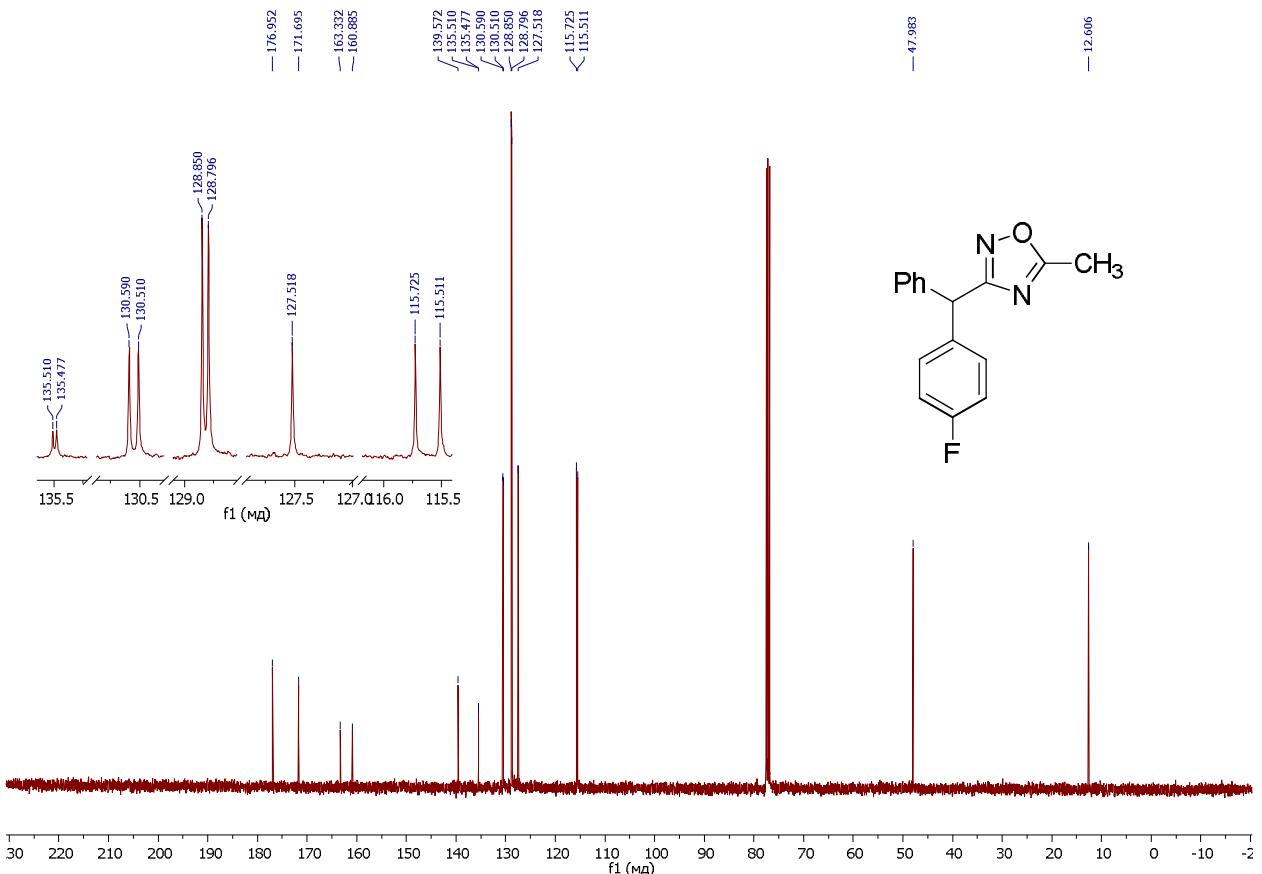


Fig. S68. ¹³C{H} NMR spectrum of the compound **2w** (CDCl₃, 101 MHz)

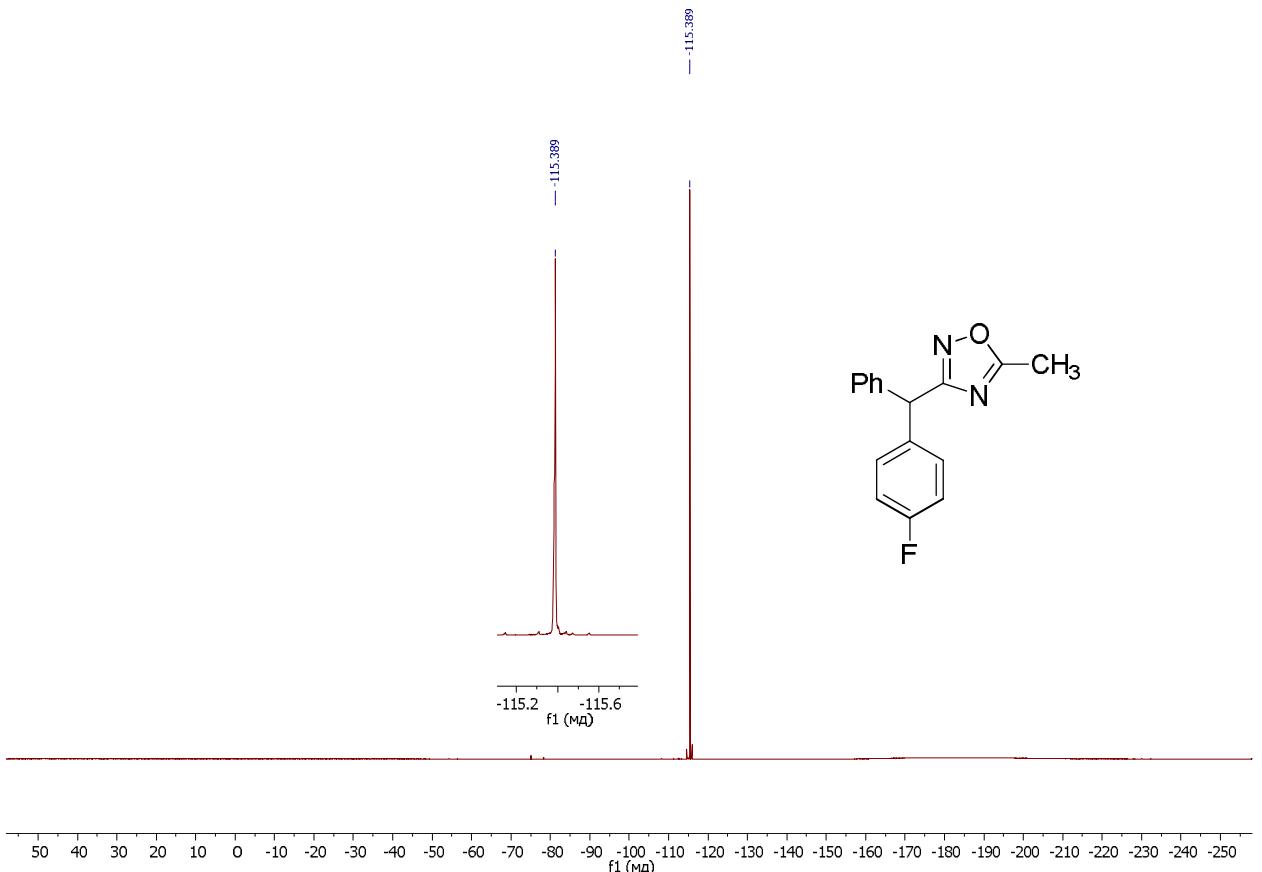


Fig. S69. $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2w** (CDCl_3 , 376 MHz).

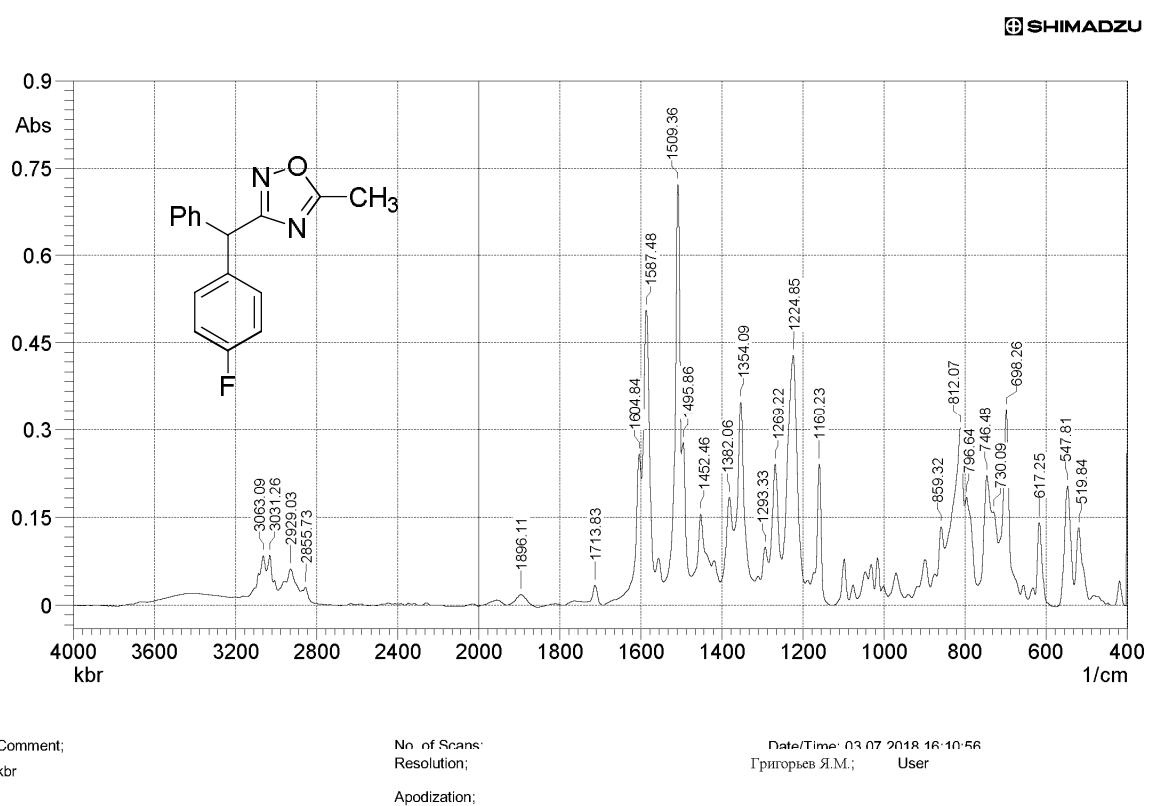


Fig. S70. IR spectrum of the compound **2w** (KBr).

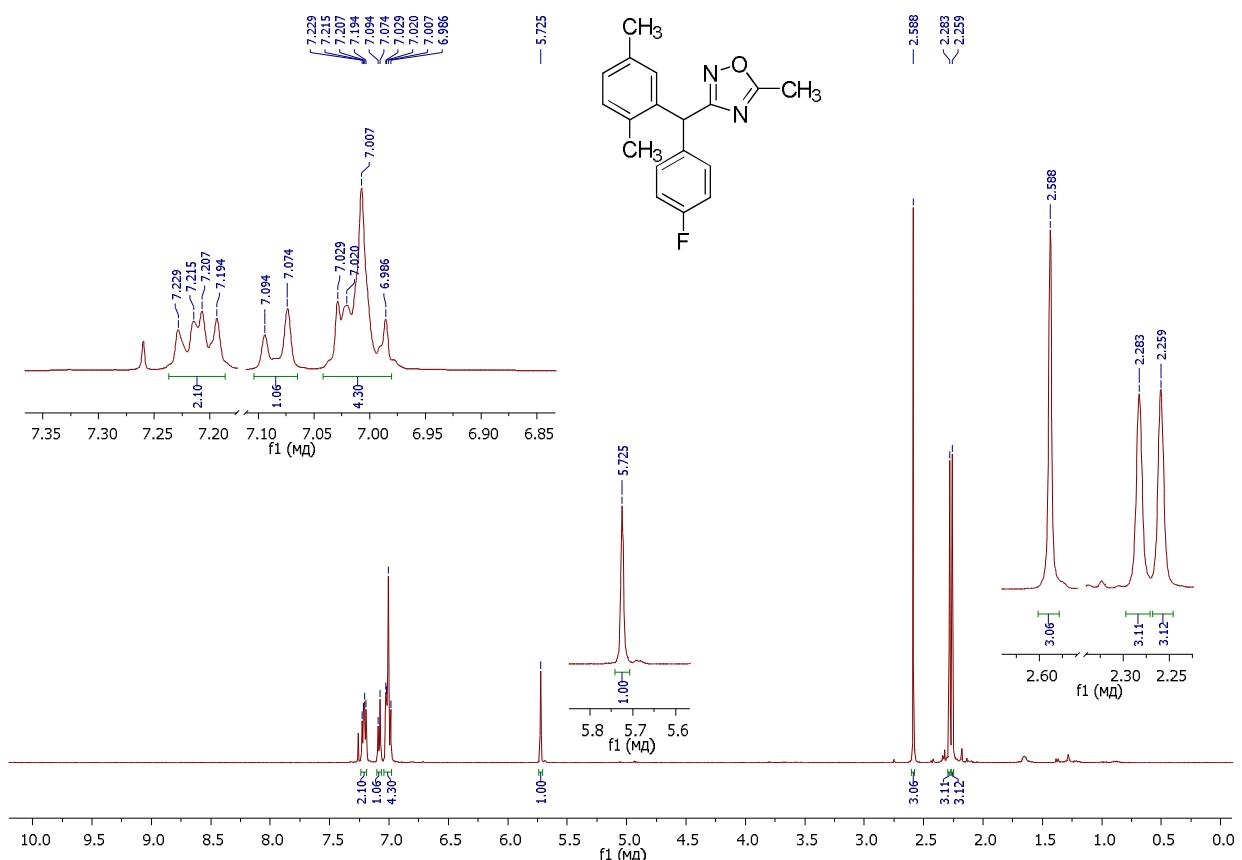


Fig. S71. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2x** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

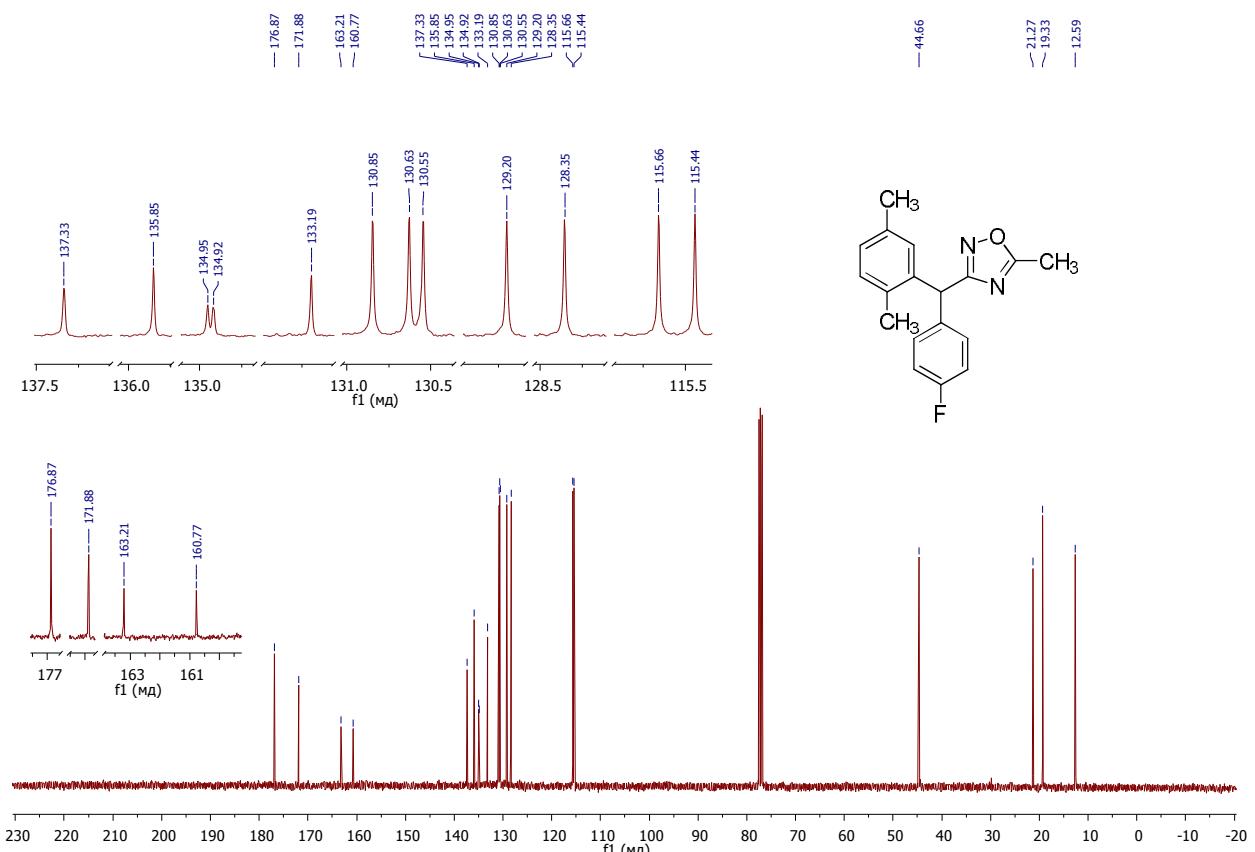


Fig. S72. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2x** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

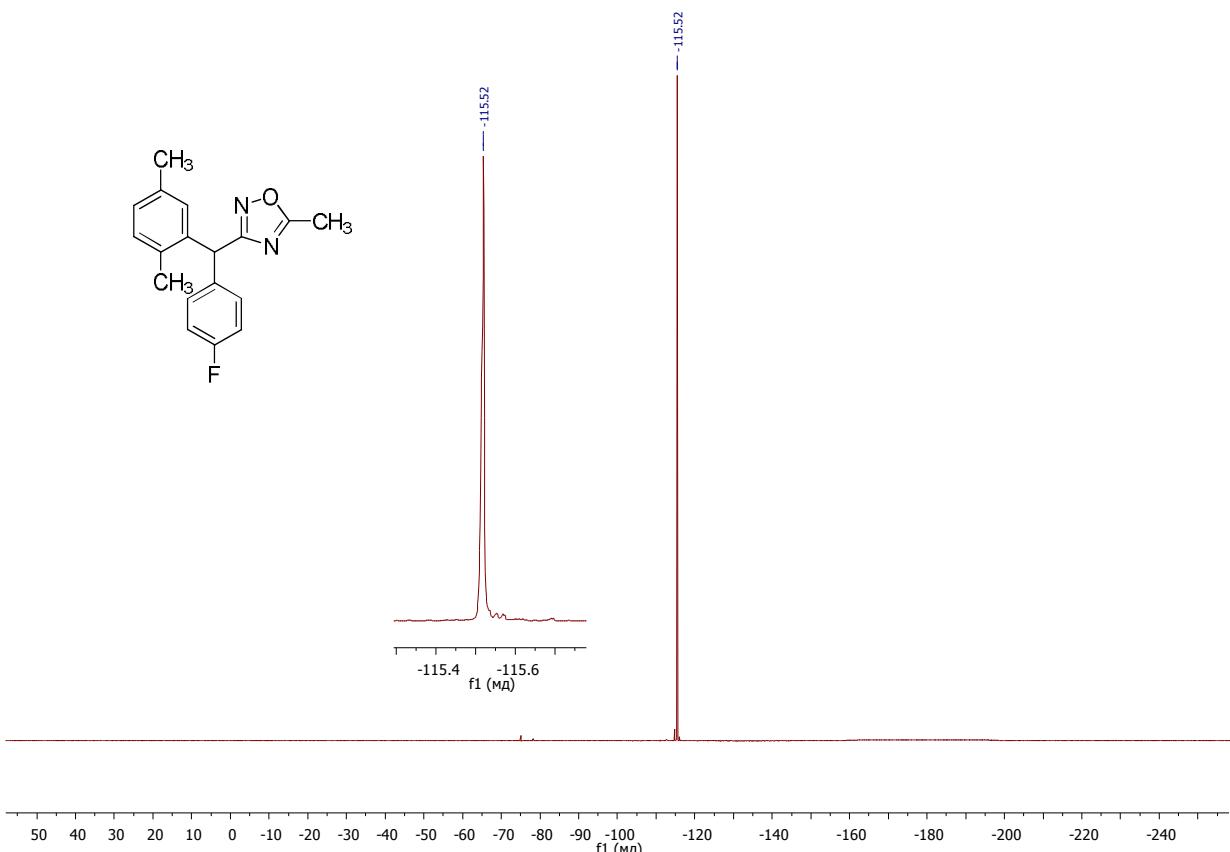


Fig. S73. ¹⁹F{H} NMR spectrum of the compound **2x** (CDCl₃, 376 MHz).

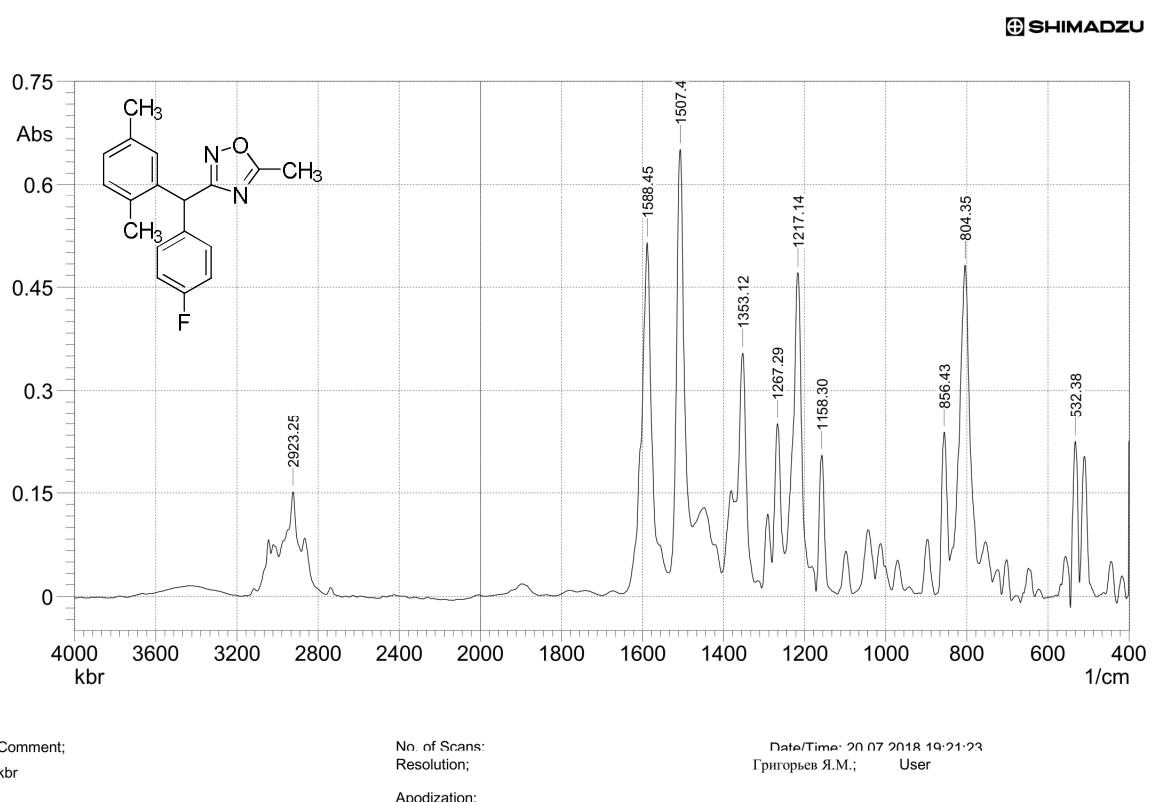


Fig. S74. IR spectrum of the compound **2x** (KBr).

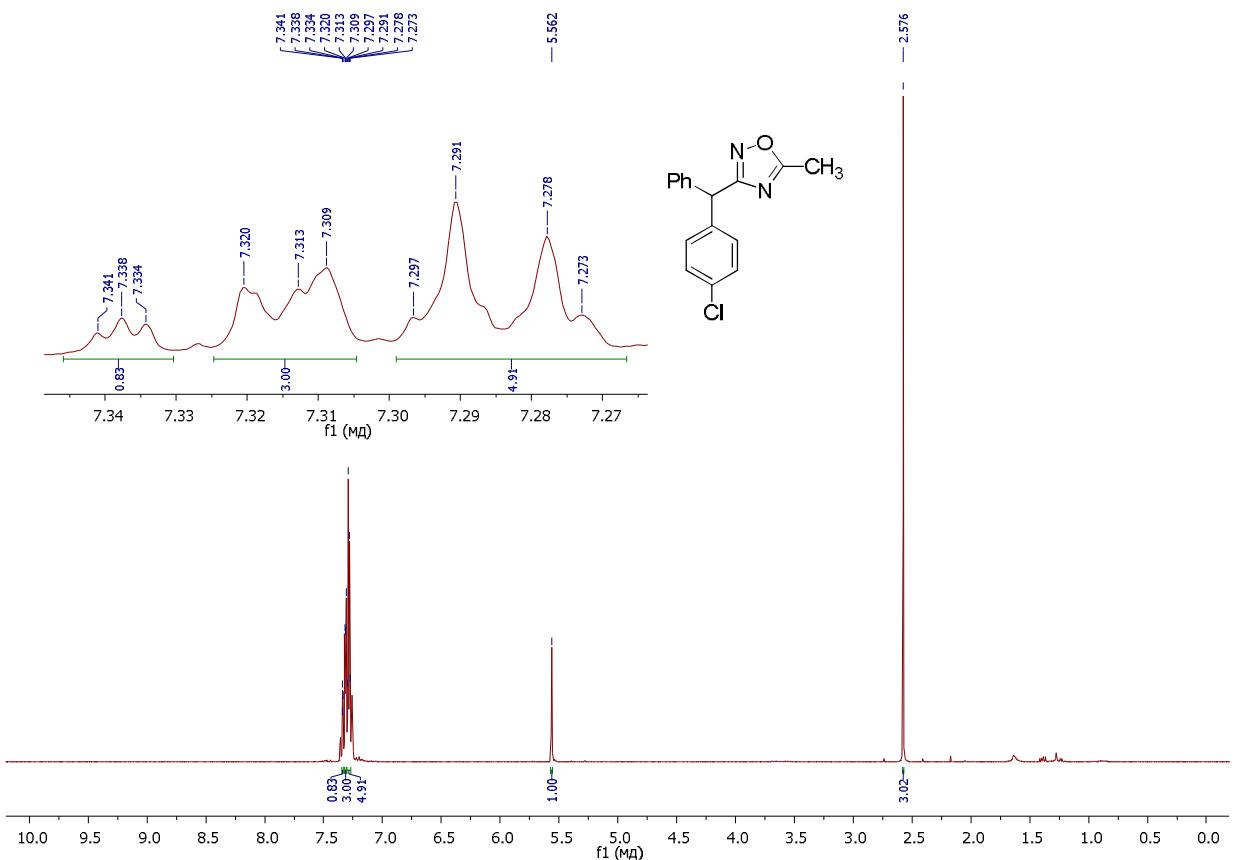


Fig. S75. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2y** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

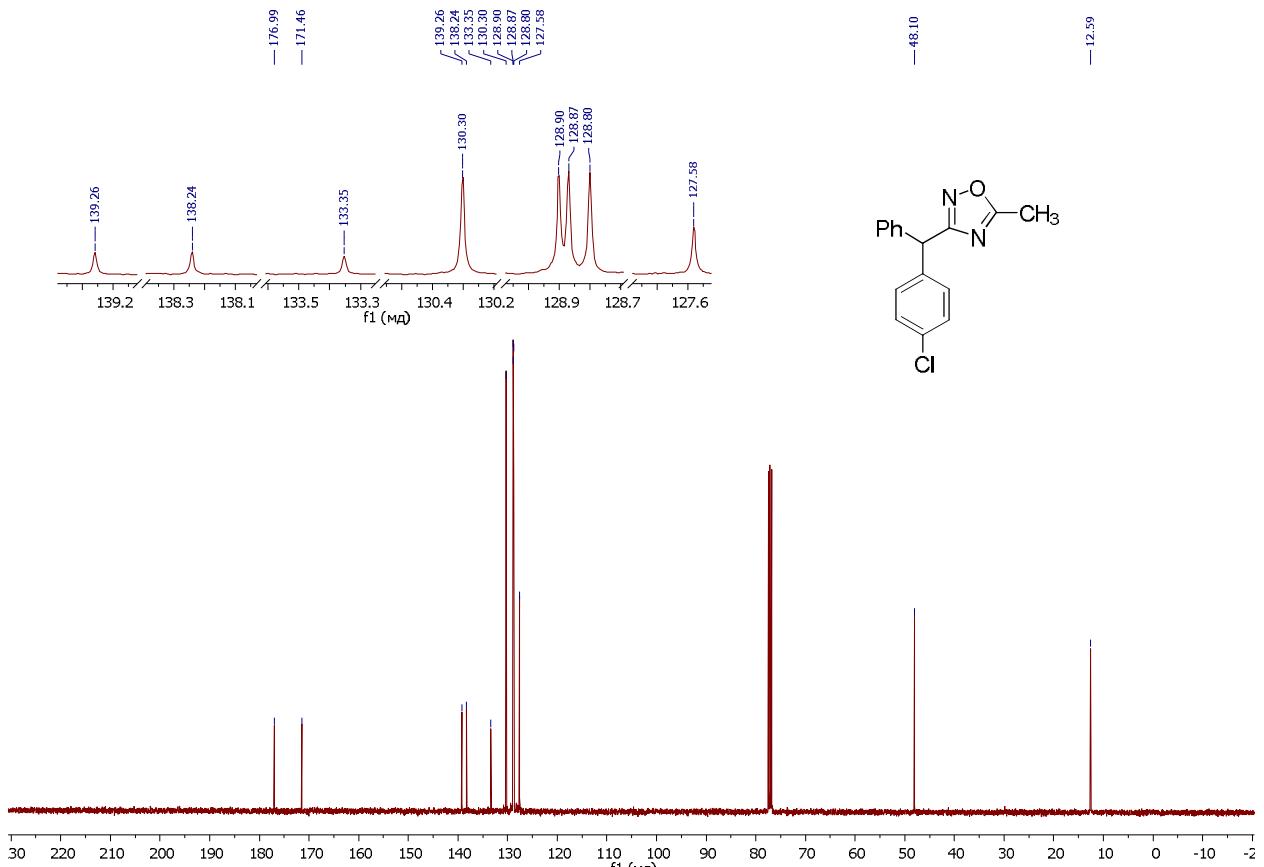


Fig. S76. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2y** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

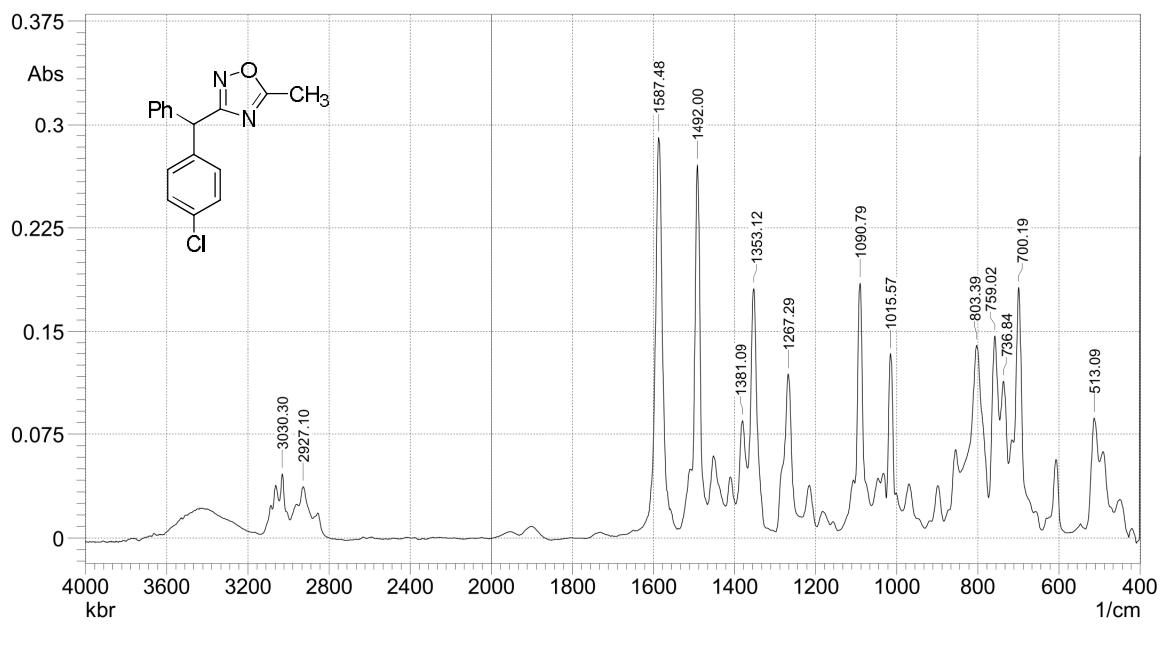


Fig. S77. IR spectrum of the compound **2y** (KBr).

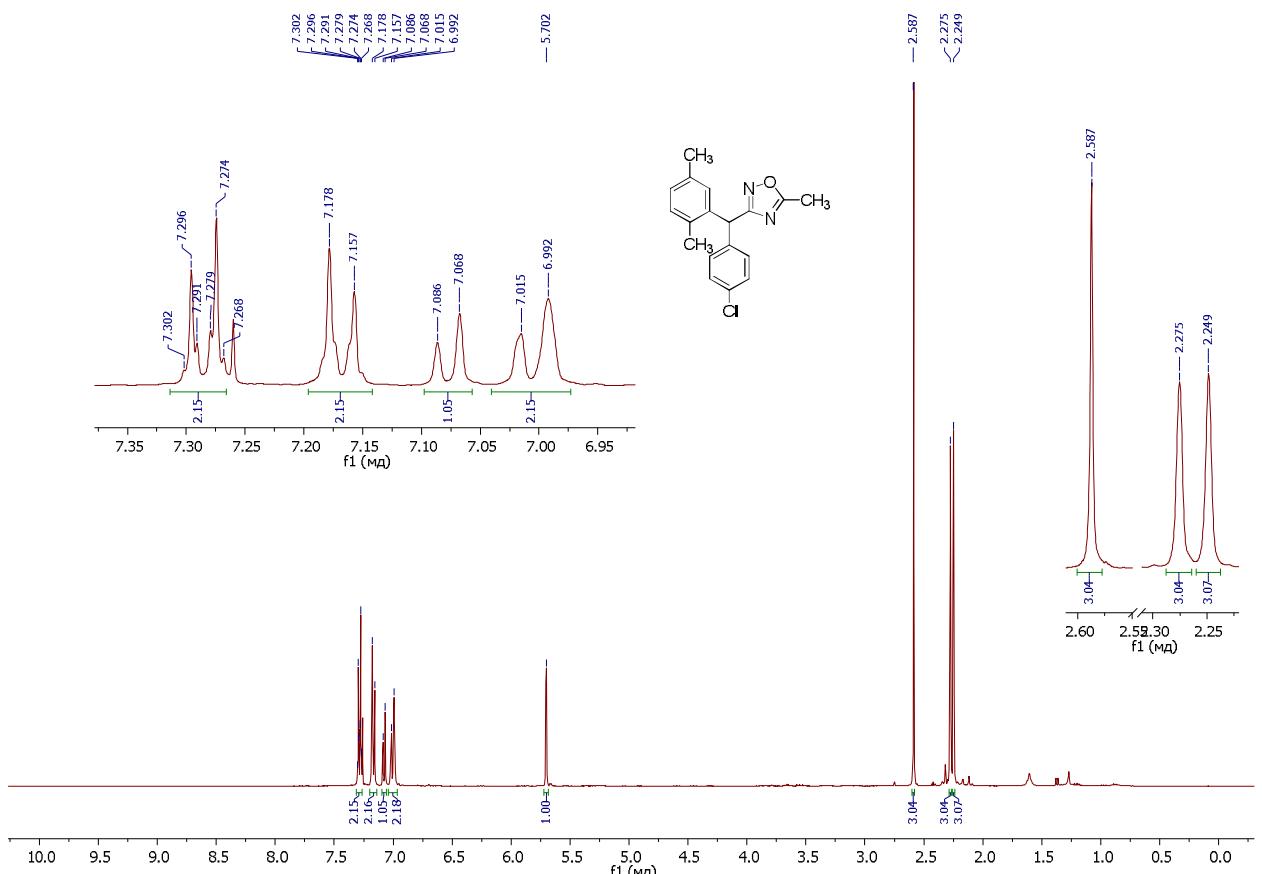
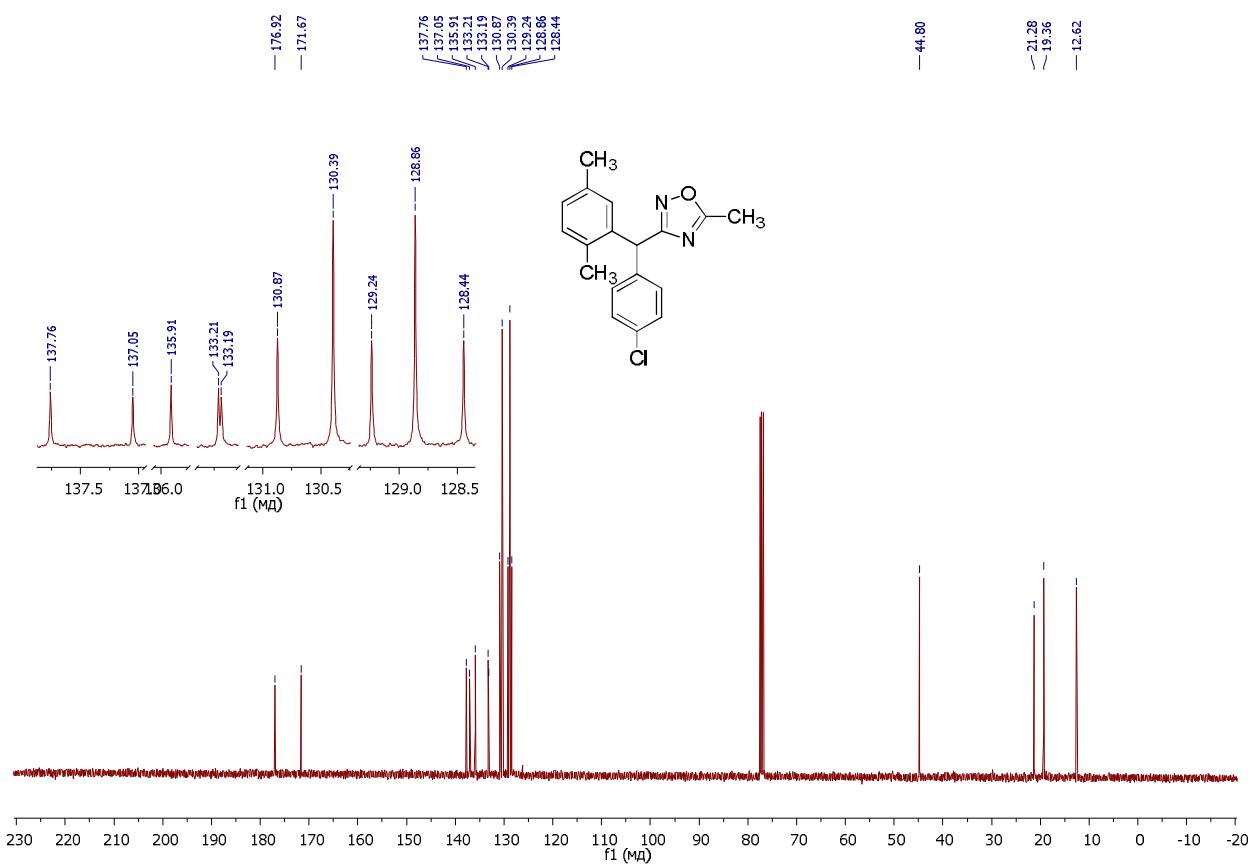
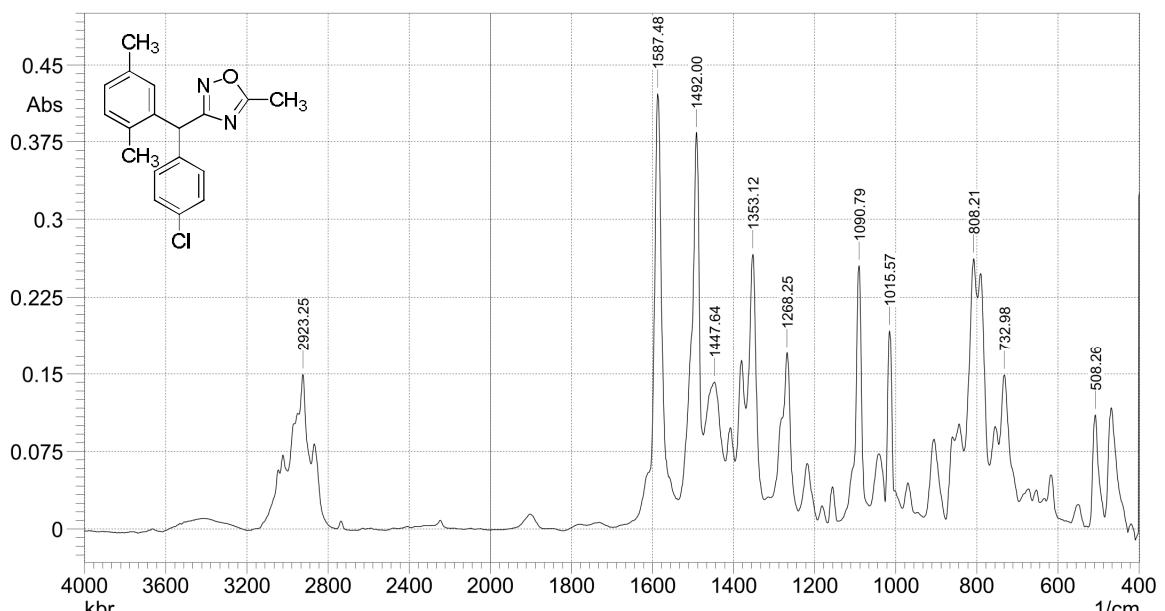


Fig. S78. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2z** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).



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Григорьев Я.М.; User

Fig. S80. IR spectrum of the compound **2z** (KBr).

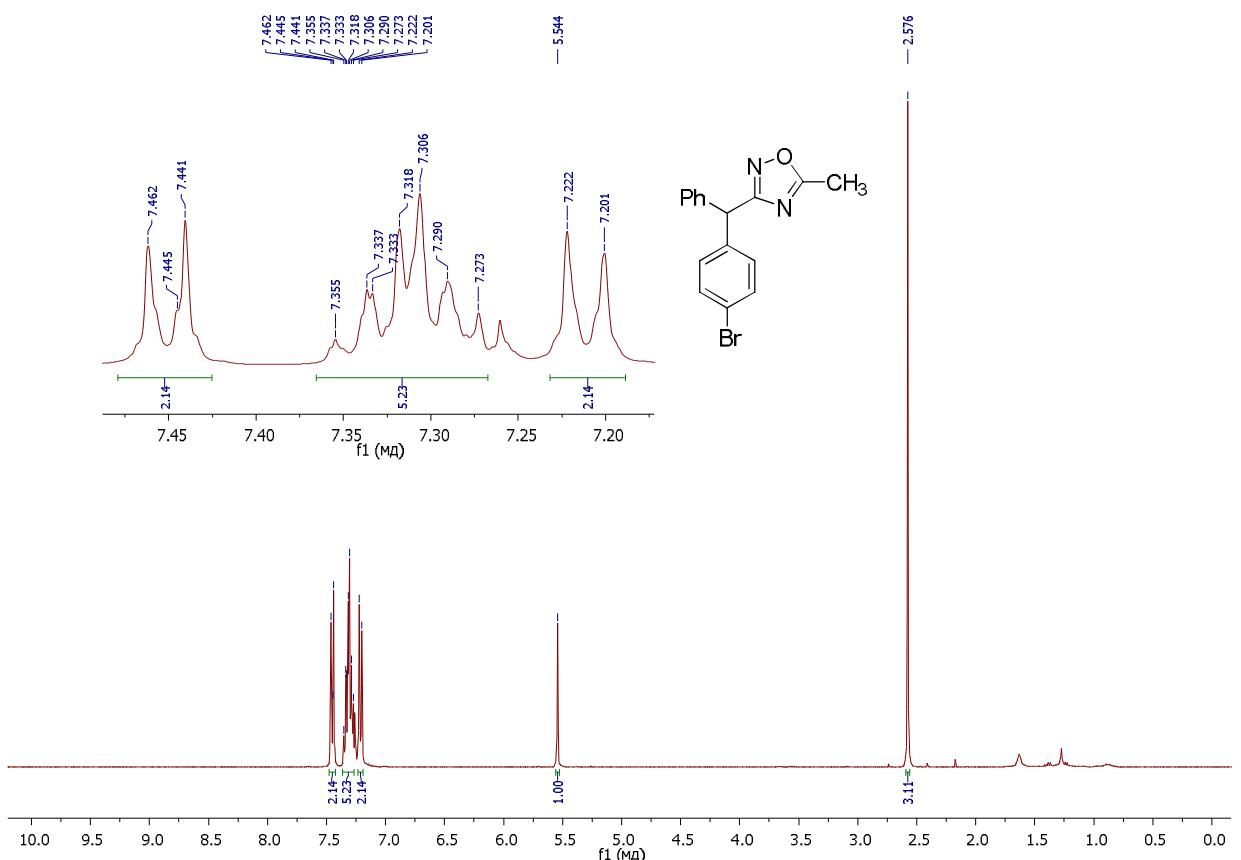


Fig. S81. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2za** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

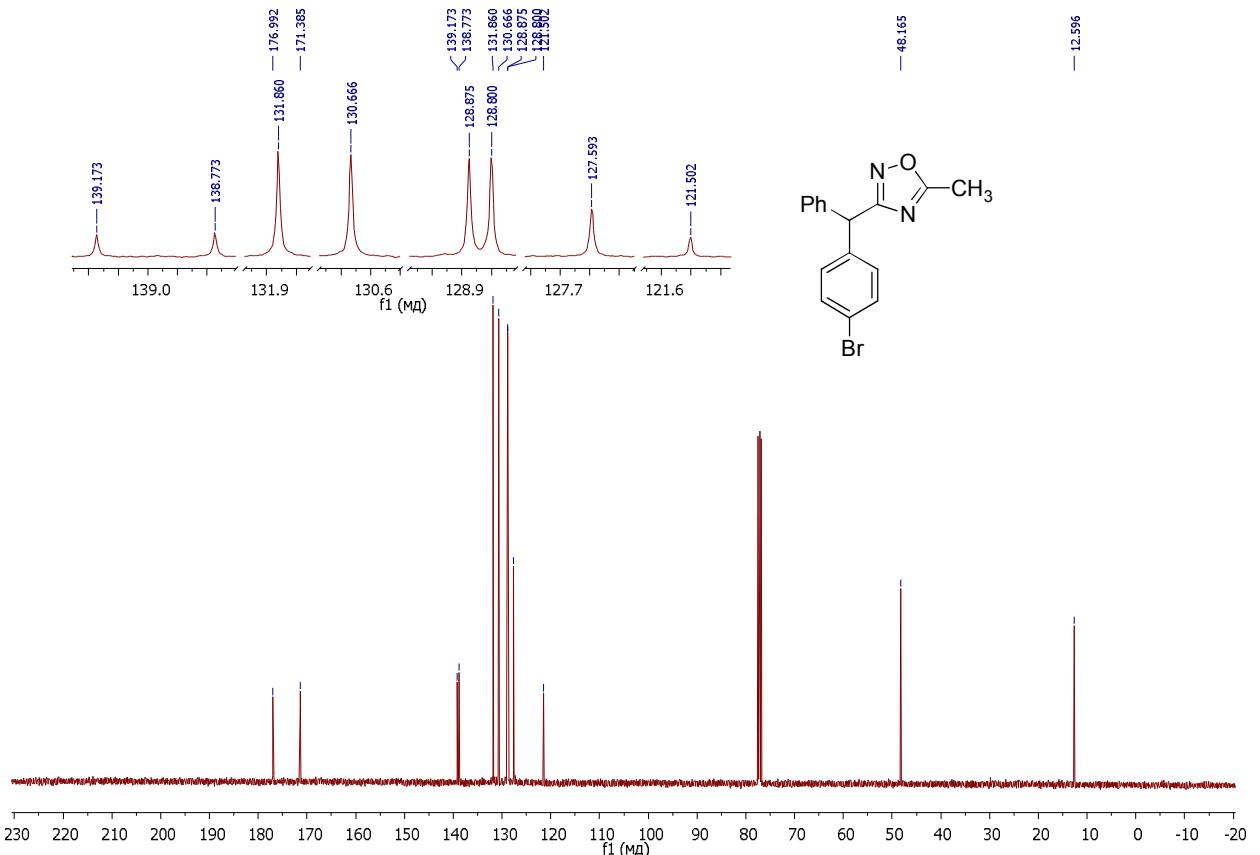


Fig. S82. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2za** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

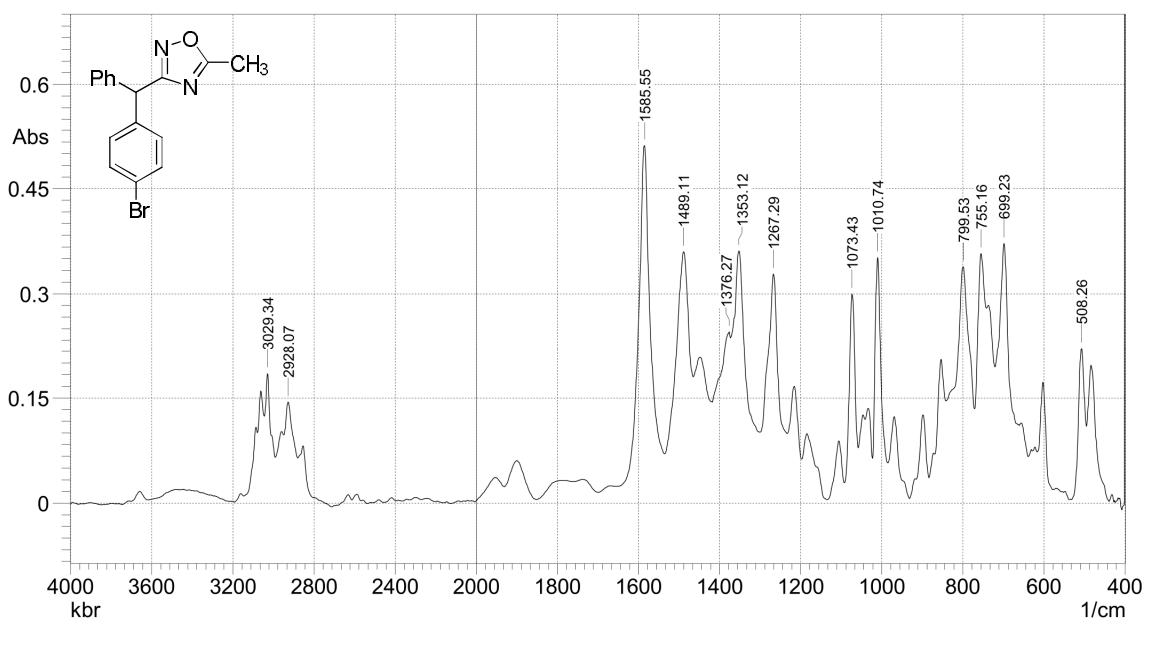


Fig. S83. IR spectrum of the compound **2za** (KBr).

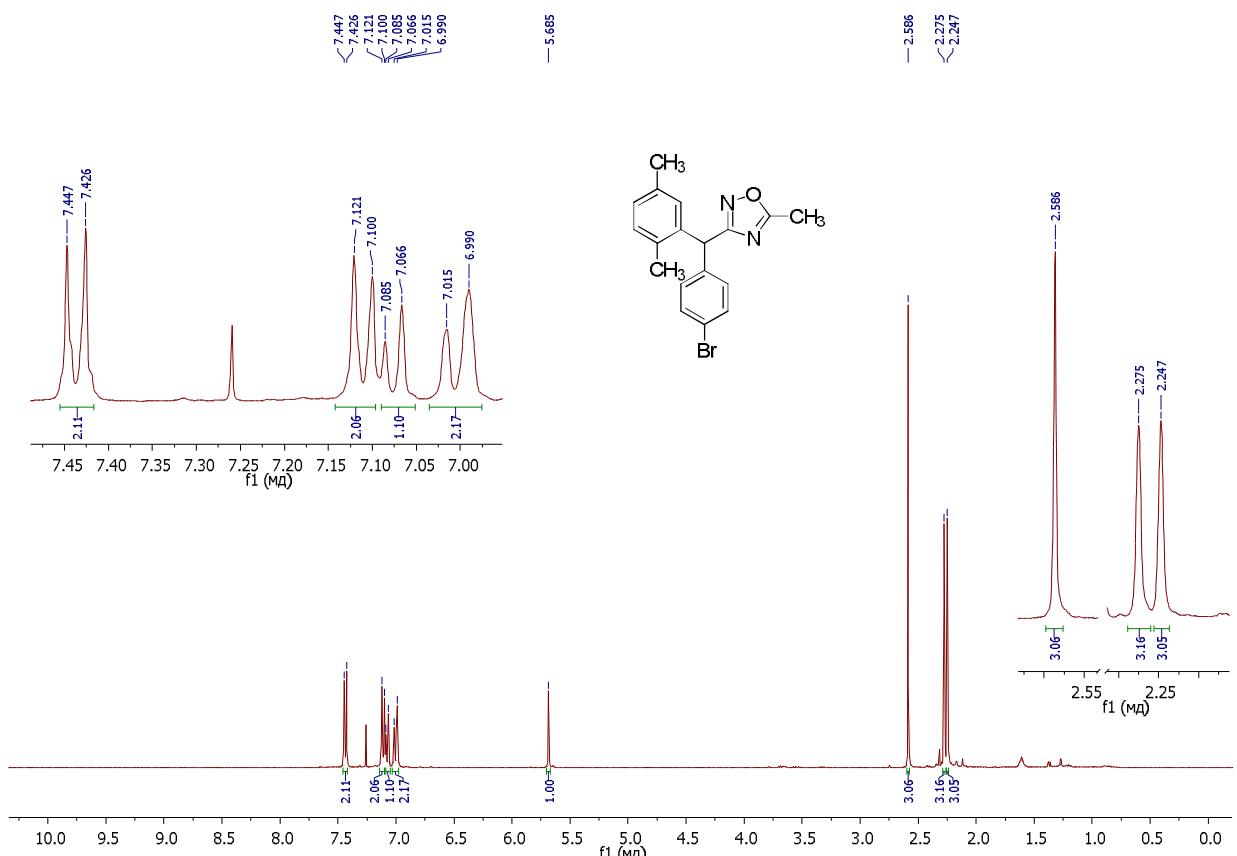


Fig. S84. ^1H NMR spectrum of the compound **2zb** (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz).

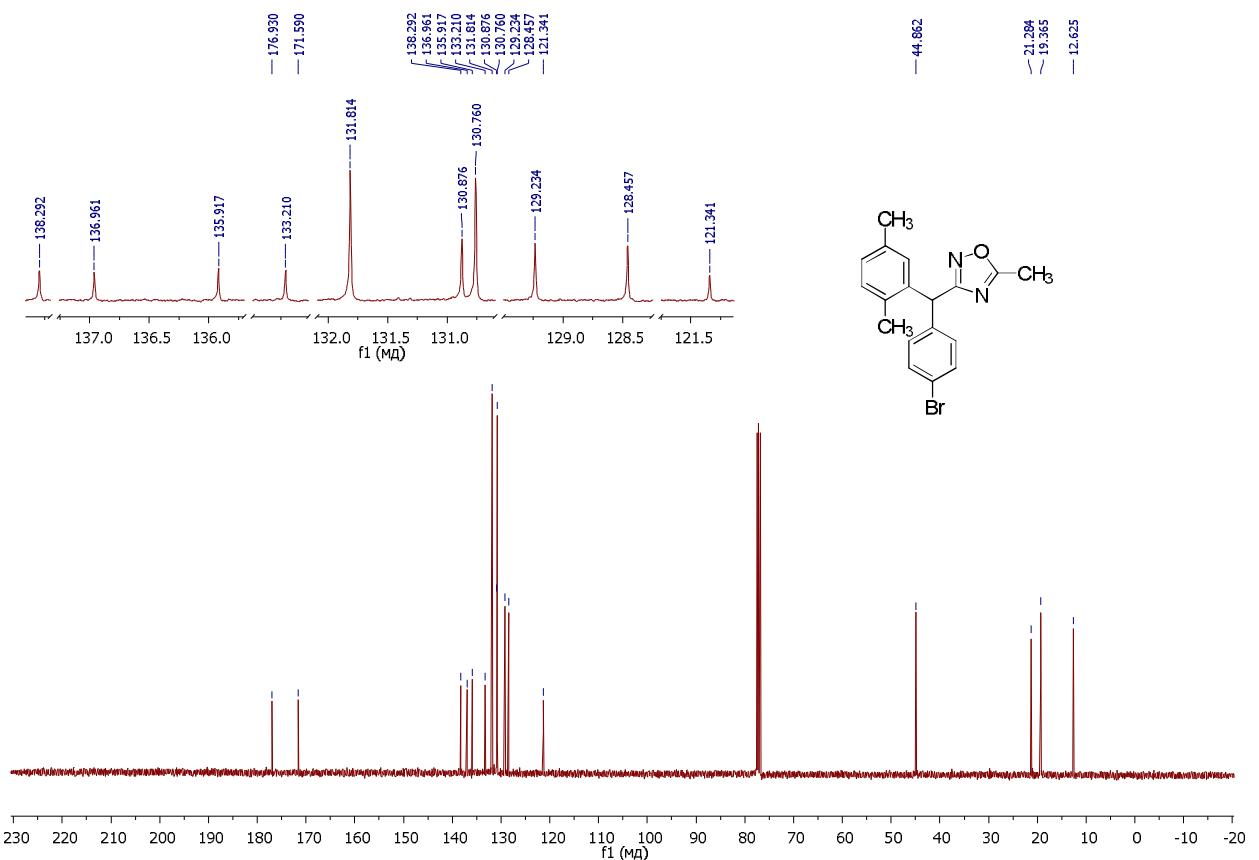


Fig. S85. $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of the compound **2zb** (CDCl_3 , 101 MHz).

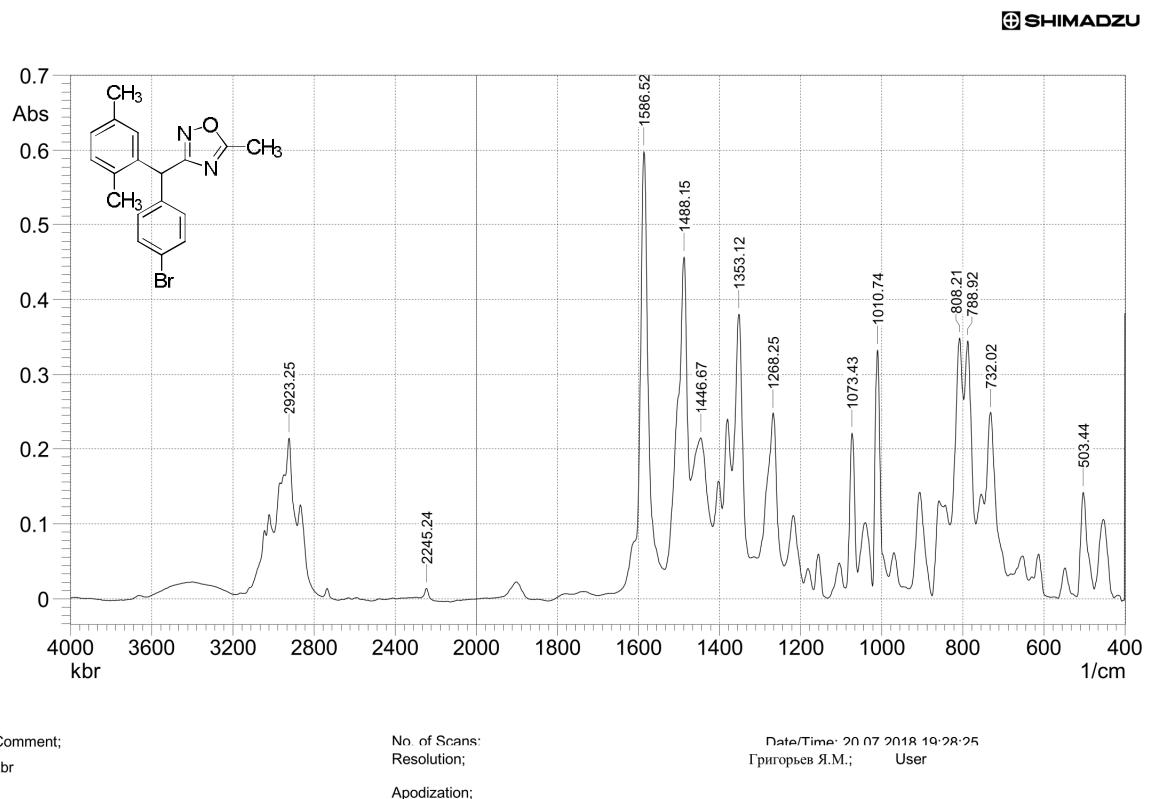


Fig. S86. IR spectrum of the compound **2zb** (KBr).

2. X-ray data for compounds 2i,n,o,x

2i

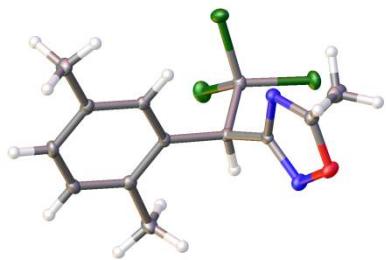


Fig. S86. Molecular structure of **2i**, CCDC 1888351 (ellipsoid contour of probability levels is 50 %).

Table S1 Crystal data and structure refinement for 2i.

Identificationcode	2i
Empiricalformula	C ₁₃ H ₁₃ Cl ₃ N ₂ O
Formulaweight	319.60
Temperature/K	100(2)
Crystalsystem	monoclinic
Spacegroup	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	11.1472(3)
b/Å	8.8578(2)
c/Å	14.7757(4)
α/°	90
β/°	101.894(3)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1427.63(7)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} g/cm ³	1.487
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.634
F(000)	656.0
Crystalsize/mm ³	0.52 × 0.5 × 0.42
Radiation	MoKα ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2θ range for data collection/°	5.12 to 61.632
Indexranges	-8 ≤ h ≤ 15, -11 ≤ k ≤ 12, -21 ≤ l ≤ 18
Reflectionscollected	7311
Independentreflections	3993 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0238$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0397$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3993/0/175
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.052
Final R indexes [I>=2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0325$, $wR_2 = 0.0686$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0426$, $wR_2 = 0.0733$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.39/-0.30

Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{13}H_{13}Cl_3N_2O$ **2i** were obtained at slow evaporation of solution of **2i** in diethyl ether. A suitable crystal was selected and studied on a Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100(2) K during data collection. Using Olex2 [1], the structure was solved with the Superflip [2] structure solution program using Charge Flipping and refined with the ShelXL [3] refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

1. Dolomanov, O.V., Bourhis, L.J., Gildea, R.J., Howard, J.A.K. & Puschmann, H. (2009). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 42, 339-341.
2. Palatinus, L. & Chapuis, G. (2007). *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 40, 786-790; Palatinus, L. & van der Lee, A. (2008). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 41, 975-984; Palatinus, L., Prathapa, S. J. & van Smaalen, S. (2012). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 45, 575-580.
3. Sheldrick, G.M. (2015). *ActaCryst.* C71, 3-8.

Crystal structure determination of **2i**

Crystal Data for $C_{13}H_{13}Cl_3N_2O$ ($M=319.60$ g/mol): monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$ (no. 14), $a = 11.1472(3)$ Å, $b = 8.8578(2)$ Å, $c = 14.7757(4)$ Å, $\beta = 101.894(3)^\circ$, $V = 1427.63(7)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $T = 100(2)$ K, $\mu(\text{MoK}\alpha) = 0.634$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.487$ g/cm³, 7311 reflections measured ($5.12^\circ \leq 2\Theta \leq 61.632^\circ$), 3993 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0238$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0397$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0325 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.0733 (all data).

Refinement model description

Number of restraints - 0, number of constraints - unknown.

Details:

1. Fixed Uiso
At 1.2 times of:
All C(H) groups
At 1.5 times of:
All C(H, H, H) groups
- 2.a Ternary CH refined with riding coordinates:
C4 (H4)
- 2.b Aromatic/amide H refined with riding coordinates:
C8 (H8), C11 (H11), C9 (H9)
- 2.c Idealised Me refined as rotating group:
C3 (H3A, H3B, H3C), C13 (H13A, H13B, H13C), C12 (H12A, H12B, H12C)

2n

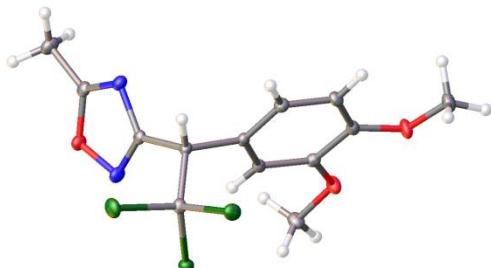


Fig. S87. Molecular structure of **2n**, CCDC 1894770 (ellipsoid contour of probability levels is 50 %).

Table S2 Crystal data and structure refinement for **2n.**

Identification code	2n
Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{13}Cl_3N_2O_3$
Formula weight	351.60
Temperature/K	100.01(10)
Crystal system	triclinic
Spacegroup	P-1
a/Å	8.5663(4)
b/Å	9.2482(4)

c/Å	10.8111(5)
$\alpha/^\circ$	105.441(4)
$\beta/^\circ$	113.046(4)
$\gamma/^\circ$	97.005(4)
Volume/Å ³	734.58(6)
Z	2
$\rho_{\text{calc}} \text{g/cm}^3$	1.590
μ/mm^{-1}	0.634
F(000)	360.0
Crystalsize/mm ³	0.5 × 0.34 × 0.26
Radiation	MoKα ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	5.214 to 55
Indexranges	-11 ≤ h ≤ 11, -12 ≤ k ≤ 12, -14 ≤ l ≤ 14
Reflectionscollected	12653
Independentreflections	3353 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0179$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0161$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3353/0/193
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.070
Final R indexes [$I >= 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0232$, $wR_2 = 0.0540$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0255$, $wR_2 = 0.0553$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.41/-0.20

Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{13}H_{13}Cl_3N_2O_3$ **2n** were obtained at slow evaporation of solution of **2n** in diethyl ether. A suitable crystal was selected and **studied** on a **Xcalibur, Eos** diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.01(10) K during data collection. Using Olex2 [1], the structure was solved with the Superflip [2] structure solution program using Charge Flipping and refined with the ShelXL [3] refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

1. Dolomanov, O.V., Bourhis, L.J., Gildea, R.J., Howard, J.A.K. & Puschmann, H. (2009). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 42, 339-341.
2. Palatinus, L. & Chapuis, G. (2007). *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 40, 786-790; Palatinus, L. & van der Lee, A. (2008). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 41, 975-984; Palatinus, L., Prathapa, S. J. & van Smaalen, S. (2012). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 45, 575-580.
3. Sheldrick, G.M. (2015). *Acta Cryst. C*71, 3-8.

Crystal structure determination of **2n**

Crystal Data for $C_{13}H_{13}Cl_3N_2O_3$ ($M=351.60$ g/mol): triclinic, space group P-1 (no. 2), $a = 8.5663(4)$ Å, $b = 9.2482(4)$ Å, $c = 10.8111(5)$ Å, $\alpha = 105.441(4)^\circ$, $\beta = 113.046(4)^\circ$, $\gamma = 97.005(4)^\circ$, $V = 734.58(6)$ Å³, $Z = 2$, $T = 100.01(10)$ K, $\mu(\text{MoK}\alpha) = 0.634$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.590$ g/cm³, 12653 reflections measured ($5.214^\circ \leq 2\Theta \leq 55^\circ$), 3353 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0179$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0161$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0232 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.0553 (all data).

Refinement model description

Number of restraints - 0, number of constraints - unknown.

Details:

1. Fixed Uiso
At 1.2 times of:
All C(H) groups
At 1.5 times of:
All C(H,H,H) groups
- 2.a Ternary CH refined with riding coordinates:
C10(H10)
- 2.b Aromatic/amide H refined with riding coordinates:
C4(H4), C7(H7), C8(H8)

2.c Idealised Me refined as rotating group:
C11(H11A,H11B,H11C), C12(H12A,H12B,H12C), C13(H13A,H13B,H13C)

2o

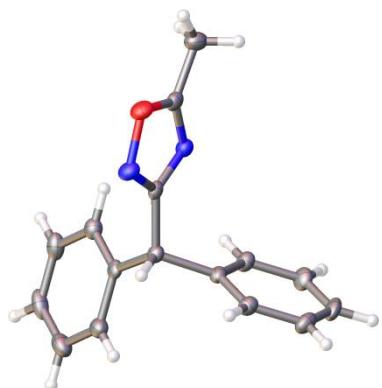


Fig. S88. Molecular structure of **2o**, CCDC 1894769 (ellipsoid contour of probability levels is 50 %).

Table S3 Crystal data and structure refinement for 2o.

Identificationcode	2o
Empiricalformula	C ₁₆ H ₁₄ N ₂ O
Formulaweight	250.29
Temperature/K	100(2)
Crystalsystem	monoclinic
Spacegroup	P2 ₁ /c
a/Å	12.8072(7)
b/Å	6.0525(4)
c/Å	16.8346(9)
α/°	90
β/°	91.053(5)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1304.72(13)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} g/cm ³	1.274
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.643
F(000)	528.0
Crystalsize/mm ³	0.59 × 0.5 × 0.49
Radiation	CuKα (λ = 1.54184)
2Θ range for data collection/°	6.904 to 152.282
Indexranges	-15 ≤ h ≤ 15, -7 ≤ k ≤ 6, -20 ≤ l ≤ 19
Reflectionscollected	4425
Independentreflections	2516 [R _{int} = 0.0230, R _{sigma} = 0.0242]
Data/restraints/parameters	2516/0/173
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.032
Final R indexes [I>=2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0428, wR ₂ = 0.1110
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0466, wR ₂ = 0.1147
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.23/-0.25

Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O$ **2o** were obtained at slow evaporation of solution of **2o** in diethyl ether. A suitable crystal was selected and studied on a Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100(2) K during data collection. Using Olex2 [1], the structure was solved with the Unknown [2] structure solution program using Unknown and refined with the Unknown [3] refinement package using Unknown minimisation.

1. Dolomanov, O.V., Bourhis, L.J., Gildea, R.J., Howard, J.A.K. & Puschmann, H. (2009). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 42, 339-341.
2. Palatinus, L. & Chapuis, G. (2007). *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 40, 786-790; Palatinus, L. & van der Lee, A. (2008). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 41, 975-984; Palatinus, L., Prathapa, S. J. & van Smaalen, S. (2012). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 45, 575-580.
3. Sheldrick, G.M. (2015). *Acta Cryst.* C71, 3-8.

Crystal structure determination of **2o**

Crystal Data for $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O$ ($M=250.29$ g/mol): monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$ (no. 14), $a = 12.8072(7)$ Å, $b = 6.0525(4)$ Å, $c = 16.8346(9)$ Å, $\beta = 91.053(5)^\circ$, $V = 1304.72(13)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $T = 100(2)$ K, $\mu(\text{CuK}\alpha) = 0.643$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.274$ g/cm³, 4425 reflections measured ($6.904^\circ \leq 2\Theta \leq 152.282^\circ$), 2516 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0230$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0242$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0428 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.1147 (all data).

Refinement model description

Number of restraints - 0, number of constraints - unknown.

Details:

1. Fixed Uiso

At 1.2 times of:

All C(H) groups

At 1.5 times of:

All C(H,H,H) groups

2.a Ternary CH refined with riding coordinates:

C3(H3)

2.b Aromatic/amide H refined with riding coordinates:

C6(H6), C16(H16), C10(H10), C12(H12), C7(H7), C8(H8), C15(H15), C9(H9), C13(H13), C14(H14)

2.c Idealised Me refined as rotating group:

C4(H4A,H4B,H4C)

A suitable crystal was selected and studied on a Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer.

2x

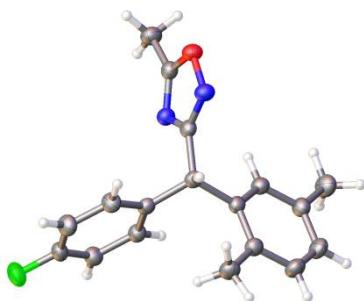


Fig. S90. Molecular structure of **2x**, CCDC 1894768 (ellipsoid contour of probability levels is 50 %).

Table S4 Crystal data and structure refinement for **2x**.

Identificationcode	2x
Empiricalformula	$C_{18}H_{17}FN_2O$

Formulaweight	296.33
Temperature/K	114(2)
Crystalsystem	triclinic
Spacegroup	P-1
a/Å	7.5047(3)
b/Å	9.2211(4)
c/Å	11.4499(6)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90.884(4)
$\beta/^\circ$	103.956(4)
$\gamma/^\circ$	95.264(4)
Volume/Å ³	765.14(6)
Z	2
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.286
μ/mm^{-1}	0.726
F(000)	312.0
Crystalsize/mm ³	0.17 × 0.12 × 0.1
Radiation	CuKα ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	7.962 to 145.04
Indexranges	-9 ≤ h ≤ 9, -10 ≤ k ≤ 11, -14 ≤ l ≤ 14
Reflectionscollected	9305
Independentreflections	2990 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0292$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0312$]
Data/restraints/parameters	2990/0/202
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.071
Final R indexes [$I >= 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0411$, $wR_2 = 0.1097$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0497$, $wR_2 = 0.1156$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.23/-0.26

Experimental

Single crystals of C₁₈H₁₇FN₂O **2x** were obtained at slow evaporation of solution of 2x in diethyl ether. A suitable crystal was selected and **studied** on a **SuperNova, Single source at offset/far, HyPix3000** diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 114(2) K during data collection. Using Olex2 [1], the structure was solved with the ShelXT [2] structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the ShelXL [3] refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

1. Dolomanov, O.V., Bourhis, L.J., Gildea, R.J., Howard, J.A.K. & Puschmann, H. (2009), *J. Appl. Cryst.* 42, 339-341.
2. Sheldrick, G.M. (2015). *ActaCryst. A*71, 3-8.
3. Sheldrick, G.M. (2015). *ActaCryst. C*71, 3-8.

Crystal structure determination of **2x**.

Crystal Data for C₁₈H₁₇FN₂O ($M=296.33$ g/mol): triclinic, space group P-1 (no. 2), $a = 7.5047(3)$ Å, $b = 9.2211(4)$ Å, $c = 11.4499(6)$ Å, $\alpha = 90.884(4)^\circ$, $\beta = 103.956(4)^\circ$, $\gamma = 95.264(4)^\circ$, $V = 765.14(6)$ Å³, $Z = 2$, $T = 114(2)$ K, $\mu(\text{CuK}\alpha) = 0.726$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.286$ g/cm³, 9305 reflections measured ($7.962^\circ \leq 2\Theta \leq 145.04^\circ$), 2990 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0292$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0312$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0411 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.1156 (all data).

Refinement model description

Number of restraints - 0, number of constraints - unknown.

Details:

1. Fixed Uiso
- At 1.2 times of:
All C(H) groups
- At 1.5 times of:
All C(H,H,H) groups
- 2.a Ternary CH refined with riding coordinates:
C4(H4)
- 2.b Aromatic/amide H refined with riding coordinates:
C7(H7), C6(H6), C12(H12), C10(H10), C9(H9), C15(H15), C14(H14)
- 2.c Idealised Me refined as rotating group:
C18(H18A,H18B,H18C), C3(H3A,H3B,H3C), C17(H17A,H17B,H17C)