Supplementary Material

Trehalose Lipid Biosurfactant Reduces Adhesion of Microbial Pathogens to Polystyrene and Silicone Surfaces: An Experimental and Computational Approach

**Tomasz Janek1\*, Anna Krasowska2, Żaneta Czyżnikowska1 and Marcin Łukaszewicz2\***

1 Department of Inorganic Chemistry, Wroclaw Medical University, Wroclaw, Poland

2 Department of Biotransformation, Faculty of Biotechnology, University of Wroclaw, Wroclaw, Poland

\*Correspondence:

Tomasz Janek

tomasz.w.janek@gmail.com, tomasz.janek@umed.wroc.pl

Marcin Łukaszewicz

marcin.lukaszewicz@uwr.edu.pl



**Supplementary Figure S1.** RP-HPLC spectrogram of the surface-active compound with a retention time of 24.2 min obtained from *R. fascians* BD8. Absorbance was measured at 210 nm.



**Supplementary Figure S2.** MALDI-TOF mass spectrum of the purified trehalose lipid from *R. fascians* BD8.