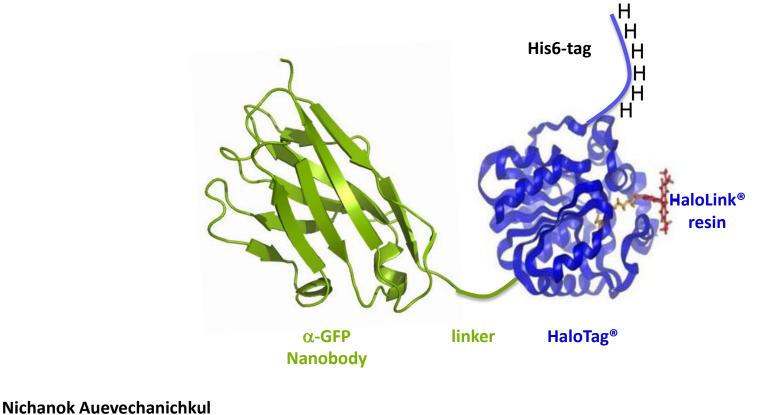
## Production of magnetic GFP affinity beads



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Plasmid pOPINE GFP nanobody was a kind gift from Brett Collins (Addgene plasmid #49172); *Structural and thermodynamic analysis of the GFP:GFP-nanobody complex*. *Kubala MH, Kovtun O, Alexandrov K, Collins BM. Protein Sci. 2010 Dec;19(12):2389-401. doi: 10.1002/pro.519. 10.1002/pro.519* <u>PubMed 20945358</u>

The α-GFP nanobody structure was rendered using Pymol software (Schrödinger, Inc.). HaloTag and HaloLink are trademarks of Promega corporation. HaloTag image credit: By Dorsa.semsar - Own work, CC BY-SA 4.0, <u>https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=47123227</u>

- > the isolated  $\alpha$ -GFP nanobody binds to GFP with a K<sub>d</sub> of ~ 1 nM <sup>[1]</sup>
- $\succ \alpha$ -GFP nanobody binds to GFP and YFP but not to CFP or red-shifted fluorescent proteins <sup>[1]</sup>
- > the HaloTag<sup>®</sup> allows covalent linkage to HaloLink<sup>®</sup> resins <sup>[2]</sup>
- > His6-tag enables straight-forward purification of the fusion protein from *E. coli*

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Structural and thermodynamic analysis of the GFP:GFP-nanobody complex. Kubala MH, Kovtun O, Alexandrov K, Collins BM. Protein Sci. 2010 Dec;19(12):2389-401. doi: 10.1002/pro.519. 10.1002/pro.519 PubMed 20945358

## **Expression and cell lysis**

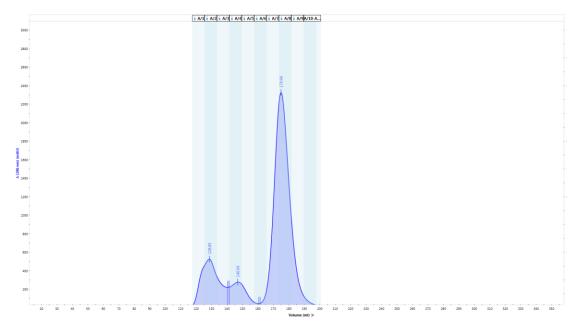
> the fusion protein can be expressed in *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) or SHuffle<sup>®</sup> T7 Express<sup>[1]</sup> (DE3) cells expression plasmid is available from Addgene (#111090)  $\rightarrow$  grow *E. coli* in LB + Amp at 37 °C until OD<sub>600</sub> reaches 0.8-1  $\succ$  shift temperature to 18 °C (continuous shaking) S S S Т Т Т kDa induce expression by adding 0.5 mM IPTG 70 55 protein expression o/N at 18 °C α-GFP-Nb:Halo:His6 35 25  $\succ$  harvest cells by centrifugation (15 min., 5000 x q) T = total protein 15 S = soluble fraction 10 Pause point -> cell pellet can be stored at **GFP Nb GFP Nb** -20 or -80 °C neg. ctrl. SHuffle BL21 SHuffle

> cell lysis by Lysozyme and sonication in lysis buffer (2% of initial culture volume; see last slide for buffer composition)

> 20 min. / 30.000 x g / 4 °C spin to obtain soluble fraction

# Purification

- > apply soluble fraction onto an IMAC column that has been pre-equilibrated with buffer A1
- > wash IMAC column with 10-15 column volumes of buffer A1
- elute with three column volumes of buffer B1
- either directly proceed to the binding reaction or perform an additional purification step by size exclusion chromatography in A4 buffer (size exclusion step is not strictly required, see slide 6)
- on a S75 size exclusion column we usually observe some aggregates followed by a defined peak corresponding to the 49 kDa fusion protein





Pause point -> aliquots of purified protein can be flash-frozen in liquid N<sub>2</sub> and stored at -80 °C

## Coupling the fusion protein to magnetic beads

- $\geq$  250 µl of Magne<sup>®</sup> HaloTag<sup>®</sup> Beads bind >1 mg of Halo-tagged protein <sup>[1]</sup>
- $\blacktriangleright$  wash 250 µl of the beads in A4 buffer and collect them using a magnetic rack
- dilute 1.5 mg of α-GFP-Nb:Halo:His6 protein in 2 ml A4 and add the protein solution to the beads (save a few µl as 'input' sample)
- incubate on a rotating wheel for 2h at 4 °C
- Collect the beads on the magnetic rack and take a sample from the supernatant (you should observe a depletion compared to 'input' sample from above on a Coomassie gel)
- wash the beads 3 times with 2 ml A4

(the supernatant from the last wash should no longer contain unbound  $\alpha$ -GFP-Nb:Halo:His6 protein)

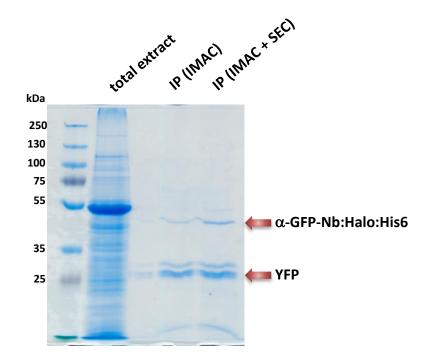
### $\blacktriangleright$ resuspend the beads in 250 $\mu$ l of storage buffer



Pause point -> The beads are stable for at least 4 weeks at 4 °C, we have not tested longer times of storage

### Comparison of 1-step vs 2-step purification

- $> \alpha$ -GFP-Nb:Halo:His6 either directly coupled to magnetic beads after IMAC or with intermediate size exclusion chromatography step
- > We used both types of beads to purify YFP from an *N. benthamiana* protein extract



## buffer composition

### Lysis buffer:

50 mM Tris–HCl pH 8.0 0.3 M NaCl 20 mM imidazole 5 % (v/v) glycerol 50 mM glycine [before use add 0.25 % (w/v) polyethyleneimine and EDTA-free protease inhibitors]

### A1 buffer:

50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 0.3M NaCl 20 mM imidazole 5% (v/v) glycerol 50mM glycine

### **B1 buffer:**

same as A1 but with 0.5M imidazole

### A4 buffer:

20 mM HEPES pH 7.5 0.15 M NaCl

### storage buffer:

50 mM HEPES pH 7.5 0.15 M NaCl 15% (v/v) glycerol 0.05% NaN<sub>3</sub>