



Use of a Defined Approach for Identifying Estrogen Receptor Active Chemicals

Maureen R. Gwinn, PhD DABT

**Office of Research and Development
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC**

The views of this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the US Environmental Protection Agency.

- Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals (EDCs)
 - a diverse set of substances that have the potential to interfere with normal endocrine function (e.g., estrogen receptor activity).
 - exposure may lead to adverse outcomes (e.g., impaired reproduction)
 - evaluated by regulatory agencies in many countries using internationally harmonised tools (e.g., IATA)

- Integrated Approach to Testing and Assessment (IATA)
 - a framework for hazard identification, hazard characterisation and/or safety assessment of a chemical or group of chemicals
 - based on multiple information sources
 - integrates and weights all relevant existing evidence and guides the targeted generation of new data where required
 - informs regulatory decision-making regarding potential hazard and/or risk
 - may include Defined Approaches(DA)

- Purpose:
 - Use an integrated battery of *in vitro* high-throughput screening assays (4 – 18 assays) and computational model of ER pathway activity as a case study in the development, performance-based evaluation, and regulatory application of a defined approach for endocrine disruption.



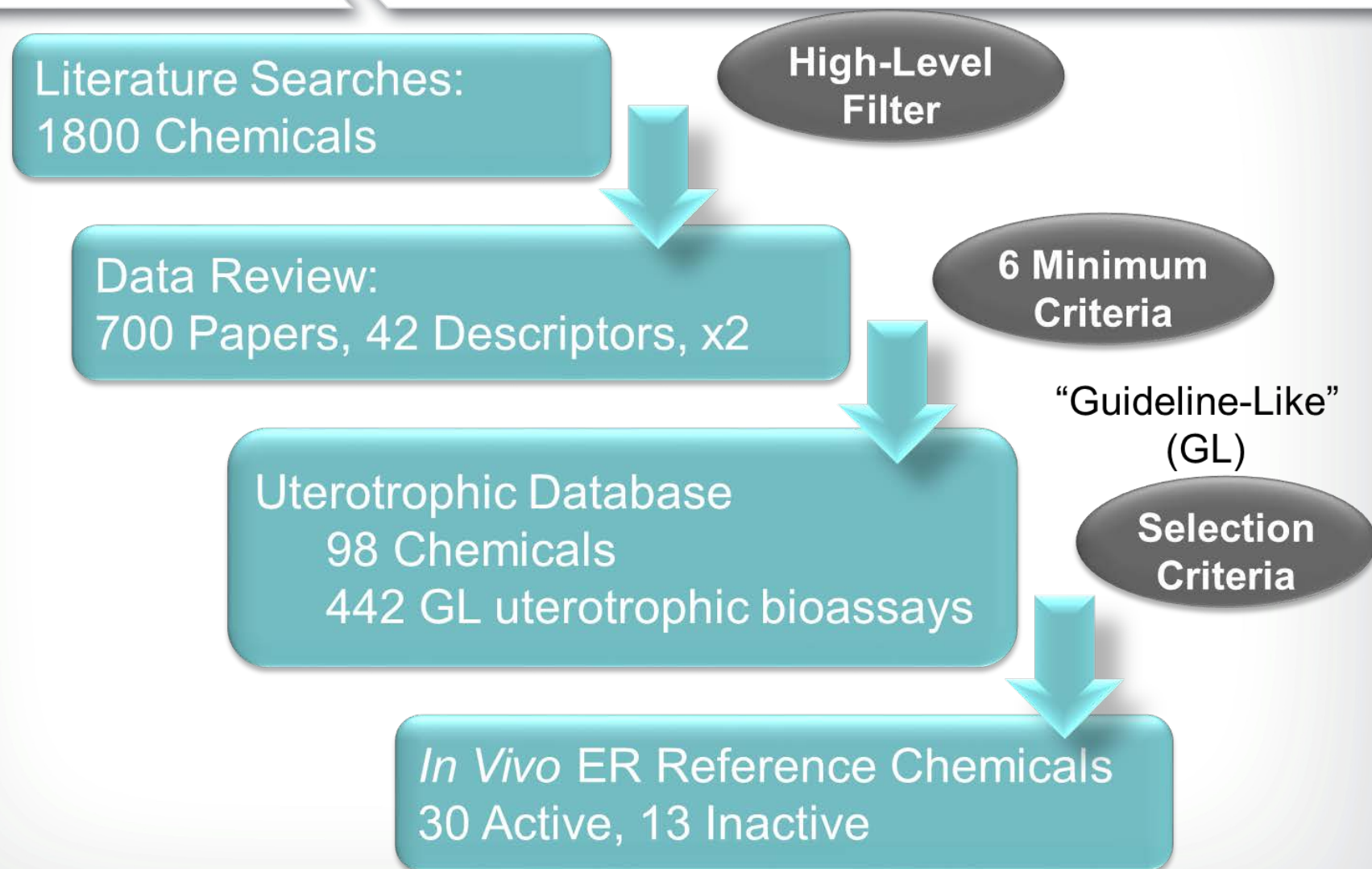
- **In Vitro Reference Chemicals**

- Identified by ICCVAM and OECD using multiple validated low throughput in vitro ER assays
- Forty chemicals total (28 agonists and 12 inactive)

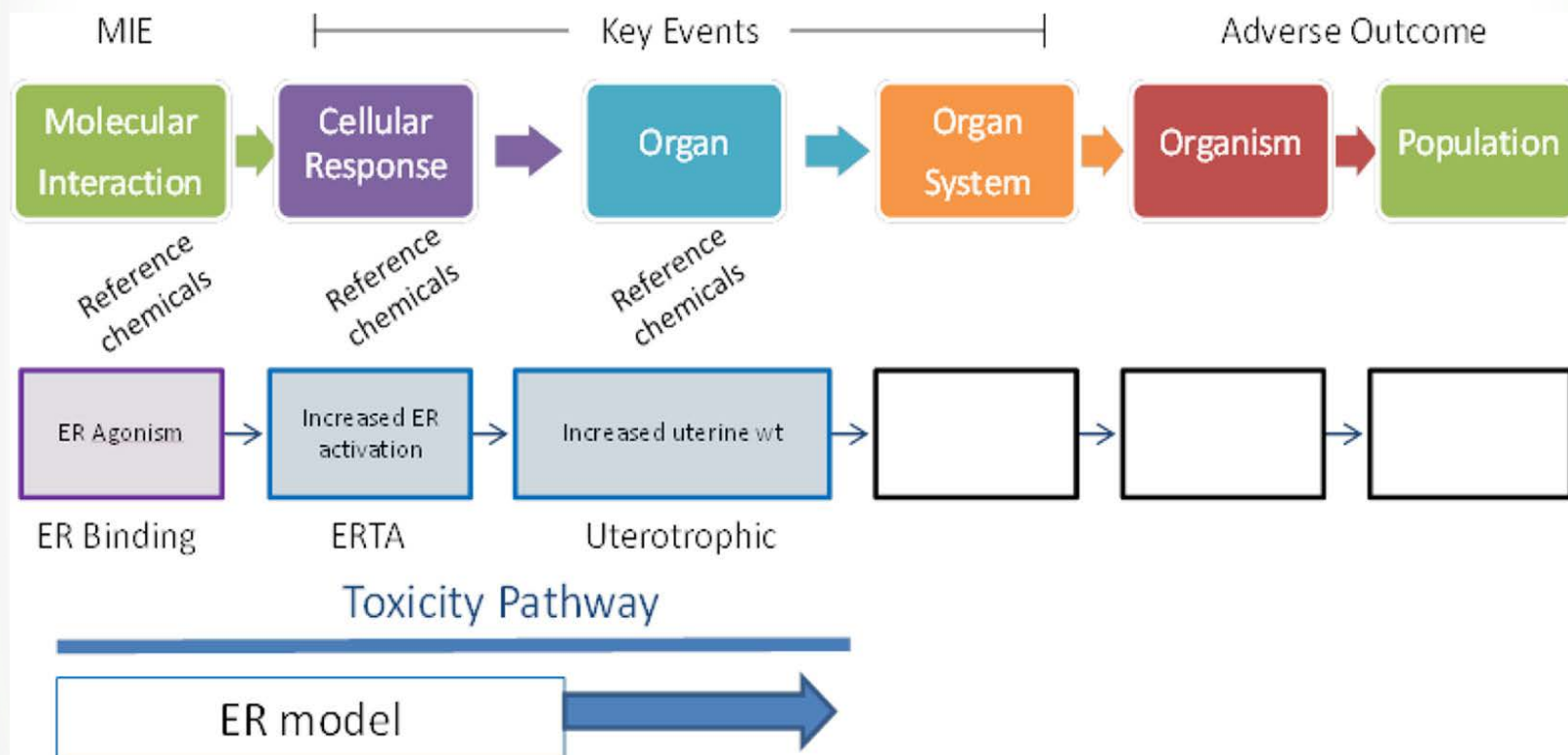
- **In Vivo Reference Chemicals**

- Identified by NICEATM from scientific literature search for rodent uterotrophic data on 1800 ToxCast chemicals
- Data extracted and data quality reviewed based on minimum guideline-like study criteria
- Forty-three chemicals total (30 active, 13 inactive)

Curation of In Vivo Reference Chemicals



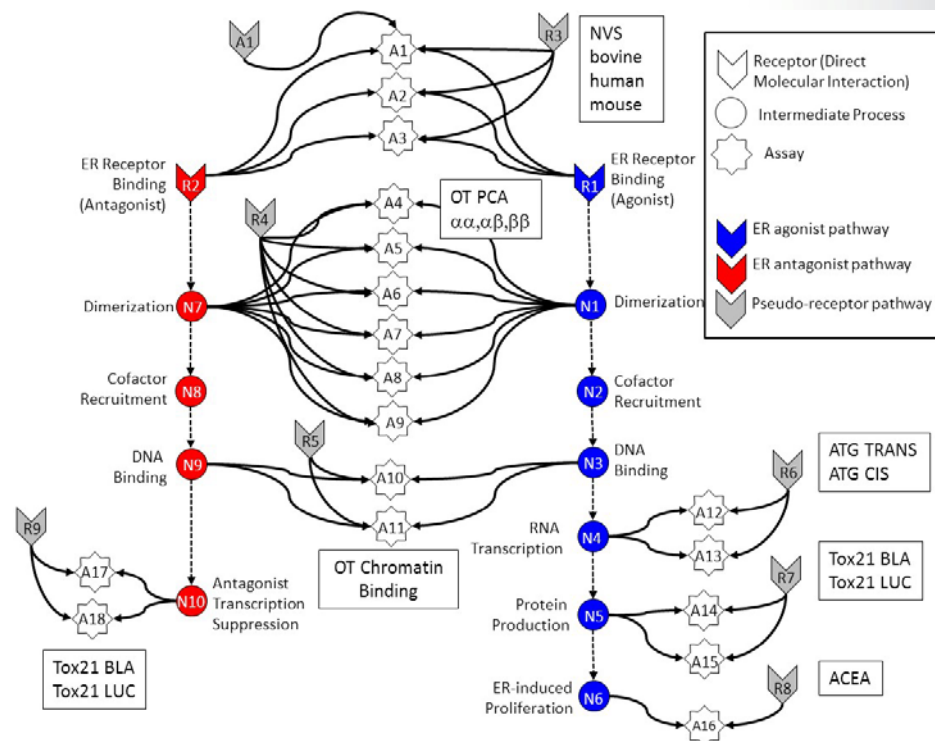
ER Pathway



Model

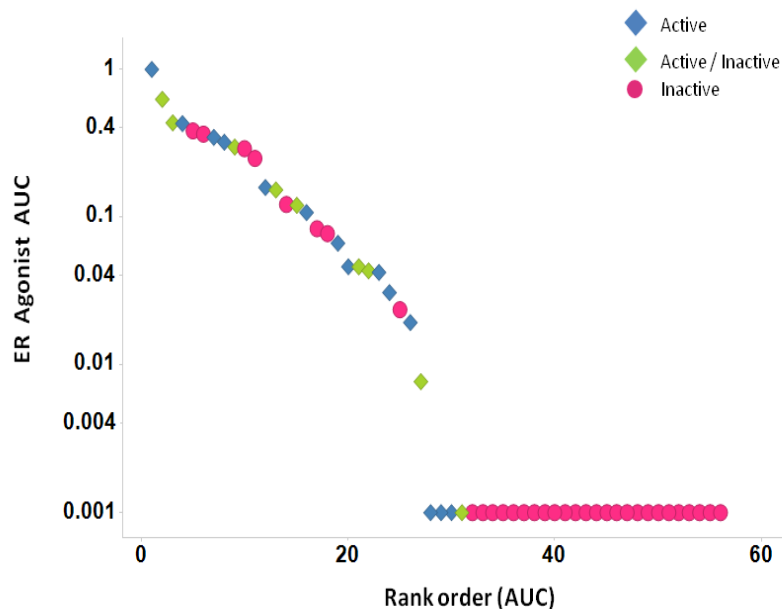
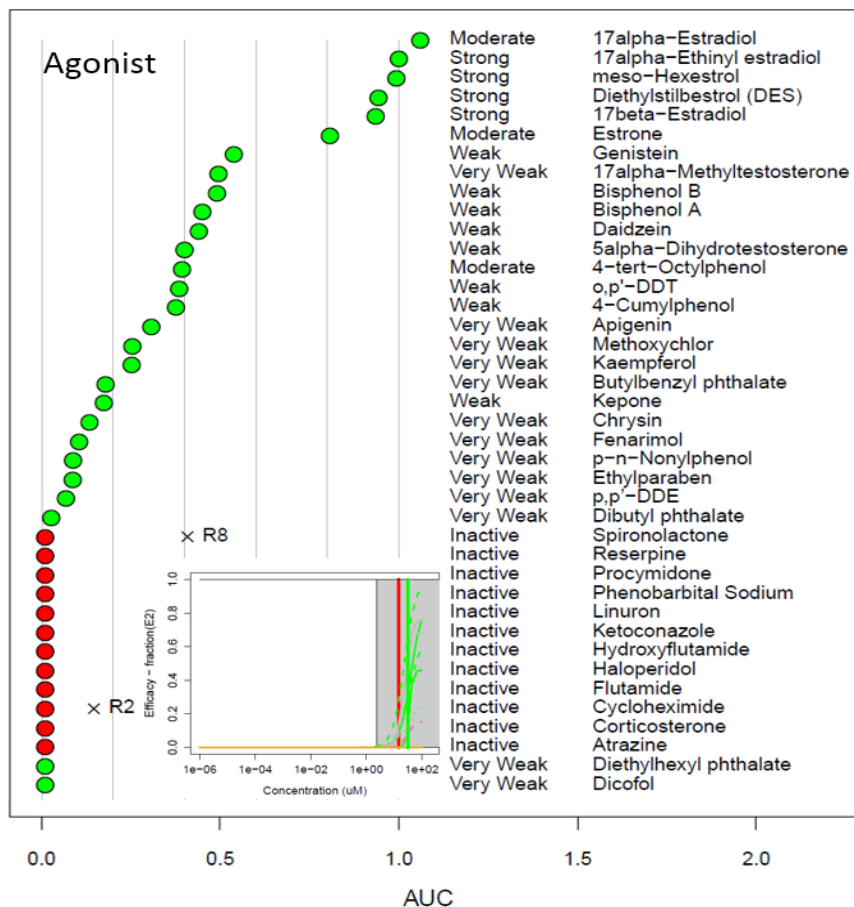
assay ID	assay	biological process	detection	organism	tissue	cell line
A1	NVS_NR_bER	receptor binding	radioligand	bovine	uterus	NA
A2	NVS_NR_hER	receptor binding	radioligand	human	NA	NA
A3	NVS_NR_mERa	receptor binding	radioligand	mouse	NA	NA
A4	OT_ER_ERaERa_0480	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A5	OT_ER_ERaERa_1440	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A6	OT_ER_ERaERb_0480	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A7	OT_ER_ERaERb_1440	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A8	OT_ER_ERbERb_0480	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A9	OT_ER_ERbERb_1440	protein	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A10	OT_ERa_EREgFP_0120	protein production	fluorescence	human	cervix	HeLa
A11	OT_ERa_EREgFP_0480	protein production	fluorescence	human	cervix	HeLa
A12	ATG_ERa_TRANS_up	mRNA induction	fluorescence	human	liver	HepG2
A13	ATG_ERE_CIS_up	mRNA induction	fluorescence	human	liver	HepG2
A14	Tox21_ERa_BLA_Agonist_	protein production	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A15	Tox21_ERa_LUC_BG1_Ag	protein production	bioluminescence	human	ovary	BG1
A16	ACEA_T47D_80_h_Positive	cell proliferation	electrical	human	breast	T47D
A17	Tox21_ERa_BLA_Antagoni	protein production	fluorescence	human	kidney	HEK293
A18	Tox21_ERa_LUC_BG1_An	protein production	bioluminescence	human	ovary	BG1

- Use multiple assays per pathway
 - Different technologies
 - Different points in pathway
- No assay is perfect
 - Assay Interference
 - Noise
- Use model to integrate assays
- Model creates a composite dose-response curve for each chemical to summarize results from all assays
 - Used to calculate performance metrics for chemicals with any indication of ToxCast ER agonist bioactivity ($AUC > 0.1$), inconclusive ($0 < AUC < 0.1$) or no activity ($AUC = 0$).





Characterizing Performance of the Defined Approach





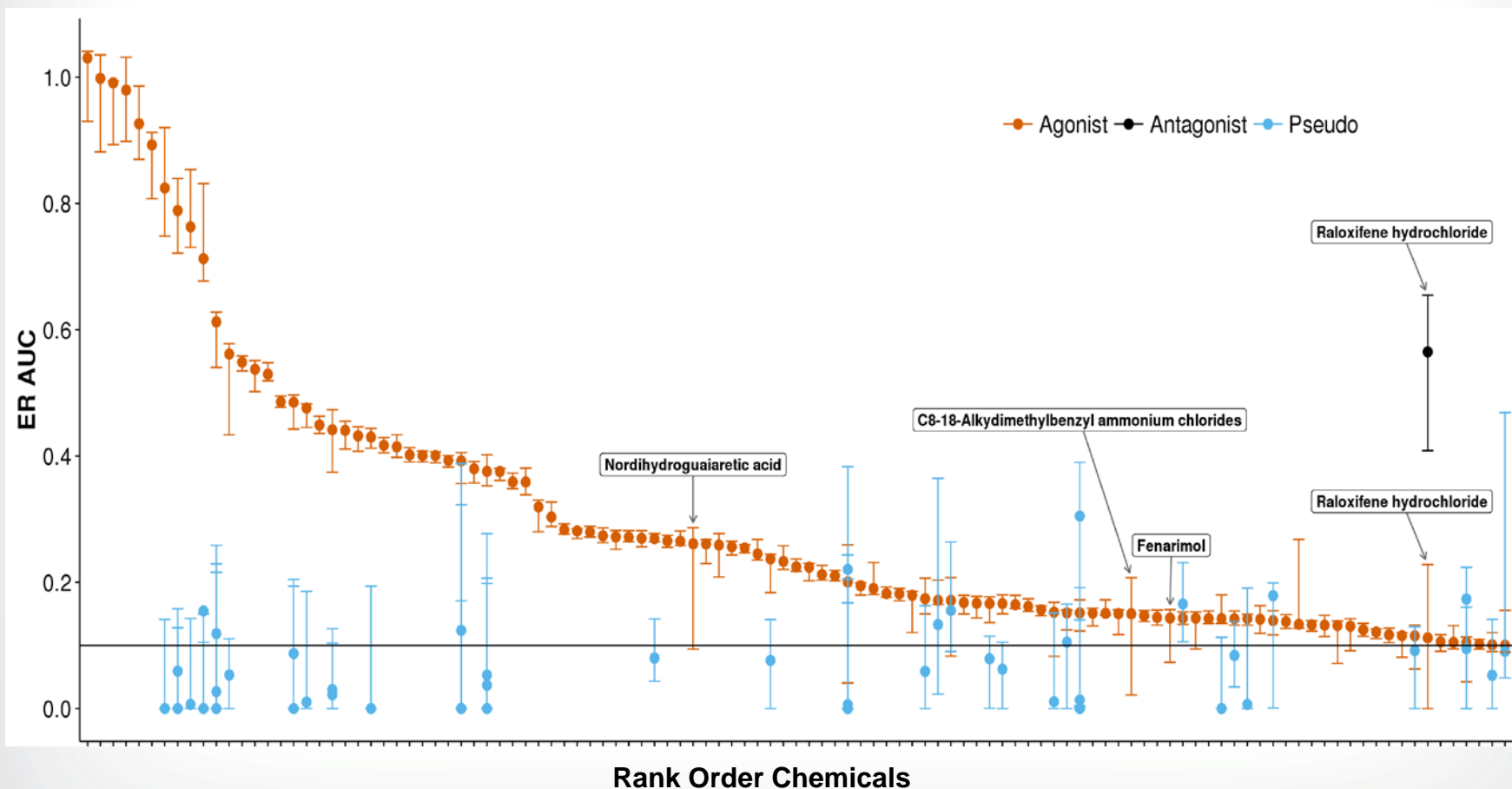
Characterizing Performance of the Defined Approach

In Vitro Reference Chemicals*

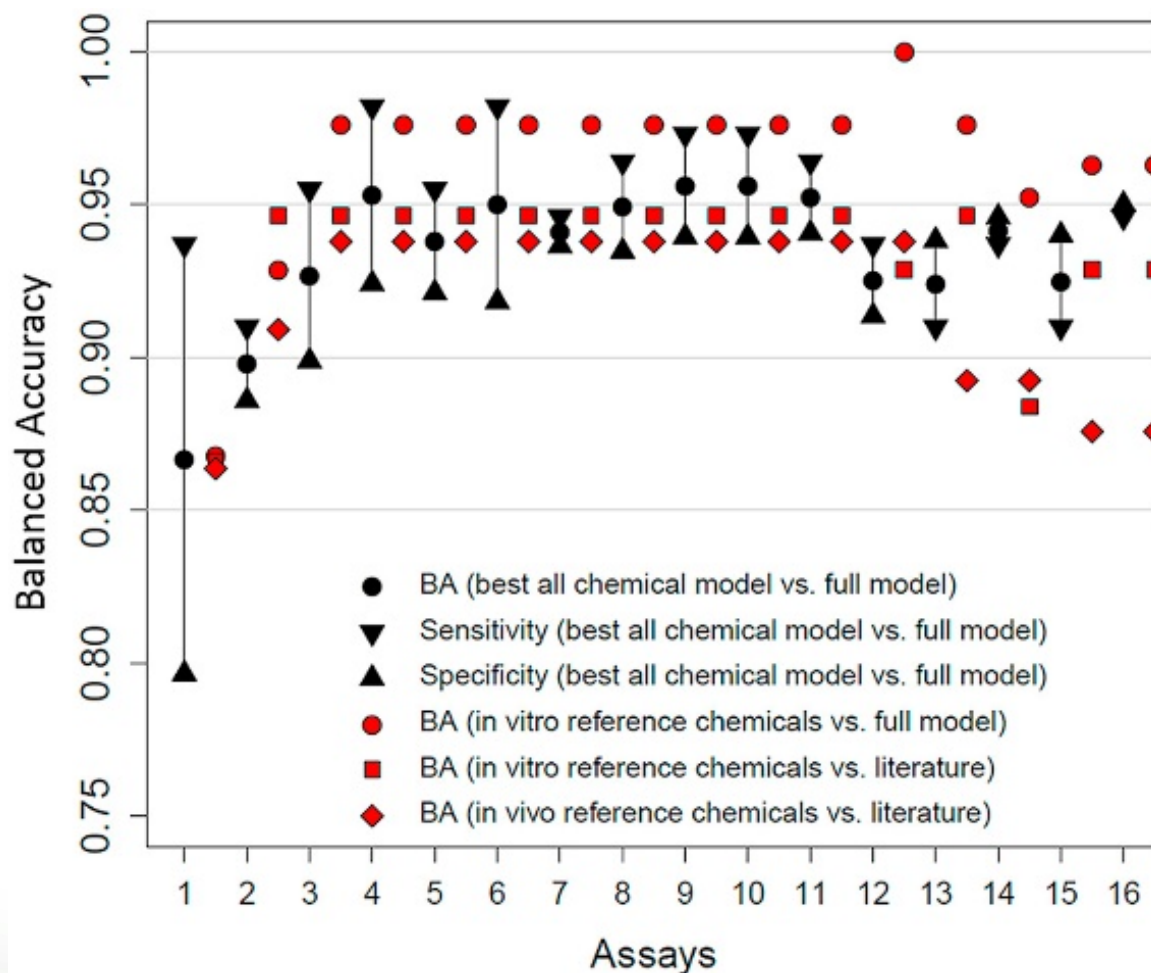
True Positive	26 (25)
True Negative	11 (11)
False Positive	1 (0)
False Negative	2 (2)
Accuracy	0.93 (0.95)
Sensitivity	0.93 (0.93)
Specificity	0.92 (1.0)

In Vivo Reference Chemicals*

True Positive	29 (29)
True Negative	8 (8)
False Positive	5 (1)
False Negative	1 (1)
Accuracy	0.86 (0.95)
Sensitivity	0.97 (0.97)
Specificity	0.67 (0.89)



Equivalent Performance Observed for a Subset of *In Vitro* Assays



- Summarized the proposed ER Pathway Model Defined Approach
- A DA can provide predictable outcomes that can either be used on their own or considered together with other sources of information in the context of an IATA.
- DA described here has been demonstrated to predict ER bioactivity of both in vitro and in vivo reference chemical with accuracy ranging from 84 – 93%.
- The results of the analysis of this DA gives scientific support for the potential use in regulatory decisions related to estrogen bioactivity.

- **US Environmental Protection Agency**

- Richard Judson
- Keith Houck
- Stacie Flood
- Eric D Watt
- Katie Paul-Friedman
- Kevin Crofton
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- Stan Barone
- Patience Browne
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