Liquid Chromatography Conditions

Strong Cation Exchange	
UPLC system:	ACQUITY UPLC System
Column:	PolyLC Inc. PolySULFOETHYL A Column 100 x 2.1 mm, 3
	μM, 300Å
Column temp:	35 °C
Flow Rate:	200 uL/min
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate, 25% acetonitrile, pH 3.0
Mobile phase B:	500 mM ammonium formate, 25% acetonitrile, pH 3.0
Step-elution gradient:	Initial 0% B, 0 to 20% of mobile phase B in 40 min, 20 to
	50% of mobile phase B in 10 min, 50 to 100% of mobile
	phase B in 5 min, and held for 2.5 min
1D Liquid Chromatography	
UPLC system:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System
Column:	nanoAcquity UPLC BEH130 C_{18,} 100 μM x 100 mm, 1.7 μM
	(p/n 186003546)
Column temp:	35 °C
Flow Rate:	500 nL/min
Mobile phase A:	0.1% FA in water (pH 2.4)
Mobile Phase B:	0.1% FA in acetonitrile
Gradient elution:	Initial 3.0% B, 3 to 7% of mobile phase B in 1 min, 7 to 25%
	of mobile phase B in 72 min, 25 to 45% of mobile phase B in
	10 min, 45 to 95% of mobile phase B in 0.5 min, and held
	for 1 min
2D Liquid Chromatography	
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0)	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C _{18,} 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682)
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge [™] BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μM x 50 mm, NanoEase [™] (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10)
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge [™] BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 µM x 50 mm, NanoEase [™] (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10
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2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge [™] BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 µM x 50 mm, NanoEase [™] (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge [™] BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 µM x 50 mm, NanoEase [™] (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution: Trap column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate Symetry C ₁₈ , 180 μ M x 20 mm, 5 um (p/n 186003514)
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase A: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution: Trap column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate Symetry C ₁₈ , 180 μ M x 20 mm, 5 um (p/n 186003514)
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution: Trap column: Second LC Dimension (Operating at pH 2.4 Column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge [™] BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μM x 50 mm, NanoEase [™] (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate Symetry C ₁₈ , 180 μM x 20 mm, 5 um (p/n 186003514)) nanoAcquity UPLC BEH130 C ₁₈ , 100 μM x 100 mm, 1.7 μM
2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution: Trap column: Second LC Dimension (Operating at pH 2.4 Column:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate Symetry C ₁₈ , 180 μ M x 20 mm, 5 um (p/n 186003514) 1) nanoAcquity UPLC BEH130 C ₁₈ , 100 μ M x 100 mm, 1.7 μ M (p/n 186003546)
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2D Liquid Chromatography UPLC system: First LC Dimension (Operating at pH 10.0) Column: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Step-elution gradient: Diluting solution: Trap column: Second LC Dimension (Operating at pH 2.4 Column temp: Flow Rate: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase A:	nanoACQUITY UPLC System with 2D Technology and on-line dilution Xbridge TM BEH300 C ₁₈ , 5 um, 300 μ M x 50 mm, NanoEase TM (p/n 186003682) 1.5 uL/min 10 mM ammonium formate in water (pH 10) Acetonitrile A 5-step elution gradient in the first dimension at pH 10 was undertaken. The percentage of mobile phase B in each step is: 10.8, 14.0, 16.7, 20.4, and 65.0% respectively 99.0% 0.1 FA in water and 1.0% 0.1 FA in Acetonitrile, 15 uL/min flow rate Symetry C ₁₈ , 180 μ M x 20 mm, 5 um (p/n 186003514) 1) nanoAcquity UPLC BEH130 C ₁₈ , 100 μ M x 100 mm, 1.7 μ M (p/n 186003546) 35 °C 500 nL/min 0.1% FA in water (pH 2.4) 0.1% FA in water (pH 2.4)

Gradient elution:	Initial 3.0% B, 3 to 7% of mobile phase B in 1 min, 7 to 25% of mobile phase B in 72 min, 25 to 45% of mobile phase B in 10 min, 45 to 95% of mobile phase B in 0.5 min, and held for 1 min
Mass Spectrometry Condition	IS
Mass Spectrometer System:	ETD-LTQ-Orbitrap Velos
Spray source:	Thermo nanospray source coupled with a PicoTip fused silica spray tip (360mm OD, 20mm ID, 10mm diameter emitter orifice, New Objective, Woburn, MA, USA).

Acquisition Time:	95 min
<i>m/z</i> range:	400 - 4000 m/z
ESI spray voltage:	2.5 kV
Source temp:	300 °C
Resolution:	60,000
Auto gain control:	1,000,000
Number of ions for CID	Top fifteen
Dynamic exclusion repeat counts:	1 sec
Dynamic exclusion repeat duration:	30 sec
Dynamic exclusion duration:	60 sec
Mass Spectrometer System:	SYNAPT G2

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Spray source:	Waters nanospray source coupled with a PicoTip fused silica spray tip (360mm OD, 20mm ID, 10mm diameter emitter orifice, New Objective, Woburn, MA, USA)
Acquisition Time:	95 min
<i>m/z</i> range:	50 - 2000 m/z
ESI spray voltage:	3.0 kV
Cone voltage:	40 V
Source temp:	120 °C
MS ^E Low-energy:	4 eV (fixed)
MS ^E High-energy:	Collision energy ramp between 15 and 35 eV

Data Collection

Experiment one sample preparation

In experiment one, samples from one Homo sapiens cell line (not specified by the providers) were divided into two groups. The two groups of samples were lysed in 8 M urea, and 50 mM ammonium bicarbonate (pH 8.3). The lysates were subjected to centrifugation at 13,000 rpm for 20 minutes and the supernatants were collected. The two samples were then denatured in 8 M urea, reduced using 10 mM dithiothreitol (DTT), alkylated with 30 mM iodoacetamide, and

digested with trypsin (using an enzyme to protein ratio of 1:50) at 37 °C overnight. The samples were desalted with Sep-Pak cartridges, separated into two tubes and dried in a speedvac. The first sample was resuspended in 100 mL 18O-water (Purity > 98%) containing 50 mM ammonium bicarbonate, 10 mM calcium chloride, and trypsin (1 to 50 w/w trypsin:peptide) pH 7.8. The second sample was treated in the same manner except that the 18O-water was replaced with purified 16O-water. After incubation with shaking at 450 rpm for 5 hours at 37 °C the labeling reaction was terminated by first boiling the sample for 10 minutes and then adding 5 mL of formic acid to further inhibit any residual trypsin activity. A bicinchoninic acid (BCA) assay was performed to determine peptide concentration. The two samples were combined equally or in selected ratios (1:1, 2.5:1, and 5:1 Heavy/Light) and were subjected to reverse phase liquid chromatography (LC) followed by ETD-LTQ-Orbitrap Velos mass spectrometry (MS) analysis (see Experimental section for 1D LC and ETD-LTQ-Orbitrap Velos MS conditions).

Experiment two sample preparation

In experiment two, the samples from Human embryonic kidney 293T cells were cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS). One group was transfected with an expression vector expressing microRNA-K1 of Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpesvirus (KSHV) while the control group was transfected with a vector for 48 h.¹² The sample preparation on these two groups of samples is the same as in experiment one. Equal amounts of 16O and 18O labeled samples were combined to obtain one sample. Two hundred micro grams of combined sample was fractionated into four fractions using strong cation exchange (SCX) (see Experimental section strong cation exchange for LC conditions). The four samples were then subjected to reverse phase-reverse phase LC followed by ETD-LTQ-Orbitrap Velos MS and SYNAPT G2 MS analysis (see Experimental section for 2D LC and MS conditions).