

Analysis of the in vitro experiments

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Contents

0.1	R version	3
0.2	Loading packages	3
1	Data input and handling	4
1.0.1	Noradrenaline (NA)	4
1.0.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone (MCH)	4
1.0.3	Melatonin (MEL)	4
1.0.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone (MSH)	5
1.0.5	Prolactin (PRL)	5
1.0.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone (NAMSH)	6
1.0.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin (NAPRL)	6
1.1	Data manipulation	7
1.1.1	Black colour of Males	7
1.1.2	Black colour of Females	8
1.2	Exploratory data analysis	9
1.2.1	Black color of males	10
1.2.1.1	Noradrelanine	10
1.2.1.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	10
1.2.1.3	Melatonin	11
1.2.1.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	11
1.2.1.5	Prolactin	12
1.2.1.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	13
1.2.1.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	13
1.2.2	Black colour of Females	14
1.2.2.1	Noradrenaline Gráfico Black Females	14
1.2.2.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	14
1.2.2.3	Melanotin	15
1.2.2.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	16
1.2.2.5	Prolactin	16
1.2.2.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	17
1.2.2.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	17
1.2.3	Red colour of Males	18
1.2.3.1	Noradrenaline	18
1.2.3.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	19
1.2.3.3	Melanotin	19
1.2.3.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	20
1.2.3.5	Prolactin	21
1.2.3.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	21
1.2.3.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	22
1.2.4	Yellow colour of Males	22
1.2.4.1	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	22
1.2.4.2	Prolactin	23
1.2.4.3	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	24
1.2.4.4	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	25
1.2.5	Yellow colour of Females	26

1.2.5.1	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	26
1.2.5.2	Prolactin	27
1.2.5.3	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	28
1.2.5.4	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	29
2	Converting Animal to factor and the colours to ordered factors to fit the GLMMs	30
2.1	Statistical analysis using ordered GLMMs	32
2.1.1	Black colour of Males	32
2.1.1.1	Noradrenaline	32
2.1.1.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	34
2.1.1.3	Melatonin	35
2.1.1.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	36
2.1.1.5	Prolactin	37
2.1.1.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	39
2.1.1.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	40
2.1.2	Black colour of Females	41
2.1.2.1	Noradrenaline	41
2.1.2.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	43
2.1.2.3	Melatonin	44
2.1.2.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	45
2.1.2.5	Prolactin	47
2.1.2.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	48
2.1.2.7	Noradrenalinee and Prolactin	49
2.1.3	Red Male	50
2.1.3.1	Noradrenaline	50
2.1.3.2	Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone	52
2.1.3.3	Melatonin	53
2.1.3.4	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	55
2.1.3.5	Prolactin	56
2.1.3.6	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	57
2.1.3.7	Noradrenaline and Prolactin	59
2.1.4	Yellow colour in Males	61
2.1.4.1	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	61
2.1.4.1.1	Statistical model	62
2.1.4.2	Prolactin	63
2.1.4.2.1	Statistical model	64
2.1.4.3	Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	65
2.1.4.3.1	Statistical model	66
2.1.4.4	Noradrenalinee and Prolactin	67
2.1.4.4.1	Statistical model	68
2.1.5	Yellow colour of Females	69
2.1.5.1	Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	69
2.1.5.1.1	Statistical model	70
2.1.5.2	Prolactin	71
2.1.5.2.1	Statistical model	72
2.1.5.3	Noradrenalinee and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone	73
2.1.5.3.1	Statistical model	74
2.1.5.4	Noradrenalinee and Prolactin	75
2.1.5.4.1	Statistical model	76

0.1 R version

```
R.Version()$version.string; R.Version()$platform  
  
## [1] "R version 3.4.3 (2017-11-30)"  
## [1] "x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0"  
set.seed(1001)#reproducibility
```

0.2 Loading packages

```
library(sjPlot)  
packageVersion("sjPlot")  
  
## [1] '2.3.2'  
  
library(sciplot)  
packageVersion("sciplot")  
  
## [1] '1.1.1'  
  
library(lsmeans)  
packageVersion("lsmeans")  
  
## [1] '2.26.3'  
  
library(glmADMB)  
packageVersion("glmADMB")  
  
## [1] '0.8.5'  
  
library(R2admb)  
packageVersion("R2admb")  
  
## [1] '0.7.16'  
  
library(ordinal)  
packageVersion("ordinal")  
  
## [1] '2015.6.28'  
  
library(car)  
packageVersion("car")  
  
## [1] '2.1.5'  
  
library(RVAideMemoire)  
packageVersion("RVAideMemoire")  
  
## [1] '0.9.66'  
  
library(tidyverse)  
packageVersion("tidyverse")  
  
## [1] '1.1.1'
```

1 Data input and handling

Here, we're going to import all the data, separately for each experiment with different hormones.

1.0.1 Noradrenaline (NA)

```
hormNA<-read.csv2("NA.csv", h=T)
head(hormNA);str(hormNA)

##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5    5
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5    5
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     5    5
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5    5
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     5    4
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     5    4

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  6 variables:
##  $ Animal   : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
##  $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA10uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Time      : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
##  $ Sex       : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##  $ Black     : int  5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 ...
##  $ Red       : int  5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
```

1.0.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone (MCH)

```
hormMCH<-read.csv2("MCH.csv", h=T)
head(hormMCH);str(hormMCH)

##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5    4
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5    4
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     5    4
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5    4
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     4    4
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     4    4

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  6 variables:
##  $ Animal   : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
##  $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","MCH100mM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Time      : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
##  $ Sex       : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##  $ Black     : int  5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 5 5 ...
##  $ Red       : int  4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
```

1.0.3 Melatonin (MEL)

```
hormMEL<-read.csv2("MEL.csv", h=T)
head(hormMEL);str(hormMEL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1          CT  0h  M    4   4
## 2      1          CT  1h  M    4   4
## 3      1          CT  2h  M    4   4
## 4      1          CT  3h  M    4   4
## 5      2          CT  0h  M    3   4
## 6      2          CT  1h  M    4   4

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ Animal      : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","MEL10uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time        : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black       : int  4 4 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Red         : int  4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
```

1.0.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone (MSH)

```
hormMSH<-read.csv2("MSH.csv", h=T)
head(hormMSH);str(hormMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1          CT  0h  M    5   4   0.10
## 2      1          CT  1h  M    4   4   0.11
## 3      1          CT  2h  M    4   4   0.13
## 4      1          CT  3h  M    4   4   0.11
## 5      2          CT  0h  M    4   4   0.09
## 6      2          CT  1h  M    4   4   0.10

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  7 variables:
## $ Animal      : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","MSH5uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time        : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black       : int  5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Red         : int  4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 3 ...
## $ Yellow      : num  0.1 0.11 0.13 0.11 0.09 0.1 0.08 0.08 0.09 0.12 ...
```

1.0.5 Prolactin (PRL)

```
hormPRL<-read.csv2("PRL.csv", h=T)
head(hormPRL);str(hormPRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1          CT  0h  M    5   4   0.11
## 2      1          CT  1h  M    5   4   0.10
## 3      1          CT  2h  M    4   4   0.13
## 4      1          CT  3h  M    5   4   0.14
## 5      2          CT  0h  M    5   3   0.09
## 6      2          CT  1h  M    5   3   0.09

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  7 variables:
## $ Animal      : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","PRL0.150IU": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
## $ Time      : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex       : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black     : int  5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 4 4 ...
## $ Red       : int  4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Yellow    : num  0.11 0.1 0.13 0.14 0.09 0.09 0.1 0.11 0.09 0.11 ...
```

1.0.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone (NAMSH)

```
hormNAMSH<-read.csv2("NA_MSH.csv", h=T)
head(hormNAMSH);str(hormNAMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     2  2  0.11
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     2  2  0.12
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     2  1  0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     2  1  0.12
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     2  2  0.12
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     2  1  0.11

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  7 variables:
## $ Animal      : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA3h+MSH": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time        : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black       : int  2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Red         : int  2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ Yellow      : num  0.11 0.12 0.13 0.12 0.12 0.11 0.1 0.15 0.13 0.14 ...
```

1.0.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin (NAPRL)

```
hormNAPRL<-read.csv2("NA_PRL.csv", h=T)
head(hormNAPRL);str(hormNAPRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     3  1  0.10
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     3  1  0.11
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     3  1  0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     3  1  0.11
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     1  1  0.12
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     1  1  0.13

## 'data.frame':   80 obs. of  7 variables:
## $ Animal      : int  1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA3h+PRL": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time        : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black       : int  3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Red         : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Yellow      : num  0.1 0.11 0.13 0.11 0.12 0.13 0.11 0.12 0.11 0.1 ...
```

1.1 Data manipulation

Since we're not interested in the differences between sexes in the response to hormones, we'll run separate models for males and females. To do this, first we have to subset our data to contain only the respective rows for each sex, in order to use them to make plots and the statistical models. We'll do it separately for each colouration as well, beginning with the Black colour.

1.1.1 Black colour of Males

```
maleNA<- filter(hormNA,Sex=="M")
head(maleNA)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5   5
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5   5
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     5   5
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5   5
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     5   4
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     5   4
```

```
maleMCH<- filter(hormMCH,Sex=="M")
head(maleMCH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5   4
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5   4
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     5   4
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5   4
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     4   4
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     4   4
```

```
maleMEL<- filter(hormMEL,Sex=="M")
head(maleMEL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     4   4
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     4   4
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     4   4
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     4   4
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     3   4
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     4   4
```

```
maleMSH<- filter(hormMSH,Sex=="M")
head(maleMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5   4   0.10
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     4   4   0.11
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     4   4   0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     4   4   0.11
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     4   4   0.09
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     4   4   0.10
```

```
malePRL<- filter(hormPRL,Sex=="M")
head(malePRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5  4  0.11
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5  4  0.10
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     4  4  0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5  4  0.14
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     5  3  0.09
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     5  3  0.09
```

```
maleNAMSH<- filter(hormNAMSH, Sex=="M")
head(maleNAMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     2  2  0.11
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     2  2  0.12
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     2  1  0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     2  1  0.12
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     2  2  0.12
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     2  1  0.11
```

```
maleNAPRL<- filter(hormNAPRL, Sex=="M")
head(malePRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  M     5  4  0.11
## 2      1         CT  1h  M     5  4  0.10
## 3      1         CT  2h  M     4  4  0.13
## 4      1         CT  3h  M     5  4  0.14
## 5      2         CT  0h  M     5  3  0.09
## 6      2         CT  1h  M     5  3  0.09
```

1.1.2 Black colour of Females

```
femaleNA<- filter(hormNA, Sex=="F")
head(femaleNA)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     5  NA
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     4  NA
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     4  NA
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     4  NA
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     4  NA
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     4  NA
```

```
femaleMCH<- filter(hormMCH, Sex=="F")
head(femaleMCH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     5  NA
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     5  NA
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     5  NA
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     5  NA
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     4  NA
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     4  NA
```

```
femaleMEL<- filter(hormMEL, Sex=="F")
head(femaleMEL)
```



```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     3  NA
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     3  NA
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     3  NA
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     3  NA
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     4  NA
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     4  NA
```

```
femaleMSH<- filter(hormMSH, Sex=="F")
head(femaleMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     4  NA   0.13
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     5  NA   0.15
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     5  NA   0.12
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     5  NA   0.12
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     4  NA   0.12
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     4  NA   0.17
```

```
femalePRL<- filter(hormPRL, Sex=="F")
head(femalePRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     5  NA   0.11
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     5  NA   0.10
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     5  NA   0.12
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     5  NA   0.11
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     5  NA   0.12
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     5  NA   0.09
```

```
femaleNAMSH<- filter(hormNAMSH, Sex=="F")
head(femaleNAMSH)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      1         CT  0h  F     2  NA   0.01
## 2      1         CT  1h  F     2  NA   0.01
## 3      1         CT  2h  F     2  NA   0.03
## 4      1         CT  3h  F     2  NA   0.04
## 5      2         CT  0h  F     2  NA   0.02
## 6      2         CT  1h  F     2  NA   0.02
```

```
femaleNAPRL<- filter(hormNAPRL, Sex=="F")
head(femaleNAPRL)
```

```
##   Animal Treatment Time Sex Black Red Yellow
## 1      6         CT  0h  F     3  NA   0.03
## 2      6         CT  1h  F     2  NA   0.02
## 3      6         CT  2h  F     2  NA   0.02
## 4      6         CT  3h  F     2  NA   0.02
## 5      7         CT  0h  F     2  NA   0.02
## 6      7         CT  1h  F     2  NA   0.03
```

1.2 Exploratory data analysis

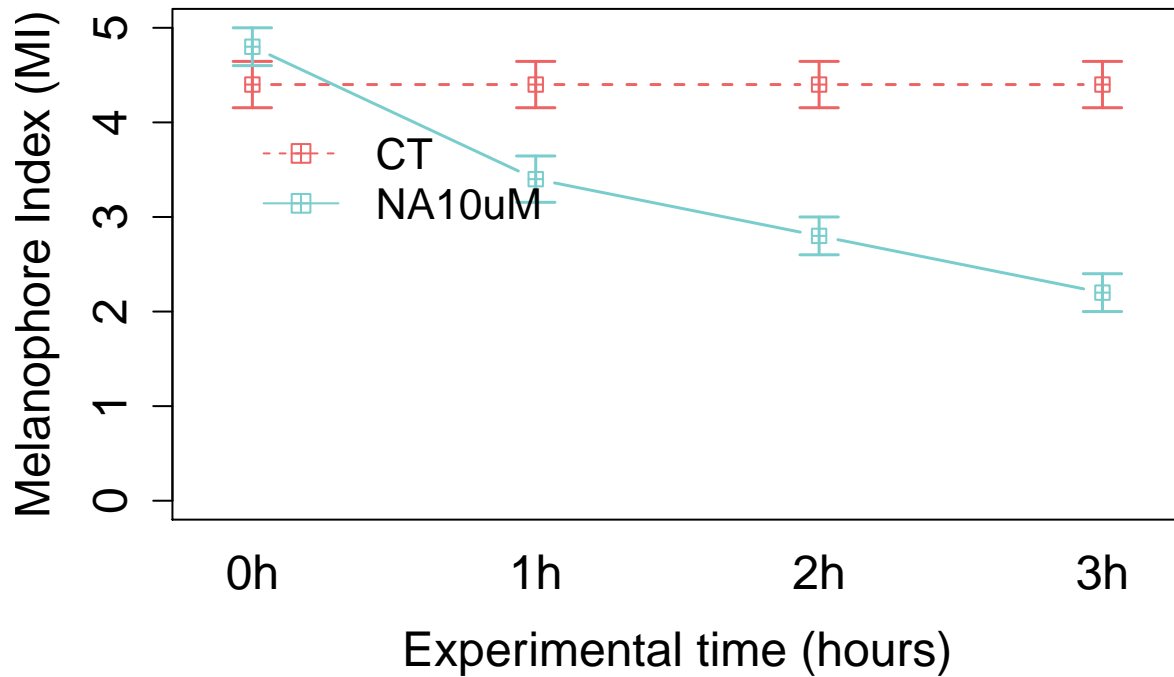
Before jumping into statistical inferential modelling, it's good practice to look at the data, doing exploratory data analysis (see Zuur et al. 2016 MEE). Here, we'll take advantage of the `sciplot` package to easily plot our

data. We'll produce plots separately for each sex, hormone, and colouration type.

1.2.1 Black color of males

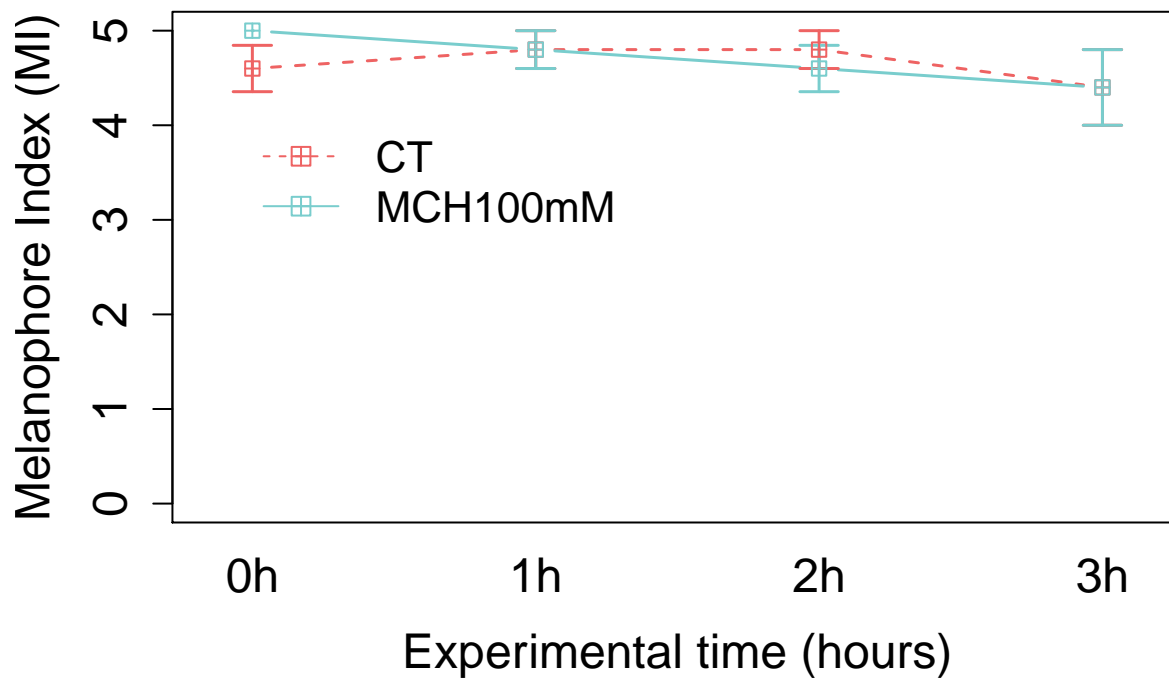
1.2.1.1 Noradrelanine

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleNA, cex = 1,  
            xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
            col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



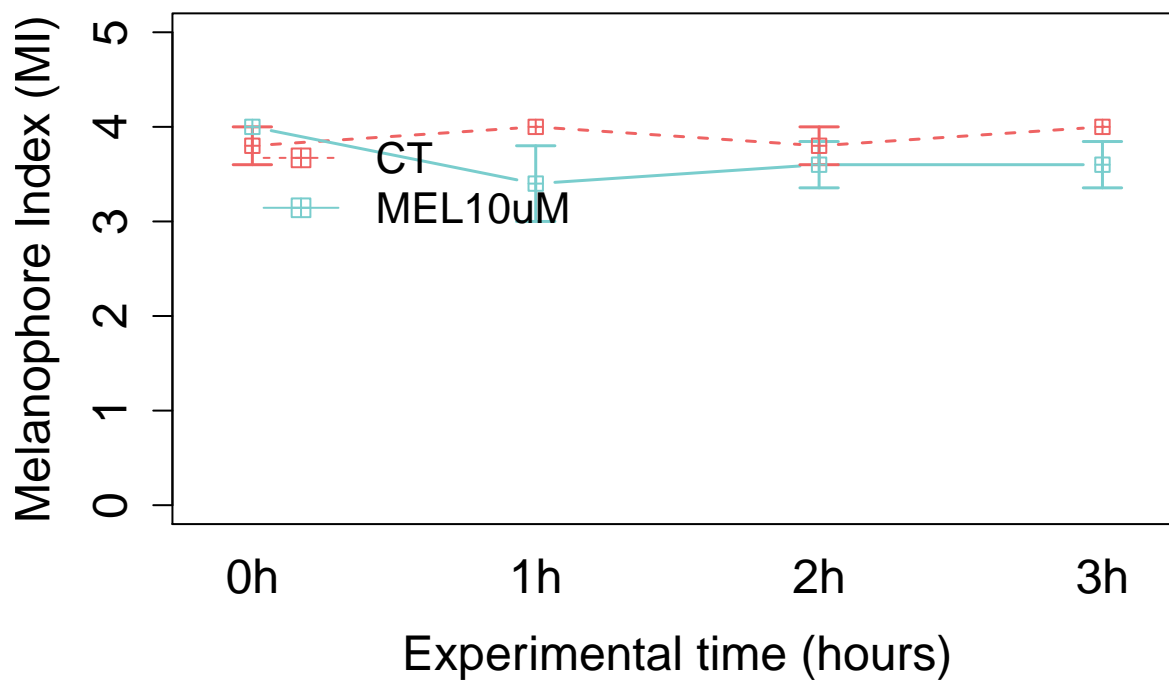
1.2.1.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleMCH, cex = 1,  
            xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
            col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



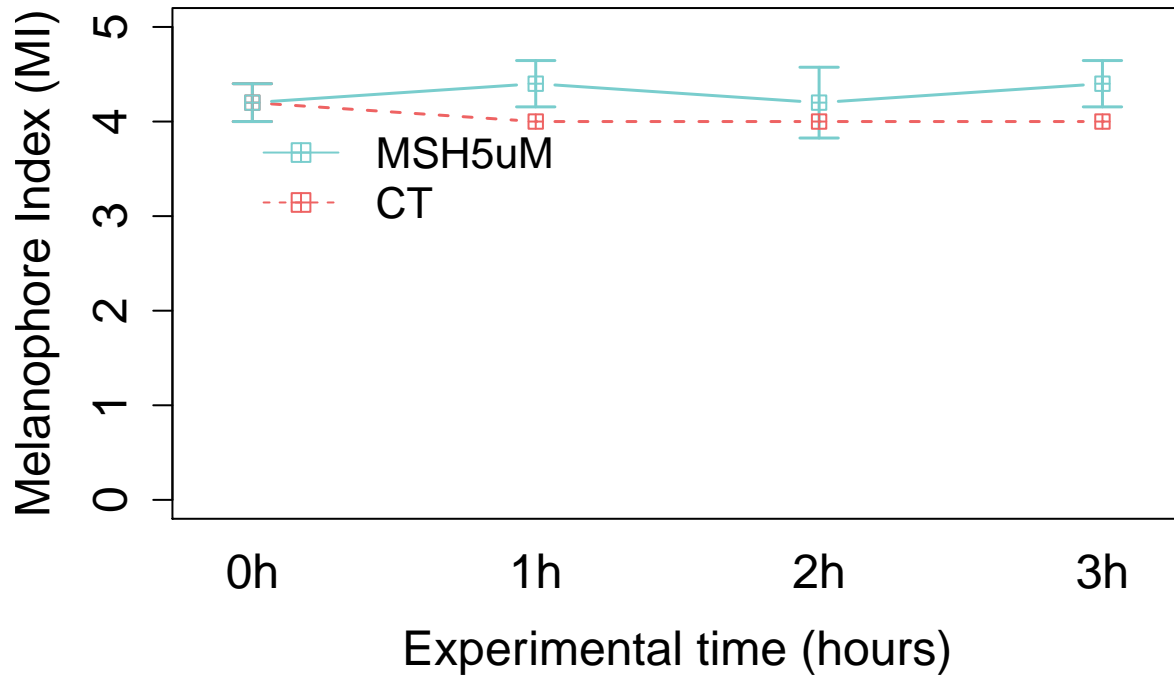
1.2.1.3 Melatonin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleMEL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



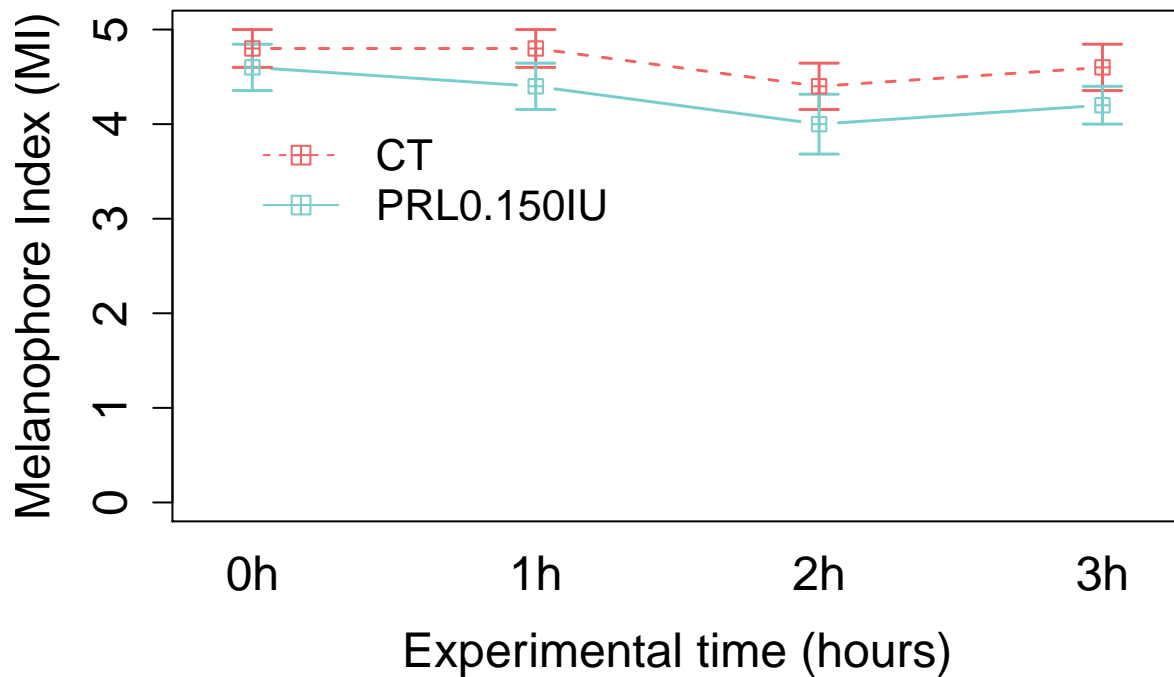
1.2.1.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



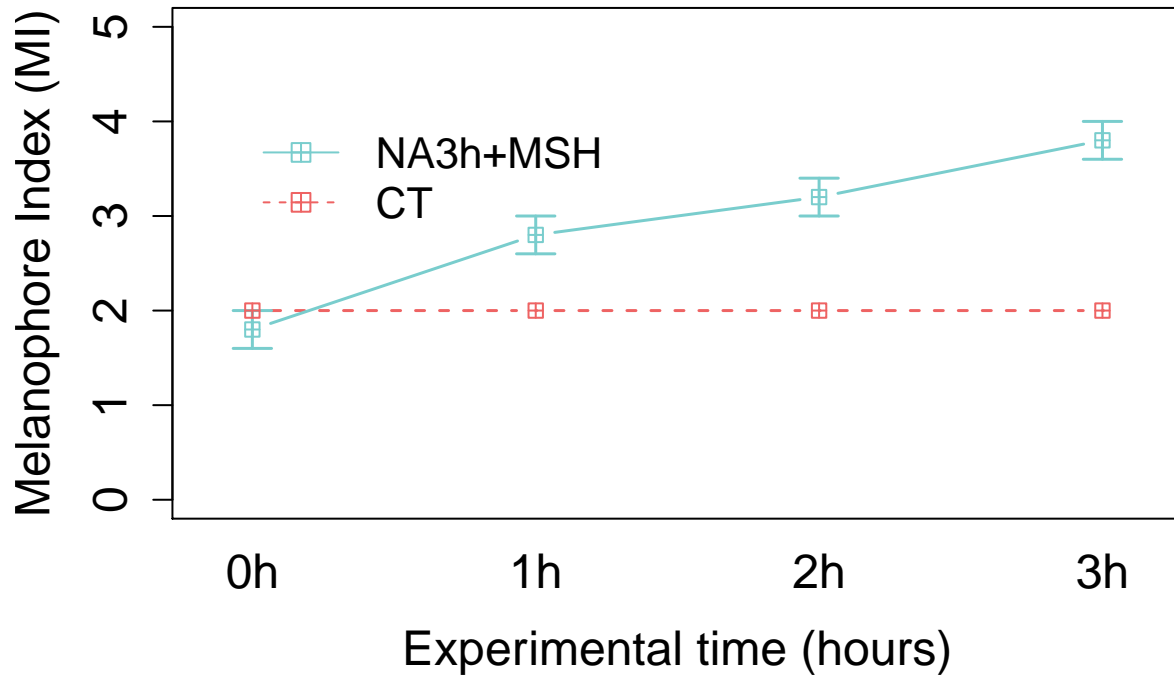
1.2.1.5 Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=malePRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



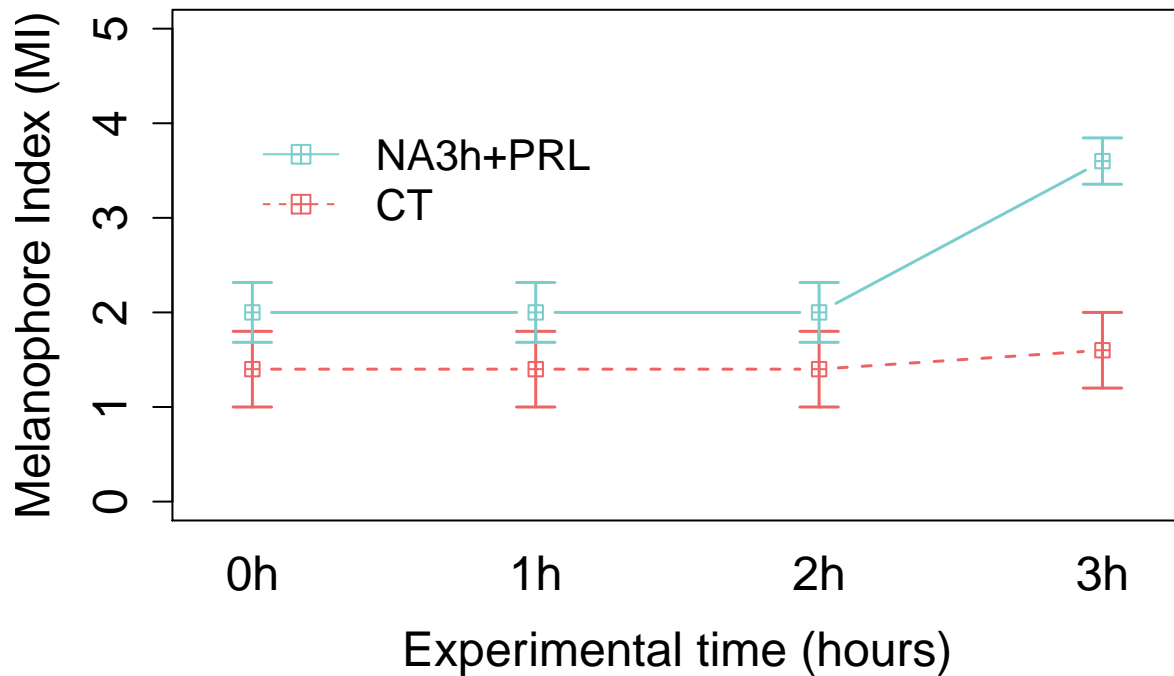
1.2.1.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleNAMSH, cex = 1,  
            xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
            col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



1.2.1.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

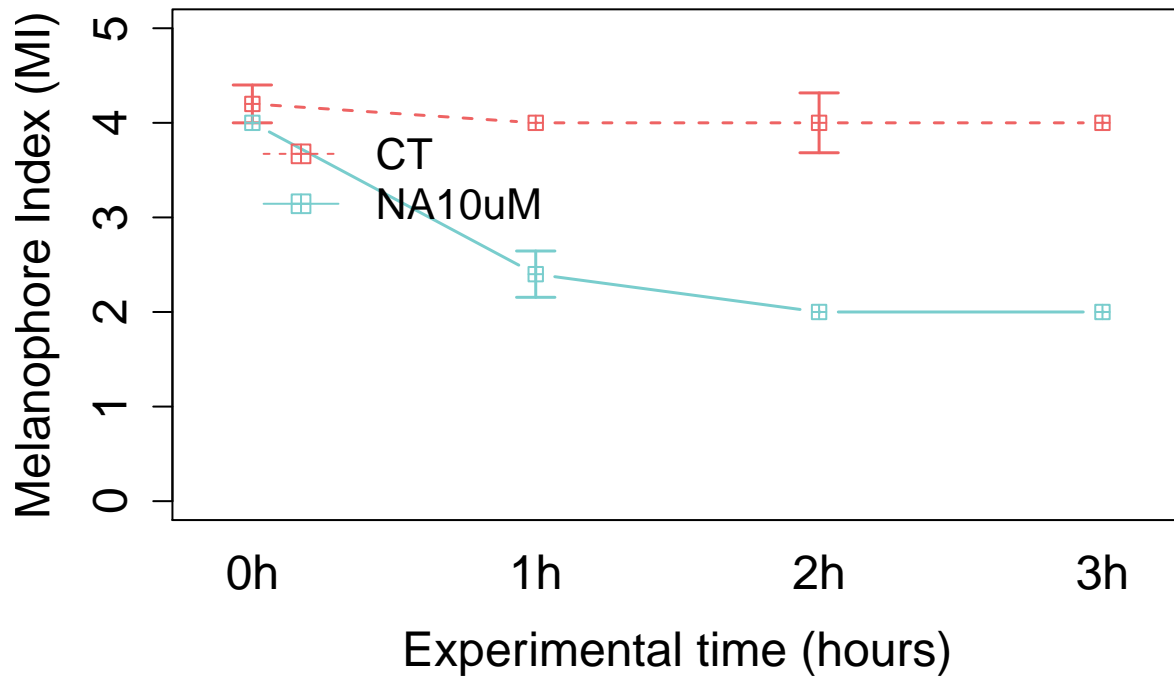
```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=maleNAPRL, cex = 1,  
            xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
            col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



1.2.2 Black colour of Females

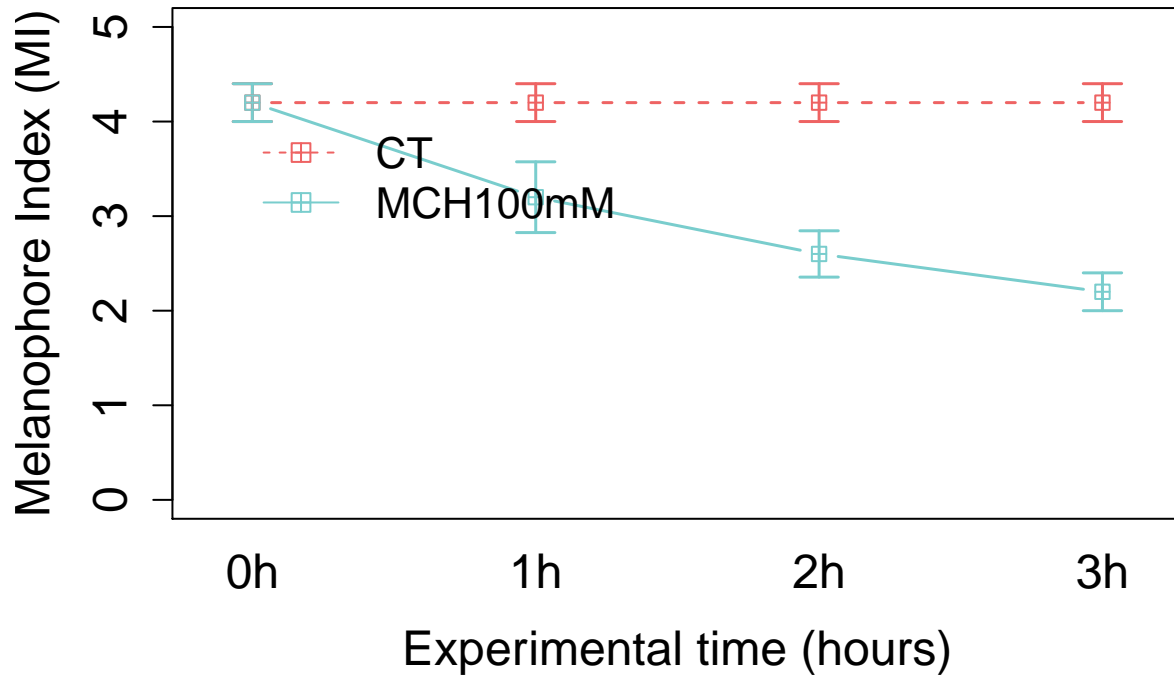
1.2.2.1 Noradrenaline Gráfico Black Females

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleNA, cex = 1,
             xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
             col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



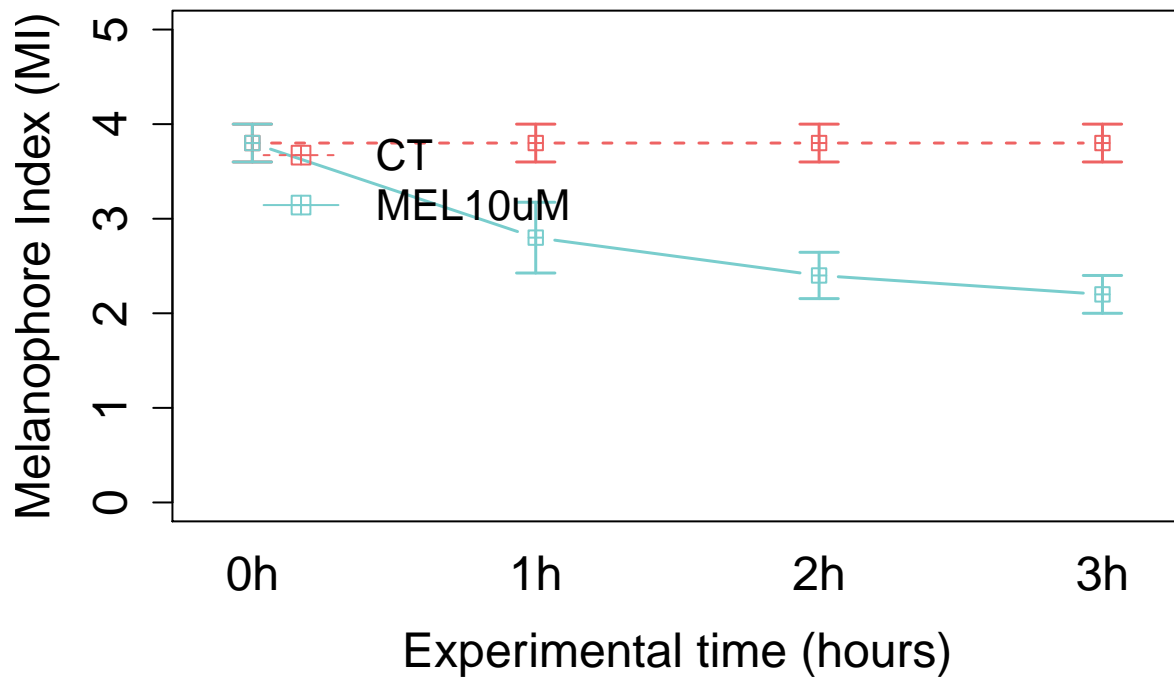
1.2.2.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleMCH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



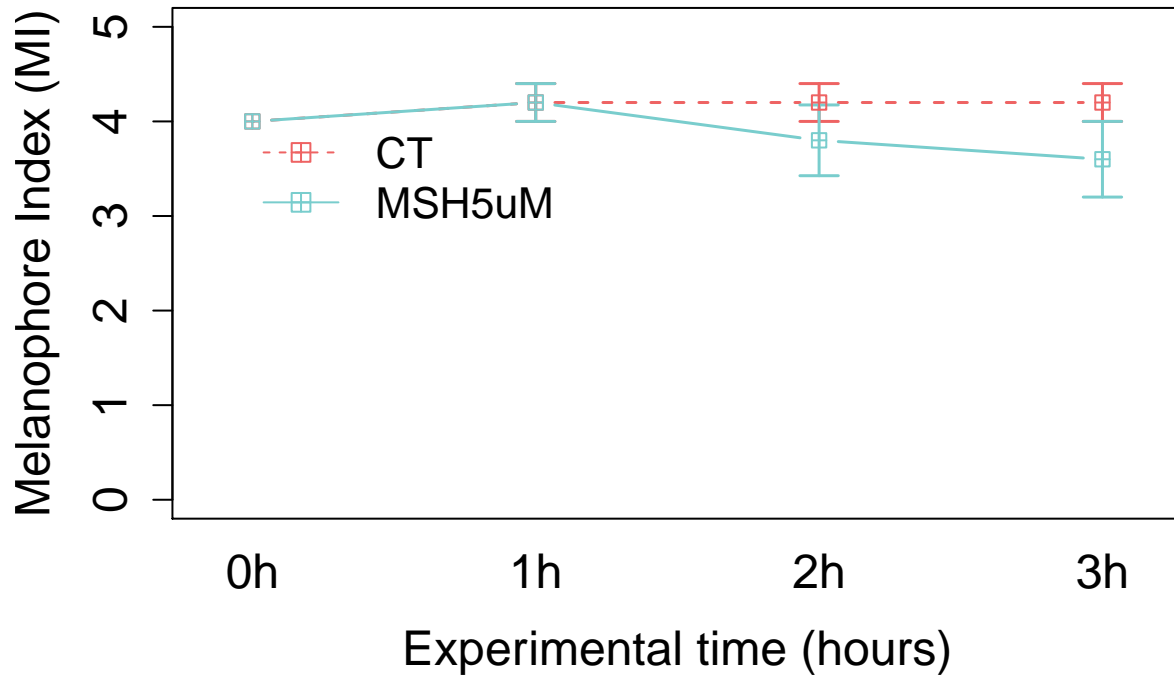
1.2.2.3 Melanotin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleMEL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



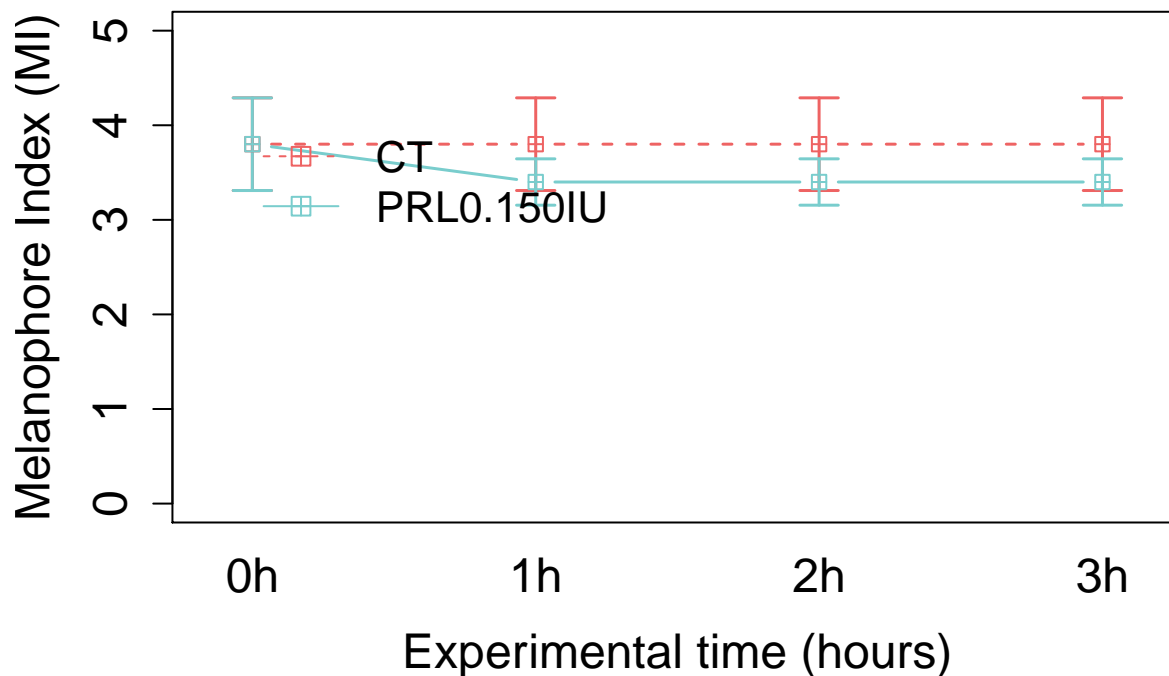
1.2.2.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleMSH, cex = 1,  
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



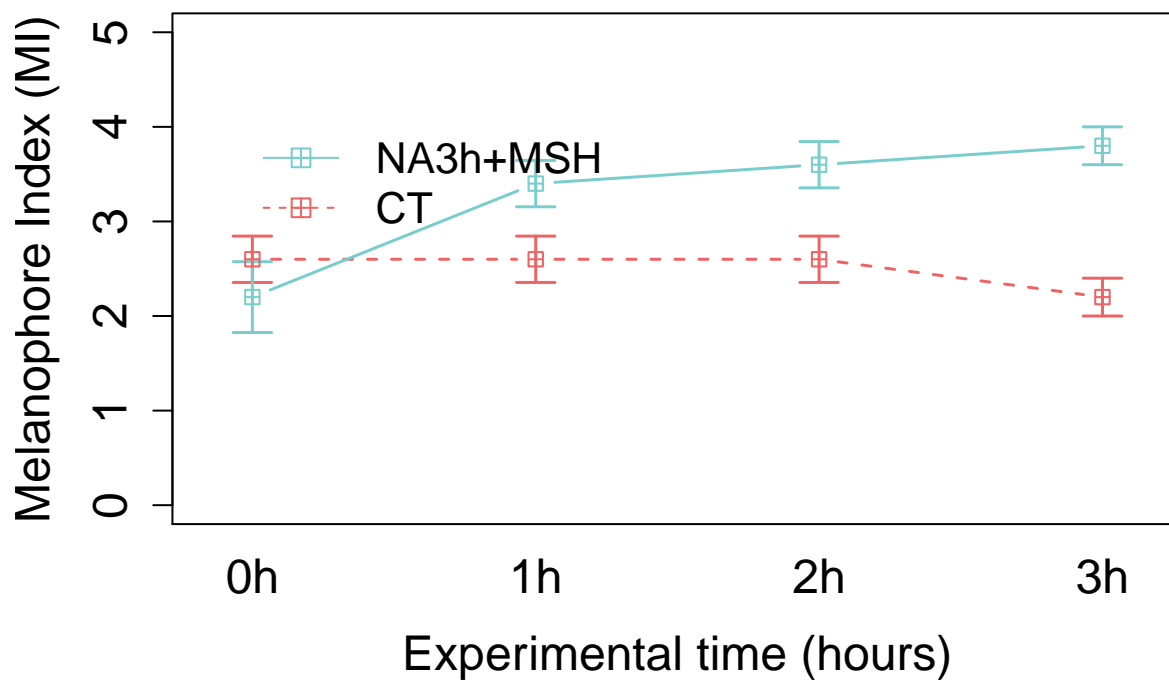
1.2.2.5 Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femalePRL, cex = 1,  
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =  
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```

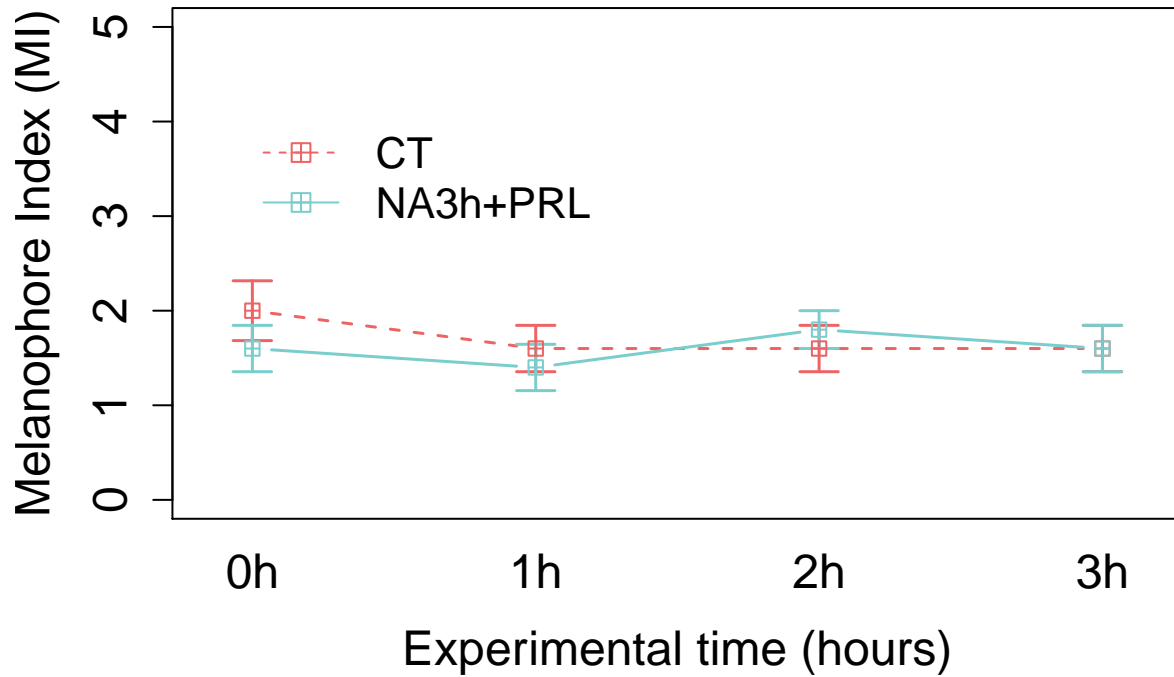
1.2.2.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleNAMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend =
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



1.2.2.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

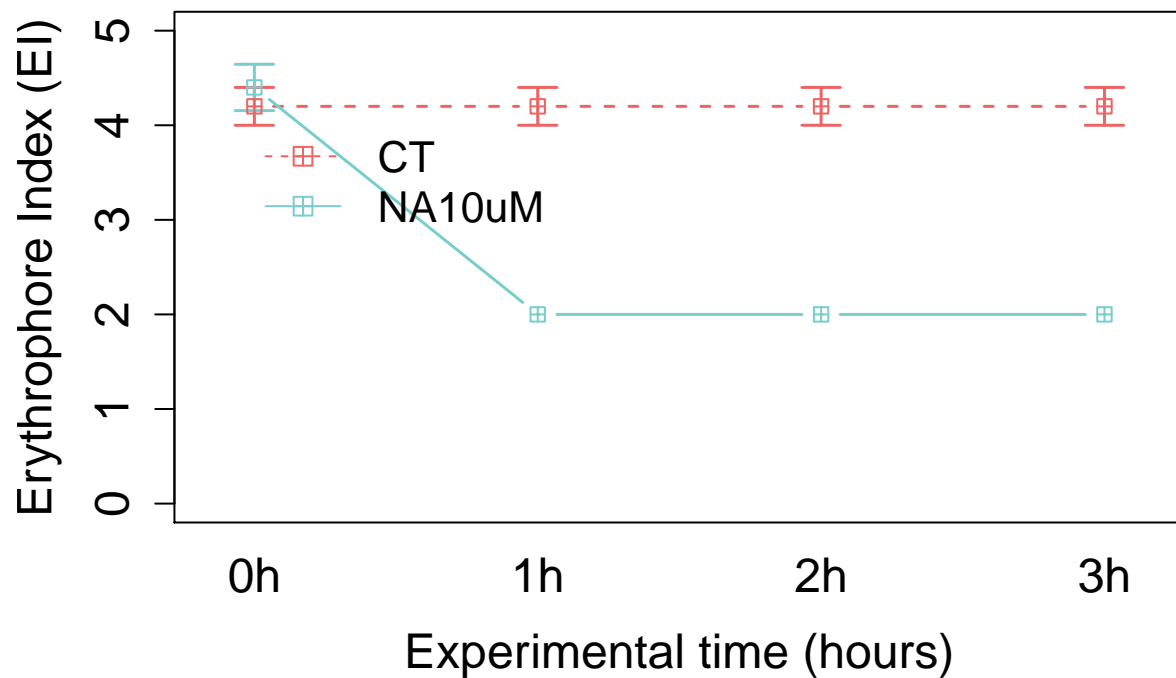
```
lineplot.CI(Time, Black, Treatment, data=femaleNAPRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Melanophore Index (MI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col= c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



1.2.3 Red colour of Males

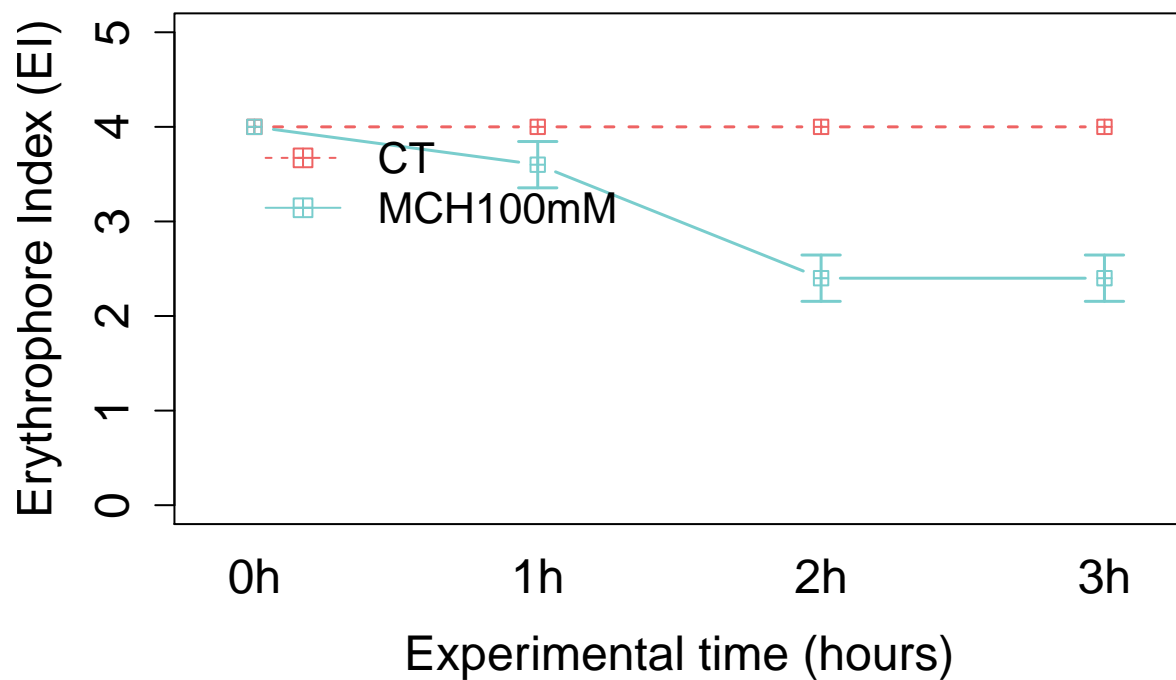
1.2.3.1 Noradrenaline

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleNA, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrophore Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



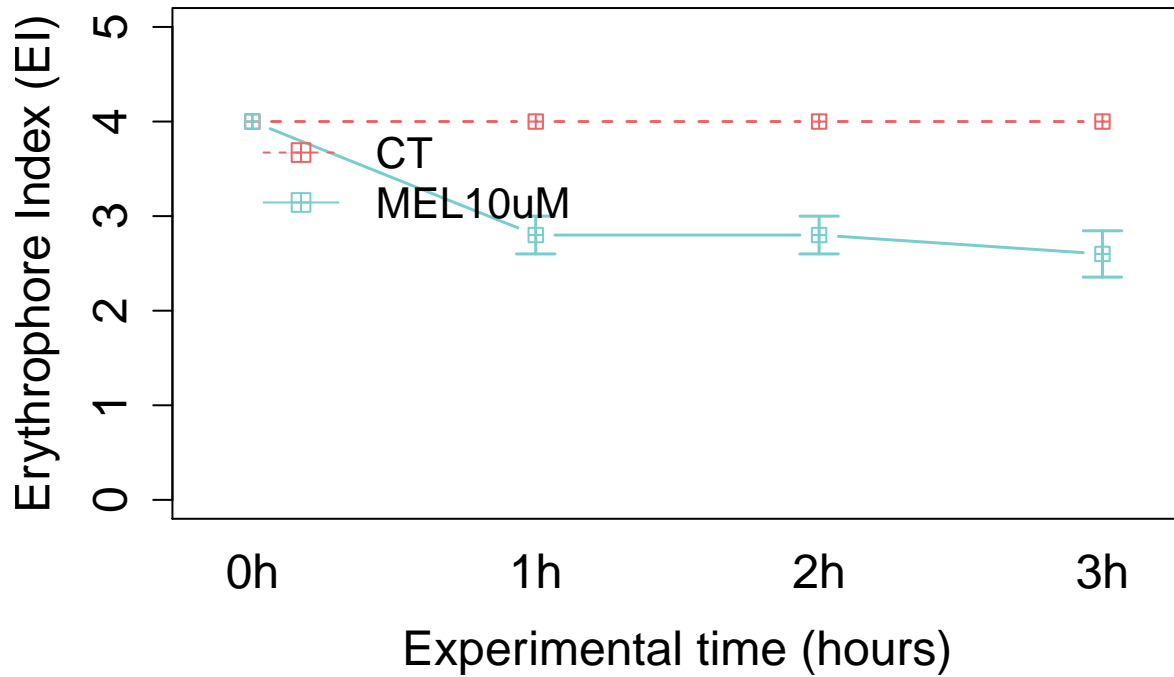
1.2.3.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleMCH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrophere Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



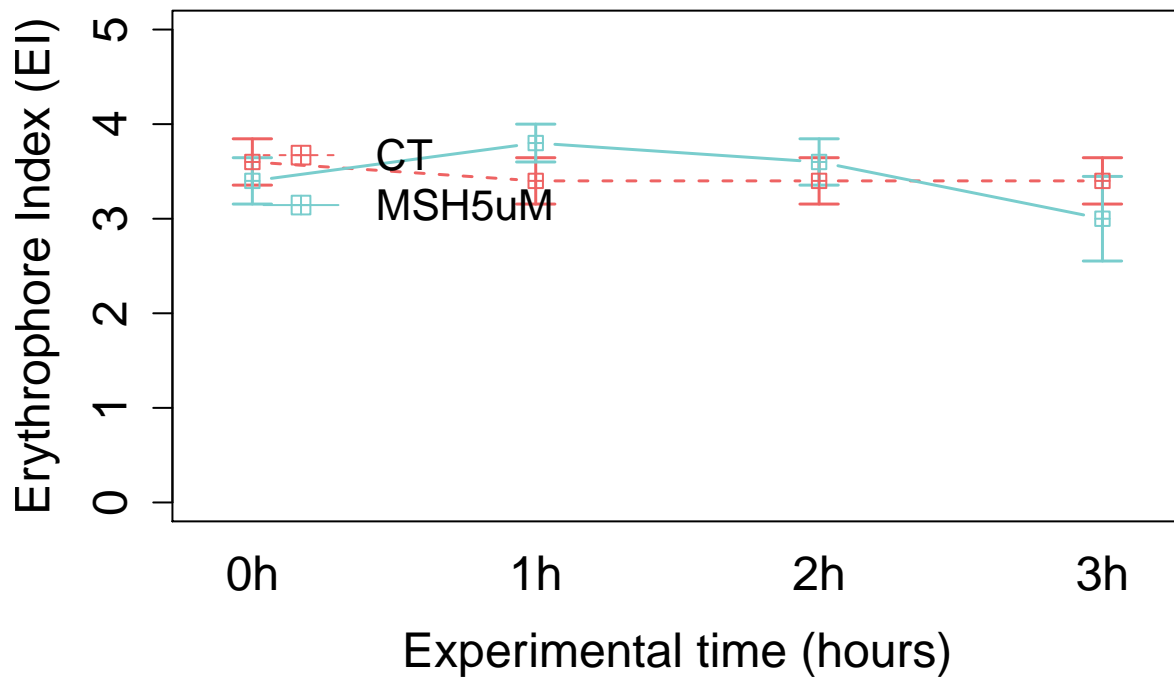
1.2.3.3 Melanotin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleMEL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrophere Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



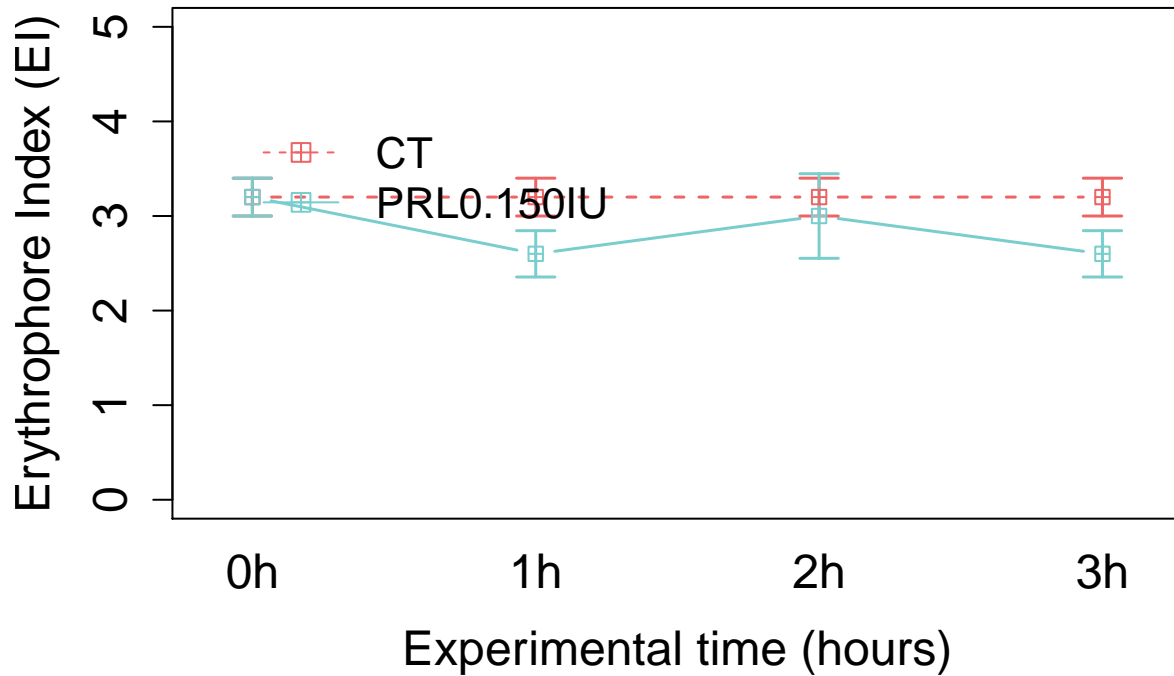
1.2.3.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrophere Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



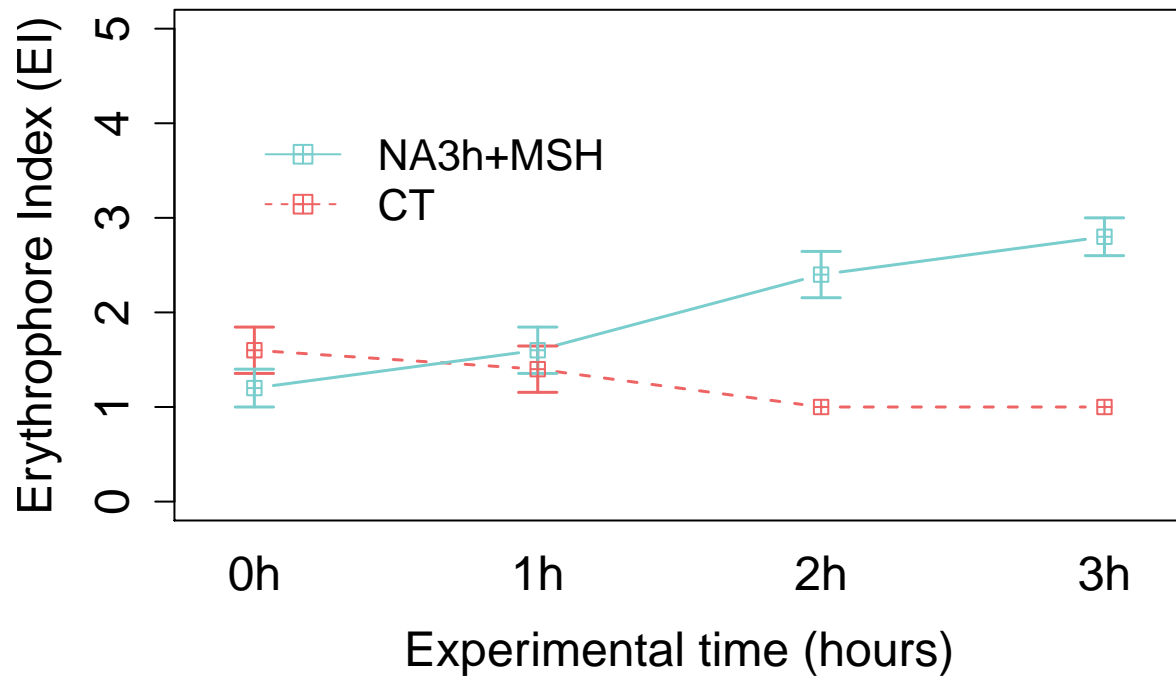
1.2.3.5 Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=malePRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrofore Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



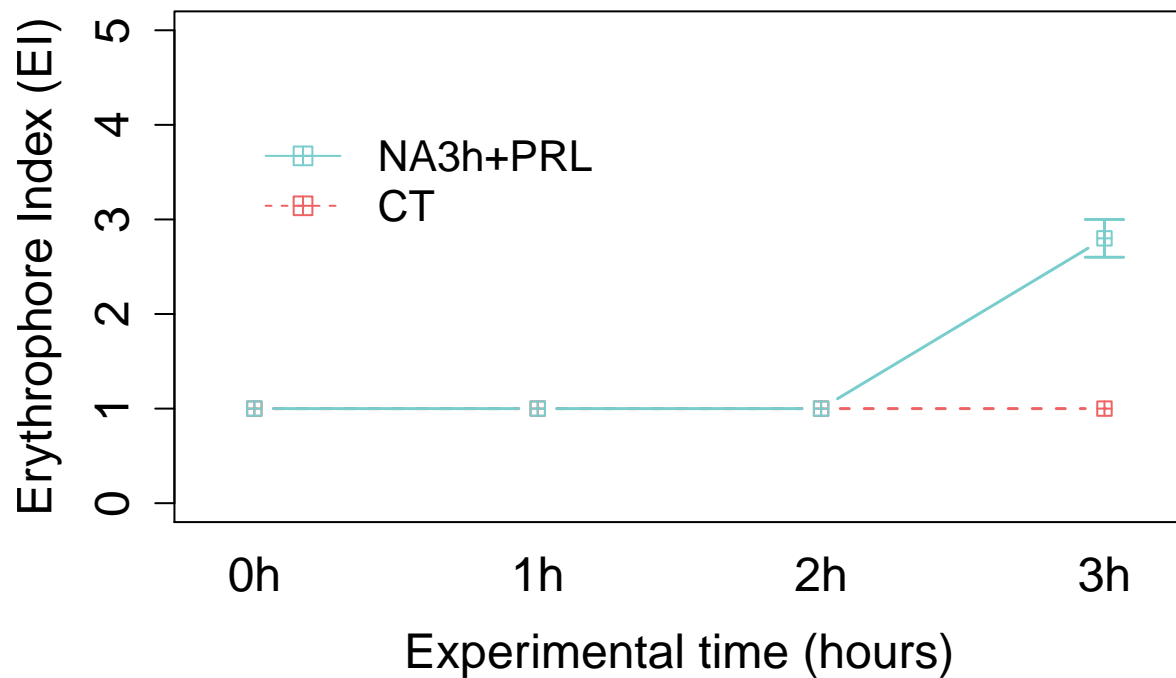
1.2.3.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleNAMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrofore Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,5))
```



1.2.3.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

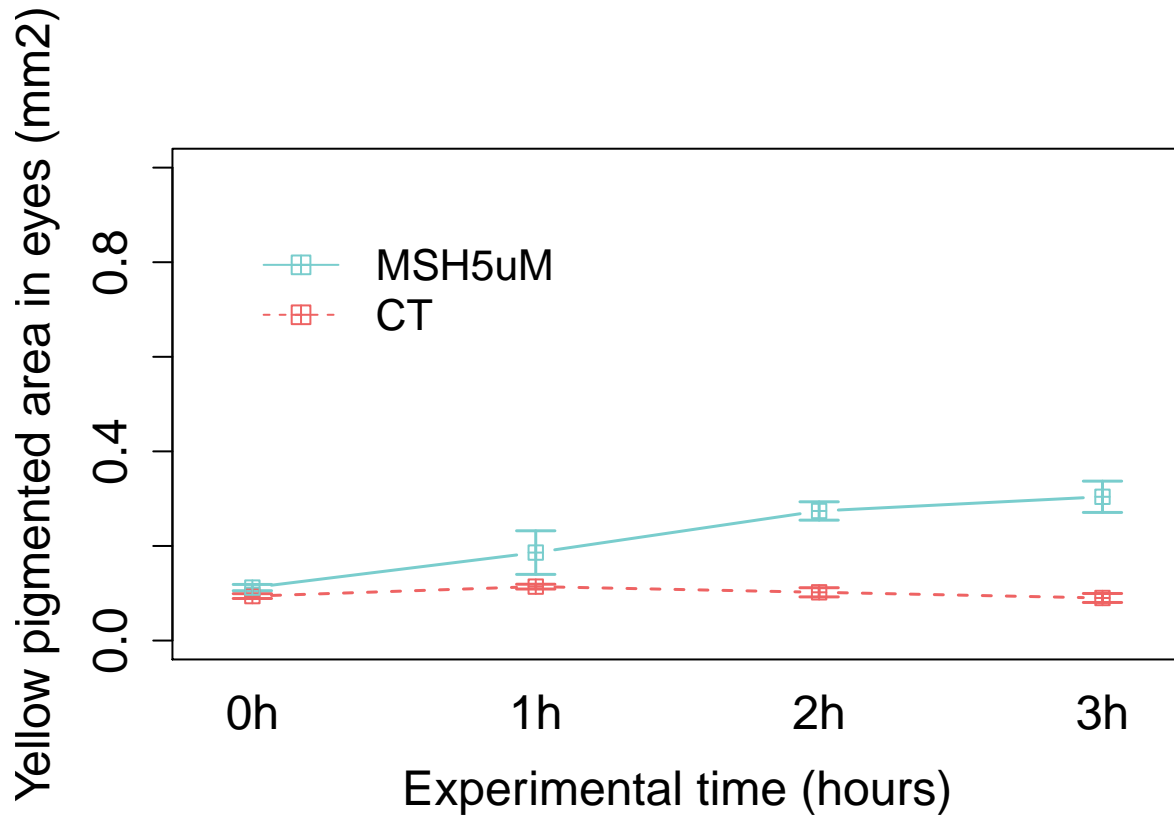
```
lineplot.CI(Time, Red, Treatment, data=maleNAPRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Erythrophere Index (EI)", cex.lab = 1.5, x.legend = "t",
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 5))
```



1.2.4 Yellow colour of Males

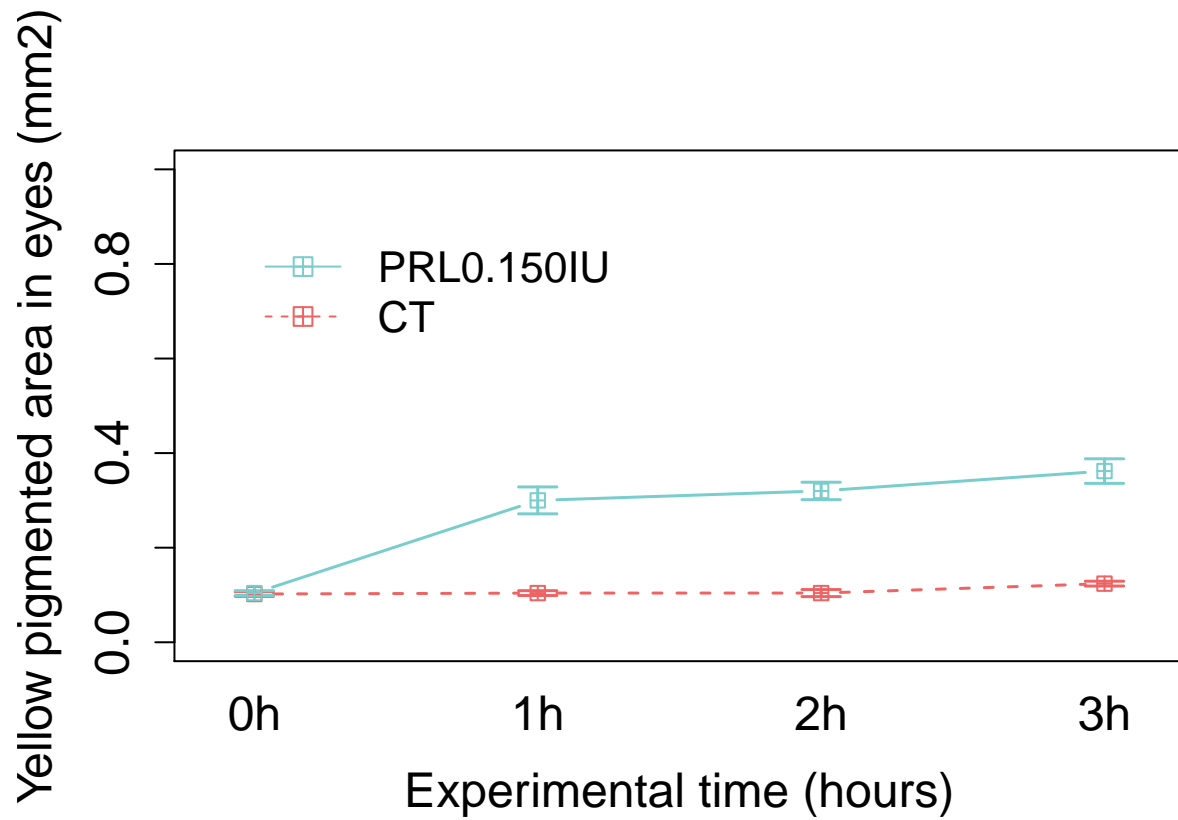
1.2.4.1 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=maleMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,1))
```



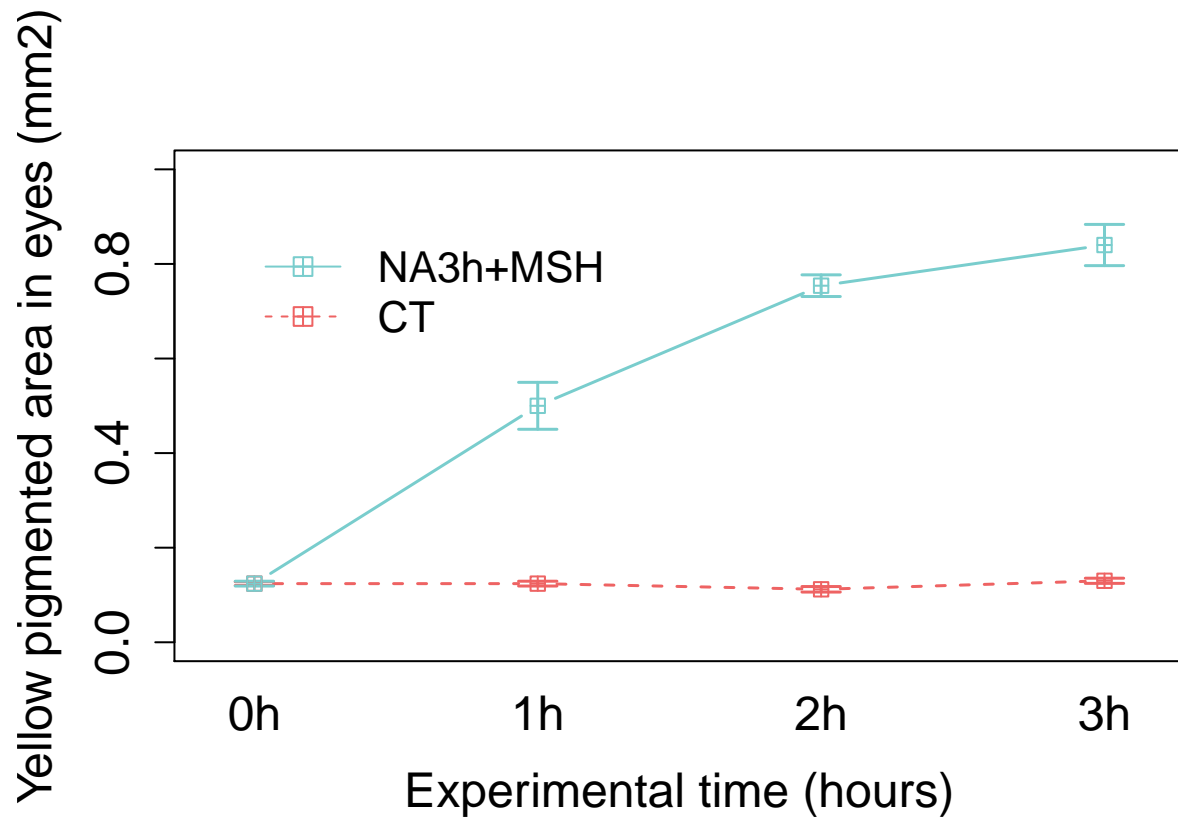
1.2.4.2 Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=malePRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCD"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,1))
```



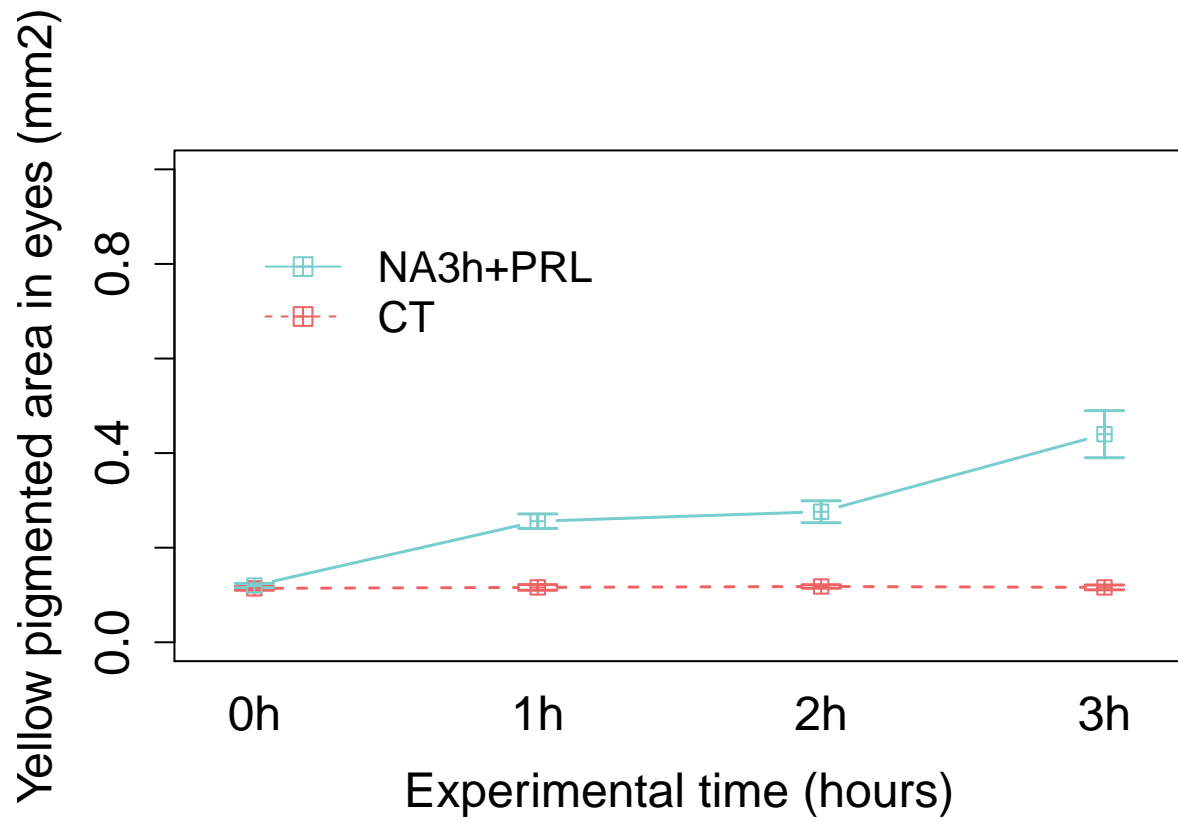
1.2.4.3 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=maleNAMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDDC"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,1))
```

1.2.4.4 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

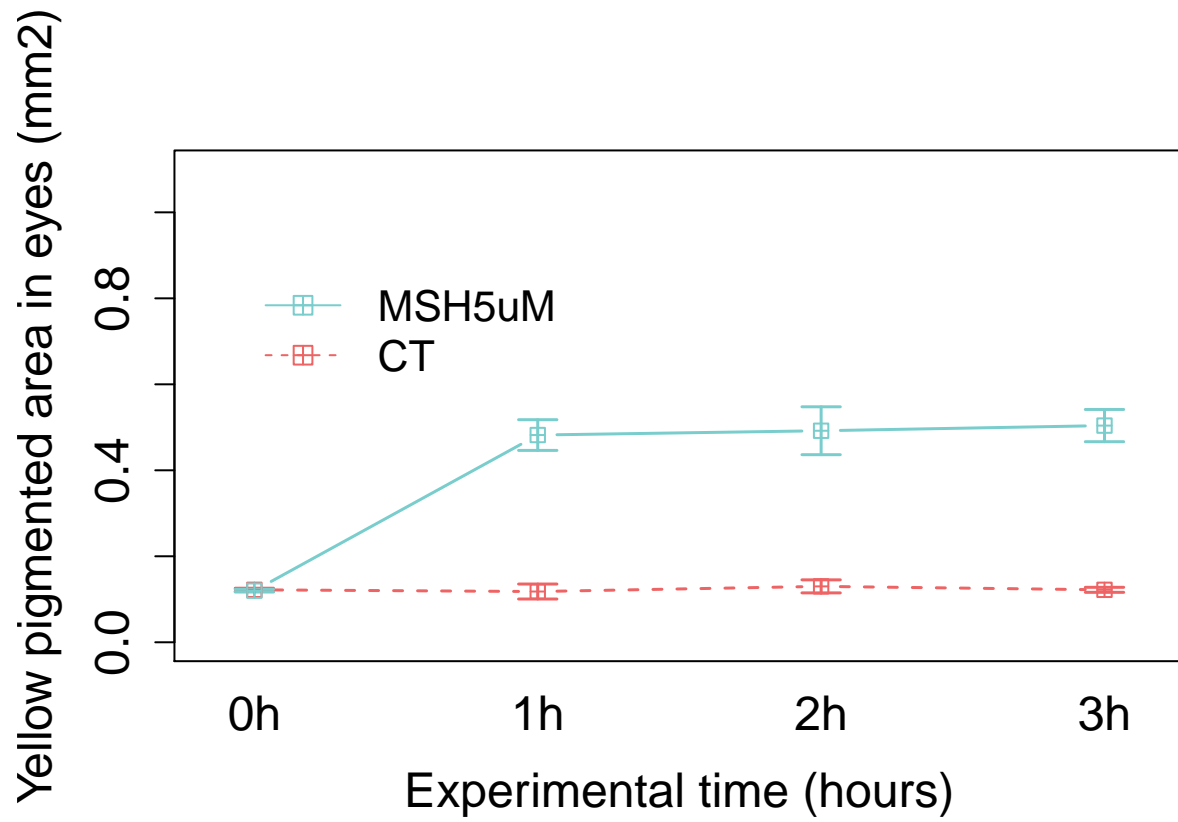
```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=maleNAPRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12,12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0,1))
```



1.2.5 Yellow colour of Females

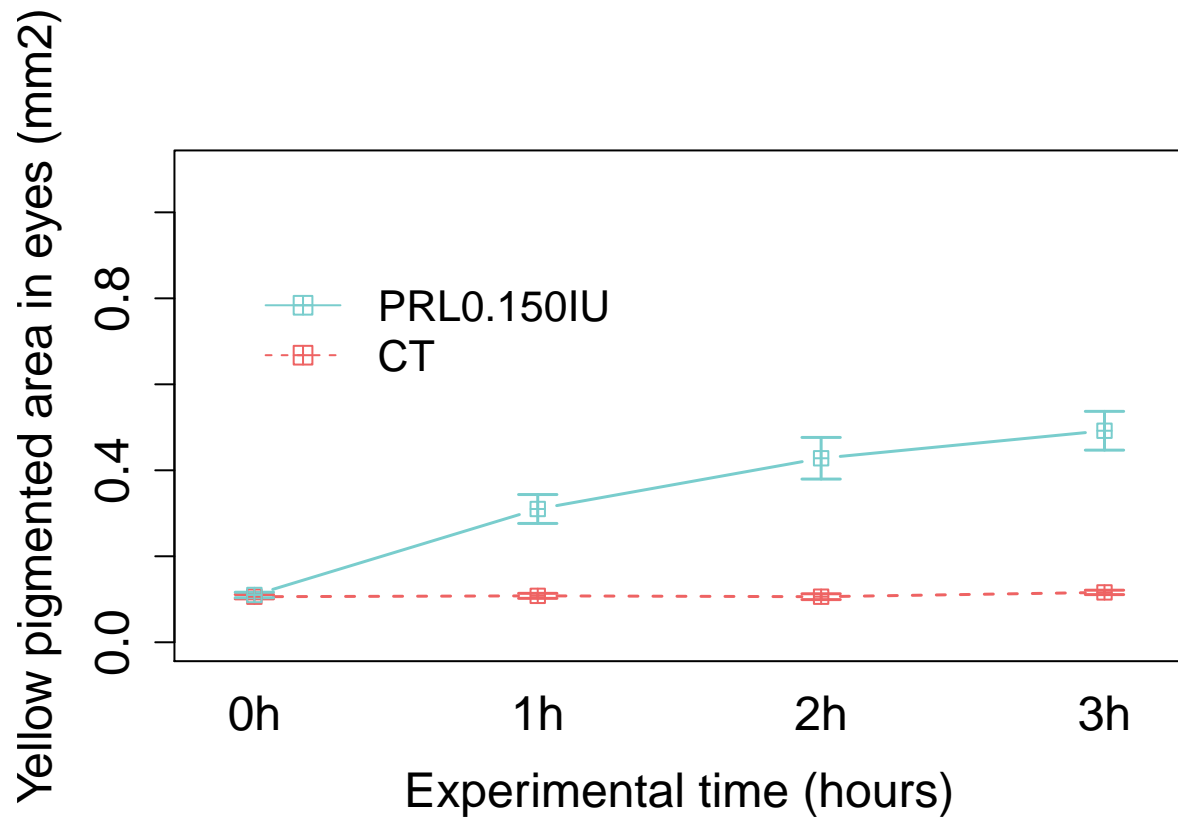
1.2.5.1 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=femaleMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 1.1))
```



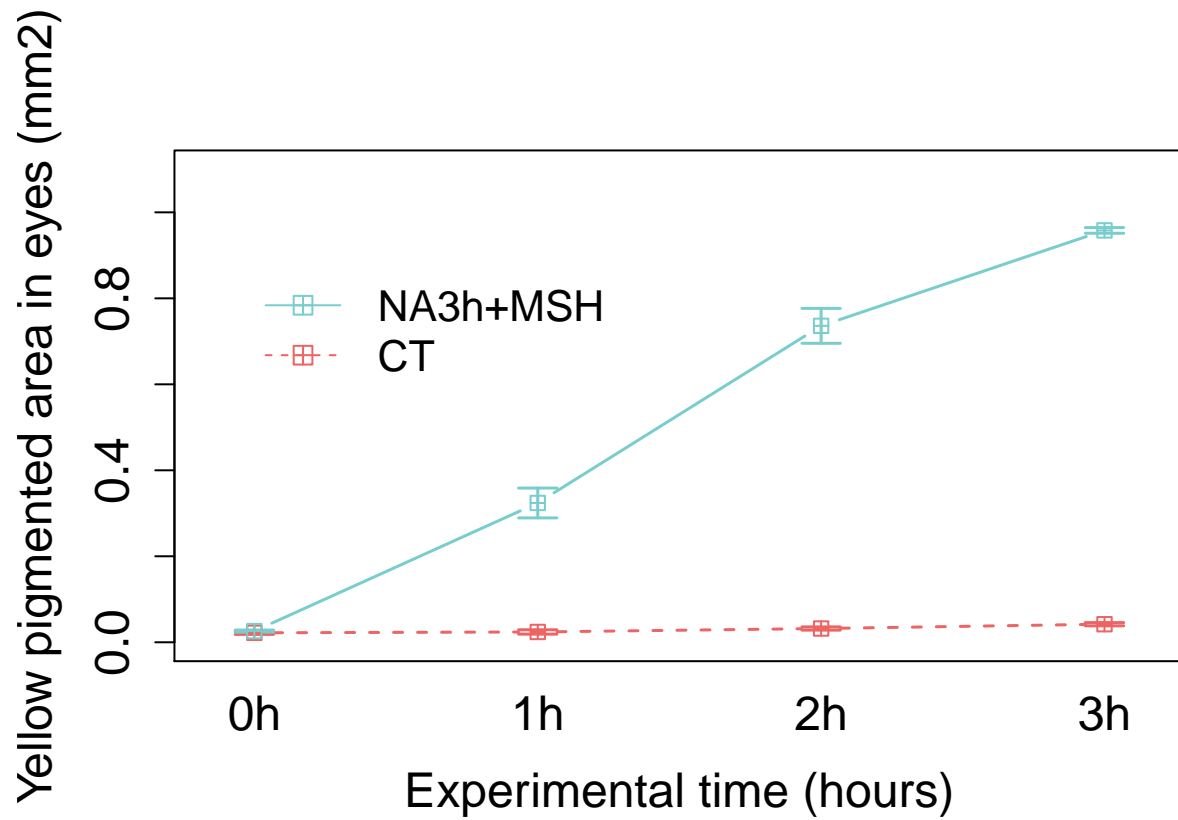
1.2.5.2 Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=femalePRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 1.1))
```



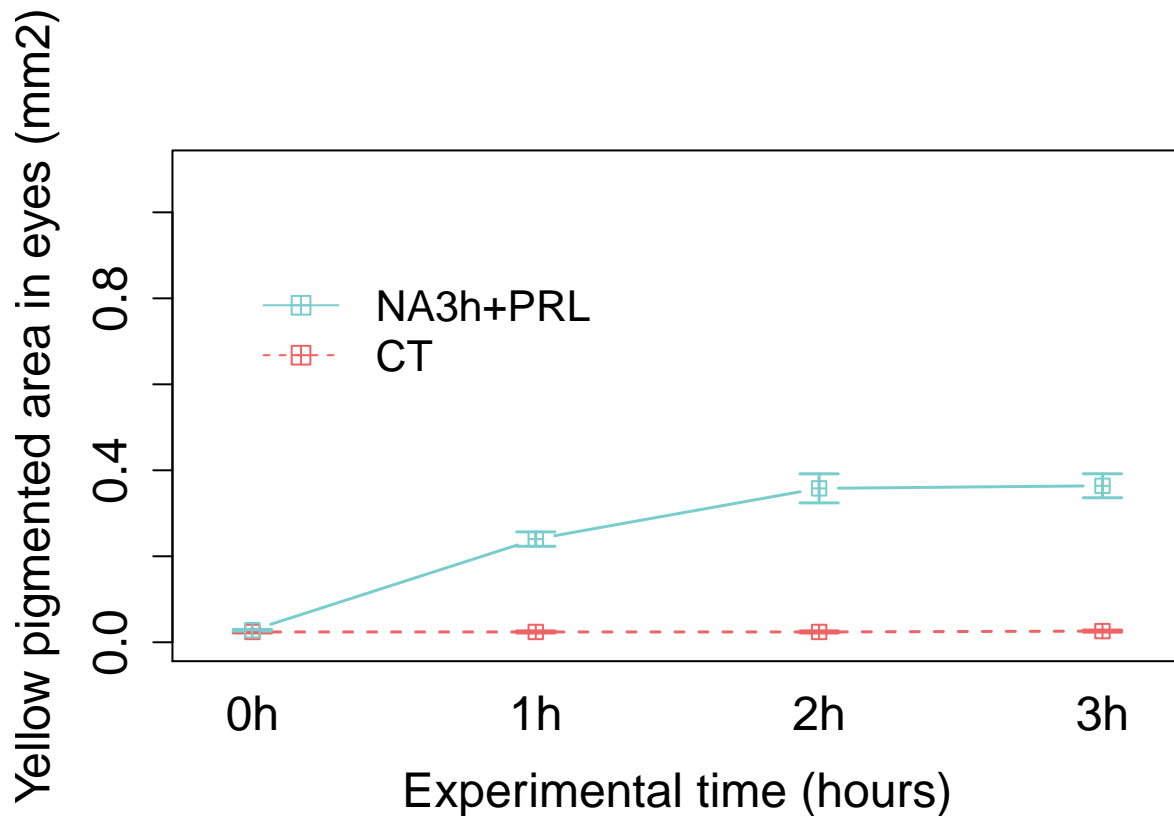
1.2.5.3 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=femaleNAMSH, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim= c(0, 1.1))
```



1.2.5.4 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
lineplot.CI(Time, Yellow, Treatment, data=femaleNAPRL, cex = 1,
  xlab = "Experimental time (hours)", ylab = "Yellow pigmented area in eyes (mm2)", cex.lab =
  col = c("#EE6363", "#79CDCE"), pch = c(12, 12), lwd = 1.5, ylim = c(0, 1.1))
```



2 Converting Animal to factor and the colours to ordered factors to fit the GLMMs

#Black Male

#NA

```
maleNA$Animal<-factor(maleNA$Animal)
maleNA$Black<-factor(maleNA$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
str(maleNA)#check the conversion
```

```
## 'data.frame': 40 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ Animal : Factor w/ 5 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA10uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black : Ord.factor w/ 5 levels "1"<"2"<"3"<"4"<...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 ...
## $ Red : int 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
```

#MCH

```
maleMCH$Animal<-factor(maleMCH$Animal)
maleMCH$Black<-factor(maleMCH$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
```

#MEL

```
maleMEL$Animal<-factor(maleMEL$Animal)
maleMEL$Black<-factor(maleMEL$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
```

```

#MSH
maleMSH$Animal<-factor(maleMSH$Animal)
maleMSH$Black<-factor(maleMSH$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#PRL
malePRL$Animal<-factor(malePRL$Animal)
malePRL$Black<-factor(malePRL$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_MSH
maleNAMSH$Animal<-factor(maleNAMSH$Animal)
maleNAMSH$Black<-factor(maleNAMSH$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_PRL
maleNAPRL$Animal<-factor(maleNAPRL$Animal)
maleNAPRL$Black<-factor(maleNAPRL$Black, levels = c( "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

##Black Female

#NA
femaleNA$Animal<-factor(femaleNA$Animal)
femaleNA$Black<-factor(femaleNA$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
str(femaleNA)

## 'data.frame':   40 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ Animal      : Factor w/ 5 levels "6","7","8","9",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA10uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time       : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex       : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Black     : Ord.factor w/ 5 levels "1"<"2"<"3"<"4"<...: 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Red      : int   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...

#MCH
femaleMCH$Animal<-factor(femaleMCH$Animal)
femaleMCH$Black<-factor(femaleMCH$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#MEL
femaleMEL$Animal<-factor(femaleMEL$Animal)
femaleMEL$Black<-factor(femaleMEL$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#MSH
femaleMSH$Animal<-factor(femaleMSH$Animal)
femaleMSH$Black<-factor(femaleMSH$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#PRL
femalePRL$Animal<-factor(femalePRL$Animal)
femalePRL$Black<-factor(femalePRL$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_MSH
femaleNAMSH$Animal<-factor(femaleNAMSH$Animal)
femaleNAMSH$Black<-factor(femaleNAMSH$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_PRL
femaleNAPRL$Animal<-factor(femalePRL$Animal)
femaleNAPRL$Black<-factor(femaleNAPRL$Black, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

```

```
##Red Male

#NA
maleNA$Red<-factor(maleNA$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
str(maleNA)

## 'data.frame': 40 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ Animal : Factor w/ 5 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ Treatment: Factor w/ 2 levels "CT","NA10uM": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Time : Factor w/ 4 levels "0h","1h","2h",...: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 ...
## $ Sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Black : Ord.factor w/ 5 levels "1"<"2"<"3"<"4"<...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 ...
## $ Red : Ord.factor w/ 5 levels "1"<"2"<"3"<"4"<...: 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...

#MCH
maleMCH$Red<-factor(maleMCH$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#MEL
maleMEL$Red<-factor(maleMEL$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#MSH
maleMSH$Red<-factor(maleMSH$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#PRL
malePRL$Red<-factor(malePRL$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_MSH
maleNAMSH$Red<-factor(maleNAMSH$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)

#NA_PRL
maleNAPRL$Red<-factor(maleNAPRL$Red, levels = c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5"), ordered = TRUE)
```

2.1 Statistical analysis using ordered GLMMs

Our experimental design is very similar to this tutorial. So, we'll follow it and use `ordinal::clmm` to build a generalized mixed-effects model separately for each sex, using a Cumulative logit model. Here, we'll use the Gauss-Hermite quadrature to fit the GLMM to the ordinal response variables. This is usually a more accurate method (see Agresti, 2010), than Laplace approximation that uses Maximum Likelihood. To accomplish this, we have to change the number of quadrature points in the argument `nAGQ` to be between 5 and 10, following the author of the package, see this thread in the R help mailing list. Since our dataset is relatively small, there will be no problem with speed. We'll build models separately for each sex and each treatment (=hormone).

2.1.1 Black colour of Males

2.1.1.1 Noradrenaline

```
modmaleNA<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleNA,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9) #proportional odds model

summary(modmaleNA)
```



```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleNA
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC    niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -17.08 54.16 519(2068) 1.48e-06 2.1e+07
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 8.356    2.891
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA10uM      3.463e+00  2.165e+00  1.600    0.110
## Time1h                -9.077e-07  2.043e+00  0.000    1.000
## Time2h                -2.106e-06  2.043e+00  0.000    1.000
## Time3h                -1.559e-06  2.043e+00  0.000    1.000
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time1h -2.496e+01  5.306e+02 -0.047    0.962
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time2h -4.300e+01  1.061e+03 -0.041    0.968
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time3h -4.890e+01  1.061e+03 -0.046    0.963
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1   -42.45    1061.12  -0.040
## spacing        21.50     530.56   0.041
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleNA, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      21.529  1  3.485e-06 ***
## Time           17.063  3  0.0006859 ***
## Treatment:Time  39.246  3  1.539e-08 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleNA, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM   0.1944734 0.1416574 NA   1.373  0.1698
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM  -0.3333332 0.1577773 NA  -2.113  0.0346
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM  -0.4721932 0.1416571 NA  -3.333  0.0009
```

```
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.7722998 0.1438087 NA -5.370 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
modmaleMCH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleMCH, link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)
```

```
summary(modmaleMCH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleMCH
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -21.32 62.65 485(1932) 8.23e-06 3.3e+07
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 4.879 2.209
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMCH100mM 19.8146 1369.8556 0.014 0.988
## Time1h 1.3930 1.7412 0.800 0.424
## Time2h 1.3930 1.7412 0.800 0.424
## Time3h -0.6301 1.6061 -0.392 0.695
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time1h -19.8146 1369.8560 -0.014 0.988
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time2h -21.2076 1369.8548 -0.015 0.988
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time3h -19.8146 1369.8577 -0.014 0.988
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -4.240 1.886 -2.248
## spacing 3.052 1.010 3.022
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleMCH, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 0.1558 1 0.6930
## Time 2.9667 3 0.3968
## Treatment:Time 4.4643 3 0.2155
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleMCH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM  1.239166e-01 0.1537824 NA   0.806  0.4204
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -2.182558e-07 0.0646016 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -8.694452e-02 0.1342493 NA  -0.648  0.5172
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM  2.220243e-07 0.2080277 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.3 Melatonin

```
modmaleMEL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleMEL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)
```

```
summary(modmaleMEL)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleMEL
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC   niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -17.03 54.07 398(1197) 2.57e-07 1.2e+07
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 2.193    1.481
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMEL10uM      20.83343   716.75358    0.029   0.977
## Time1h                 20.85528   983.37735    0.021   0.983
## Time2h                 -0.03529    1.74841   -0.020   0.984
## Time3h                 21.00637  1143.71421    0.018   0.985
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time1h -43.56166  1128.51484   -0.039   0.969
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time2h -21.95260   716.75484   -0.031   0.976
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time3h -43.05882  1107.27460   -0.039   0.969
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
```

```
## threshold.1    -4.987      2.045   -2.439
## spacing        3.007      1.186    2.536
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleMEL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
```

```
##
```

```
## Response: Black
```

```
##          LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      3.1538 1  0.07575 .
## Time           1.4744 3  0.68819
## Treatment:Time  6.9629 3  0.07309 .
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmeans(modmaleMEL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob" ))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM  0.06403067 0.08781863 NA   0.729  0.4659
```

```
##
```

```
## Time = 1h:
```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -0.25785362 0.18119507 NA  -1.423  0.1547
```

```
##
```

```
## Time = 2h:
```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -0.09679797 0.14387113 NA  -0.673  0.5011
```

```
##
```

```
## Time = 3h:
```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -0.17046660 0.15391361 NA  -1.108  0.2681
```

```
##
```

```
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
modmaleMSH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleMSH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)
```

```
summary(modmaleMSH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
```

```
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
```

```
##
```

```
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
```

```
## data:    maleMSH
```

```
##
```

```
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC   niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -21.63 63.26 897(712) 7.08e-06 2.3e+07
##
```

```
## Random effects:
```

```
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
```

```
## Animal (Intercept) 1.798e-09 4.24e-05
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMSH5uM      1.299e-06  1.517e+00  0.000  1.000
## Time1h                -1.584e+00  1.884e+00 -0.841  0.400
## Time2h                -1.584e+00  1.884e+00 -0.841  0.400
## Time3h                -1.584e+00  1.884e+00 -0.841  0.400
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time1h 2.522e+00  2.363e+00  1.067  0.286
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time2h 1.852e+00  2.449e+00  0.756  0.450
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time3h 2.522e+00  2.363e+00  1.067  0.286
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1    -4.501      1.638  -2.748
## spacing         5.834      1.303   4.476
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleMSH, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      3.7407  1  0.0531 .
## Time            0.2243  3  0.9736
## Treatment:Time  1.6293  3  0.6528
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM 1.143116e-07 0.1335067 NA  0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM 1.991354e-01 0.1311429 NA  1.518  0.1289
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM 1.239457e-01 0.1320559 NA  0.939  0.3479
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM 1.991357e-01 0.1311429 NA  1.518  0.1289
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.5 Prolactin

```
modmalePRL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malePRL,
  link = "logit",
```

```

threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modmalePRL)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    malePRL
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -24.32 68.64 529(1590) 3.12e-06 9.8e+01
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 1.82 1.349
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU -1.310e+00 1.683e+00 -0.779 0.436
## Time1h -3.428e-06 1.808e+00 0.000 1.000
## Time2h -2.358e+00 1.696e+00 -1.390 0.165
## Time3h -1.315e+00 1.684e+00 -0.781 0.435
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time1h -1.053e+00 2.336e+00 -0.451 0.652
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time2h -7.909e-01 2.338e+00 -0.338 0.735
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time3h -7.727e-01 2.245e+00 -0.344 0.731
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -7.290 2.233 -3.265
## spacing 5.432 1.537 3.534

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

Anova(modmalePRL, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 6.1374 1 0.01324 *
## Time 7.0440 3 0.07051 .
## Treatment:Time 0.2234 3 0.97373
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmalePRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.1166509 0.1500528 NA -0.777 0.4369
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.2475976 0.1521469 NA -1.627 0.1037

```

```
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.1785211 0.1464809 NA  -1.219  0.2229
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.2367287 0.1552229 NA  -1.525  0.1272
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
modmaleNAMSH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=modmaleNAMSH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)

summary(modmaleNAMSH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleNAMSH
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -9.42  38.84 367(1104) 9.44e-06 2.3e+08
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 2.774    1.666
## Number of groups:  Animal 10
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH    -20.4831  1184.8312  -0.017   0.986
## Time1h                0.1172  1909.9432   0.000   1.000
## Time2h               -0.4100  1229.5458   0.000   1.000
## Time3h                0.2343  4034.0335   0.000   1.000
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time1h  44.4955  1592.9202   0.028   0.978
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time2h  85.5740  4797.7490   0.018   0.986
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time3h  88.9910  2778.0673   0.032   0.974
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1    -22.52   1184.83  -0.019
## spacing        44.61   2290.80   0.019
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleNAMSH, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
```

```
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      19.252  1  1.145e-05 ***
## Time           18.167  3  0.0004063 ***
## Treatment:Time  32.140  3  4.890e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleNAMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -0.03853923 0.06055152 NA  -0.636  0.5245
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.29479412 0.06055151 NA   4.868  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.37214408 0.06118586 NA   6.082  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.62812745 0.06055151 NA  10.373  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.1.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
modmaleNAPRL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleNAPRL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modmaleNAPRL)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleNAPRL
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -20.78 61.56 686(4817) 2.05e-05 9.3e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 49.68    7.049
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL    5.763e+00  2.952e+00  1.952   0.0509 .
## Time1h               -2.334e-05  2.747e+00  0.000   1.0000
## Time2h               -2.334e-05  2.747e+00  0.000   1.0000
## Time3h               2.520e+00  2.638e+00  0.955   0.3394
```



```
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time1h -4.115e-07 3.350e+00 0.000 1.0000
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time2h -4.110e-07 3.350e+00 0.000 1.0000
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time3h 1.734e+01 8.749e+00 1.982 0.0475 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1  0.8634    3.7694   0.229
## spacing      10.7414    4.7367   2.268
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleNAPRL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
##           LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      26.581  1 2.527e-07 ***
## Time            16.242  3 0.0010115 **
## Treatment:Time  16.769  3 0.0007885 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleNAPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL 0.2329519 0.2533765 NA  0.919 0.3579
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL 0.2329535 0.2533732 NA  0.919 0.3579
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL 0.2329535 0.2533733 NA  0.919 0.3579
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL 0.7078579 0.1281447 NA  5.524 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2 Black colour of Females

2.1.2.1 Noradrenaline

```
modfemaleNA<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleNA,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modfemaleNA)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
```

```
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:      femaleNA
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -13.68 47.36 545(1092) 1.04e-05 1.7e+08
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 0.6126 0.7827
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA10uM -1.759 2.000 -0.880 0.3791
## Time1h -1.759 2.000 -0.880 0.3791
## Time2h -1.797 2.090 -0.860 0.3900
## Time3h -1.759 2.000 -0.880 0.3791
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time1h -8.507 3.491 -2.437 0.0148 *
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time2h -29.335 3587.121 -0.008 0.9935
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time3h -29.335 3587.122 -0.008 0.9935
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -11.559 3.658 -3.160
## spacing 6.531 1.877 3.479
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleNA, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 44.054 1 3.195e-11 ***
## Time 22.353 3 5.508e-05 ***
## Treatment:Time 27.323 3 5.037e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleNA, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.05843696 0.07117852 NA -0.821 0.4117
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.53790204 0.08780965 NA -6.126 <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
```

```
## CT - NA10uM -0.66584612 0.03930454 NA -16.941 <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.66674205 0.03664947 NA -18.192 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
modfemaleMCH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleMCH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)
```

```
summary(modfemaleMCH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data: femaleMCH
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -19.58 59.16 606(2955) 1.76e-06 7.0e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 7.265 2.695
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMCH100mM -1.768e-06 1.878e+00 0.000 1.00000
## Time1h -4.223e-06 1.878e+00 0.000 1.00000
## Time2h -4.852e-06 1.878e+00 0.000 1.00000
## Time3h -5.375e-06 1.878e+00 0.000 1.00000
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time1h -8.236e+00 3.803e+00 -2.166 0.03034 *
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time2h -1.321e+01 5.170e+00 -2.556 0.01060 *
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time3h -1.686e+01 6.063e+00 -2.780 0.00543 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -14.023 4.942 -2.837
## spacing 8.238 2.716 3.033
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleMCH, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
```

```
## Treatment      28.787  1  8.078e-08 ***
## Time           15.162  3   0.001683 **
## Treatment:Time  28.342  3  3.078e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleMCH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -4.481183e-08 0.04760461 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -3.332905e-01 0.04788140 NA  -6.961  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -4.612494e-01 0.11784335 NA  -3.914  0.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -6.735387e-01 0.04502285 NA -14.960  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2.3 Melatonin

```
modfemaleMEL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleMEL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 8)

summary(modfemaleMEL)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 8 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    femaleMEL
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter      max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -9.24  38.48 1314(11596) 7.82e+00 1.1e+07
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 488.9    22.11
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error  z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMEL10uM    -6.532121   0.001793  -3643.84  <2e-16 ***
## Time1h              -2.363374   0.002426  -974.37   <2e-16 ***
## Time2h              -2.183229   0.001793 -1217.45  <2e-16 ***
## Time3h              -2.373089   0.002511  -944.95  <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time1h -38.669845  0.002416 -16007.12 <2e-16 ***
```

```
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time2h -49.707635 0.001794 -27704.12 <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time3h -68.070684 4.665966 -14.59 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -54.753426 0.001795 -30504
## spacing 31.006311 0.002516 12322
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleMEL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 35.226 1 2.936e-09 ***
## Time 20.240 3 0.0001514 ***
## Treatment:Time 19.638 3 0.0002017 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleMEL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -1.667095e-08 5.776369e-11 NA -2.886060e+02 <.0001
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -5.003775e-01 1.554352e-06 NA -3.219203e+05 <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -9.875729e-01 3.477845e-05 NA -2.839612e+04 <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -1.000000e+00 5.209756e-10 NA -1.919476e+09 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
modfemaleMSH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleMSH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)
```

```
summary(modfemaleMSH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
```

```
## data:    femaleMSH
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC    niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -19.38 58.75 584(2923) 1.25e-05 2.2e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 8.344    2.889
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMSH5uM      2.464e-06  1.744e+00  0.000    1.000
## Time1h                2.435e+00  2.513e+00  0.969    0.333
## Time2h                2.435e+00  2.513e+00  0.969    0.333
## Time3h                2.435e+00  2.513e+00  0.969    0.333
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time1h -4.125e-06  3.227e+00  0.000    1.000
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time2h -3.689e+00  3.031e+00 -1.217    0.224
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time3h -4.768e+00  3.063e+00 -1.557    0.120
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1   -3.464     1.913  -1.811
## spacing        8.383     2.407   3.483
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleMSH, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      4.6912  1  0.03032 *
## Time           3.8692  3  0.27594
## Treatment:Time  4.1388  3  0.24687
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM  4.511749e-08 0.03194333 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -6.130008e-08 0.10019791 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -8.551416e-02 0.09861147 NA  -0.867  0.3858
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.587645e-01 0.15561202 NA  -1.020  0.3076
```

```
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2.5 Prolactin

```
modfemalePRL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femalePRL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)

summary(modfemalePRL)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    femalePRL
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -6.48 32.95 792(11033) 7.25e-06 7.0e+03
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 714.4 26.73
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU 7.582e-06 9.099e+00 0.000 1.000
## Time1h -1.705e-06 9.099e+00 0.000 1.000
## Time2h -2.601e-06 9.099e+00 0.000 1.000
## Time3h -2.269e-06 9.099e+00 0.000 1.000
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time1h -1.706e+01 1.406e+01 -1.214 0.225
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time2h -1.706e+01 1.406e+01 -1.214 0.225
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time3h -1.706e+01 1.406e+01 -1.214 0.225
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -0.5123 9.5576 -0.054
## spacing 16.4981 8.1628 2.021
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemalePRL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 17.8579 1 2.38e-05 ***
## Time 9.9063 3 0.01938 *
## Treatment:Time 1.8385 3 0.60659
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modfemalePRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRLO.150IU -7.582379e-06  9.099024 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRLO.150IU  1.706369e+01 10.713409 NA   1.593  0.1112
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRLO.150IU  1.706369e+01 10.713539 NA   1.593  0.1112
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRLO.150IU  1.706369e+01 10.713467 NA   1.593  0.1112
```

2.1.2.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
modfemaleNAMSH<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleNAMSH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)

summary(modfemaleNAMSH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    femaleNAMSH
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -24.82 69.64 531(1585) 1.63e-05 4.0e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 4.941 2.223
## Number of groups: Animal 10
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH -2.252e+00 2.355e+00 -0.956 0.33892
## Time1h 6.553e-06 1.674e+00 0.000 1.00000
## Time2h 2.650e-05 1.674e+00 0.000 0.99999
## Time3h -2.598e+00 1.781e+00 -1.459 0.14452
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time1h 7.519e+00 3.145e+00 2.391 0.01682 *
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time2h 8.908e+00 3.371e+00 2.643 0.00823 **
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time3h 1.315e+01 4.170e+00 3.153 0.00162 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -7.115 2.405 -2.959
## spacing 6.485 1.682 3.857
```


Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleNAMSH, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Black
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      6.7505  1  0.009372 **
## Time            6.5701  3  0.086939 .
## Treatment:Time 22.0605  3  6.337e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmeans(modfemaleNAMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -0.1656375 0.14685097 NA  -1.128  0.2593
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.2332466 0.17035776 NA   1.369  0.1710
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.3449780 0.16512169 NA   2.089  0.0367
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.6026166 0.07825383 NA   7.701  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.2.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
modfemaleNAPRL<-clmm(Black~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=femaleNAPRL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modfemaleNAPRL)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    femaleNAPRL
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -20.64 61.27 482(1862) 5.99e-06 1.8e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 5.932    2.436
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL    -3.146     1.995  -1.577   0.1148
## Time1h                -3.146     1.995  -1.577   0.1148
## Time2h                -3.146     1.995  -1.577   0.1148
## Time3h                -3.146     1.995  -1.577   0.1148
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time1h  1.443     2.651   0.544   0.5863
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time2h  4.878     2.941   1.659   0.0972 .
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time3h  3.158     2.769   1.140   0.2542
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1    -3.779     1.891  -1.998
## spacing         7.284     1.892   3.850
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modfemaleNAPRL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
```

```
##
```

```
## Response: Black
```

```
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      0.6992  1    0.4030
## Time           3.3806  3    0.3366
## Treatment:Time  3.7260  3    0.2926
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleNAPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -0.17613610 0.1873331 NA  -0.940  0.3471
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -0.19941570 0.2034444 NA  -0.980  0.3270
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL  0.13344292 0.1824420 NA   0.731  0.4645
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL  0.00136447 0.2190670 NA   0.006  0.9950
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3 Red Male

2.1.3.1 Noradrenaline

```
modmaleredNA<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malena,
link = "logit",
```

```

threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)

summary(modmaleredNA)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleNA
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -5.07 30.14 1493(12171) 1.48e+01 9.1e+09
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 269.4 16.41
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA10uM 1.013e+01 1.816e-03 5579.487 <2e-16 ***
## Time1h -7.313e-02 2.013e-03 -36.331 <2e-16 ***
## Time2h -7.313e-02 2.013e-03 -36.331 <2e-16 ***
## Time3h -7.313e-02 2.013e-03 -36.331 <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time1h -1.007e+02 1.544e+02 -0.652 0.515
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time2h -1.007e+02 1.544e+02 -0.652 0.515
## TreatmentNA10uM:Time3h -1.007e+02 1.544e+02 -0.652 0.515
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -47.00703 0.00188 -25005
## spacing 60.35719 0.00188 32107

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

Anova(modmaleredNA, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 26.316 1 2.899e-07 ***
## Time 13.362 3 0.003916 **
## Treatment:Time 35.677 3 8.763e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredNA, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM 0.01920914 5.364965e-05 NA 3.580480e+02 <.0001
##
## Time = 1h:

```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.50000074 2.259276e-09 NA -2.213101e+08 <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.50000074 2.259278e-09 NA -2.213099e+08 <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA10uM -0.50000074 2.259277e-09 NA -2.213100e+08 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.2 Melanocyte-Concentrating Hormone

```
modmaleredMCH<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleMCH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)
```

```
summary(modmaleredMCH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleMCH
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter      max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -5.83  31.66 1251(5283) 5.73e+00 2.3e+00
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 70.15    8.375
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error  z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMCH100mM    -1.131175   0.003051   -370.7   <2e-16 ***
## Time1h                0.908648   0.003115    291.7   <2e-16 ***
## Time2h               -0.553411   0.003159   -175.2   <2e-16 ***
## Time3h               -0.553413   0.003159   -175.2   <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time1h -21.317856   0.003115 -6844.5   <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time2h -46.054819   0.003159 -14580.4   <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMCH100mM:Time3h -46.054814   0.003159 -14580.4   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -45.383867   0.003052  -14873
## spacing      21.135166   0.003115    6786
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleredMCH, type="II")
```

```
## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      41.998  1  9.136e-11 ***
## Time           32.081  3  5.032e-07 ***
## Treatment:Time  -0.185  3          1
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredMCH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust="tukey", mode="cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -3.090062e-11 1.759816e-13 NA   -175.590  <.0001
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -3.124220e-02 1.642048e-04 NA   -190.264  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -9.566868e-01 2.188158e-04 NA  -4372.110  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MCH100mM -9.566866e-01 2.188165e-04 NA  -4372.096  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.3 Melatonin

```
modmaleredMEL<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malMEL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 8)
```

```
summary(modmaleredMEL)
```

```

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 8 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleMEL
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -5.18 30.35 972(4776) 3.92e+00 1.7e+00
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 51.94 7.207
## Number of groups: Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMEL10uM 1.370280 0.003648 375.6 <2e-16 ***
## Time1h 1.054897 0.003695 285.5 <2e-16 ***
## Time2h 1.054897 0.003695 285.5 <2e-16 ***
## Time3h -0.732646 0.003644 -201.0 <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time1h -42.832476 0.003696 -11590.4 <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time2h -42.832476 0.003696 -11590.4 <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMEL10uM:Time3h -45.605649 0.003647 -12504.4 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -46.653446 0.003643 -12805
## spacing 23.049934 0.003583 6434

```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```

Anova(modmaleredMEL, type="II")

```

```

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

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## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 48.978 1 2.589e-12 ***
## Time 29.945 3 1.417e-06 ***

```

```
## Treatment:Time    -0.409    3          1
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredMEL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM  2.093210e-11 1.096891e-13 NA    190.831  <.0001
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -5.009671e-01 7.119502e-06 NA  -70365.458  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -5.009671e-01 7.119502e-06 NA  -70365.458  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast          estimate          SE df    z.ratio p.value
## CT - MEL10uM -5.781889e-01 4.943378e-04 NA   -1169.623  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.4 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
modmaleredMSH<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=maleMSH,
                    link = "logit",
                    threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modmaleredMSH)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    maleMSH
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC   niter    max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -31.52 83.04 497(1008) 7.93e-06 1.5e+02
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 0.2736   0.5231
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentMSH5uM    -0.7594    1.2701  -0.598   0.550
## Time1h              -0.7594    1.2701  -0.598   0.550
## Time2h              -0.7594    1.2701  -0.598   0.550
## Time3h              -0.7594    1.2701  -0.598   0.550
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time1h  2.5108    1.9298   1.301   0.193
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time2h  1.4947    1.8038   0.829   0.407
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time3h -0.6931    1.9173  -0.362   0.718
```

```
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -3.8211      1.2528  -3.050
## spacing      3.3346      0.8307   4.014

Comparing levels Treatment and Time
Anova(modmaleredMSH, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
##           LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      0.0221  1    0.8818
## Time           1.9013  3    0.5931
## Treatment:Time  3.3030  3    0.3472

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -0.1051896 0.1724189 NA  -0.610  0.5418
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM  0.2094027 0.1554877 NA   1.347  0.1781
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM  0.1020781 0.1736547 NA   0.588  0.5567
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -0.2015115 0.1951733 NA  -1.032  0.3018
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.5 Prolactin

```
modmaleredPRL<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malPRL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 9)

summary(modmaleredPRL)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 9 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    malPRL
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -22.04 64.07 512(2483) 4.86e-06 1.7e+02
##
## Random effects:
```



```
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 8.724    2.954
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU    2.638e-06  1.740e+00   0.000    1.000
## Time1h                 1.137e-05  1.740e+00   0.000    1.000
## Time2h                 1.143e-05  1.740e+00   0.000    1.000
## Time3h                 1.137e-05  1.740e+00   0.000    1.000
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time1h -4.641e+00  2.889e+00  -1.606    0.108
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time2h -1.459e+00  2.467e+00  -0.591    0.554
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time3h -4.641e+00  2.889e+00  -1.606    0.108
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1   -5.503     2.421  -2.273
## spacing        8.074     2.540   3.179
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```
Anova(modmaleredPRL, type="II")
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      7.4189  1  0.006454 **
## Time           4.1164  3  0.249171
## Treatment:Time  4.4903  3  0.213156
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))
```

```
## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU 9.238110e-08 0.06093720 NA   0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.814994e-01 0.19163175 NA  -0.947  0.3436
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -3.336189e-02 0.06135338 NA  -0.544  0.5866
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.814994e-01 0.19163172 NA  -0.947  0.3436
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.6 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```

modmaleredNAMSH<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malenAMSH,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 10)

summary(modmaleredNAMSH)

## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 10 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    malenAMSH
##
## link threshold nobs logLik AIC niter max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40 -17.33 54.67 425(1266) 2.47e-06 1.4e+08
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 3.254 1.804
## Number of groups: Animal 10
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH -2.678 2.254 -1.188 0.235
## Time1h -1.327 1.760 -0.754 0.451
## Time2h -22.886 2739.710 -0.008 0.993
## Time3h -22.442 3063.089 -0.007 0.994
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time1h 3.852 2.639 1.460 0.144
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time2h 45.995 1369.855 0.034 0.973
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time3h 48.231 4745.318 0.010 0.992
##
## Threshold coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1 -0.6634 1.4629 -0.453
## spacing 21.7746 3063.0895 0.007

Comparing levels Treatment and Time
Anova(modmaleredNAMSH, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
## LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment 9.2290 1 0.002382 **
## Time 2.3991 3 0.493809
## Treatment:Time 31.1798 3 7.791e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredNAMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast estimate SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -0.2711520 0.18918086 NA -1.433 0.1518
##
## Time = 1h:

```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH 0.1425309 0.23120223 NA  0.616  0.5376
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH 0.6681741 0.15646032 NA  4.271  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH 0.9403657 0.08911502 NA 10.552  <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut
```

2.1.3.7 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
modmaleredNAPRL<-clmm(Red~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), data=malenAPRL,
  link = "logit",
  threshold = "equidistant", nAGQ = 6)

summary(modmaleredNAPRL)
```

```
## Cumulative Link Mixed Model fitted with the adaptive Gauss-Hermite
## quadrature approximation with 6 quadrature points
##
## formula: Red ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time + (1 | Animal)
## data:    malenAPRL
##
## link threshold  nobs logLik AIC  niter      max.grad cond.H
## logit equidistant 40   -2.19  24.38 1274(6958) 4.36e+00 1.4e+11
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Animal (Intercept) 115.9    10.77
## Number of groups:  Animal 5
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error  z value Pr(>|z|)
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL    -0.743615   0.003621  -205.364  <2e-16 ***
## Time1h                -2.708943  253.098530   -0.011    0.991
## Time2h                -2.708943  253.098530   -0.011    0.991
## Time3h                 3.044457   0.003621   840.787  <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time1h -1.981007  956.121858   -0.002    0.998
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time2h -1.981007  956.121858   -0.002    0.998
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time3h  50.642764   0.003621 13985.997  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Threshold coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value
## threshold.1  27.683347   0.003621   7645
## spacing      16.175435   0.003387   4776
```

Comparing levels Treatment and Time

```

Anova(modmaleredNAPRL, type="II")

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning in update.uC(rho): Non finite negative log-likelihood
##   at iteration 17

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined
## In addition: Absolute convergence criterion was met, but relative criterion was not met

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Red
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment      14.4055  1  0.0001474 ***
## Time           23.0360  3  3.969e-05 ***
## Treatment:Time   0.0814  3  0.9939693
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleredNAPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey", mode = "cum.prob"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -2.489120e-13 1.313561e-15 NA      -189.494 <.0001
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL  0.000000e+00 2.123017e-13 NA           0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL  0.000000e+00 2.123017e-13 NA           0.000  1.0000
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df      z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL  9.999433e-01 3.479338e-07 NA    2873947.464 <.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: cut

Diagnose
assumption1 <- clm(Black~Treatment+Time, data=maleMCH, threshold = "equidistant")

scale_test(assumption1)

## Warning: (1) Hessian is numerically singular: parameters are not uniquely determined

```

```
## In addition: Absolute and relative convergence criteria were met
## Tests of scale effects
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time
##           Df  logLik    AIC    LRT Pr(>Chi)
## <none>          -27.660 67.319
## Treatment   1 -27.640 69.281 0.0380  0.84534
## Time        3 -23.986 65.973 7.3465  0.06164 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
nominal_test(assumption1)
```

```
## Tests of nominal effects
##
## formula: Black ~ Treatment + Time
##           Df  logLik    AIC    LRT Pr(>Chi)
## <none>          -27.660 67.319
## Treatment   1 -27.646 69.292 0.0270  0.8695
## Time        3 -25.556 69.111 4.2077  0.2399
```

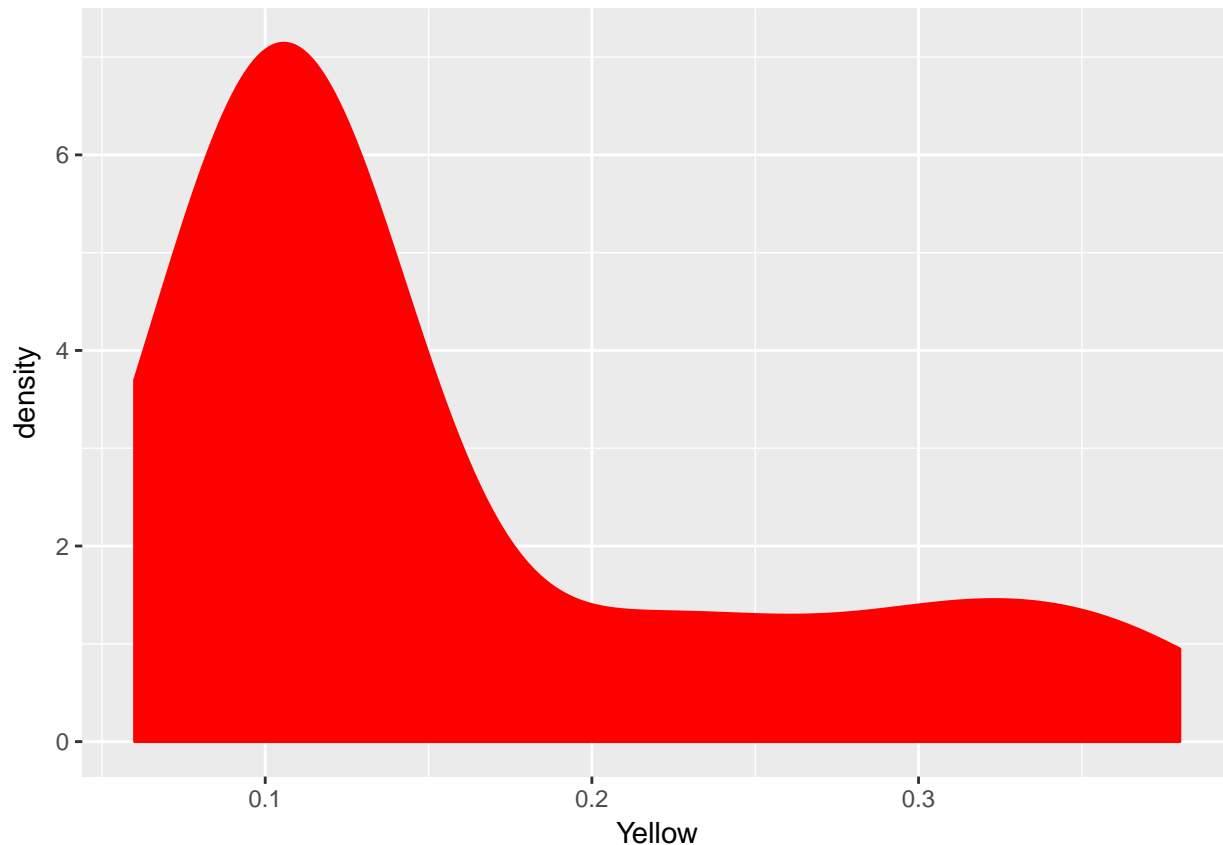
2.1.4 Yellow colour in Males

For the yellow colour, we'll use a GLMM with beta distribution, since it's a proportion of the yellow colour in the total area. To do this, we'll use the `glmmmADMB` package. We'll model each sex separately, beginning with males.

2.1.4.1 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

Before, modelling we'll look at the data to see its distribution using a histogram.

```
ggplot(maleMSH, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.4.1.1 Statistical model

```
modmaleyellowMSH<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=maleMSH)
```

```
summary(modmaleyellowMSH)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = maleMSH, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -138.2
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.2483    0.1520  -14.80  < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMSH5uM  0.1798    0.1839   0.98    0.33
## Time1h          0.2019    0.1832   1.10    0.27
## Time2h          0.0849    0.1868   0.45    0.65
## Time3h         -0.0500    0.1916  -0.26    0.79
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time1h  0.3410    0.2457   1.39    0.17
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time2h  1.0087    0.2425   4.16  3.2e-05 ***
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time3h  1.2812    0.2452   5.22  1.7e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```

```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance StdDev
## (Intercept) 0.02439 0.1562
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 123.34 (std. err.: 29.546)
##
## Log-likelihood: 79.0927

Comparing levels
Anova(modmaleyellowMSH, type="II")#Analysis of Deviance table

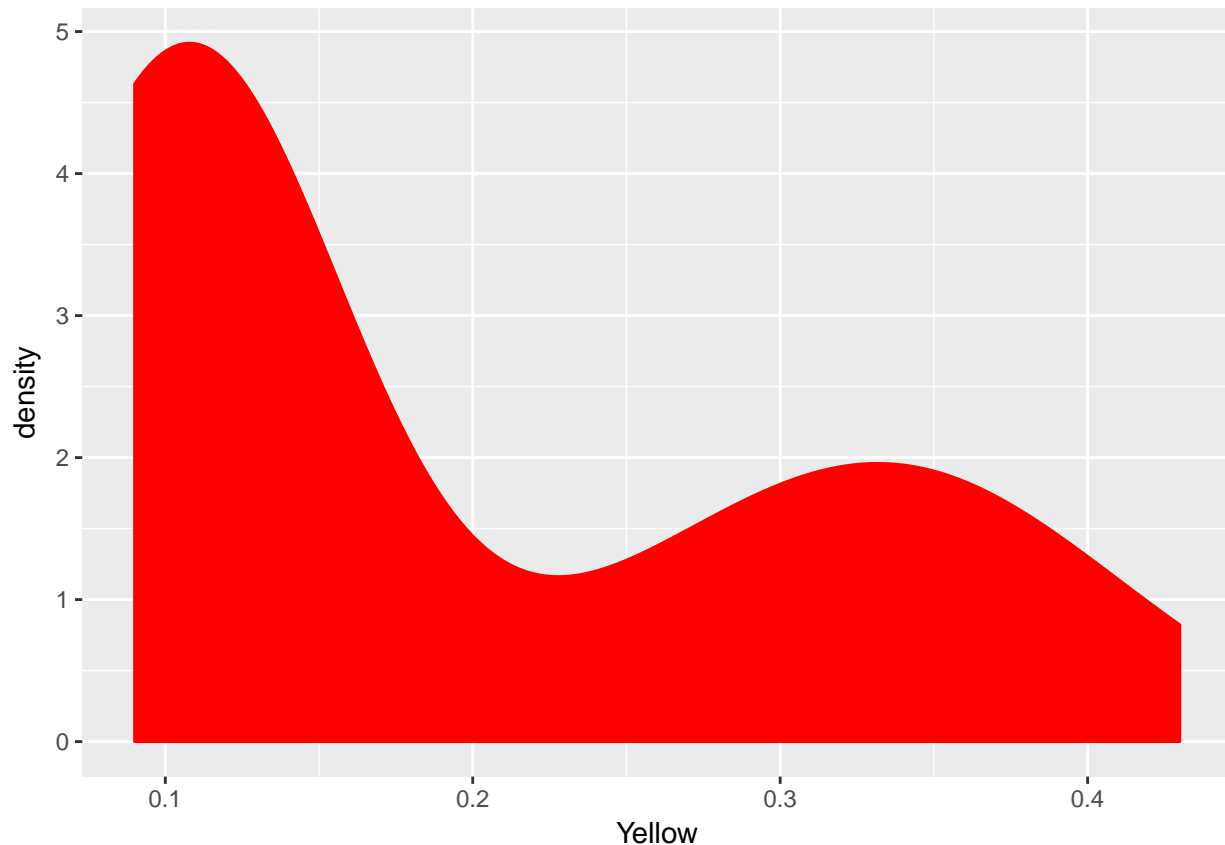
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df    Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1  2.9714   0.08475 .
## Time          3  2.1839   0.53513
## Treatment:Time 3 42.3556  3.372e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleyellowMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -0.1797656 0.1839200 NA  -0.977  0.3284
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -0.5207340 0.3028887 NA  -1.719  0.0856
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.1884540 0.2931451 NA  -4.054  0.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.4609898 0.2933409 NA  -4.981  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.4.2 Prolactin

```
ggplot(malePRL, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.4.2.1 Statistical model

```
modmaleyellowPRL<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=malePRL)
```

```
summary(modmaleyellowPRL)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
##          (1 | Animal), data = malePRL, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -159.7
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.1580    0.1036  -20.83  < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU    0.0212    0.1458   0.15    0.88
## Time1h              0.0212    0.1458   0.15    0.88
## Time2h              0.0163    0.1459   0.11    0.91
## Time3h              0.2171    0.1407   1.54    0.12
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time1h  1.2586    0.1914   6.58 4.8e-11 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time2h  1.3650    0.1910   7.15 8.9e-13 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time3h  1.3485    0.1864   7.24 4.6e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```



```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance      StdDev
## (Intercept) 1.125e-07 0.0003355
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 196.68 (std. err.: 43.948)
##
## Log-likelihood: 89.8296

Comapring levels
Anova(modmaleyellowPRL, type="II")

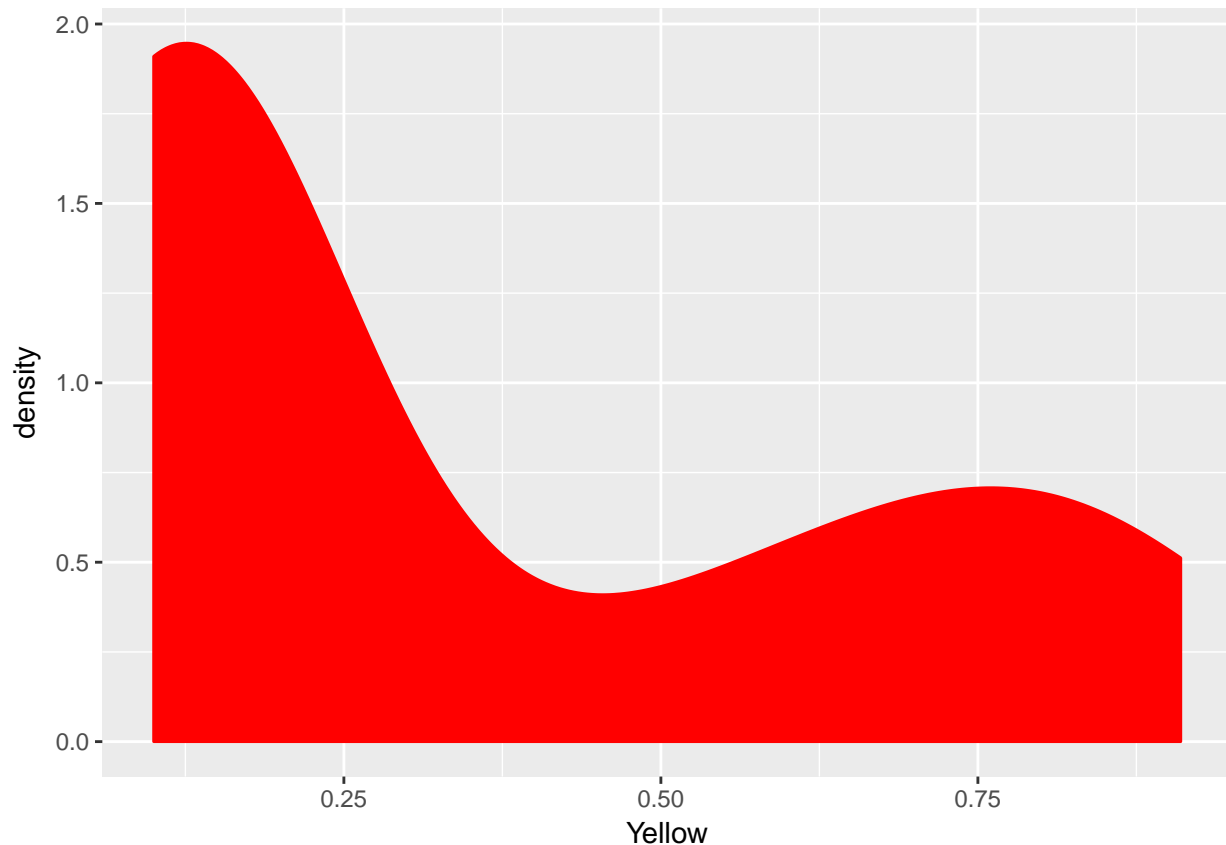
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df      Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1    2.7103    0.0997 .
## Time          3    5.0645    0.1671
## Treatment:Time 3 124.6561    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleyellowPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.02117305 0.1457500 NA  -0.145  0.8845
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.27973687 0.2365224 NA  -5.411  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.38620669 0.2339695 NA  -5.925  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.36969889 0.2171676 NA  -6.307  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.4.3 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
ggplot(maleNAMSH, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.4.3.1 Statistical model

```
modmaleyellowNAMSH<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=male
```

```
summary(modmaleyellowNAMSH)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = maleNAMSH, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -123.1
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.91370    0.14855  -12.88 < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH -0.00111    0.20969   -0.01  1.00
## Time1h          -0.00111    0.20969   -0.01  1.00
## Time2h          -0.11300    0.21398   -0.53  0.60
## Time3h           0.05066    0.20783    0.24  0.81
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time1h  1.91258    0.27609    6.93 4.3e-12 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time2h  3.14640    0.28560   11.02 < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time3h  3.59622    0.29136   12.34 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=10
```

```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance      StdDev
## (Intercept) 1.125e-07 0.0003355
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 77.65 (std. err.: 17.329)
##
## Log-likelihood: 71.5275

Comparing levels
Anova(modmaleyellowNAMSH, type="II")

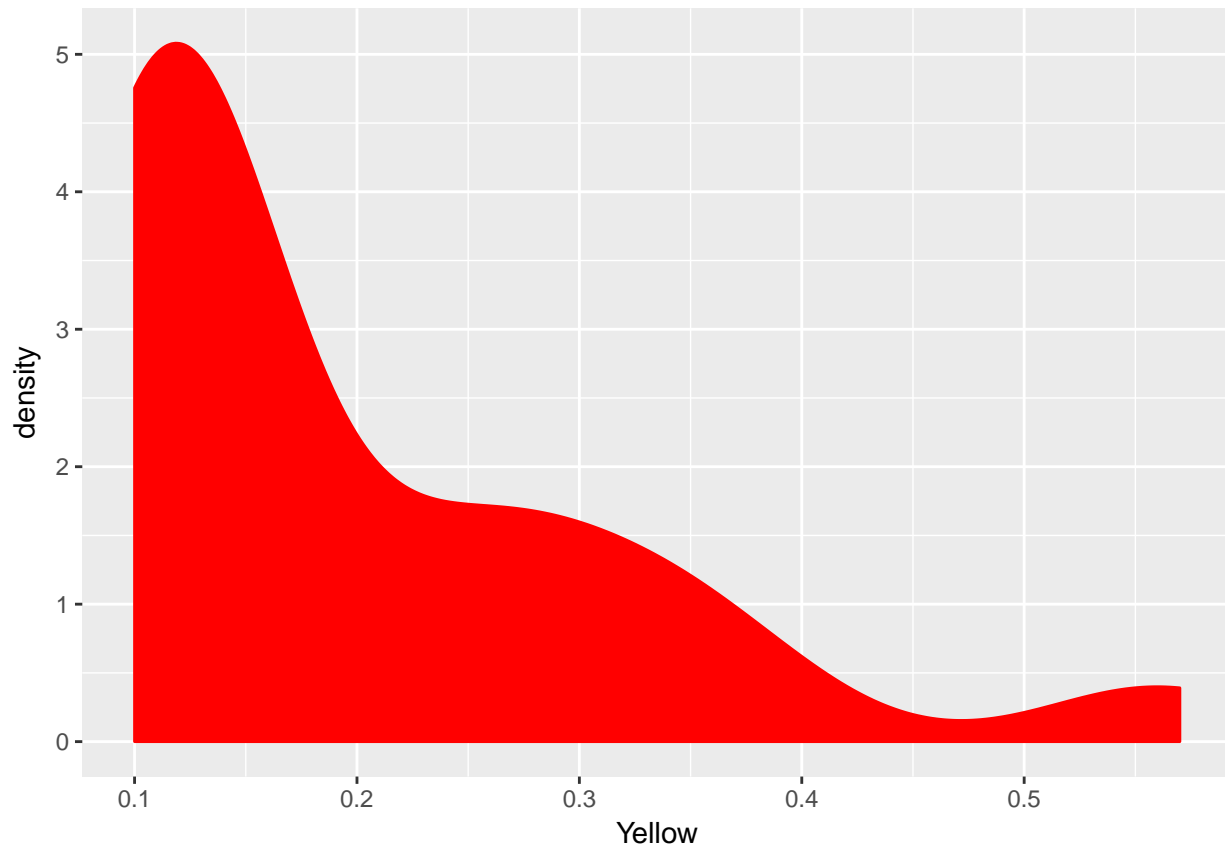
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df      Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1    2.0723    0.1500
## Time          3    1.9429    0.5843
## Treatment:Time 3 307.7679    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleyellowNAMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH  0.001109552 0.2096900 NA   0.005  0.9958
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -1.911467727 0.3293600 NA  -5.804  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -3.145289135 0.3459657 NA  -9.091  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -3.595107535 0.3550182 NA -10.127  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.4.4 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
ggplot(maleNAPRL, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.4.4.1 Statistical model

```
modmaleyellowNAPRL<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=maleNAPRL)
```

```
summary(modmaleyellowNAPRL)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = maleNAPRL, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -142.3
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.0244    0.1200  -16.87 < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL  0.0562    0.1677   0.34  0.74
## Time1h          0.0164    0.1690   0.10  0.92
## Time2h          0.0385    0.1683   0.23  0.82
## Time3h          0.0178    0.1689   0.11  0.92
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time1h  0.8879    0.2241   3.96 7.4e-05 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time2h  0.9620    0.2228   4.32 1.6e-05 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time3h  1.7028    0.2202   7.73 1.0e-14 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```

```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance      StdDev
## (Intercept) 1.125e-07 0.0003355
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 131.23 (std. err.: 29.306)
##
## Log-likelihood: 81.1582

Comparing levels
Anova(modmaleyellowNAPRL, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df    Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1  2.0319    0.1540
## Time          3  0.9383    0.8162
## Treatment:Time 3 83.9493   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

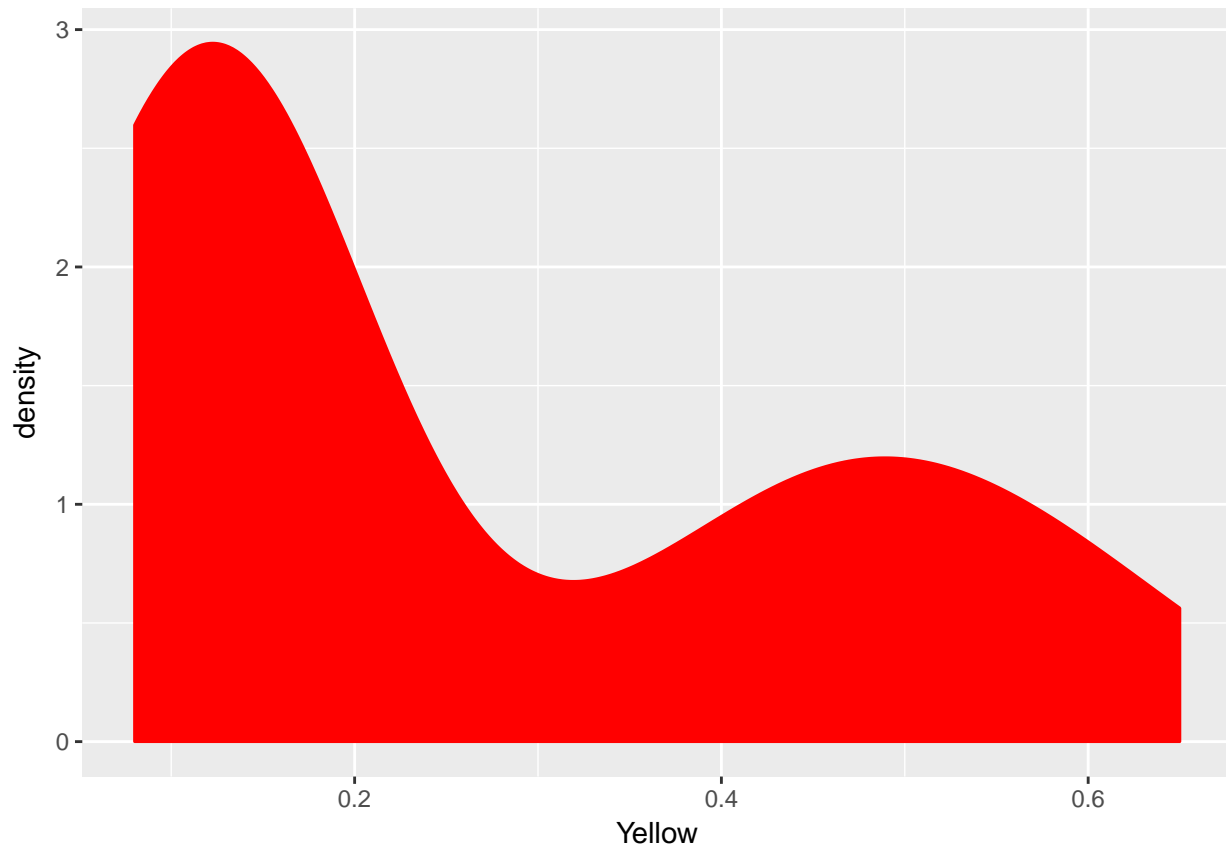
pairs(lsmmeans(modmaleyellowNAPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -0.05624498 0.1677400 NA  -0.335  0.7374
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -0.94416948 0.2767583 NA  -3.412  0.0006
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -1.01825788 0.2723391 NA  -3.739  0.0002
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -1.75902176 0.2608874 NA  -6.742  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.5 Yellow colour of Females

2.1.5.1 Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
ggplot(femaleMSH, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.5.1.1 Statistical model

```
modfemaleyellowMSH<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=fema
```

```
summary(modfemaleyellowMSH)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = femaleMSH, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -125.7
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.9762    0.1516  -13.04  <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMSH5uM -0.0165    0.1743   -0.09    0.92
## Time1h         -0.0393    0.1747   -0.22    0.82
## Time2h          0.0644    0.1718    0.38    0.71
## Time3h         -0.0055    0.1740   -0.03    0.97
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time1h  1.9593    0.2290    8.56  <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time2h  1.8937    0.2267    8.35  <2e-16 ***
## TreatmentMSH5uM:Time3h  2.0163    0.2289    8.81  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```

```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance StdDev
## (Intercept) 0.03844 0.1961
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 120.44 (std. err.: 28.831)
##
## Log-likelihood: 72.8388

Comparing levels
Anova(modfemaleyellowMSH, type="II")

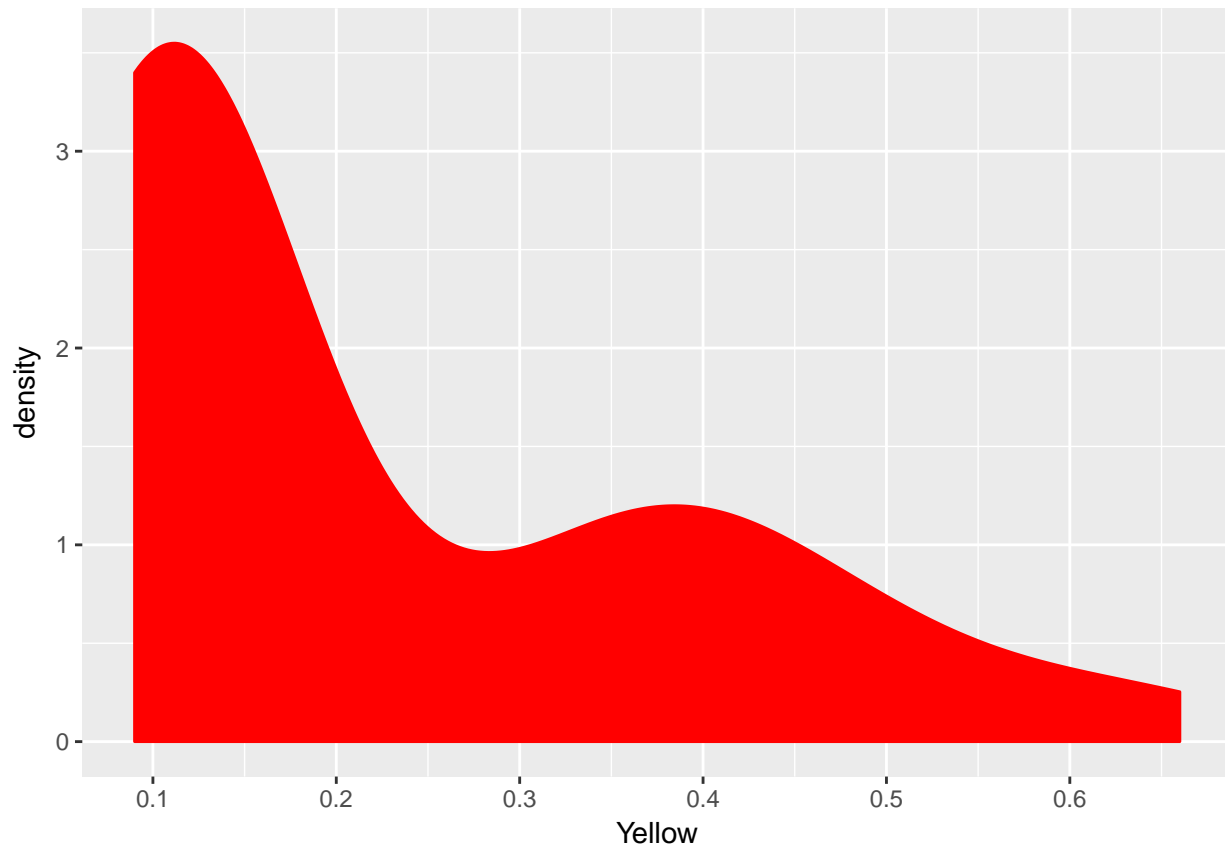
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df      Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1    3.1170   0.07748 .
## Time          3    5.0052   0.17142
## Treatment:Time 3 191.6689   < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleyellowMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM  0.0164774 0.1742700 NA   0.095  0.9247
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.9428037 0.2815979 NA  -6.899  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.8772535 0.2732448 NA  -6.870  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - MSH5uM -1.9998268 0.2712966 NA  -7.371  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.5.2 Prolactin

```
ggplot(femalePRL, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.5.2.1 Statistical model

```
modfemaleyellowPRL<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=fema
```

```
summary(modfemaleyellowPRL)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = femalePRL, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -128.4
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.110683   0.150770  -14.00 < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU    0.039244   0.187790    0.21  0.83
## Time1h           0.000351   0.189470    0.00  1.00
## Time2h          -0.005394   0.189400   -0.03  0.98
## Time3h           0.093664   0.186090    0.50  0.61
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time1h  1.259632   0.248560    5.07  4.0e-07 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time2h  1.784348   0.246170    7.25  4.2e-13 ***
## TreatmentPRL0.150IU:Time3h  1.949182   0.243350    8.01  1.1e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```



```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance StdDev
## (Intercept) 0.02346 0.1532
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 111.48 (std. err.: 26.707)
##
## Log-likelihood: 74.2075

Comparing levels
Anova(modfemaleyellowPRL, type="II")

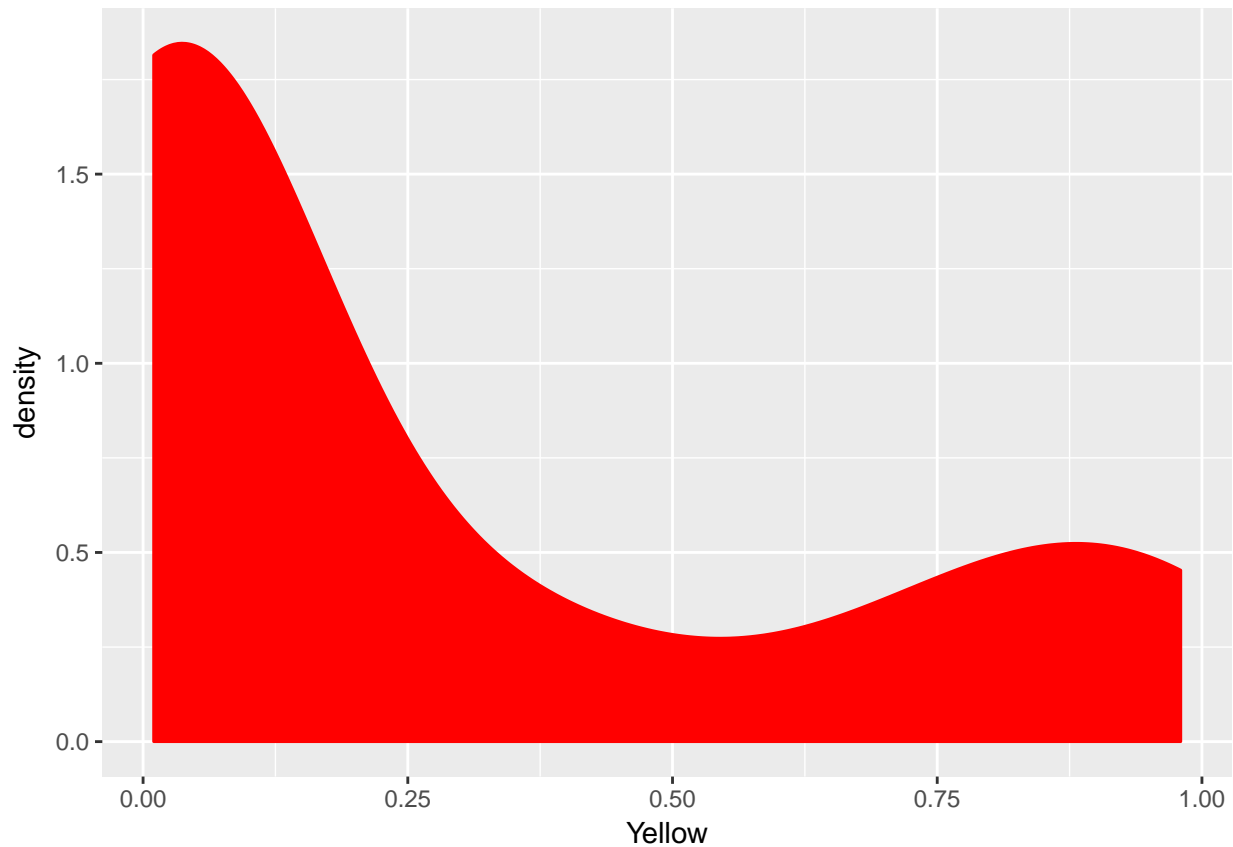
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##           Df      Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1    2.6926    0.1008
## Time          3    2.2326    0.5256
## Treatment:Time 3 122.1706    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleyellowPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -0.03924428 0.1877900 NA  -0.209  0.8345
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.29887613 0.3079069 NA  -4.218  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.82359213 0.3003592 NA  -6.071  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - PRL0.150IU -1.98842653 0.2866425 NA  -6.937  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.5.3 Noradrenaline and Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone

```
ggplot(femaleNAMSH, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.5.3.1 Statistical model

```
modfemaleyellowNAMSH<-glmmadmb(Yellow/10~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=
summary(modfemaleyellowNAMSH)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow/10 ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = femaleNAMSH, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -331.7
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -5.7507    0.3253  -17.68 < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH    0.1527    0.4493   0.34  0.73401
## Time1h             0.0392    0.4573   0.09  0.93161
## Time2h             0.2960    0.4392   0.67  0.50035
## Time3h             0.5157    0.4243   1.22  0.22423
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time1h  2.1755    0.5659   3.84  0.00012 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time2h  2.7783    0.5441   5.11  3.3e-07 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+MSH:Time3h  2.8490    0.5307   5.37  8.0e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=10
```

```
## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##           Variance      StdDev
## (Intercept) 1.654e-07 0.0004067
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 403.43 (std. err.: 0.00036004)
##
## Log-likelihood: 175.844

Comparing levels
Anova(modfemaleyellowNAMSH, type="II")

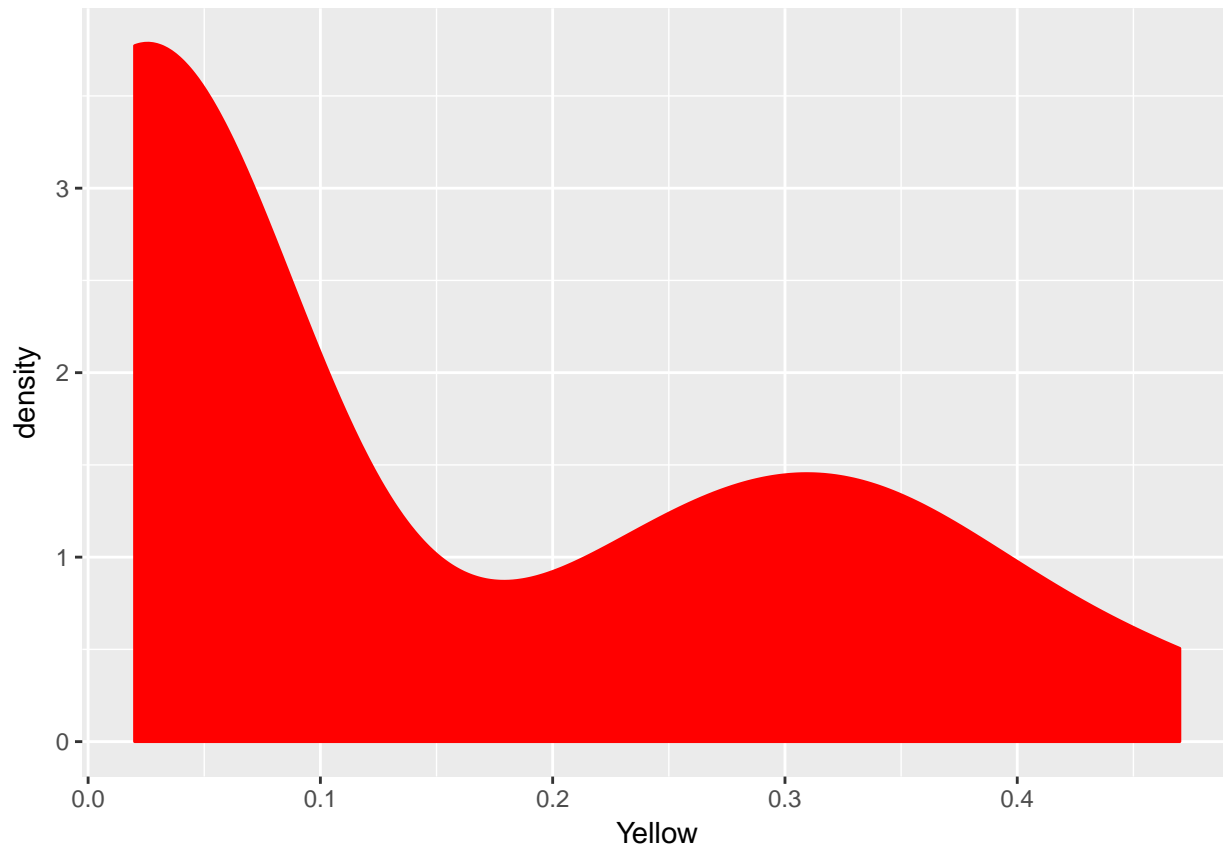
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow/10
##           Df    Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1  5.7568   0.01642 *
## Time          3 10.7156   0.01337 *
## Treatment:Time 3 50.1200  7.533e-11 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleyellowNAMSH, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -0.1526621 0.4492800 NA  -0.340  0.7340
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -2.3281198 0.7138221 NA  -3.261  0.0011
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -2.9310003 0.6464468 NA  -4.534  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+MSH -3.0016203 0.5723002 NA  -5.245  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

2.1.5.4 Noradrenaline and Prolactin

```
ggplot(femaleNAPRL, aes(Yellow)) +
  geom_density(colour="red", fill="red") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```



2.1.5.4.1 Statistical model

```
modfemaleyellowNAPRL<-glmmadmb(Yellow~Treatment+Time+Treatment:Time+(1|Animal), family= "beta", data=femaleNAPRL)
summary(modfemaleyellowNAPRL)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glmmadmb(formula = Yellow ~ Treatment + Time + Treatment:Time +
## (1 | Animal), data = femaleNAPRL, family = "beta")
##
## AIC: -192.2
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.62e+00   1.99e-01  -18.23  < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL  1.51e-01   2.71e-01   0.56    0.58
## Time1h           1.99e-07   2.79e-01   0.00    1.00
## Time2h           8.96e-08   2.79e-01   0.00    1.00
## Time3h           7.52e-02   2.75e-01   0.27    0.78
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time1h  2.32e+00   3.44e-01   6.73  1.7e-11 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time2h  2.88e+00   3.42e-01   8.40  < 2e-16 ***
## TreatmentNA3h+PRL:Time3h  2.83e+00   3.39e-01   8.36  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Number of observations: total=40, Animal=5
```

```

## Random effect variance(s):
## Group=Animal
##          Variance      StdDev
## (Intercept) 1.125e-07 0.0003355
##
## Beta dispersion parameter: 182.22 (std. err.: 41.083)
##
## Log-likelihood: 106.075

Comparing levels
Anova(modfemaleyellowNAPRL, type="II")

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Yellow
##          Df      Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## Treatment    1   8.9981  0.002703 **
## Time          3  21.7382  7.395e-05 ***
## Treatment:Time 3 148.4720 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

pairs(lsmmeans(modfemaleyellowNAPRL, ~ Treatment|Time, adjust= "tukey"))

## Time = 0h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -0.150997 0.2705200 NA  -0.558  0.5767
##
## Time = 1h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -2.466481 0.4235145 NA  -5.824  <.0001
##
## Time = 2h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -3.027132 0.4133840 NA  -7.323  <.0001
##
## Time = 3h:
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## CT - NA3h+PRL -2.983070 0.3888851 NA  -7.671  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.

```