

Toegang tot de som van alle kennis

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The folktale of the stone soup.



The folktale of the stone soup.

The screenshot shows the Wikipedia article for "Journal of Computational Biology". The page includes a navigation bar with "Article" and "Talk" tabs, and a search bar. The main content area contains the title "Journal of Computational Biology" and a paragraph describing the journal. A red dashed box highlights two stub notices: "This bioinformatics-related article is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it." and "This article about a biology journal is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it. See tips for writing articles about academic journals. Further suggestions might be found on the article's talk page." Below the stub notices is an "External links" section with a link to the "Official website". A red dashed box also highlights a table of publication details in the right sidebar.

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Journal_of_Computational_Biology

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Journal of Computational Biology

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The **Journal of Computational Biology** is a monthly peer-reviewed scientific journal covering computational biology and bioinformatics. It was established in 1994 and is published by Mary Ann Liebert, Inc. The editors-in-chief are Sorin Istrail (Brown University) and Michael S. Waterman (University of Southern California). According to the *Journal Citation Reports*, the journal has a 2012 impact factor of 1.564.^[1]

Journal of Computational Biology

This bioinformatics-related article is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it.

This article about a biology journal is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it.
See tips for writing articles about academic journals. Further suggestions might be found on the article's talk page.

External links

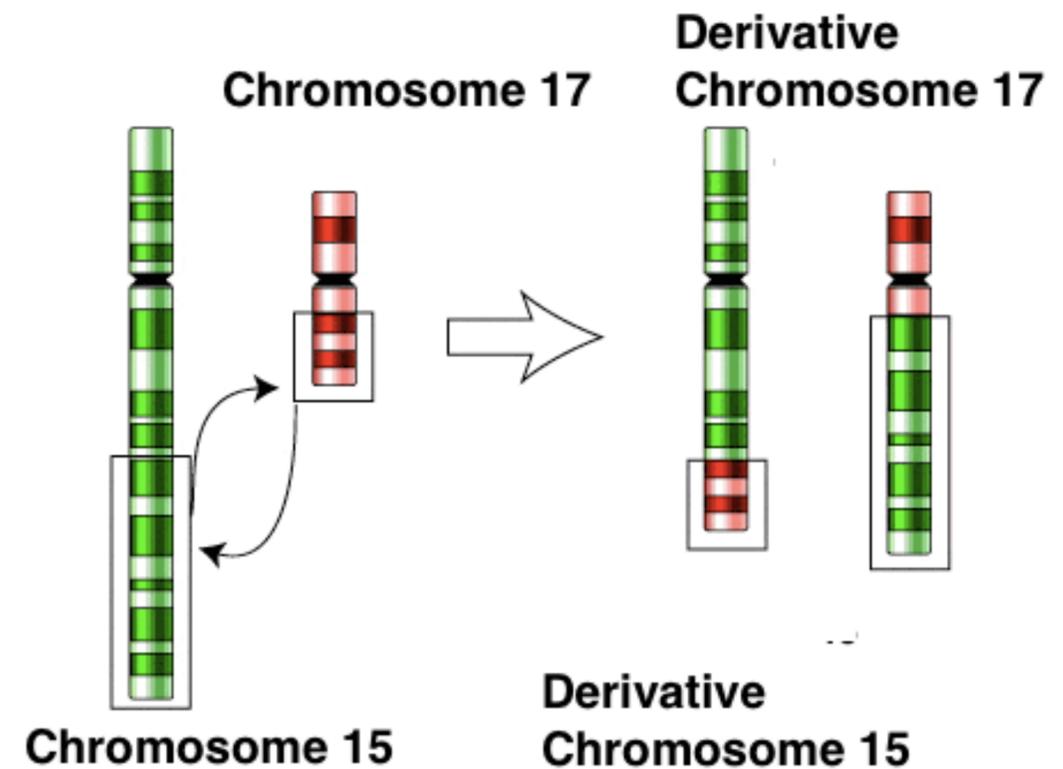
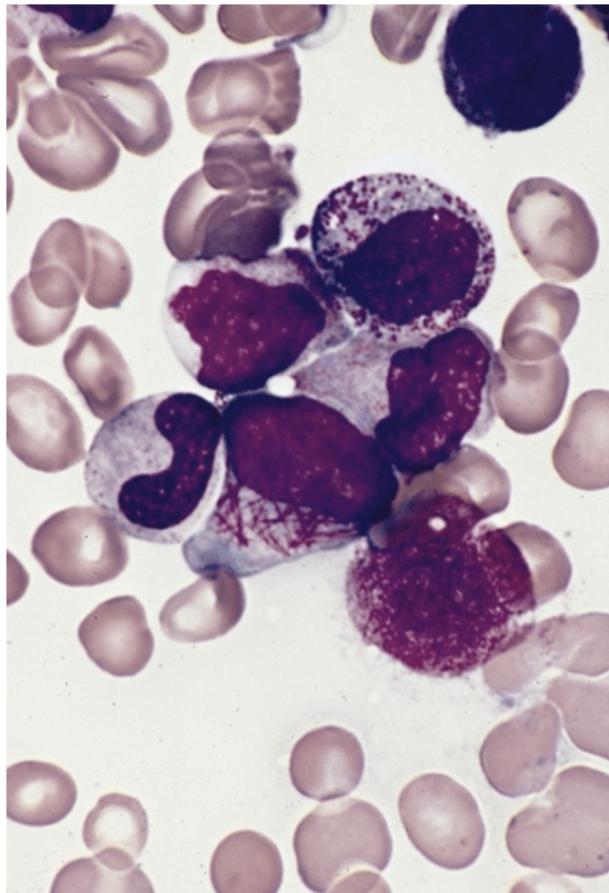
- Official website

Abbreviated title (ISO 4)	<i>J. Comp. Biol.</i>
Discipline	Computational biology
Language	English
Edited by	Sorin Istrail, Michael S. Waterman
Publication details	
Publisher	Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.
Publication history	1994-present
Frequency	Monthly

Acute promyelocytic leukemia - A cancer of the white blood cells

A cancer of the white blood cells

Chromosomal translocation of RAR α gene



Randomized Phase III Trial of Retinoic Acid and Arsenic Trioxide Versus Retinoic Acid and Chemotherapy in Patients With Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia: Health-Related Quality-of-Life Outcomes

Fabio Efficace, Franco Mandelli, Giuseppe Avvisati, Francesco Cottone, Felicetto Ferrara, Eros Di Bona, Giordina Specchia, Massimo Breccia, Alessandro Levis, Simona Sica, Olimpia Finizio, Maria Grazia Kropp, Giuseppe Fioritoni, Elisa Cerqui, Marco Vignetti, Sergio Amadori, Richard F. Schlenk, Uwe Platzbecker, and Francesco Lo-Coco

ABSTRACT

Purpose

A randomized clinical trial compared efficacy and toxicity of standard all-*trans*-retinoic acid (ATRA) plus chemotherapy versus ATRA plus arsenic trioxide in patients with newly diagnosed, low- or intermediate-risk acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL). Here, we report health-related quality-of-life (HRQOL) results.

Patients and Methods

HRQOL was a secondary end point of this trial. The European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire–Core 30 was used to assess HRQOL at end of induction and after consolidation therapy. All analyses were based on 156 patients who received at least one dose of treatment, with groups defined according to randomly assigned treatment. Primary analysis was performed, estimating mean HRQOL score over time and differences between treatment arms using a linear mixed model.

Fabio Efficace, Franco Mandelli, Francesco Cottone, and Marco Vignetti, Gruppo Italiano Malattie Ematologiche dell'Adulto; Giuseppe Avvisati, Università Campus Biomedico; Massimo Breccia, Università "La Sapienza"; Simona Sica, Università Cattolica Sacro Cuore; Sergio Amadori and Francesco Lo-Coco, Università Tor Vergata; Francesco Lo-Coco, Fondazione Santa Lucia, Roma; Felicetto Ferrara, Ospedale Cardarelli; Olimpia Finizio, Ospedale Cardarelli, Napoli; Eros Di Bona, Ospedale San Bortolo, Vicenza; Giordina Specchia, Università di Bari, Bari; Alessandro Levis, Ospedale SS Antonio e Biagio, Alessandria; Maria Grazia Kropp, Azienda Ospedaliera Pugliese Giascio, Catanzaro; Giuseppe Fioritoni, Ospedale Civile, Pescara; Elisa Cerqui, Spedali Civili, Brescia, Italy; Richard F. Schlenk, University of Ulm, Ulm; and Uwe Platzbecker, Universitätsklinikum Carl Gustav Carus, Dresden, Germany.

Published online ahead of print at

Effects of arsenic trioxide known for decades in China

Original papers were published in the Chinese language and in journals that are obscure even to most Chinese readers

SCIENCE CHINA
Life Sciences

• REVIEW •

June 2013 Vol.56 No.6: 495–502
doi: 10.1007/s11427-013-4487-z

A drug from poison: how the therapeutic effect of arsenic trioxide on acute promyelocytic leukemia was discovered

RAO Yi^{1*}, LI RunHong² & ZHANG DaQing²

¹Peking-Tsinghua Center for Life Sciences at Peking University School of Life Sciences, Beijing 100871, China;

²Peking University Health Sciences Center, Beijing 100871, China

Received March 27, 2013; accepted April 5, 2013; published online May 3, 2013

Findings support the use of retinoic acid plus arsenic trioxide as preferred first-line treatment

Multilingual Wikipedia & Infoboxes

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三氧化二砷 [编辑]

 维基百科中的医学相关内容仅供参考，如需获取专业意见请咨询专业人士。

三氧化二砷（學名：**Arsenic trioxide**，藥品名：**Asadin**），俗稱**砒霜**、**白砒**^[1]，分子式 As_2O_3 ，是最具商業價值的砷化合物及主要的砷化學開始物料，也是最古老的毒物之一，無臭無味，外觀為白色霜狀粉末，故稱**砒霜**。這是經某幾種指定的礦物處理過程所產生的高毒性副產品，例如採金礦、高溫蒸餾**砷黃鐵礦**（**毒砂**）並冷凝其**白煙**等。

目录 [隐藏]

- 1 化學特性
- 2 分子結構
- 3 毒物學
- 4 用途
 - 4.1 药剂
 - 4.2 工業
 - 4.3 醫學用途
 - 4.3.1 西醫
 - 4.3.2 中醫
- 5 参见

<https://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:首页>

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Arsenic trioxide

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Arsenic trioxide is an **inorganic compound** with the **formula** As_2O_3 . This commercially important **oxide of arsenic** is the main precursor to other arsenic compounds, including **organoarsenic compounds**. Approximately 50,000 **tonnes** are produced annually.^[4] Many applications are controversial given the high toxicity of arsenic compounds.

Contents [hide]

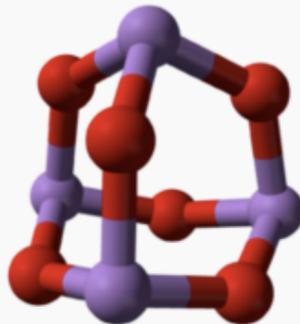
- 1 Production and occurrence
- 2 Properties and reactions
- 3 Structure
- 4 Uses
- 5 Medical applications
- 6 Toxicology
- 7 Environmental problems
- 8 References
- 9 External links

Production and occurrence [edit]

Arsenic trioxide can be generated via routine processing of arsenic compounds including the oxidation (combustion) of arsenic and arsenic-containing minerals in **air**. Illustrative

Infobox

Arsenic trioxide



As³⁺ O²⁻

Names

Systematic IUPAC name
Diarsenic trioxide

Other names
Arsenic(III) oxide,

Independent Infoboxes

Dutch

nl.m.wikipedia.org

Malaria



Rode bloedcel geïnfecteerd met *P. vivax*

Codings	
ICD-10	B50 ↗
ICD-9	084 ↗
OMIM	248310 ↗

Greek

el.m.wikipedia.org

Ελονοσία

Ταξινόμηση και εξωτερικές πηγές

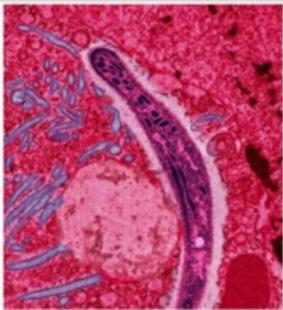


Ταξινόμηση ICD-10	B50 ↗
Ταξινόμηση ICD-9	084 ↗
OMIM	248310 ↗
DiseasesDB	7728 ↗
MedlinePlus	000621 ↗
eMedicine	med/1385 ↗ emerg/305 ↗ ped/1357 ↗

English

en.m.wikipedia.org

Malaria



A *Plasmodium* from the saliva of a female mosquito moving across a mosquito cell

Classification and external resources

Specialty	Infectious disease
ICD-10	B50 ↗ -B54 ↗
ICD-9-CM	084 ↗



Dutch

nl.m.wikipedia.org

Hoofdstad	Papiaments
Hoofdstad	Oranjestad
Regeringsvorm	Constitutionele monarchie
Staatshoofd	Koning Willem-Alexander Fredis Refunjol (gouverneur)
Regeringsleider	Mike Eman (Arubaanse Volkspartij)
Religie	Katholiek 82%, protestant 8%

103,400 ^[2] (197th)

• Εκτίμηση 2014

Greek

el.m.wikipedia.org

Πολίτευμα Συνταγματική Μοναρχία

Μονάρχης Γουλιέλμος-Κυβερνήτης Αλέξανδρος
Πρωθυπουργός Φρέντις Ρεφουνιόλ
Μάικ Έμαν

Πλήρης αυτονομία από το Βασίλειο των Κάτω Χωρών
Σύνταγμα 1η Ιανουαρίου 1986

Έκταση	• Σύνολο 180 km ² (213η) Ακτογραμμή 68,5 km
Πληθυσμός	• Εκτίμηση 2014 107.394 ^[1] (196η) • Απογραφή 2000 103.065 • Πυκνότητα 556,4 κατ./km ² (21η)
Α.Ε.Π. (PPP)	• Ολικό (2005) 2,258 δισ. \$ ^[2]

• Εκτίμηση 2014 107.394^[1] (196η)

English

pap.m.wikipedia.org

Forma di gobernacion	Democracia p Monarkia cons
- Rei	Willem-Alexan
- Gobernador	Fredis Refunjo
- Prome Minister	Mike Eman
Pais den Reino di Hulanda	
Status aparte	1 januari di 19
Area	
- Total	193 km ² (n/a)

101.484 (2010)^[2]

110.663 (2014)^[3]

(614,8/km² (2014))

ICD-10

B50 [↗](#)

ICD-10

B50 [↗](#)-B54 [↗](#)

Ταξινόμηση

B50 [↗](#)

ICD-10

Independent Infoboxes

Démographie

Gentilé	Surinamien ou Surinamais
Population totale (2015)	579 633 hab. (classé 163 ^e)
Densité	3,18 hab./km ²

Väkiluku (2014)	573 311 ^[1] (sijalla 172)
– väestötiheys	3 / km ²
– väestönkasvu	1,12 ^[1] % (2014)

Basisgegevens

Officiële landstaal	Nederlands
Hoofdstad	Paramaribo
Regeringsvorm	Presidentiële republiek
Staatshoofd	Desi Bouterse
Regeringsleider	Desi Bouterse
Religie	Christendom 48%, Hindoeïsme 27,4%, Islam 19,6% ^[1]
Oppervlakte	163.820 km ² ^[2] (1,1% water)
Inwoners	541.638 (2012) ^[3] 585.824 (2016) ^[4] (3,6/km ² (2016))

Population

- July 2016 estimate 585,824^[5] (166th)
- 2012 census 541,638^[3]
- Density 2.9/km² (7.5/sq mi) (231st)

Gīventuoju

- 2006 léipa (progn.) 439 117 (162)
- Tonkoms 2,69 žm./km² (189)



1 (Input a SPARQL query or choose a query example)



Press [CTRL-SPACE] to activate auto completion.

wdqs-app-footer-updated

Run

Clear

A fresh look at Wikidata

SQID is a fast way to browse and query [Wikidata](#), the free knowledge base of Wikipedia. SQID is inspired by Magnus Manske's [Reasonator](#), but it has a different focus. In particular, information about Wikidata classes and properties is prominently shown, including derived statistics and query results that are not part of Wikidata. SQID wants to help editors to improve Wikidata.

Example pages:

- [Johann Sebastian Bach](#): classical example of a data-rich item page
- [volcano](#): Wikidata item that is used as a class
- [galaxy](#): Wikidata class item that is part of the rather well designed classification of astronomical objects
- [sex or gender](#): a frequently used Wikidata property
- [instrument](#): another interesting Wikidata property
- [Wikidata property](#): the class of all Wikidata properties; shows how properties are organised in subclasses

Properties are special Wikidata entities that are used for describing relationships between entities, and for assigning many types of data values to entities. You can find all properties in SQID's [property browser](#).

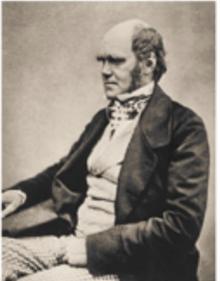
Classes are Wikidata items that are used as the value in an [instance-of](#) statement, or that are subject or value in a [subclass-of](#) statement. You can find all classes in SQID's [classes browser](#).

Most data shown by SQID is **live data** taken from the [Wikidata API](#) or the [Wikidata SPARQL query service](#). Complex statistics that cannot currently be computed live are pre-computed from the weekly data dumps using [Wikidata Toolkit](#). Some complex statistics can be fetched from SPARQL, but take too long to compute in the browser. These are updated every hour. See the [status page](#) for recency information and statistics on the current data.



Wikidata: linked data base for Wikipedia

Charles Darwin



Darwin, aged 45 in 1854, by then working towards publication of *On the Origin of Species*

Born Charles Robert Darwin
12 February 1809
The Mount, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, United Kingdom

Died 19 April 1882 (aged 73)
Down House, Downe, Kent, UK

Residence England

Citizenship British

Nationality British

Fields Natural history, Geology

Institutions **tertiary education:**
University of Edinburgh Medical School (medicine)
University of Cambridge (ordinary Bachelor of Arts)
professional institution:
Geological Society of London

Academic advisors John Stevens Henslow
Adam Sedgwick

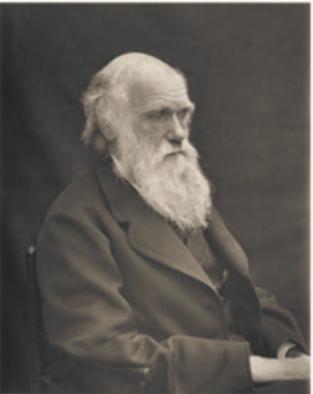
Known for *The Voyage of the Beagle*
On the Origin of Species
evolution by natural selection, common descent

Influences Alexander von Humboldt
John Herschel
Charles Lyell

Influenced Joseph Dalton Hooker
Thomas Henry Huxley
George Romanes
Ernst Haeckel
Sir John Lubbock



查爾斯·羅伯特·達爾文
Charles Robert Darwin



達爾文69歲時，攝於1878年

出生 1809年2月12日
英國什羅普郡舒茲伯利Mount House

逝世 1882年4月19日 (73歲)
英國肯特郡唐恩小築

居住地 英國

國籍 英國

研究領域 博物學家

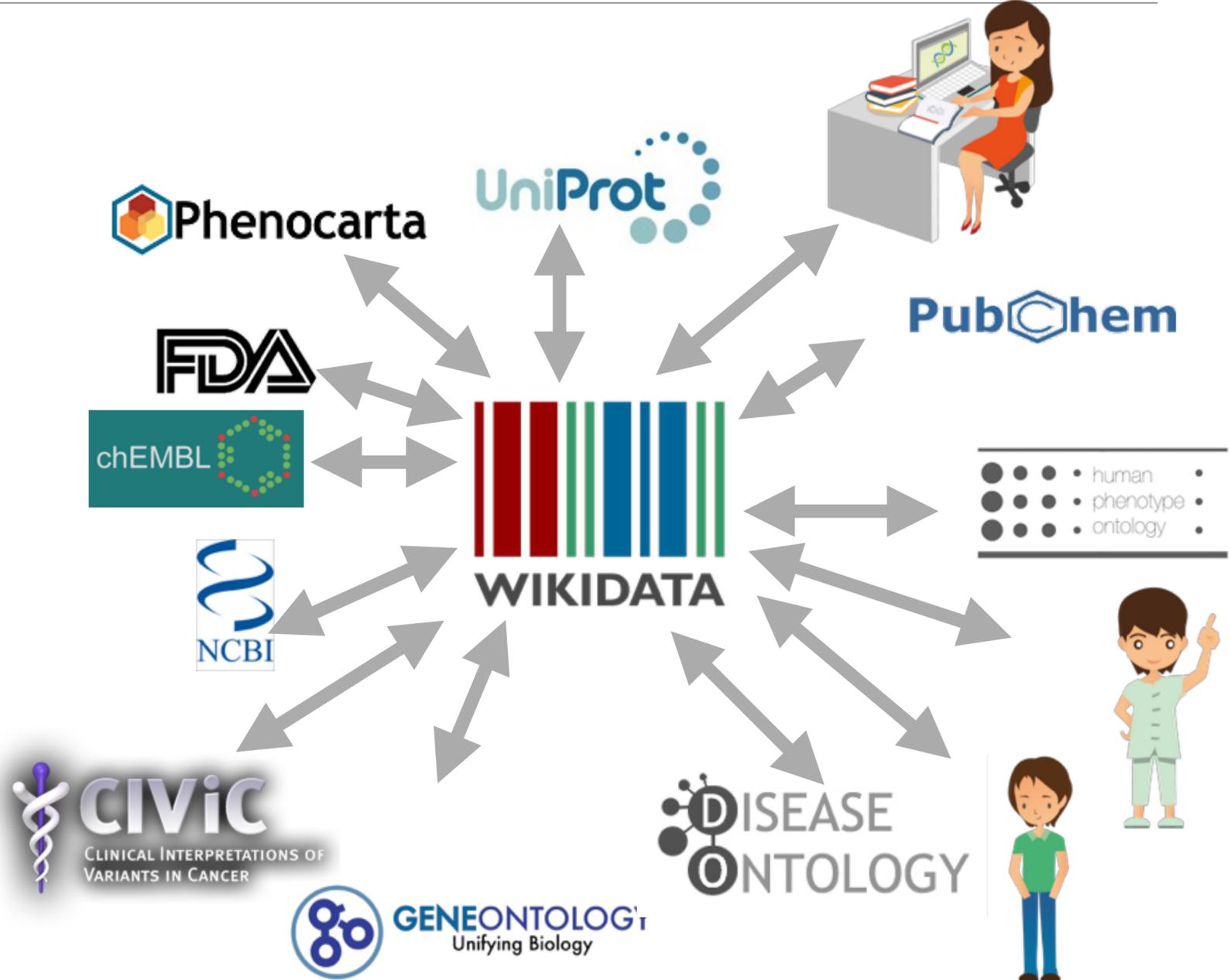
任職於 皇家地理學會

母校 曼丁堡大學
劍橋大學

博士導師 亞當·塞吉威克

著名成就 物種原始自然選擇

獲獎 皇家獎章 (1853年)
沃拉斯頓獎章 (1859年)
科普利獎章 (1864年)





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Retinoic acid receptor alpha

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Retinoic acid receptor alpha (**RAR-α**), also known as **NR1B1** (nuclear receptor subfamily 1, group B, member 1) is a nuclear receptor that in humans is encoded by the *RARA* gene.^{[4][5]}

Contents [hide]

- Function
- Clinical significance
- Interactions
- See also
- References
- Further reading

Function [edit]

Retinoid signaling is transduced by 2 families of nuclear receptors, retinoic acid receptor (RAR) and retinoid X receptor (RXR), which form RXR/RAR heterodimers. In the absence of ligand, DNA-bound RXR/RARA represses transcription by recruiting the corepressors *NCOR1*, *SMRT* (*NCOR2*), and *histone deacetylase*. When ligand binds to the complex, it induces a conformational change allowing the recruitment of coactivators, histone acetyltransferases, and the basic transcription machinery.^[6]

Clinical significance [edit]

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Available structures	
PDB	Ortholog search: PDB RCSB
	List of PDB id codes [show]
Identifiers	
Aliases	RARA, NR1B1, RAR, retinoic acid receptor alpha
External IDs	MGI: 97856 HomoloGene: 20262 GeneCards: RARA
Targeted by Drug	
	adapalene, alitretinoin, tamibarotene, tazarotene, tretinoin ^[1]
	Gene ontology [show]



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- Create a new item
- Item by title
- Recent changes
- Random item
- Help
- Donate

- Print/export
- Create a book
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- What links here
- Related changes
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- Permanent link
- Page information
- Concept URI
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Item [Discussion](#) [Read](#) [View history](#)

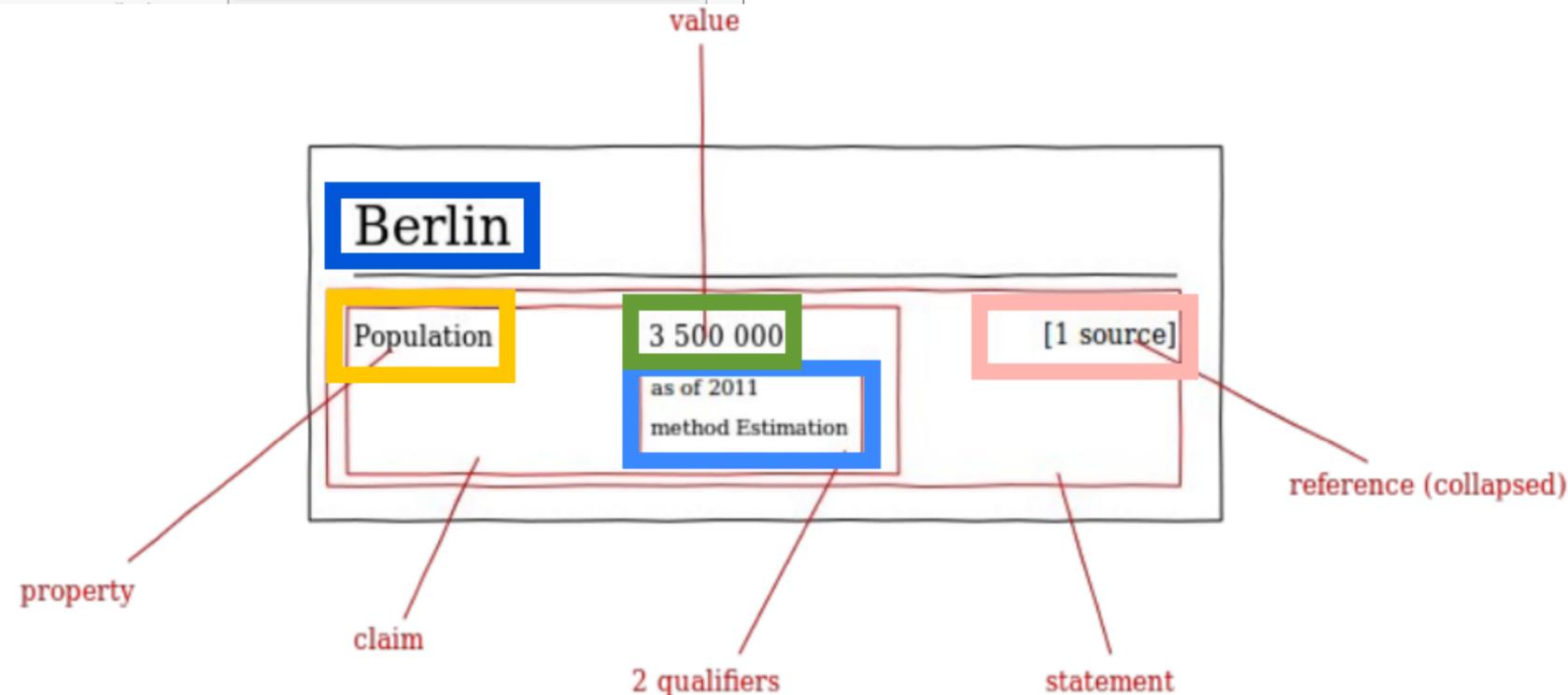
retinoic acid receptor, alpha (Q18031040)

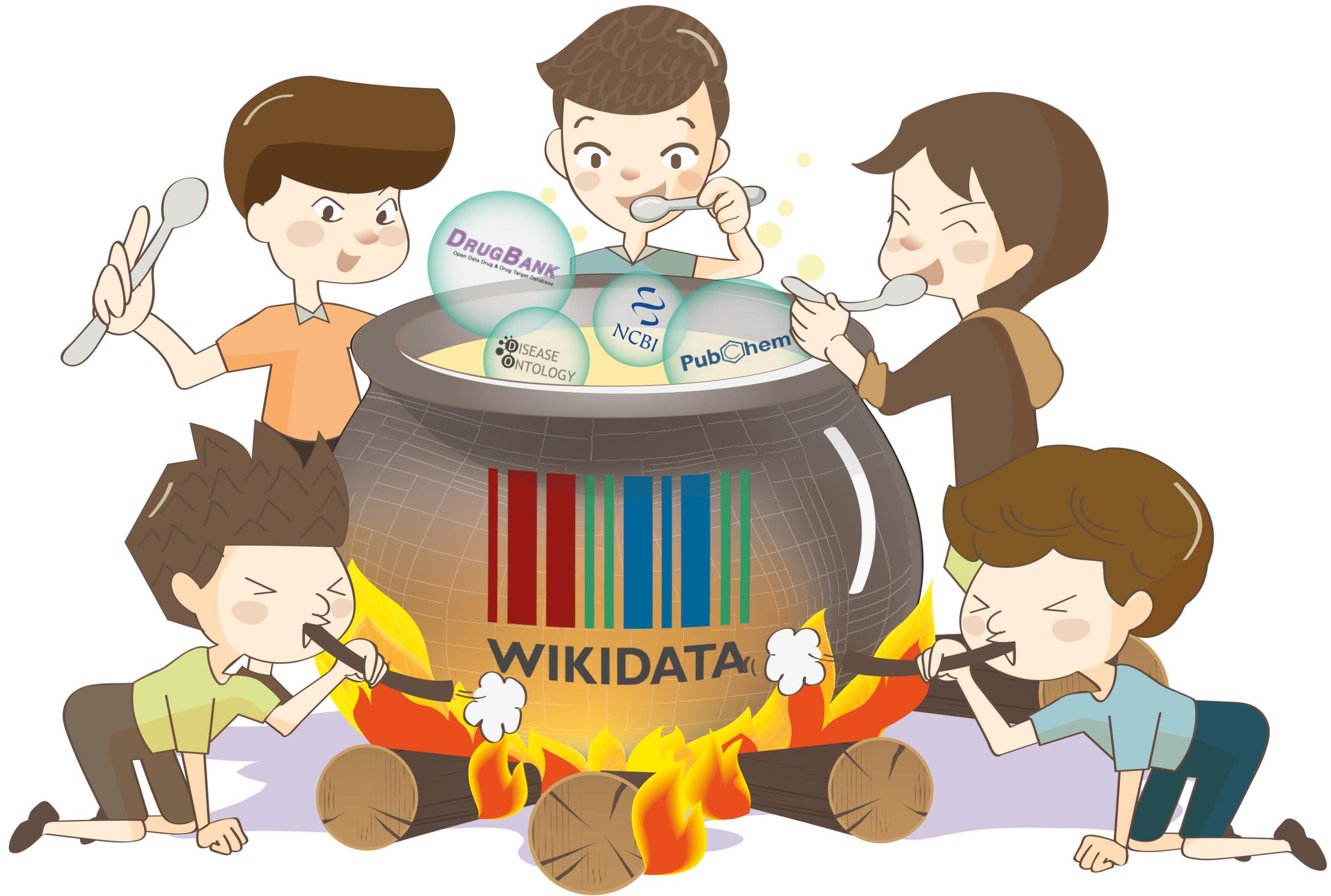
human gene
NR1B1 | RAR | RARA

[In more languages](#)

Statements

Entrez Gene ID	5914 # 1 reference	[edit]
subclass of	protein-coding gene 1 reference	[edit]
	gene 1 reference	[edit]
genomic start	40309192 GenLoc assembly Genome assembly GRCh38 1 reference	[edit]
	stated in NCBI homo sapiens annotation release 107	[edit]
	imported from NCBI Gene	
	retrieved 19 October 2015	[add reference]





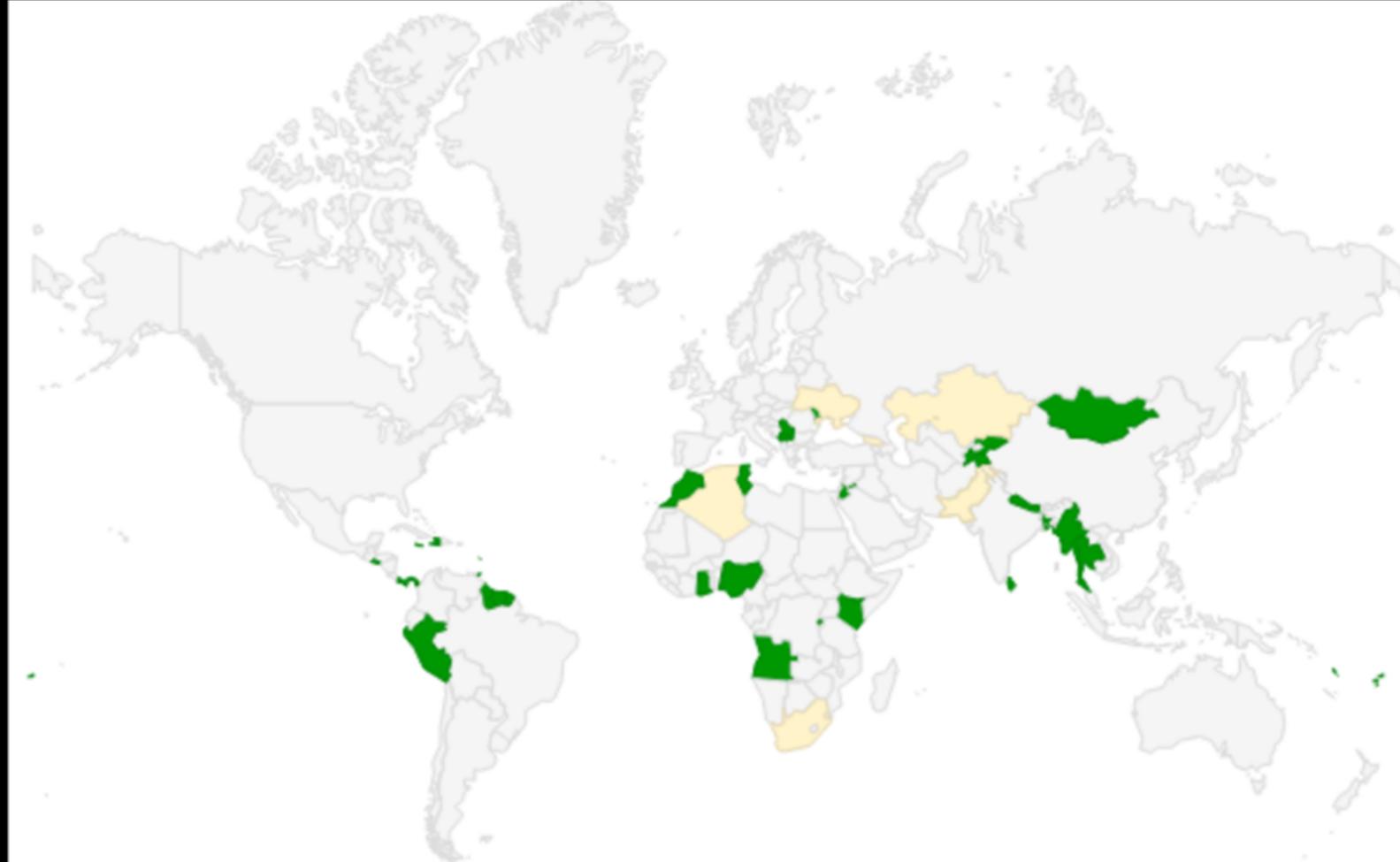
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Wikipedia Zero countries as of September 6 2016

 [More details](#)

 [JVargas \(WMF\)](#) - Own work

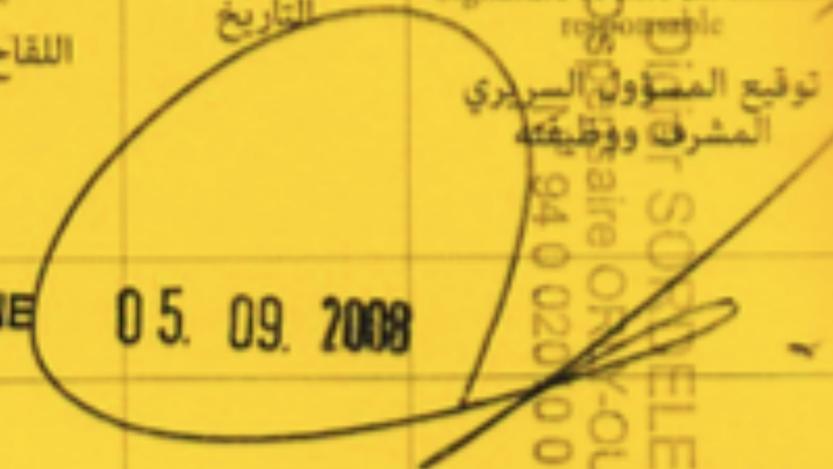
 [CC BY-SA 4.0](#)
 File: [Wikipedia Zero countries as of September 6 2016.png](#)
 Created: 6 September 2016



Source: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Mosquito_2007-2.jpg

**INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATE* OF VACCINATION
OR PROPHYLAXIS**

This is to certify that [name] / Nous certifions que [nom]
 date of birth / né(e) le 20/08/1973 sex / de sexe M
 nationality / et de nationalité ROYAUME DES PAYS-BAS
 national identification document, if applicable / document d'identification
 national, le cas échéant
 whose signature follows / dont la signature suit
 has on the date indicated been vaccinated or received prophylaxis against:
 (name of disease or condition) / a été vacciné(e) ou a reçu des agents
 prophylactiques à la date indiquée contre: (nom de la maladie ou de
 l'affection) **FIEVRE JAUNE**
 in accordance with the International Health Regulations. /
 conformément au Règlement sanitaire international.

Vaccine or prophylaxis Vaccin ou agent prophylactique اللقاح أو وسيلة التوقية	Date Date التاريخ	Signature and professional status of supervising clinician Signature et titre du clinicien responsable توقيع المسؤول السريري المشرف ووظيفته
1 FIEVRE JAUNE	05. 09. 2008	 P. SOMMELET / 01 Avenue ORKAY-QUEST 940 020 00
2.		
3.		

* Requirements for validity of certificate on page 2.
 Voir les conditions de validité à la page 3.

شهادة تطعيم أو ترقية دولية *

WAGMEESTER ANITAشهد بان
 المولود في الجنس
 الجنسية
 صاحب الوثيقة التالية التي تثبت هويته، إذا كانت متاحة،
 والذي يرد توقيعه في هذا الموضع
 قد طُعم، في التاريخ المذكور في هذه الشهادة أو تلقى وسيلة للتوقية
 ضد: (المرض أو الحالة التالية)
 وذلك طبقاً لأحكام اللوائح الصحية الدولية.

Manufacturer and batch no. of vaccine or prophylaxis Fabricant du vaccin ou de l'agent prophylactique et numéro du lot الشركة المنتجة للقاح أو وسيلة التوقية ورقم التشغيل	Certificate valid from: until: Certificat valable à partir du : jusqu'au : هذه الشهادة صالحة ابتداءً من: حتى:	Official stamp of the administering centre Cachet officiel du centre habilité الخاتم الرسمي لمركز التطعيم
VACCIN AMARIL PASTEUR SOUCHE lot n° 185421	05/09/2008 LIFELONG	Préfecture du Val de Marne Aéroport d'Orly Centre de Diagnostic et de Sana Centre International de Vaccination Organisme habilité

* انظر شروط الصلاحية في الصفحة 2

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10 stappen om data publiek toegankelijk te maken in Wikidata

Step 1: Select a public license & link to Semantic Web

- The data in Wikidata is published under the Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication 1.0
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```
#QUERY <http://sparql.wikipathways.org>
PREFIX wdt: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/direct/>
PREFIX wd: <http://www.wikidata.org/entity/>
PREFIX p: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/>
PREFIX wikibase: <http://wikiba.se/ontology#>
PREFIX bd: <http://www.bigdata.com/rdf#>

SELECT DISTINCT ?wd_gene ?title ?page WHERE {
  SERVICE <https://query.wikidata.org/bigdata/namespace/wdq/sparql> {
    # Below is the Wikidata specific part of the query
    ?wd_gene wdt:P279 wd:Q7187 ;
              wdt:P703 wd:Q15978631 ;
              wdt:P2888 ?wd_wp .
  }
  # Below is the Wikipathways specific part of the query
  ?wd_wp dcterms:isPartOf ?pathway .
  ?pathway dc:title ?title .
  ?pathway foaf:page ?page .
  ?pathway dc:identifier ?wpIdentifier .
}
```

CCO: <https://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>

Link to the semantic web: doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.4750795

Step 2: Be(come) FAIR & Notable

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data
is about
MORE
THAN
DISCLOSURE
it must be
Fair

- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable

Notable items fulfil at least 1 of the following criteria:

1. It contains at least one valid sitelink to a page on Wikipedia (or its sister projects)
2. It can be described using serious and publicly available references
3. It fulfills some structural need

<https://www.force11.org/group/fairgroup>

<https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:Notability>

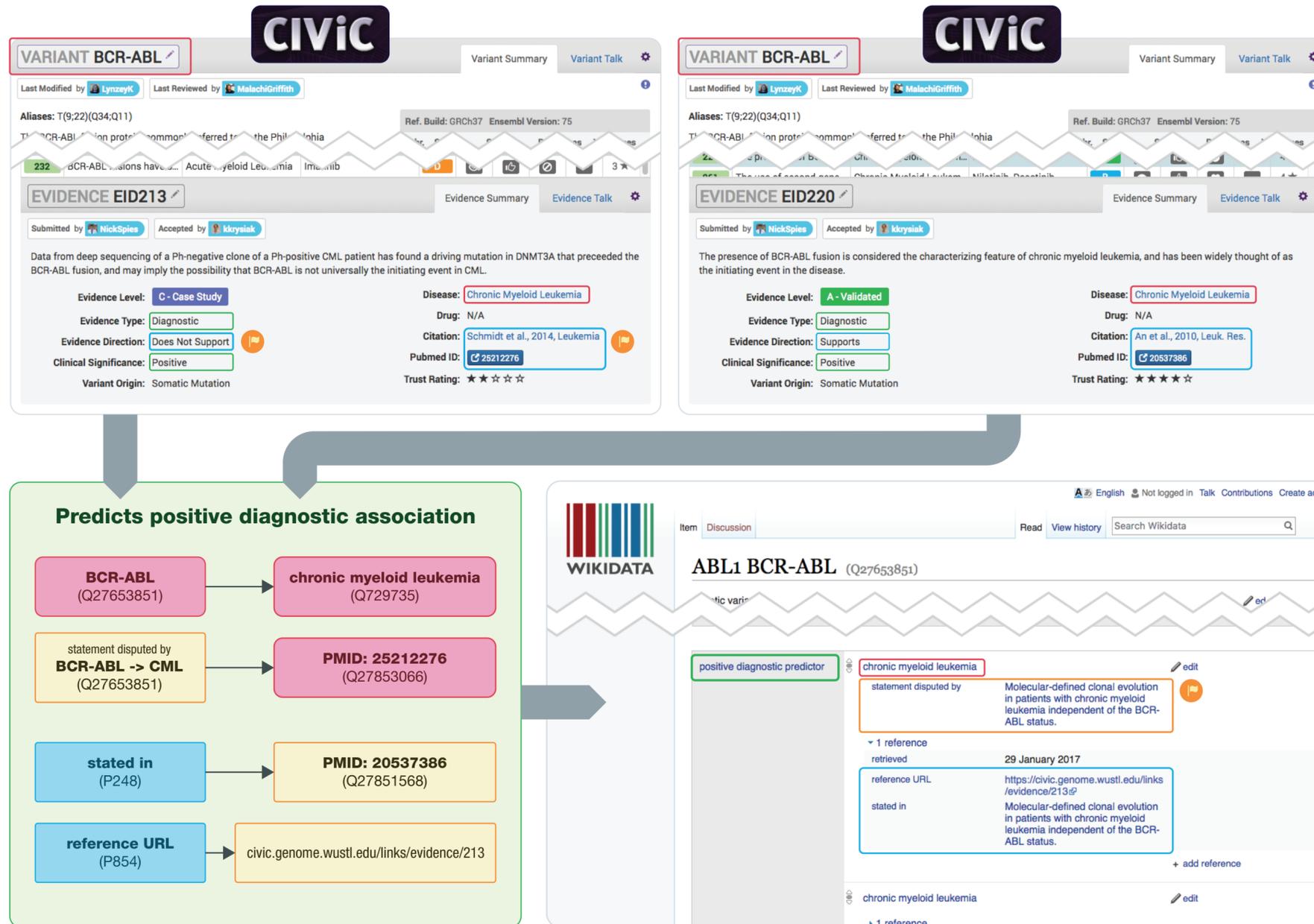
Step 3: Join Wikidata communities



Wikiprojects:

- https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:WikiProject_Molecular_biology
- https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:WikiProject_Medicine
- https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:WikiProject_Ontology

Step 4: Reach consensus on the underlying data model



New Wikidata properties:

- CIViC variant ID (P3329)
- HGVS nomenclature (P3331)
- positive therapeutic predictor (P3354)
- negative therapeutic predictor (P3355)
- positive diagnostic predictor (P3356)
- negative diagnostic predictor (P3357)
- positive prognostic predictor (P3358)
- negative prognostic predictor (P3359)
- biological variant of (P3433)

Step 5: Show evidence

{ } wikicite

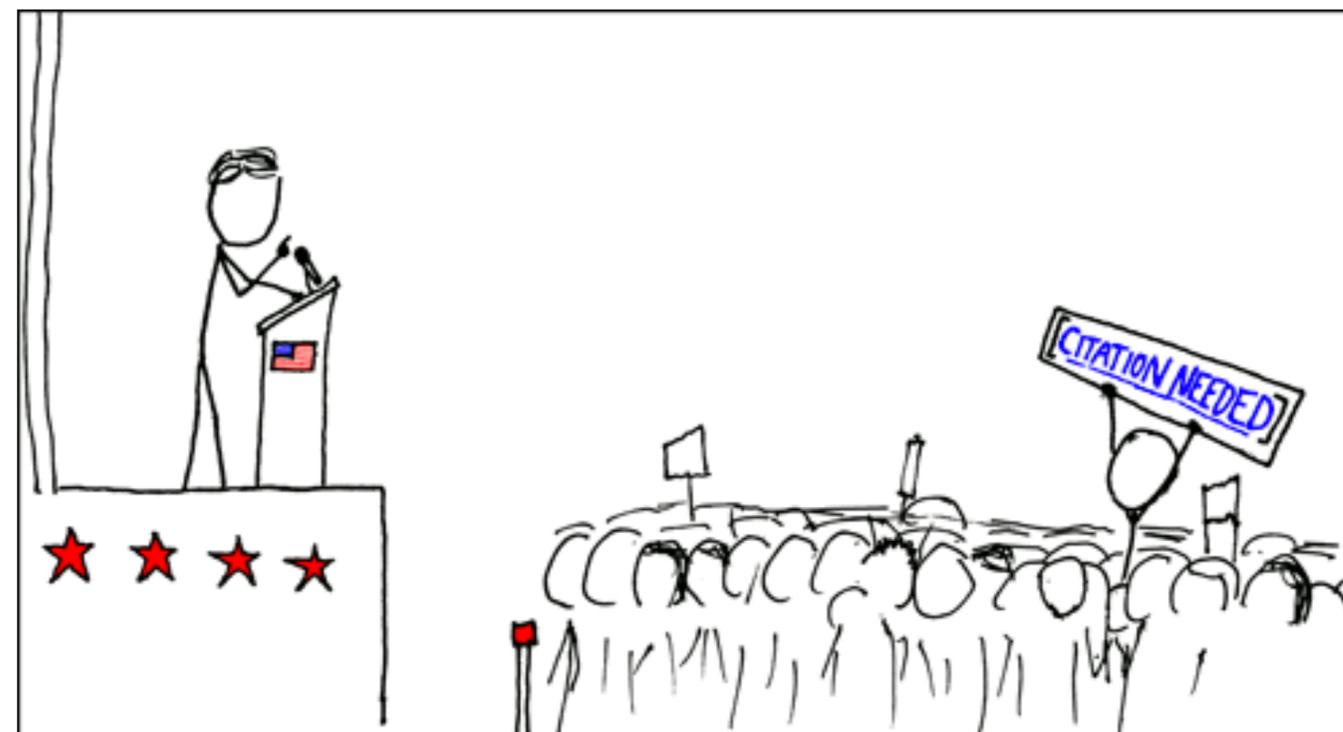
WikiCite builds a bibliographic database in Wikidata to serve all Wikimedia projects. Citations can now be added::

- Source Metadata:

<https://tools.wmflabs.org/sourcemd/>

- PMIDTool:

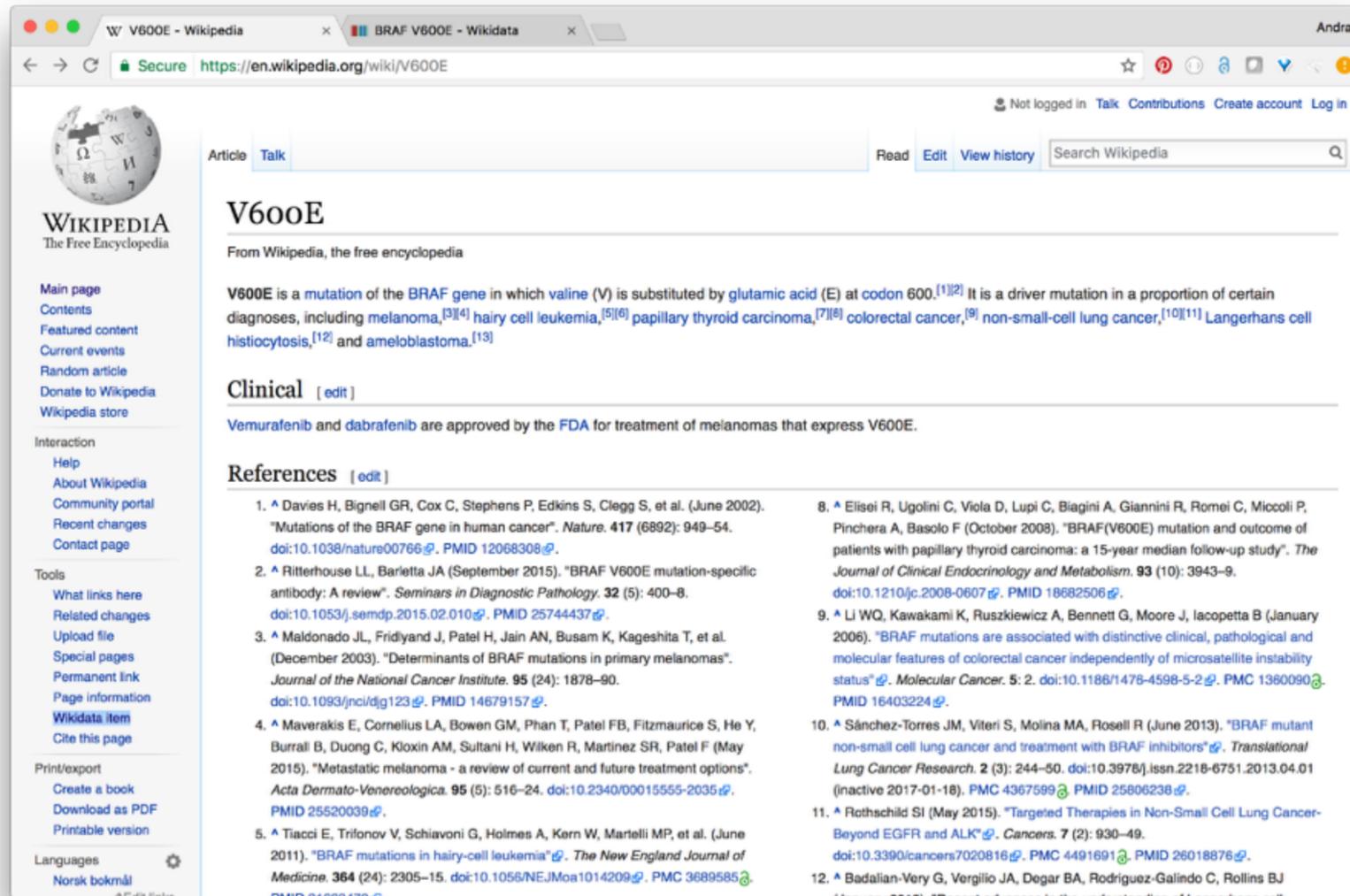
https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:WikiProject_Source_Metadata/PMIDTool



wikicite: <https://meta.wikimedia.org/wiki/WikiCite>

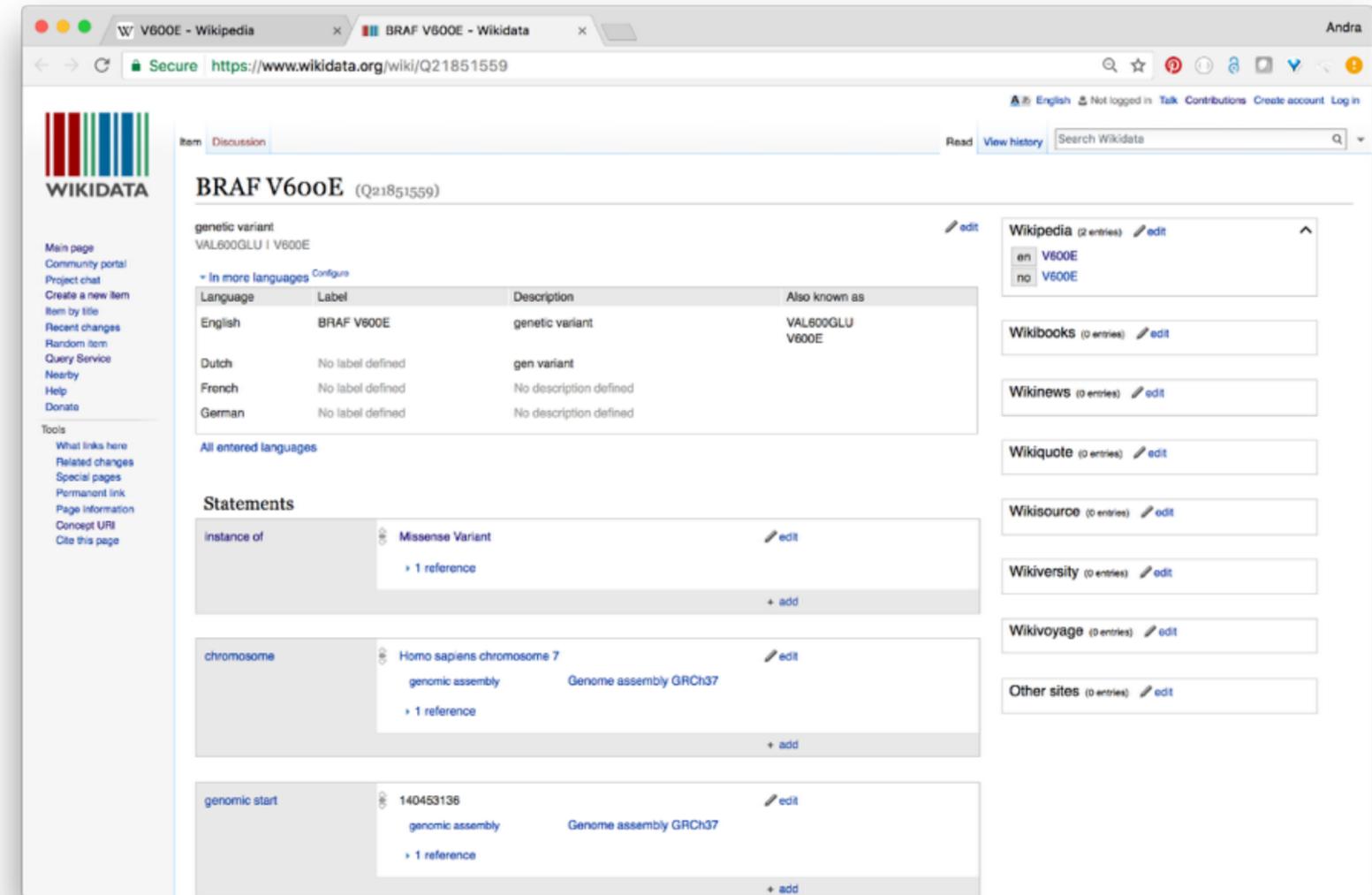
Evidence patterns: <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/User:ProteinBoxBot/evidence>

Step 6: Create 1 or more canonical examples



The screenshot shows the Wikipedia article for V600E. The article title is "V600E" and it is described as a mutation of the BRAF gene. The text states: "V600E is a mutation of the BRAF gene in which valine (V) is substituted by glutamic acid (E) at codon 600.^{[1][2]} It is a driver mutation in a proportion of certain diagnoses, including melanoma,^{[3][4]} hairy cell leukemia,^{[5][6]} papillary thyroid carcinoma,^{[7][8]} colorectal cancer,^[9] non-small-cell lung cancer,^{[10][11]} Langerhans cell histiocytosis,^[12] and ameloblastoma.^[13]" The article also includes a "Clinical" section mentioning the approval of Vemurafenib and dabrafenib by the FDA, and a "References" section with 12 numbered citations.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/V600E>



The screenshot shows the Wikidata page for BRAF V600E (Q21851559). The page displays the item's label in English as "BRAF V600E" and its description as "genetic variant". It also shows the item's instance of "Missense Variant" and its chromosome location as "Homo sapiens chromosome 7". The page includes a table of labels in various languages and a list of statements with references.

<https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q21851559>

Step 7: Automate

Different automation platforms are available:

- Quickstatements, is tool which can batches of statements (with optional qualifiers and sources) to Wikidata items
- PMIDTool: Tool to add Pubmed entries to the wikicite publication database
- Wikidata Integrator: a python library for reading and writing to Wikidata/Wikibase.

Quickstatements:

http://tools.wmflabs.org/wikidata-todo/quick_statements.php

PMIDTool: https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:WikiProject_Source_MetaData/PMIDTool

Wikidata Integrator: <https://github.com/SuLab/WikidataIntegrator>



Step 8: Validate

Constraint Violations

The screenshot shows the Wikidata page for constraint violations on property P699. The page title is "Wikidata:Database reports/Constraint violations/P699". It provides a summary of constraint violations for the property "Disease Ontology ID". The page includes a table of contents with sections for "Format" violations, "Unique value" violations, and "Single value" violations. The "Single value" violations section shows 41 violations, including items like "recurrent miscarriage" and "Amino acid transport disorder".

W3c Shape Expressions

The screenshot shows the W3c Shape Expressions validation tool interface. The "Schema (ShEx)" section displays the parsed schema for the Wikidata property P699. The "Data" section shows the data crawled from Wikidata. The "Validation messages" section lists the validation results for various Wikidata entities, including a failure for the entity Q28532487. The "Validate via SPARQL" section shows the SPARQL query used for validation.

Wikidata constraint violations: https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Wikidata:Database_reports/Constraint_violations

Shape expressions: <http://tinyurl.com/wikidataShExDemo>



Examples

Prefixes ▾

Tools ▾

Help ▾

1 (Input a SPARQL query or choose a query example)



Press [CTRL-SPACE] to activate auto completion.

Data updated **a few seconds** ago

▶ Run

Clear

Step 9: Reuse (R)

```
1 library(SPARQL)
2 library(ggplot2)
3 library(rworldmap)
4
5 wdqs <- "https://query.wikidata.org/bigdata/namespace/wdq/sparql"
6 query <- "PREFIX wd: <http://www.wikidata.org/entity/>
7 PREFIX wdt: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/direct/>
8 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
9 PREFIX p: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/>
10 PREFIX v: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/statement/>
11 PREFIX qualifier: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/qualifier/>
12 PREFIX statement: <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/statement/>
13 SELECT DISTINCT ?countryLabel ?IS03Code ?latlon ?prevalence ?year WHERE {
14 wd:Q36956 wdt:P699 ?doid ; # P699 Disease ontology ID
15 p:P1193 ?prevalencewithProvenance . # P1193 prevalence
16 ?prevalencewithProvenance qualifier:P17 ?country ;
17 qualifier:P585 ?year ;
18 statement:P1193 ?prevalence . # P17 country
19 ?country wdt:P625 ?latlon ;
20 rdfs:label ?countryLabel ;
21 wdt:P298 ?IS03Code ;
22 wdt:P297 ?IS03Code .
23 FILTER (lang(?countryLabel) = \"en\")
24 }"
25 |
26 results <- SPARQL(wdqs, query)
27 resultMatrix <- as.matrix(results$results)
28 View(resultMatrix)
29 sPDF <- joinCountryData2Map(results$results, joinCode = "IS03", nameJoinColumn = "IS03Code")
30 mapCountryData(sPDF, nameColumnToPlot="prevalence", oceanCol="lightblue", missingCountryCol
31 View(getMap())
```

R libraries

SPARQL Query

Analysis and visualization

Prevalence of leprosy in the Americas



Step 9: Reuse (R)

```
1 library(WikidataQueryServiceR)
2 library(rvest)
3 library(urltools)
4
5 sparql_query <- scrape_example(c("Variant counts by predictor type"))
6
7 results <- query_wikidata(sparql_query)
8 barplot(results$counts, main="Variant counts by predictor type",
9         las=2, names.arg=results$propertyLabel)
```

R libraries

Get example query

Analysis and visualization

WikidataQueryServiceR is an R wrapper for the Wikidata Query Service (WDQS), which allows extracting queries directly from the examples given in the WDQS. <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/WikidataQueryServiceR/README.html>

VariantTypes.R

Source on Save

Run

Source

```
1 library(WikidataQueryServiceR)
2 library(rvest)
3 library(urltools)
4 sparql_query <- scrape_example(c("Variant counts by predictor type"))
5 results <- query_wikidata(sparql_query)
6 barplot(results$counts, main="Variant counts by predictor type",
7         las=2, names.arg=results$propertyLabel)
8
```

1:1 (Top Level)

R Script

Console ~/

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

During startup - Warning messages:

```
1: Setting LC_CTYPE failed, using "C"
2: Setting LC_COLLATE failed, using "C"
3: Setting LC_TIME failed, using "C"
4: Setting LC_MESSAGES failed, using "C"
5: Setting LC_MONETARY failed, using "C"
```

>

Environment History

Import Dataset

List

Global Environment

Environment is empty

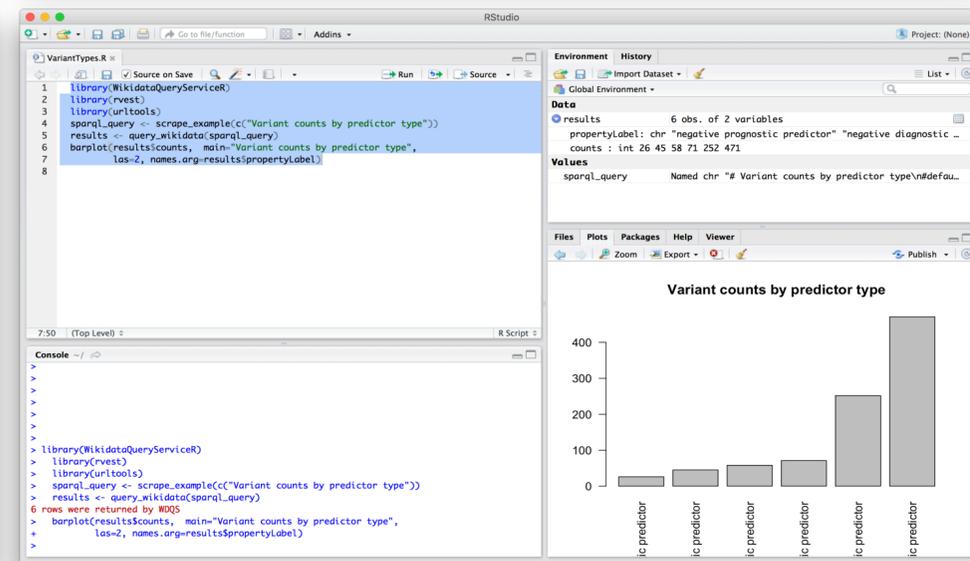
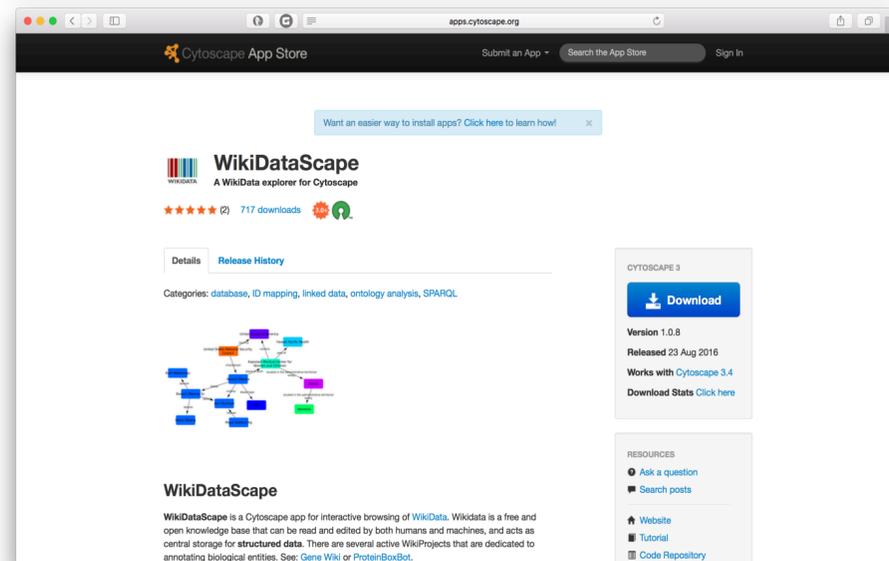
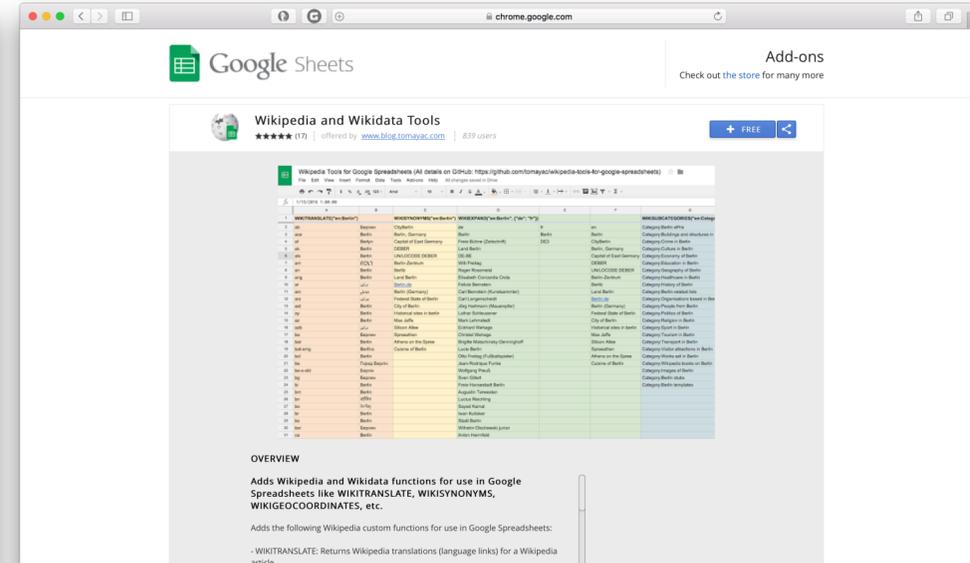
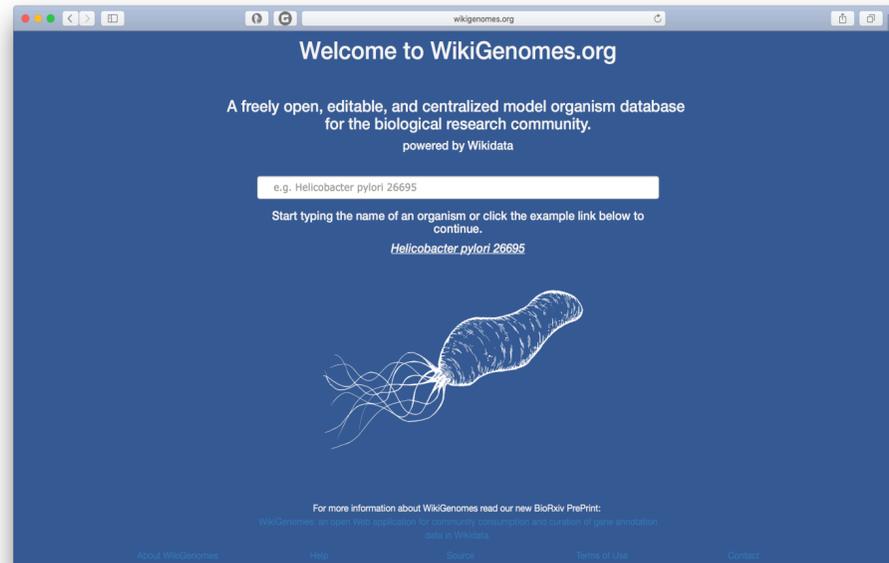
Files Plots Packages Help Viewer

Zoom Export

Step 9: Reuse (build tools/apps)

1. <http://www.wikigenomes.org>

2. <http://tinyurl.com/WikipediaWikidataGoogleAddOn>



3. <http://apps.cytoscape.org/apps/wikidatascape>

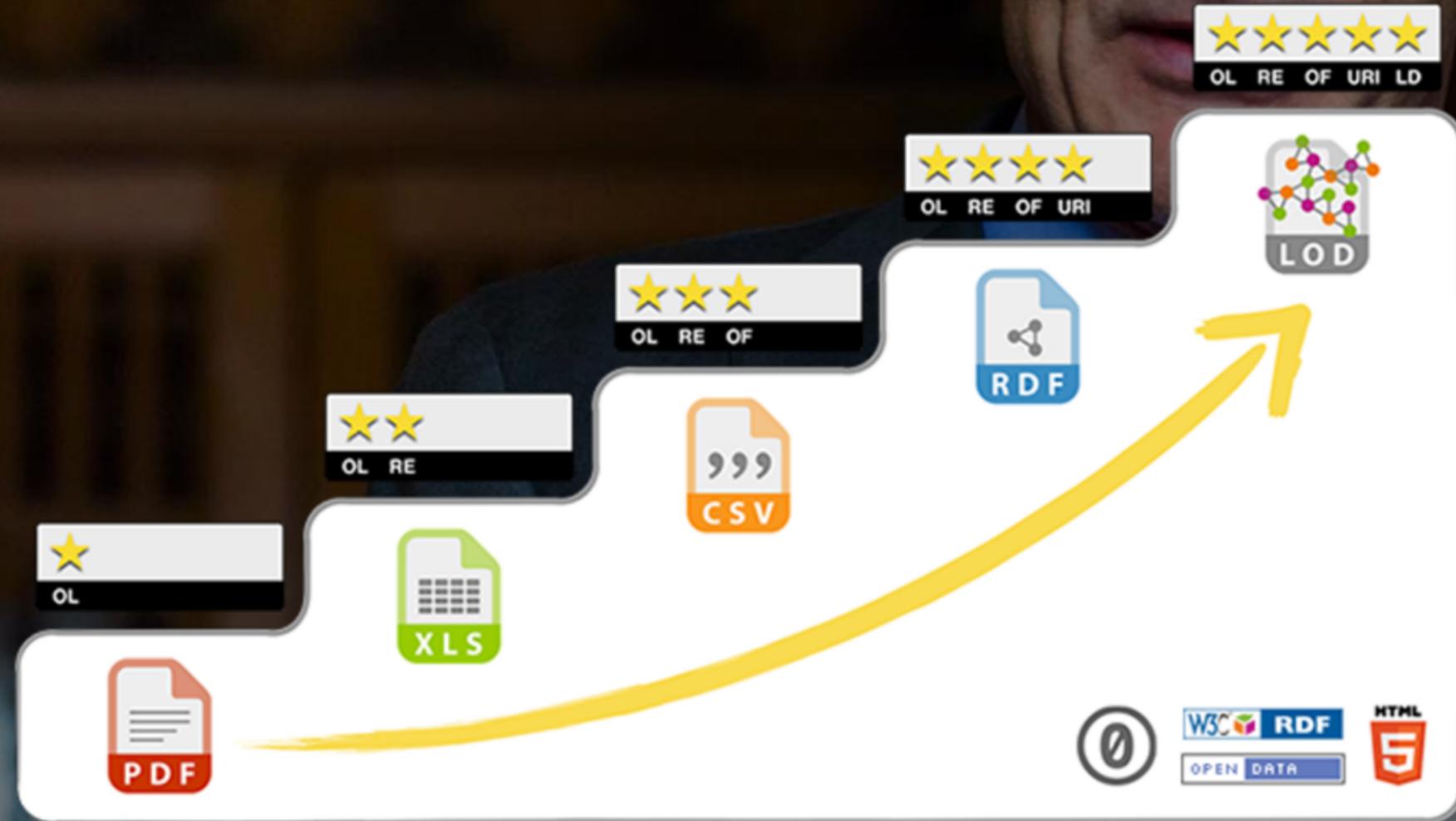
4. <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/WikidataQueryServiceR/index.html>

Step 10: Update



5 ★ OPEN DATA

Tim Berners-Lee, the inventor of the Web and Linked Data initiator, suggested a 5-star deployment scheme for Open Data. Here, we give examples for each step of the stars and explain costs and benefits that come along with it.



Takehome message

```

1 #Cats
2 SELECT ?item ?language1 ?language2
3 WHERE
4 {
5     ?item wdt:P699 ?doid ;
6         rdfs:label ?language1 ;
7         rdfs:label ?language2 .
8     FILTER (LANG(?language1) = "srn")
9     FILTER (LANG(?language2) = "de")
10 }

```

Find anything

Show

Limit

Press [CTRL-SPACE] to activate auto completion. Data updated a few seconds ago

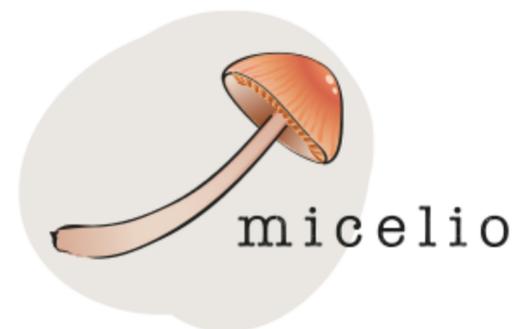
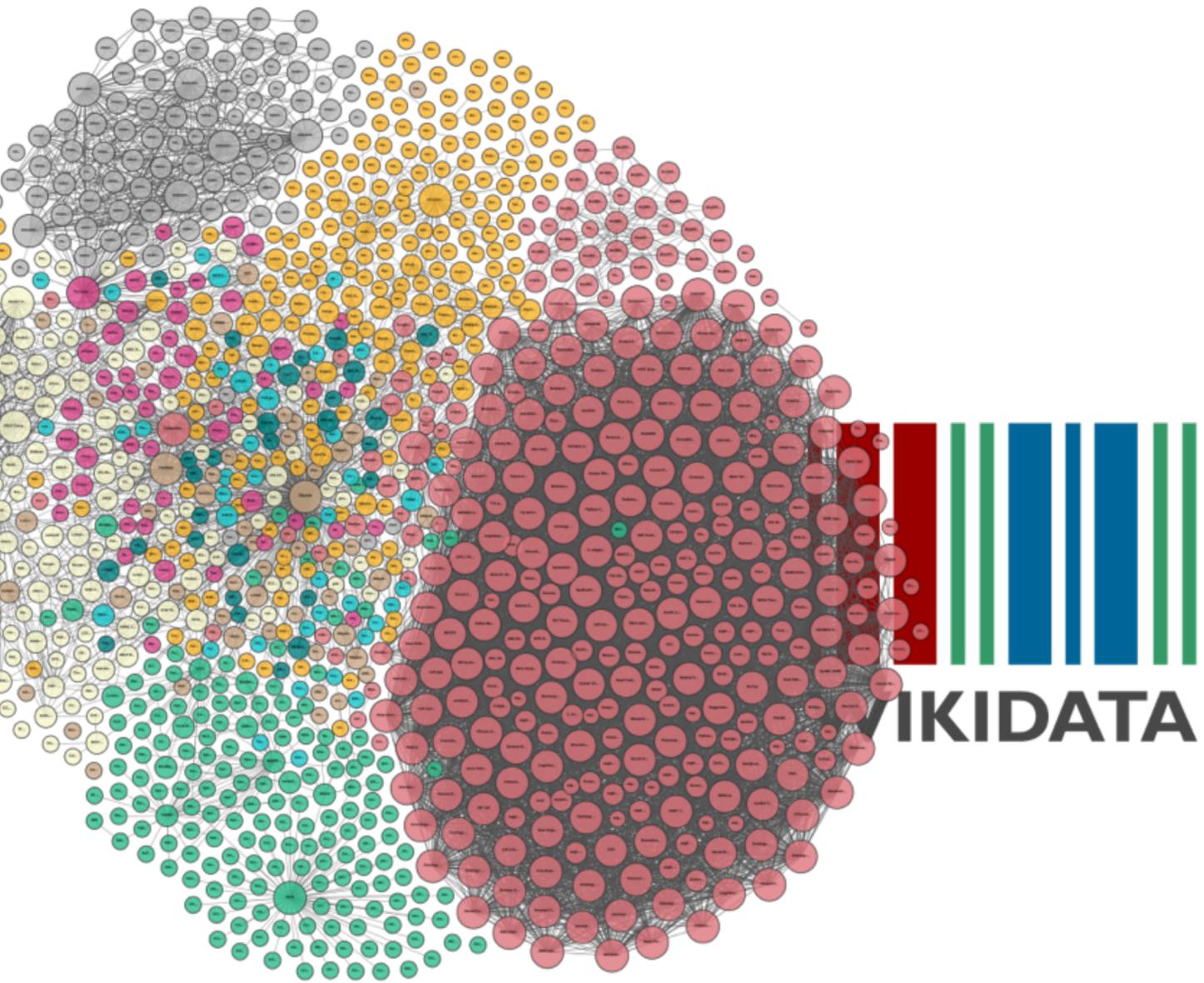
Run Clear

Is there local public data on mosquito transmitted diseases, like Zika or malaria that could be added to Wikidata?

fotobron: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Mosquito_2007-2.jpg



Dataplaygrounds



Welke soep gaan wij maken?



D&A Management



D&A Management is an Belgian *consultancy/management/investment* company that is strong in matching people and companies all over the world.

Integrity, dynamism and versatility are our strengths. **Passion and expertise** our features. We want to provide added value and working together to build your success story.



D&A Management is looking forward to work together with a Distribution-partner in ***Suriname*** for the products on the next pages..



CIDRERIE RUWET NV

Since **1898** Cidrerie Ruwet is a producer of **craft apple cider**.

Based on our experiences, standards and methods of production, we decided to maintain certain principles: we believe *“there is no substitute for quality”*.

Many years ago, many industrial cider manufacturers tried to “innovate” but in fact they just tried to do things in a cheaper way by compromising on quality. Industrial cider producers use apple juice from concentrate and dry yeast.

At Ruwet we use **only 100% apple juice, freshly pressed in the morning and fermented at noon with our fresh, organic yeast.**

Cidrerie Ruwet NV is 100% Belgian, privately owned and independent. In 2014 a young management team, the brothers Joris (32y) and Frank (35y) Hermans together with a third partner, took over the company via a MBO. After a profound operational and strategic reorganisation, the company now enters into the last stage. this is the commercial reorientation.



THE BELGIAN CRAFT CIDER

To turn its heritage of traditional apple cider into today's demand and the international trend of “craft cider”, Cidrerie Ruwet NV is launching the only ***Belgian Craft Cider***. *Belgian* because the company is 100% Belgian and processes only Belgian fruit, *Craft* because it still produces apple cider in a traditional, authentic way based on its experiences for more the 100 years.

With premium quality in the bottle and a trendy, authentic look on the bottle, **Cidre Ruwet is the alternative for a dynamic consumer who is looking for authenticity, craftsmanship and quality.**

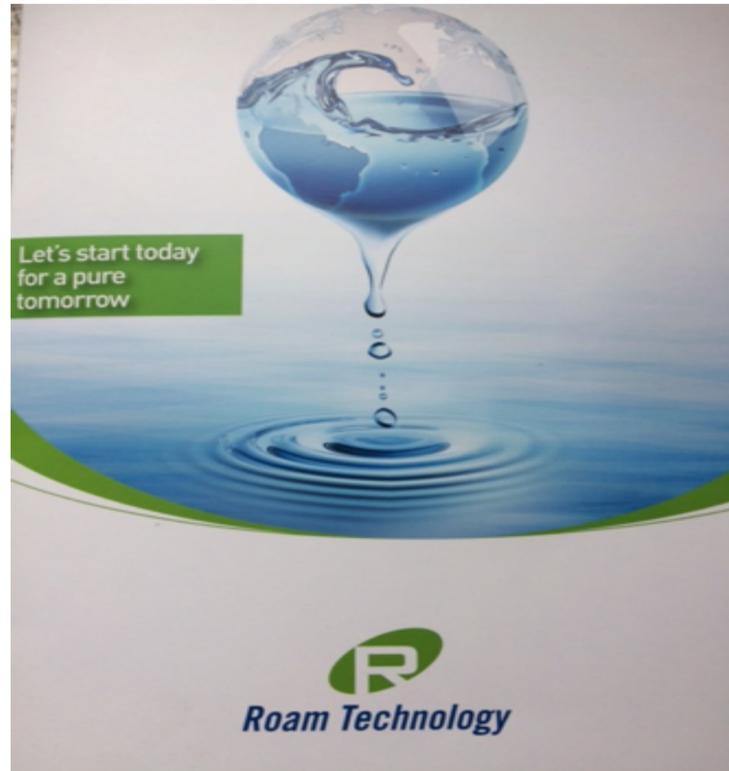


PRODUCTS

Cidre RUWET *Apple* 33Cl 4,5% Alc.
A natural apple cider, medium sweet

Cidre RUWET *Elderberry* 33Cl 4,5% Alc.
A natural apple cider with hints of elderberry
and muscat grape





Huwa-San is a Roam Technology brand



Roam-Technology is a world-leader company in cleaning-water..

Roam Technology designs efficient and sustainable disinfection solutions for a diverse range of applications. Take for example the disinfection of surfaces and water in the horticultural and veterinary field, the cosmetics, food and drink industries, swimming pools, and for domestic use. Hygiene is key in almost every environment.

And that's exactly where we would like to make a difference with our innovative knowledge, superior quality products and customised service.

Roam Technology always goes the extra mile for a cleaner future. Both for your own company as well as for the world around you.

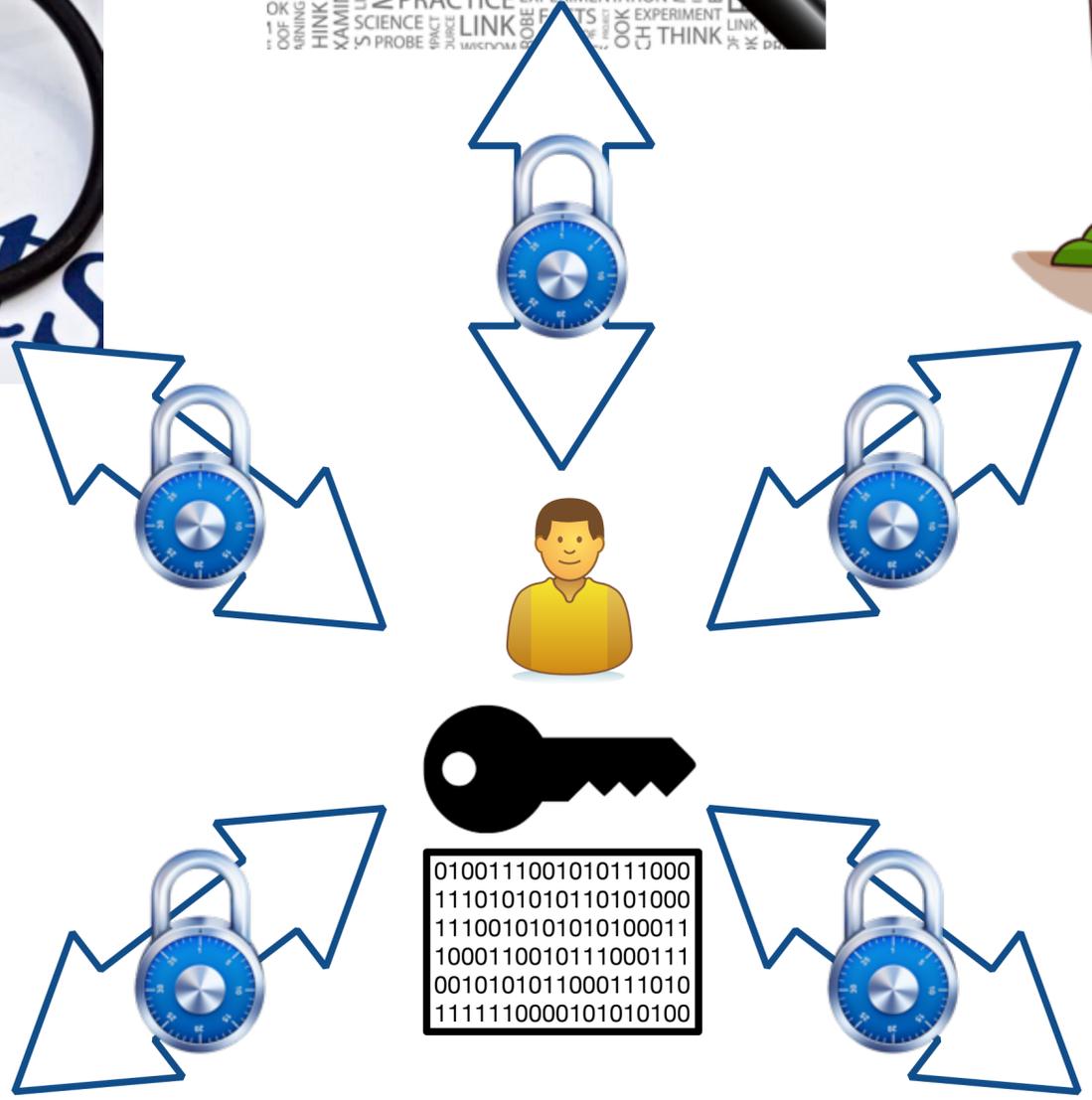


DUTCH TECHCENTRE FOR LIFE SCIENCES

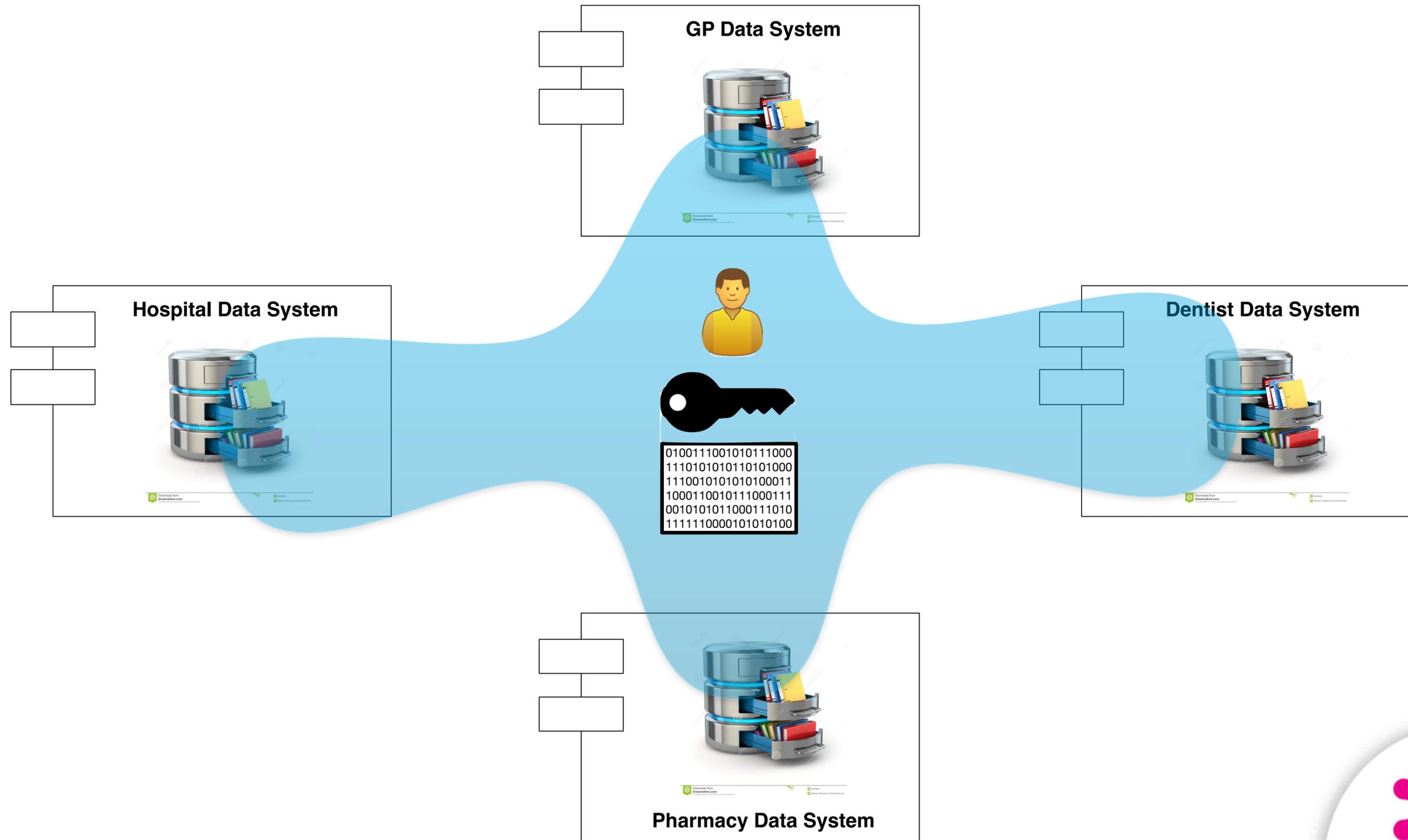
PERSONAL HEALTH TRAIN (SUGGESTED) CONCEPTUAL ARCHITECTURE

Luiz Olavo Bonino - luiz.bonino@dtls.nl

SECURE CONNECTION AND CONTROL



VIRTUAL DATA STORAGE





HOW TO INTEGRATE MANY TYPES OF LOCKERS?

- **Based on FAIR Data**
- **Define minimal functionality**
- **Define compliant interfaces**
- **Certify solution providers**



-
- ☑ Wikidata contains public data
 - ☑ Wikidata provides a public infrastructure for your FAIR data
 - ☑ Sharing your data on Wikidata makes it FAIR
 - ☑ Communities are key in Wikidata
 - ☑ Wikidata is not a primary data source and need proper citation to the evidence
 - ☑ WikiCite enabled a linked citation graph on Wikidata.
 - ☑ We have successfully added and integrated authoritative data on genes, proteins, genetic variants, diseases, drugs, chemical compounds and citations to Wikidata.
 - ☑ We need more tools / interfaces using Wikidata
 - ☑ We cordially invite you to join us (and CIViC, Cellosaurus and WikiPathways) in making Wikidata the central hub of life science data,.

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Wikidata community

All users & administrators

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