**SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE LEGENDS**

**Supplementary Figure 1.** Optical coherence tomography angiographs of the choriocapillaris layer before (left) and 1 (middle) and 8 months (right) after systemic corticosteroid therapy. Areas showing decreased vascularity or hypo-/nonperfusion of the choriocapillarisat baseline or Month 1 are partially replaced with irregular hyperreflective lines (considered as capillaries) at Month 8.

**Supplementary Figure 2**. Indocyanine green (upper) and fluorescein angiography (lower) images of the right eye before (left) and (right) 8 months after systemic corticosteroid therapy. These images were obtained approximately 25 s following fluorescein or indocyanine green dye injection. The macular area showing filling defect at baseline shows partial choriocapillaris filling in the follow-up image.

**Supplementary Figure 3**. Fundus autofluorescence (FAF, upper) and retromode images (Retro, lower) before and 1 week and 8 months after corticosteroid therapy. FAF at Month 8 shows remarkable change of the lesion compared to the previous visits, from hyperfluorescence to hypofluorescence, and enlargement of the lesion (arrows), which is barely identifiable on fundus photography (Fd) and corresponds to photoreceptor defect without any exudation or subretinal fluid on optical coherence tomography (OCT) B-scan image. On retromode images, elevation of the margin (arrowheads) is decreased 1 week after treatment and at Month 8, the margin shows no elevation.