



Fig. 8 (Supplementary): Sensitivity analyses in relation to the lead- succimer association constant of the CLT model are shown for urine lead concentrations. The continuous line represents the predictions with the individually fitted lead-succimer association constant. Predictions with higher or lower values than for the individually fitted lead-succimer association constant are indicated by dotted lines. Lead-succimer association constants higher than the individually fitted lead-succimer association constant (between +10 and +50 %) resulted in higher daily urine lead excretion whereas predictions with lower values (between – 10 and – 50 %) resulted in lower daily urine lead excretion.