# **Supporting Information**

# **Computational screening of metal-organic framework structures for separation of propane/propene mixture**

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## 1. Potential Parameters

Atom Type	$\epsilon/k_B[K]$	σ [Å]
Ac	16.6	3.1
Ag	18.11	2.8
Al	254.09	4.01
Am	7.04	3.01
Ar	93.08	3.45
As	155.47	3.77
At	142.89	4.23
Au	19.62	2.93
В	90.57	3.64
Ва	183.15	3.3
Be	42.77	2.45
Bi	260.63	3.89
Bk	6.54	2.97
Br	126.29	3.73
C	52.83	3.43
Са	119.75	3.03
Са	119.75	3.03
Cd	114.72	2.54
Ce	6.54	3.17
Cf	6.54	2.95
Cl	114.21	3.52
Cm	6.54	2.96
Со	7.04	2.56
Cr	7.55	2.69
Cu	2.52	3.11
Cs	22.64	4.02
Dy	3.52	3.05
Eu	4.03	3.11
Er	3.52	3.02
Es	6.04	2.94
F	25.16	3
Fe	6.54	2.59
Fm	6.04	2.93
Fr	25.16	4.37
Ga	208.81	3.9
Ge	190.69	3.81
Gd	4.53	3

Table S1 Lennard-Jones potential parameters for various atoms of the MOFs

Н	22.14	2.57
Hf	36.23	2.8
Hg	193.71	2.41
Но	3.52	3.04
I	170.57	4.01
In	301.39	3.98
lr	36.73	2.53
К	17.61	3.4
Kr	110.69	3.69
La	8.55	3.14
Li	12.58	2.18
Lu	20.63	3.24
Lr	5.53	2.88
Md	5.53	2.92
Mg	55.85	2.69
Mn	6.54	2.64
Мо	28.18	2.72
N	34.72	3.26
Na	15.09	2.66
Ne	21.13	2.66
Nb	29.69	2.82
Nd	5.03	3.18
No	5.53	2.89
Ni	7.55	2.52
Np	9.56	3.05
0	30.19	3.12
Os	18.62	2.78
Р	153.46	3.69
Ра	11.07	3.05
Pb	333.59	3.83
Pd	24.15	2.58
Pm	4.53	3.16
Ро	163.52	4.2
Pr	5.03	3.21
Pt	40.25	2.45
Pu	8.05	3.05
Ra	203.27	3.28
Rb	20.13	3.67
Re	33.21	2.63
Rh	26.67	2.61
Rn	124.78	4.25
Ru	28.18	2.64
S	137.86	3.59

Sb	225.91	3.94
Sc	9.56	2.94
Se	146.42	3.75
Si	202.27	3.83
Sm	4.03	3.14
Sn	285.28	3.91
Sr	118.24	3.24
Та	40.75	2.82
Tb	3.52	3.07
Тс	24.15	2.67
Те	200.25	3.98
Th	13.08	3.03
Ti	8.55	2.83
TI	342.14	3.87
Tm	3.02	3.01
U	11.07	3.02
V	8.05	2.8
W	33.71	2.73
Хе	167.04	3.92
Y	36.23	2.98
Yb	114.72	2.99
Zn	62.39	2.46
Zr	34.72	2.78

### a. Force field for propene

rion conded in parameters for propene				
Atom ID	Pseudo atom	Atom type	$\epsilon/k_B$ (K)	σ (Å)
1	CH3	[CH <sub>3</sub> ]-CH <sub>x</sub>	98	3.75
2	СН	CH <sub>x</sub> =[CH]-CH <sub>y</sub>	47	3.73
3	CH2	$[CH_2] = CH_x$	85	3.675

Non-bonded LJ parameters for propene

Intramolecular potential parameters for propene

Bond ID	Stretch	Туре	Length (Å)
1	1-2	CH <sub>x</sub> -CH <sub>y</sub>	1.54
2	2-3	CH <sub>x</sub> =CH <sub>y</sub>	1.33

The bond angle bending is modelled with the following harmonic function  $k_{o}$ 

$$U_{bend} = \frac{\kappa_{\theta}}{2} (\theta - \theta_0)^2$$

Angle ID	Bend	Туре	$\theta_0$ (in degrees)	$\frac{k_{\theta}}{k_B}$ (K/rad <sup>2</sup> )
1	1 - 2 - 3	CH <sub>x</sub> =(CH)-CH <sub>x</sub>	119.70	70420

### **b.** Force field for propane

Atom ID	Pseudo atom	Atom type	$\epsilon/k_B$ (K)	σ (Å)
1	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>x</sub>	98	3.75
2	CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>x</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>x</sub>	46	3.95
3	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>x</sub>	98	3.75

Non-bonded LJ potential parameters for propane

Intramolecular potential parameters for propane

Bond ID	Stretch	Туре	Length
1	1-2	CH <sub>x</sub> -CH <sub>y</sub>	1.54
2	2-3	CH <sub>x</sub> -CH <sub>y</sub>	1.54

The bond angle bending in propane is modelled using the following harmonic function

2					
Angle ID	Bend	Туре	$\theta_0$ (in degrees)	$k_{\theta}/k_{B}$	
				$(K/rad^2)$	
1	1 - 2 - 3	CH <sub>x</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> )-CH <sub>y</sub>	114	62500	

 $U_{bend} = \frac{k_{\theta}}{2} (\theta - \theta_0)^2$ 



#### 2. Correlations of all the structural properties of the MOFs

Figure S1 Correlations of all the structural properties of the MOFs. Each point corresponds to one MOF structure, the red lines are guides to the eye showing the trend line. The numbers in the boxes indicate the correlation coefficients and the stars indicate the significance level of the correlations. Three stars indicate p-value is 0.001; two stars indicate p-value is 0.01 and single star indicate p-value is 0.05.



#### 3. Regenerability as functions of structural properties

Figure S2 Regenerability plotted as functions of (a) PLD (b) LC (c) void fraction (VF) (d) Density (e) Surface area (SA) (f) pore volume (PV). Each point corresponds to one MOF structure.



Figure S3 Adsorption selectivity as a function of working capacity showing the trade-off between these two quantities. Each point corresponds to one MOF structure. The red points indicate the top performing MOFs.