Determination of the Absolute Configurations of Microtermolides A and B

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1. Experimental section



1-((3a*R*,6*S*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)-4-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)butan-1-one (3).

Compound **3** was synthesized based on literature.¹



4-(benzyloxy)-1-((3a*R*,6*S*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6-methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)butan-1-one (14).

Compound 14 was synthesized based on literature.¹



1-((3a*R*,6*S*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)pentan-1-one (S5).

To a stirred solution of **S1** (1.6 g, 7.5 mmol), Et₃N (1.6ml, 11.2 mmol) and DMAP (92.0 mg, 0.8 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was added n-Pentanoyl chloride **S4** (1.0 g, 8.3 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirred for half an hour, the reaction was quenched by aqueous HCl. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL) and washed successively by aqueous NaOH. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (Petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 8:1) to obtain **S5** (2.1 g; 93%).



1-((6*R*,7a*R*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)pentan-1-one (S7).

Compound S7 was synthesized according to protocol in previous reporting.²



(2S)-1-((3aR,6S)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)-2-methylpentan-1-one (S8).

Under argon atmosphere, to a stirred solution of **S5** (3.8 g, 12.8 mmol) in THF (90ml) was added NaHMDS (8.3 ml, 16.6 mmol) at -78 °C. After 1 hour, HMPA (7.0 ml, 38.3 mmol) was added to this temperature followed by MeI (2.4 ml, 38.3 mmol). The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight before saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (20 mL) was added. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 40 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (Petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 20:1) to obtain **S8** (3.4 g; 86 %). [α]²⁶ _D = +105.0 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃)¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.87 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.11–3.00 (m, 1H), 2.04 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.94–1.81 (m, 3H), 1.80–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.43–1.25 (m, 5H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 0.95 (s, 3H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.4, 65.2, 53.3, 48.3, 47.8, 44.7, 40.2, 38.7, 34.9, 32.9, 26.5, 20.9, 20.6, 20.0, 19.1, 14.2; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₇NO₃SNa⁺, 336.1609; found: 336.1608.



(2*R*)-1-((6*R*,7a*R*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6-methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)-2-methylpentan-1-one (S9).

The procedure was the same as the procedure above. $[\alpha]^{26}_{D} = -104.6$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃)¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.88 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.10–3.01 (m, 1H), 2.04 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.94–1.82 (m, 3H), 1.79–1.71 (m, 1H), 1.43–1.27 (m, 5H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 0.96 (s, 3H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.5, 65.2, 53.3, 48.3, 47.8, 44.7, 40.2, 38.6, 34.9, 32.9, 26.6, 20.9, 20.6, 20.0, 19.1, 14.2; HRMS–MALDI (m/z) :[M+Na]+ calcd for C₁₆H₂₇NO₃SNa⁺, 336.1609; found: 336.1610.



(S)-2-methylpentanal (18a).

Under argon atmosphere, to a solution of compound **S8** (5.0 g, 16.0 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1.5 M in toluene, 16.0 mL, 24.0 mmol) at -78 °C. After stirred for 1.5h at – 78 °C, the reaction was quenched by addition of NaHSO₄ (5.0 g) in water (50 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with hexane (60 mL), and the aqueous layer was extracted with hexane (2 × 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexanes: $CH_2Cl_2 = 2:1$). The eluents were concentrated carefully. The solution of product was dried (1.00 g of 4 Å molecular sieves), and store in – 20 °C overnight. The upper clear solution was used for the next step directly.



(R)-2-methylpentanal (18b).

The procedure was the same as the procedure above.



(*S*,*E*)-allyl-4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-5-((*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)pent-2enoate (S12).

To a stirred suspension of NaH (1.0 g, 25.4 mmol) in THF (68 mL) was added triethyl phosphonoacetate **S11** (7.2 g, 30.5 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. **S10** (5.4 g, 12.7 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 10 min. H₂O (30 mL) was added to quench the reaction, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 60 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 20:1) to obtain **S12** (13.0 g, 84%). [α]²⁶ _D = -2.7 (*c* 10.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66–7.55 (m, 4H), 7.49–7.34 (m, 6H), 6.96 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.99–5.90 (m, 1H), 5.34 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.47–4.40 (m, 1H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.06 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.7, 155.3, 146.9, 135.7, 135.6, 133.0, 132.8, 132.3, 130.1, 130.0, 127.9, 121.8, 118.3, 80.0, 65.5, 65.2, 53.2, 28.5, 26.93, 19.4; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₉H₃₉NO₅SiNa⁺, 532.2495; found: 532.2493.



(*R*,*E*)-5-(allyloxy)-1-((*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)-5-oxopent-3-en-2-aminium 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (11).

To a solution of **S12** (1.0 g, 1.9 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (45 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (15.0 mL, 34.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 4 h before all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. Then the mixture was directly purified through column chromatography (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 10:1 to 2:1) to give the title product **11** (0.8 g, 81%).



General preparation of 4a, 4b, 15a and 15b.

To a solution of the chiral amide 3/14 (1 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added triethylamine (1.3 mmol, 1.3 equiv) and TBSOTf (1.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight; the resulting solution was directly used for the next step. To a solution of the chiral aldehyde **18a/18b** (1.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was added TiCl₄ (1 M in CH₂Cl₂, 1.5 mL, 1.5 mmol) dropwise at -78 °C. After 5 min, the solutionabove was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 3 h before saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (5 mL) was added. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to obtain **4a** or **4b** or **15a** or **15b**.

(2*R*,3*R*,4*R*)-1-((3a*R*,6*S*)-8,8-dimethyl-2,2-dioxidohexahydro-1*H*-3a,6methanobenzo[c]isothiazol-1-yl)-3-hydroxy-2-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-4methylheptan-1-one (4a). [α]²⁷ _D = +42.7 (*c* 4.0, CHCl₃); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) ν_{max} : 3534, 2955, 2872, 1688, 1513, 1245, 1128, 820, 769; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.76–3.72 (m, 1H), 3.55–3.48 (m, 4H), 3.42–3.36 (m, 2H), 2.63 (br s, 1H), 2.22–2.12 (m, 2H), 2.06–2.00 (m, 1H), 1.87–1.81 (m, 4H), 1.58–1.48 (m, 2H), 1.46–1.38 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.10–1.05 (m, 1H), 0.96-0.95 (m, 6H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.9, 159.1, 130.9, 129.4, 113.7, 78.5, 72.4, 67.9, 65.6, 55.3, 53.3, 48.3, 47.8, 45.8, 44.7, 38.6, 36.0, 33.0, 32.0, 29.0, 26.5, 20.7, 20.2, 20.0, 16.7, 14.4; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₄₃NO₆SNa⁺, 544.2709; found: 544.2708

4b: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +34.8 (c 2.3, CHCl_3)$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.27 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.73–3.68 (m, 1H), 3.62 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.49 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34–3.28 (m, 1H), 2.29–2.24 (m, 2H), 2.15 (dt, J = 15.5, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (dd, J = 13.8, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.88–1.81 (m, 3H), 1.76–1.69 (m, 1H), 1.40 (dd, J = 11.3, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.35–1.23 (m, 6H),

1.16 (s, 3H), 0.94 (s, 3H), 0.88–0.85 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.3, 159.2, 131.0, 129.5, 113.8, 72.6, 68.2, 65.8, 55.4, 53.4, 48.3, 47.8, 47.0, 44.8, 38.5, 36.3, 35.2, 33.0, 29.1, 26.5, 20.8, 20.4, 20.0, 14.3, 12.4; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₄₃NO₆SNa⁺, 544.2709; found: 544.2705.

15a: $[α]^{29}_{D}$ = +42.9 (*c* 2.8, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.17 (m, 5H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70–3.67 (m, 1H), 3.51 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.47–3.43 (m, 1H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 3.37–3.33 (m, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (brs, 1H), 2.18–2.09 (m, 2H), 1.99–1.95 (m, 1H), 1.84–1.78 (m, 4H), 1.53–1.43 (m, 2H), 1.41–1.34 (m, 1H), 1.24–1.20 (m, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.05–1.01 (m, 1H), 0.91–0.88 (m, 6H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.9, 138.8, 128.3, 127.8, 127.4, 78.5, 72.7, 68.1, 65.6, 53.3, 48.2, 47.8, 45.8, 44.7, 38.5, 36.0, 32.9, 32.0, 29.0, 26.5, 20.7, 20.2, 20.0, 16.7, 14.3; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): $[M+Na]^+$ calcd for C₂₇H₄₁NO₅SNa⁺, 514.2603; found: 514.2600.

15b: [α] ¹¹ _D = +34.7 (*c* 5.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.17 (m, 5H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 3.66–3.61 (m, 1H), 3.57 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 3.28–3.24 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.17 (m, 2H), 2.14–2.06 (m, 1H), 1.98–1.93 (m, 1H), 1.80–1.74 (m, 3H), 1.71–1.64 (m, 1H), 1.39–1.31 (m, 1H), 1.29–1.14 (m, 5H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 3H), 0.83–0.78 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.2, 138.8, 128.3, 127.9, 127.5, 72.9, 68.5, 65.7, 53.3, 48.3, 47.8, 47.0, 44.7, 38.5, 36.5, 35.2, 32.9, 29.8, 29.1, 26.5, 20.8, 20.4, 20.0, 14.3, 12.4; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₄₁NO₅SNa⁺, 514.2603; found: 514.2600.



(2R,3R,4R)-allyl-3-hydroxy-2-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-4methylheptanoate (5a). To a solution of 4a (2.2 g 4.2 mmol) in THF, CH₃OH and H₂O (24 mL, 6 mL, 6 mL) was added LiOH·H₂O (885 mg 21.1 mmol) at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was acidified to pH = 2.0 with aqueous 10% NaHSO₄ solution, and was extracted with EtOAc. The solvent were evaporated, and the resulting mixture was directly used for the next step without further purification.

The crude acid was dissolved in methanol (10 mL), and was added a solution of Cs₂CO₃ (688 mg, 2.1 mmol) in H₂O (10 mL) slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed H₂O (20 mL) was added, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate= 20 : 1) to afford the desired compound **5a** (890 mg, 58% for two steps) as a colorless oil.[α]²⁷_D = +15.5 (*c* 1.2, CHCl₃); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) ν_{max} : 3520, 2866, 1726, 1611, 1513, 1459, 1173, 1096, 820; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.93–5.83 (m, 1H), 5.31 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.54–3.49 (m, 1H), 3.47–3.42 (m, 1H), 3.37–3.31 (m, 1H), 2.89–2.85 (m,

1H), 2.67 (br s, 1H), 2.15–2.06 (m, 1H), 1.96–1.88 (m, 1H), 1.63–1.56 (m, 1H), 1.48– 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.23–1.12 (m, 2H), 0.92–0.87 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.6, 159.3, 132.0, 130.5, 129.4, 118.8, 113.9, 76.9, 72.8, 67.6, 65.3, 55.4, 44.7, 37.5, 34.3, 30.6, 20.1, 16.2, 14.5; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₂O₅Na⁺, 387.2147; found: 387.2148.

5b: $[α]^{29}_{D} = +2.3(c \ 3.0, CHCl_3); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) ν_{max}: 3521, 3079, 2956, 2865, 1727, 1612, 1513, 1173, 933; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 (d,$ *J*= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d,*J*= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.93–5.83 (m, 1H), 5.31 (d,*J*= 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d,*J*= 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (dd,*J*= 13.2, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (dd,*J*= 13.2, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.52–3.42 (m, 3H), 2.84–2.79 (m, 1H), 2.45 (br s, 1H), 2.05–1.96 (m, 1H), 1.92–1.84 (m, 1H), 1.59–1.49 (m, 1H), 1.43–1.32 (m, 2H), 1.29–1.22 (m, 1H), 1.19–1.10 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d,*J*= 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.89–0.86 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.5, 159.3, 132.1, 130.5, 129.4, 118.7, 113.9, 75.7, 72.8, 67.6, 65.4, 55.4, 45.8, 36.2, 35.9, 30.1, 20.1, 14.3, 14.0; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₂O₅Na⁺, 387.2147; found: 387.2145.





Pd-C (400 mg) was added in one portion to a stirred solution of the benzyl ether **15a** (1.3 g, 2.65 mmol) in CH₃OH (150 ml) at room temperature, and the apparatus was then evacuated prior to the introduction of hydrogen gas. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24h under one atmosphere of hydrogen, then filtered through

celite. The filter cake was washed with EtOAc and the combined organic washings were then concentrated in vacuum to give the primary alcohol and directly used for the next step.

To a solution of the primary alcohol in MeOH (50 ml) was added silica (2 g) at room temperature, after 24 h, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was further purified through column chromatography (petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 20:1) to the title product **16a** (345 mg, 70% for two steps) as an oil.[α]²⁹ _D = 1.6(*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) ν_{max} : 3463, 2925, 2867, 1757, 1459, 1214, 1091, 1025, 803; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.40 (td, *J* = 8.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 9.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (br s, 1H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dt, *J* = 11.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.33–2.23 (m, 1H), 2.08–1.97 (m, 1H), 1.52–1.44 (m, 1H), 1.40– 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.30–1.22 (m, 3H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.5, 76.4, 67.0, 42.3, 35.9, 32.0, 26.2, 20.6, 16.7, 14.5; HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₁₈NO₃Na⁺, 209.1154; found: 209.1154.

16b: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = -19.8 \ (c \ 1.0, \ CHCl_3); \ IR \ (KBr, \ cm^{-1}) \ v_{max}: 3517, 2929, 2872, 1753, 1459, 1329, 1136, 1023, 936; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) <math>\delta$ 4.34 (td, $J = 8.9, 1.4 \ Hz, 1H$), 4.15 (ddd, $J = 10.7, 9.1, 6.4 \ Hz, 1H$), 3.87 (br s, 1H), 3.64 (d, $J = 9.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 2.62 (dt, $J = 11.7, 9.1 \ Hz, 1H$), 2.26–2.18 (m, 1H), 1.95–1.84 (m, 1H), 1.47–1.38 (m, 2H), 1.34–1.24 (m, 3H), 0.87–0.82 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.9, 74.0, 66.9, 42.2, 35.9, 35.2, 25.7, 20.3, 14.2, 12.2; HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₁₈NO₃Na⁺, 209.1154; found: 209.1150.



General preparation of 6a, 6b, 23a and 23b.

To a solution of acid 12 (1.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and the alcohol ester 5a/5b/16a/16b (1 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) was added DMAP (0.6 mmol, 0.6 equiv)) and DIC (2 mmol, 2 equiv) under argon atmosphere at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at 20°C, and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), and then quenched with H₂O (10 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to obtain **6a** or **6b** or **23a** or **23b**.

(2R,3R,4R)-allyl-3-(((*R*)-2-((((9*H*-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)amino)-3methylbutanoyl)oxy)-2-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-4-methylheptanoate (6a): $[\alpha]^{27}_{D} = +26.0 (c \ 0.9, CHCl_3); IR (KBr, cm^{-1}) \nu_{max}:3362, 2961, 2869, 1733, 1514, 1456, 1261, 1096, 1025,804; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) <math>\delta$ 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.64–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (td, *J* = 7.4, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.92–5.83 (m, 1H), 5.43 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.41–4.39 (m, 2H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 4.31 (dd, J = 9.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.51–3.44 (m, 1H), 3.43–3.37 (m, 1H), 3.06–3.04 (m, 1H), 2.21–2.17 (m, 1H), 2.01–1.92 (m, 1H), 1.86–1.73 (m, 2H), 1.44–1.30 (m, 2H), 1.20–1.07 (m, 2H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.7Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.4, 171.5, 159.3, 156.4, 144.1, 144.0, 141.4, 132.1, 130.4, 129.4, 127.8, 127.2, 125.3, 120.1, 118.7, 113.9, 79.0, 72.8, 67.3, 67.2, 65.4, 59.5, 55.4, 47.4, 44.4, 34.9, 33.6, 31.1, 29.6, 19.9, 19.5, 17.3, 16.1, 14.3; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₄₁H₅₁NO₈Na⁺, 708.3512; found: 708.3509.

6b: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +6.7 (c \, 1.8, CHCl_3)$; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) ν_{max} : 354, 3062, 2960, 2872, 1733, 1611, 1456, 1175, 988; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.77 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.65–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.2Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.91–5.83 (m, 1H), 5.41 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20–5.17 (m, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.41–4.40 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 4.32 (dd, J = 9.1, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, J = 9.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.44–3.38 (m, 1H), 3.06–3.01 (m, 1H), 2.21–2.17 (m, 1H), 1.99–1.92 (m, 1H), 1.85–1.77 (m, 2H), 1.41–1.29 (m, 3H), 1.17–1.11 (m, 1H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.92–0.87 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 171.4, 159.3, 156.3, 144.1, 143.9, 141.4, 132.0, 130.4, 129.4, 127.8, 127.1, 125.2, 120.0, 118.7, 113.8, 78.1, 72.8, 67.3, 67.1, 65.5, 59.4, 55.3, 47.3, 44.9, 35.6, 34.5, 31.0, 29.5, 20.1, 19.5, 17.3, 14.2, 14.1; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₄₁H₅₁NO₈Na⁺, 708.3512; found: 708.3505.

23a: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +7.2(c \ 2.5, \text{CHCl}_3); \text{ IR (KBr, cm}^{-1}) v_{\text{max}}: 3345, 3042, 2925, 2872,$

1771, 1726, 1518, 1227, 1026; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.64–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.32 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.10–5.02 (m, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.34–4.28 (m, 2H), 4.25 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 16.4, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (td, *J* = 9.7, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.37–2.22 (m, 2H), 2.18–2.04 (m, 2H), 1.47–1.32 (m, 2H), 1.24–1.18 (m, 1H), 1.15–1.11 (m, 1H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.5, 171.9, 156.5, 144.2, 143.9, 141.4, 127.8, 127.2, 125.3, 120.1, 77.4, 67.2, 66.1, 59.6, 47.3, 40.3, 34.4, 33.8, 30.8, 26.0, 19.8, 19.6, 17.4, 16.0, 14.3;HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₀H₃₇NO₆Na⁺, 530.2519; found: 530.2517.

23b: IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) v_{max} : 3350, 2960, 2871, 1755, 1710, 1533, 1263, 1070, 963; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.64–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.35 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.36–4.29 (m, 2H), 4.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.18–4.14 (m, 1H), 2.96–2.89 (m, 1H), 2.36–2.26 (m, 2H), 2.11–1.98 (m, 2H), 1.37–1.32 (m, 3H), 1.21–1.13 (m, 1H), 1.04 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.6, 171.8, 156.5, 144.1, 143.9, 141.4, 127.8, 127.2, 125.3, 120.0, 76.2, 67.2, 66.0, 59.5, 47.3, 40.4, 35.4, 34.7, 30.7, 26.2, 20.0, 19.6, 17.3, 14.4, 14.2; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcdfor C₃₀H₃₇NO₆Na⁺, 530.2519; found: 530.2518.



General preparation of 24a, 24b, 25a, 25b.

To a solution of Fmoc-protected amino acid 23a/23b (1 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added $Et_2NH(10 mL)$ at room temperature. After 2 hour, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain **24a** or **24b** or **25a** or **25b**.

(*R*)-(1*R*,2*R*)-2-methyl-1-((*R*)-2-oxotetrahydrofuran-3-yl)pentyl-2-amino-3methylbutanoate (24a): $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +34.0 (c \ 0.2, CHCl_3)$; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) v_{max} : 3336, 2929, 2874, 1772, 1525, 1460, 1256, 1105, 1028; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.99 (dd, *J*= 7.1, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (td, *J* = 8.8, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd, *J* = 16.5, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (ddd, *J* = 17.3, 11.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (ddd, *J* = 16.6, 12.7, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.11–1.97 (m, 3H), 1.61 (br s, 2H), 1.41–1.29 (m, 2H), 1.21– 1.13 (m, 1H), 1.09–1.01 (m, 1H), 0.97 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 0.87–0.83 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.7, 175.2, 76.7, 66.1, 60.5, 40.2, 34.4, 33.9, 31.5, 26.0, 19.8, 19.7, 16.9, 16.1, 14.3; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₇NO₄Na⁺, 308.1838; found: 308.1838.

24b: $[\alpha]^{29}{}_{D}$ = +11.6 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.09 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (td, *J* = 8.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dt, *J* = 16.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (td, *J* = 9.4, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.40–2.31 (m, 1H), 2.10–1.96 (m, 2H), 1.60 (br s, 2H), 1.41–1.30 (m, 3H), 1.20–1.12 (m, 1H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91–0.87 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.8, 175.1, 75.5, 66.1, 60.7, 40.3, 35.7, 34.8, 31.6, 26.4, 20.1, 19.8, 17.1, 14.4, 14.3. HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₇NO₄Na⁺, 308.1838; found: 308.1836.

25a: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +11.6(c \ 1.0, CHCl_3); {}^{1}H \ NMR \ (400 \ MHz, CDCl_3) \delta \ 7.75 \ (d, J = 8.5 \ Hz, 1H), 5.01 \ (dd, J = 7.7, 4.0 \ Hz, 1H), 4.50 \ (dd, J = 9.0, 5.0 \ Hz, 1H), 4.28 \ (td, J = 8.7, 3.6 \ Hz, 1H), 4.16 \ (dd, J = 16.5, 8.4 \ Hz, 1H), 3.66-3.55 \ (m, 1H), 2.95 \ (td, J = 9.4, 4.0 \ Hz, 1H), 2.36-2.24 \ (m, 2H), 2.22-2.03 \ (m, 4H), 1.37 \ (d, J = 6.7 \ Hz, 3H), 1.28-1.18 \ (m, 3H), 1.15-1.06 \ (m, 1H), 0.99 \ (d, J = 6.6 \ Hz, 3H), 0.96 \ (d, J = 6.7 \ Hz, 6H), 0.88 \ (t, J = 7.0 \ Hz, 3H); {}^{13}C \ NMR \ (100 \ MHz, CDCl_3) \ \delta \ 175.6, 175.5, 171.6, 77.4, 66.3, 57.6, 50.8, 40.3, 34.3, 34.2, 30.8, 26.1, 21.4, 19.7, 19.7, 17.8, 16.1, 14.4. HRMS-MALDI \ (m/z): \ [M+Na]^+ \ calcd \ for \ C_{18}H_{32}N_2O_5Na^+, 379.2209; \ found: 379.2209.$

25b: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +19.3(c \ 0.6, CHCl_3)$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, $J = 8.9 \ Hz$, 1H), 5.06 (t, $J = 5.9 \ Hz$, 1H), 4.50 (dd, J = 9.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (td, J = 8.8, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dd, J = 16.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, $J = 6.8 \ Hz$, 1H), 2.93 (td, J = 9.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.37–2.19 (m, 2H), 2.14–2.01 (m, 5H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.7 \ Hz$, 3H), 1.31–1.24 (m, 2H), 1.19–1.11 (m, 1H), 0.99 (d, $J = 6.8 \ Hz$, 3H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.8 \ Hz$, 3H), 0.91 (d, $J = 6.9 \ Hz$, 3H), 0.90–0.87 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.8, 175.6, 171.5, 76.5, 66.2, 57.5, 50.8, 40.4, 35.5, 34.6, 30.7, 26.4, 21.5, 20.0, 19.7, 17.7, 14.7, 14.3; HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₃₂N₂O₅Na⁺, 379.2209; found: 379.2208.



(2R,3R,4R)-allyl-3-(((R)-2-((S)-2-(((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)amin

o)propanamido)-3-methylbutanoyl)oxy)-2-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-4-me thylheptanoate (7a). To a solution of Fmoc-protected amino acid 6a (450 mg, 0.62 m ml) in CH_2Cl_2 (8 mL) was added HNEt₂ (4 mL) at room temperature. After 2 hour, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column ch romatography (petroleum ether : ethyl acetate =10 : 1- 4 : 1) to give the amine (290 m g, 95%).

The obtained amine (220 mg, 0.475 mml) and L-Fmoc-alanine 13 (177 mg, 0.57 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL), and HOBt (87 mg, 0.57 mmol), EDCI (109 mg, 0.57 mmol), Et₃N (57 mg, 0.57 mmol) was added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight and the solvent was removed. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (30 mL) and washed successively with 1% HCl, sat.NaHCO₃, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 4:1) to give the title compound 7a (300 mg, 83%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]^{27} = +19.2$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) *v*_{max}: 3365, 2934, 2872, 1734, 1680, 1514, 1456, 1247, 1177, 1093, 745. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.91-5.81 (m, 2H), 5.28 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H17.2 Hz, 1H, 5.21 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.03-5.00 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.51 (m, 3H), 4.43-4.38 (m, 3H), 4.36 (s, 2H), 4.22 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.48-3.43 (m, 1H),3.40–3.34 (m, 1H), 3.04 (dt, J = 9.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.17–2.12 (m, 1H), 1.94–1.88 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.44 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.40-1.29 (m, 2H), 1.21-1.07 (m, 2H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, J= 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.7, 172.3, 170.5, 159.2, 156.1, 143.9, 143.9, 141.3, 131.8, 130.3, 129.3, 127.8, 127.1, 125.1,

120.0, 118.7, 113.8, 78.7, 72.7, 67.1, 65.5, 57.9, 55.3, 50.7, 47.2, 44.3, 34.9, 33.8, 31.2, 29.6, 19.7, 19.4, 18.9, 17.7, 15.9, 14.2; [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₄₄H₅₆NO₈Na⁺, 779.3884; found: 779.3882.

7b: $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +3.7 (c \ 1.2, CHCl_3); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) <math>\nu_{max}$: 3315, 2961, 2872, 1734, 1515, 1244, 1178, 1086, 983; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.88–5.79 (m, 2H), 5.28 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.53–4.48 (m, 3H), 4.42–4.38 (m, 3H), 4.36 (s, 2H), 4.22 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.48–3.42 (m, 1H), 3.40–3.34 (m, 1H), 3.02 (dt, J = 10.0, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.15–2.10 (m, 1H), 1.95–1.86 (m, 1H), 1.81–1.68 (m, 2H), 1.43 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.40–1.29 (m, 3H), 1.15–1.07 (m, 1H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.90–0.85 (m, 9H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 172.2, 170.5, 159.3, 156.2, 144.0, 143.9, 141.4, 131.9, 130.3, 129.4, 127.8, 127.2, 125.2, 120.1, 118.9, 113.9, 78.1, 72.8, 67.2, 65.7, 57.9, 55.4, 50.7, 47.3, 45.0, 35.6, 34.7, 31.2, 29.8, 29.6, 20.0, 19.5, 18.8, 17.8, 14.4, 14.2;HRMS–MALDI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcdforC₄₄H₅₆N₂O₉Na⁺,779.3884; found: 779.3880.



(3R,6S,11S,14R,15R,E)-11-(((tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-3-isopropyl-

14-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-6-methyl-15-((*R*)-pentan-2-yl)-1-oxa-4,7,12triazacyclopentadec-9-ene-2,5,8,13-tetraone (9a). To a solution of 7a (210 mg, 0.278 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (64 mg, 0.055 mmol) and Nmethylaniline (59 mg, 0.55 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature, concentrated and purified through column chromatography (Petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 20 : 1 to 1 : 1) to afford an acid, which was used directly in the next step.

The obtained acid above and amine **11** (233 mg, 0.46 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL), and DIPEA (119 mg, 0.92 mmol), HATU (380 mg, 0.92 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2h, and the solvent was removed. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (20 mL), and was washed successively with 1 % HCl, sat.NaHCO₃, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtrated; the mother liquid was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give the amide(200 mg, 65% for two steps) as a colorless oil.

The amide above (130 mg, 0.117 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (27 mg, 0.023 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (3 mL). And N-methylaniline (25 mg, 0.23 mmol) was added. After 30min, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1 to 1 : 1) to afford an acid.

The carboxylic acid was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (1.6 mL) and diethylamine (0.8 mL), the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, and then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude amino acid.

The residue above was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (120 mL), and DIPEA (132 mg, 1.02

mmol) and HATU (309 mg, 0.814 mmol) was added successively at 0°C. After addition was completed, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 24 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure; the residue was dissolved in EtOAc (50 mL) and washed successively with 1% HCl, sat. NaHCO₃, brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 1: 5) to give the cyclic product 9a (44 mg, 29% for five steps) as a power. $[\alpha]^{29} = +32.6$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.68 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 4H), 7.44–7.38 (m, 6H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.39-4.33 (m, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.67 (dd, J = 9.7, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.63-3.59 (m, 1H), 3.34 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (td, J)= 10.2, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.15–2.03 (m, 1H), 1.91–1.81 (m, 2H), 1.75–1.66 (m, 1H), 1.53– 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.44 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.35–1.23 (m, 3H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.98–0.92 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 174.9, 174.3, 170.6, 168.8, 160.6, 145.5, 136.5, 133.9, 133.8, 131.1, 130.9, 130.3, 128.9, 128.9, 119.5, 114.5, 79.9, 73.4, 67.9, 66.8, 59.0, 55.5, 53.0, 52.5, 46.2, 35.0, 33.5, 33.0, 30.6, 27.2, 21.4, 19.9, 19.8, 18.7, 18.5, 16.9, 14.4; $[M+Na]^+$ calcd for C₄₇H₆₅N₃O₈SiNa⁺, 850.4439; found: 850.4436.

9b. $[\alpha]^{27}_{D} = +17.8 \ (c \ 1.0, \ CHCl_3); \ IR \ (KBr, \ cm^{-1}) \ v_{max}: \ 3311, \ 2956, \ 2864, \ 1727, \ 1517, \ 1248, \ 1106, \ 1036, \ 841; \ ^{1}H \ NMR \ (400 \ MHz, \ MeOD) \ \delta \ 7.69 \ (d, \ J = 6.4 \ Hz, \ 4H), \ 7.46-7.38 \ (m, \ 6H), \ 7.10 \ (dd, \ J = 15.1, \ 2.7 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 7.05 \ (d, \ J = 8.6 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 6.77 \ (d, \ J = 8.6 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 6.77 \ (d, \ J = 8.6 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 6.11 \ (dd, \ J = 15.1, \ 2.2 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 5.53 \ (d, \ J = 10.6 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 4.47-4.73 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 4.37-4.31 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 4.16 \ (d, \ J = 11.3 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 4.12 \ (d, \ J = 11.3 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 3.74 \ (s, \ 3H), \ 3.67 \ (dd, \ J = 9.9, \ 6.3 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 3.60 \ (dd, \ J = 9.9, \ 7.0 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 3.37-3.33 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 2.89 \ (td, \ J = 10.1, \ 4.0 \ Hz, \ 1H), \ 2.09-2.02 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 1.86-1.80 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 1.75-1.67 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 5.54 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 5.54 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 5.54 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 5.55 \ (m, \$

(m, 1H), 1.44 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.35–1.29 (m, 4H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 174.8, 174.3, 170.3, 168.8, 160.6, 145.6, 136.6, 133.9, 133.8, 131.1, 131.0, 130.9, 130.4, 128.9, 128.8, 119.4, 114.5, 77.8, 73.5, 67.8, 66.8, 59.2, 55.5, 53.0, 52.6, 46.6, 37.4, 34.7, 33.5, 30.5, 27.2, 21.3, 20.0, 19.8, 18.7, 18.7, 14.3, 13.3; [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₄₇H₆₅N₃O₈SiNa⁺, 850.4439; found: 850.4436.



(3*R*,6*S*,11*S*,14*R*,15*R*,*E*)-11-(hydroxymethyl)-3-isopropyl-14-(2-((4-methoxybe nzyl)oxy)ethyl)-6-methyl-15-((*R*)-pentan-2-yl)-1-oxa-4,7,12-triazacyclopentadec-9 -ene-2,5,8,13-tetraone (10a). To a solution of 9a (40 mg, 0.048 mmol) in dry THF (4 mL) was added Et₃N (98 mg, 0.97 mmol) and followed by 3HF·NEt₃ (110 µL, 1.93 m mol). The mixture was stirred under argon at room temperature for 4 h. The mixture w as directly purified through column chromatography (ethyl acetate : CH₃OH = 10 : 1) to afford 10a (24 mg, 84%) as a solid. $[\alpha]^{24}_{D} = +44.0$ (*c* 0.8, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.32 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, *J* = 10.0Hz 1H), 4.74–4.69 (m, 1H), 4.51–4.36 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3 H), 3.63–3.51 (m, 4H), 3.01 (td, *J* = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.13–2.03 (m, 1H), 1.95–1.84 (m, 2H), 1.78–1.69 (m, 1H), 1.60–1.49 (m, 1H), 1.43 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.34–1.28 (m, 3H), 0.98–0.92 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 175.0, 174.5, 170.6, 16 9.0, 160.7, 146.0, 131.3, 130.5, 119.6, 114.6, 80.0, 73.4, 67.8, 64.5, 59.1, 55.5, 53.5, 5 2.5, 46.3, 35.0, 33.5, 33.1, 30.5, 21.4, 19.9, 18.7, 18.4, 16.9, 14.3; [M+Na]⁺ calcd for $C_{31}H_{47}N_3O_8Na^+$, 612.3258; found: 612.3258.

10b. $[\alpha]^{29}_{D} = +40.8 \ (c \ 0.5, CHCl_3); IR \ (KBr, cm^{-1}) v_{max}: 3275, 2958, 2870, 1729, 1679, 1517, 1247, 1177, 844; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) <math>\delta$ 7.75 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (dd, J = 15.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.74–4.69 (m, 1H), 4.49–4.34 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.61–3.52 (m, 4H), 2.95 (td, J = 10.3, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.08–2.02 (m, 1H), 1.89–1.84 (m, 2H), 1.77–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.43 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.37–1.30 (m, 3H), 1.17–1.08 (m, 1H), 1.02 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³CNMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 174.8, 174.4, 170.3, 168.9, 160.7, 146.0, 131.3, 130.6, 119.6, 114.6, 77.9, 73.5, 67.7, 64.5, 59.2, 55.5, 53.4, 52.5, 46.6, 37.4, 34.8, 33.5, 30.7, 21.4, 20.0, 18.7, 18.6, 14.3, 13.4; [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₁H₄₇N₃O₈Na⁺, 612.3258; found: 612.3258.



(E)-methyl 4-amino-4-oxobut-2-enoate (21).

To a solution of **20** (2 g, 15 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 was added oxalyl chloride (2.93 g, 23 mmol), and then 0.1 ml DMF was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. The mixture was concentrated to get a solid which can be used without further purification. The solid was dissolved in anhydrous THF (10 mL). And the solution was added to a mixture of NH_3 · H_2O (5 mL) in THF (10 mL) at 0°C. After 30 min, the

reaction mixture was quenched by H₂O, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The mother solution was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was further purified through column chromatography (petroleum ether : ethyl acetate = 10:1 to 1:1) to give the title product **21** (660 mg, 33% for two steps) as a white solid.¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.03 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 168.0, 167.1, 137.4, 130.9, 52.4.



(E)-4-amino-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid (22).

To a solution of **21** (600 mg, 4.65 mml) in H₂O/THF (9 mL/9 mL) was added LiOH H₂O (322 mg, 7.67 mml), after half an hour, the solvents were evaporated in vacuum and directly purified through chromatography (CH₂Cl₂:CH₃OH = 5%) to give the title product **22** (227 mg, 42%) as a white solid.IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) v_{max} : 3399, 3165, 2923, 2848, 1690, 1428, 1306, 1191, 947; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.00 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 168.3, 168.2, 137.2, 131.9; HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M-H]⁺ calcd for C₄H₄NO₃⁻, 114.0191; found: 114.0190.

2. Copies of NMR Spectra













 $\frac{7.30}{7.24}$

























24a



































Ö f1 (ppm)











∠^{7.02} 6.98 €.671





















3. References

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